remaining of normal standard. He was ordered dec. of bark, with liq. ammonia acet. He slept well, but awoke about 4 o'clock on the 25th, experiencing a severe shooting pain, extending from the testicle to the right hypochondrium, and also across the latter. There were no rigors—or pyrexial symptoms.

Ordered poppy fomentations. The dressing to the wound from the outset was wet lint, and subsequently in addition chloric lotion. Decoction of bark thrice a day, wine, and nourishment in large quantity.

Report of 27th. The pain disappeared after the fomentations, and he continued free from abdominal uneasiness. The symptoms, both as regard his general state, and the wound, very favorable on the whole. In the case book, however, it was noted that the respiration was rather more frequent than normal, and accompanied by occasional sighing, as if from despondency on the part of the patient, who nevertheless speke confidently as to his own amendment. The countenance pallid, and somewhat anxious in expression.

On the 29th the wound was making very fast progress, the ashcolored portion at the bottom almost replaced entirely by healthy granulations. A little mucous sputa tinged with blood was expectorated on
the 2nd of Oct., and the respiration at the base of right lung was a little
weak. The gums being blanched, and rather spongy, in the absence of
more decided stethoscopic evidence of disease, it was supposed, from the
man's explanation of the occurrence, that the bleeding might have come
from the mouth. On this day he remarked that he felt pain, on coughing, in the region of the right spermatic cord. The appetite was indifferent; citrate of quinine and iron was substituted for the decoction of
bark. He had been able previously to dispense with the opiate at night.

Oct. 3rd. Report stated that he passed an indifferent night, owing to a troublesome cough. Scanty mucous sputa; perspired somewhat; bowels a little loose; wound continues to heal favorably. Ordered cod liver oil, two drachms twice a day, and an antispasmodic mixture, containing prussic acid.

On the 4th the ligature from the lower end of artery came away.

On the 8th the report stated, that his progress during the previous days had not been satisfactory.

He had not experienced rigors, but the pulse was accelerated at night, and there was decided heetic, not however of an aggravated form, followed by copious perspiration. Some tendency to diarrhoa, but easily checked; the respiration somewhat tubular at the apices of lungs, dulness of lower two thirds of right side, and absence of respiratory murmur there; large moist crepitating râles in both lungs. Sputa of the same