

Special Attractions!

We have been busy the past few days CUTTING DOWN PRICES in many lines of a seasonable character, and are now ready to give you unsurpassed value in all Departments. We have specially imported the following for our Winter Sales:-

A LARGE SHIPMENT OF

LAWN and LONG CLOTH EMBROIDERIES and INSERTIONS,

All widths and prices.

EMBROIDERY FLOUNCING and a Special Lot of ALL OVER EMBROIDERIES.

AMERICAN
Long Cloth and Nainsooks,
All pure make, 36 in. wide. Good value, 25c.; now
15c.

AMERICAN
LINEN,
A favorite cloth for Ladies' Under-skirts and Shirt Waists.
15c.

An Immense Display of
Valenciennes Laces and Insertions—all fine goods—all marked much below cost.

A SPECIAL LOT OF
White Shirtings, 36 in. wide very fine quality. Good value at 18c.; now 12c.

A CLEARING LOT OF
White Sheets, Hem'd and ready for immediate use; size, 82 x 76. Price, 90c. each.

DON'T MISS THIS!

40 dozen Ladies' Lawn, Madras and Linen SHIRT WAISTS.

Sizes, 34 to 44. Good value at \$2.00; now reduced to

\$1.35.

Marshall Bros.

Sidewalk Sketches.

By H. L. RANN.

THE GOAT



As generally understood, the goat is a domestic animal with a high forehead and a lower lip which recedes faster than an absent-minded man who has butted into the wrong berth. There are several kinds of goats, however. One of the most popular is the lodge goat. This is a playful and easy-going animal, whose mission is to throw the lodge membership into convulsions and the candidate into all the hard-wood furniture in the room. After a man has ridden this goat once and escaped without being teleported to such an extent that he can't tell the grand halling sign of distress from the cable tow he will never have to fight off an attack of seasickness with a stout heart and spirits of ammonia. Another popular species of goat is the man who invites a party of friends to his home in the absence of his wife and acts as banker in a poker game. The world is full of goats who are continually buying 15-cent drinks for somebody who happens to be broke. The four-legged goat is one of the most sociable beings in existence. One might almost say that he is prying. One of our neighbors who had a large, masculine goat, which was of a very inquisitive nature, was entertaining a life insurance agent one day and was about to inhale the contents of a \$5,000 policy when the goat entered the room unexpectedly and butted the insurance agent through a glass case containing a costly bees-wax floral design. It afterward turned out that the goat had taken a dislike to the agent. On another occasion this same goat disturbed a protracted meeting by pushing a lifelong member of the church through a hard pine pew, thereby ruining his composure and a bright new pair of cuffs. The goat died soon after of rigor mortis superinduced by a shotgun. The man who places his confidence in a goat which is full of play and animal spirits will have his trust shattered after he has been unhooked from a gooseberry bush a few times by kind and sympathetic hands.

New York newspaper comment on the democratic simplicity of the Duke of Connaught's manners. To some his deportment has been a matter of surprise. Others recognize that a man at the head of the social pyramid does not need to show anything more than a gentleman's regard for his own dignity.

That Police Petition.

The petition which the police intend presenting to the Legislature for a raise of pay will be signed by every man on the force all over the Island, and we hear that if the prayer is not given the hearing which its importance deserves, many of the younger men in the Constabulary will resign and take up some other means of making a living, nor is it at all unlikely that some of the senior members will follow their example. They are men all of whom can prosecute the fishery and engage at other kind of manual work of which there is plenty to be had in Newfoundland in recent years; all of them realize that the secession of a considerable number of the Constabulary would be a serious matter for the Colony, for their places could not be immediately filled. People of all classes are keenly interested in this important matter.

Fear Kamjford Is Lost.

The S. S. Kamjford which is laden with a full cargo of coal (about 800 tons) is now 12 days out from Sydney, has on board a crew of 14 men, all natives of Norway. The fact that none of the ships which have crossed the Gulf since she left have brought news of her is causing much uneasiness and there are many nautical men who fear the worst. She was very deeply laden and if caught in the ice must run the risk of being holed by it in rough weather. However, there are hopes from the ocean, and it is possible that with her machinery out of order she may yet be towed here or into one of the Nova Scotian ports.

Personal.

Mr. Charles White, of Bowring Bros. hardware store, who was in hospital suffering from trouble with his hip is now about again. He is on the road to recovery and will soon resume his duties.

Miss Jean Summers, daughter of Mr. Patrick Summers, is ill of appendicitis and goes to the hospital tomorrow to undergo an operation.

When You Think

Of the pain which many women experience with every month makes the gentleness and kindness always associated with womanhood seem to be almost a miracle. While in general no woman rebels against what she regards as a natural necessity there is no woman who would not gladly be free from this recurring period of pain.

Dr. Pierce's Favorite Prescription makes weak women strong and sick women well, and gives them freedom from pain. It establishes regularity, subdues inflammation, heals ulceration and cures female weakness.

Sick women are invited to consult Dr. Pierce by letter, free. All correspondence strictly private and sacredly confidential. Write without fear and without fee to World's Dispensary Medical Association, R. V. Pierce, M. D., President, Buffalo, N. Y.

If you want a book that tells all about women's diseases, and how to cure them at home, send 31 one-cent stamps to Dr. Pierce to pay cost of mailing only, and he will send you a free copy of his great thousand-page illustrated Common Sense Medical Adviser—revised, up-to-date edition, in paper covers. In handsome cloth-binding, 26 stamps.



Yesterday's Hockey Match.

The line-up in the inter-collegiate match yesterday morning was as follows: Methodists—Lynch, Anderson, Stick, Bastow, Hayward, Gear and Lench. St. Bon's—Crawford, Rawlins, Haley, Knight, Edens, Duchemin and O'Hagen. It was the first match of the second round. In the first half the Methodists put up seven goals, chiefly through the fine playing of Hayward and Lench. The St. Bon's did not score at all in this half, but got three goals in the second half, while the Methodists secured three additional, making the game stand 10 to 3. O'Hagen, Edens and Haley played well for St. Bon's.

Getting Ready.

We learn by the Portia that the western bankers are now preparing for the winter voyage and some will sail next week. From Ramea, Penneys will send out six vessels, and they will leave Isle au Mort first chance. All are baited with frozen herring taken at Connaigre Bay. Six are also ready to sail from Belleoram, and if the weather is favorable it is thought good trips will be secured.

Death of a Nonogenarian.

There died at his residence, Kelligrews, at 3 a.m. Sunday, Mr. William Tilley, a gentleman highly respected and well known not alone on the South Shore but all over Conception Bay. Mr. Tilley had reached the remarkable age of 97 years, and was one of the oldest, if not the oldest, men in Conception Bay. He was a type of the old-time honest and industrious fisherman whose word was his bond, and who was honest and square in all his dealings. Mr. Tilley was the pioneer resident of Kelligrews, and when he settled there this now flourishing pastoral village was covered with a thick forest growth and he was the first to clear land there and erect a habitation. A fisherman-farmer of the olden time he prosecuted the seal and cod voyages with success, and by his industry and enterprise won for himself and offspring a competence which rendered him independent. Mr. Tilley, whose venerable wife predeceased him by about a year, was a man of robust constitution and gifted with a good memory for one so well stricken in years, and could recount many interesting stories connected with the prosecution of the cod and sealing voyages in the early days of the 19th century. He leaves six sons and two daughters, and many grand-children. His funeral took place yesterday and was attended by a concourse of people from all the settlements on the South Shore of Conception Bay.

Distribution of Prizes.

Last night the annual distribution of prizes to the pupils of the Cathedral and St. Michael's Sunday Schools took place at the British Hall, Rev. Canon White, Rector of the Cathedral, presided, and introduced the Lord Bishop. He spoke of the good work of the Sunday School the past year and expressed great pleasure in the fact that the Lord Bishop had been able to afford the congregation to see the Bishop looking well and in good health on his arrival from abroad. The Lord Bishop in replying said that he was pleased to meet the Sunday School workers and eulogized their self-sacrificing efforts in the good cause. Their work, said the Bishop, is not appreciated by the public generally as highly as it should be. He thanked the clergy also for promoting the work of the schools, after which His Lordship presented the prizes being assisted by Lady Horwood, Supt. of the Girls' School of the Cathedral, Miss A. Hayward, Supt. of St. Michael's Sunday School, and W. N. Gray, Supt. of the Boys' School. There are now over 600 members in the class. There was a large attendance at the distribution including the parents of the pupils. The orchestra of the Men's Bible Class played the hymn accompaniments, and the members of the class acted as ushers. The singing of the Doxology and the Lord Bishop's blessing brought a very successful meeting to a close.

Seriously Hurt

Yesterday afternoon while a young man named O'Reilly who was working at a residence on Cabot Street, was climbing a ladder and carrying some heavy pipes in his hands, when nearly up to the top of the roof fell from the ladder to the ground a distance of about 25 feet and was pretty severely hurt. He narrowly escaped falling on a fence below and receiving his death blow, but that the ground was covered with several feet of snow would have been killed. He was seriously cut about the face and head where he came into contact with the pipe which he carried. He was brought into a residence near Dr. Campbell was called and attended to him after which he was driven home.

Nfld. Poultry Association.

A large gathering of the Newfoundland Poultry Association was held last night. The reports submitted showed excellent results during the year, there being a good balance in hand after all debts were paid. The election of officers then took place and resulted as follows:—President—Mr. C. Justice Emerson. V.P.—Hon. W. C. J. P. Asst. V.P.—Hon. Geo. Knowling. Treas.—G. W. Gushue. Sec.—W. Barker. An active programme has been outlined for the coming year.

Condemned To Death.

Severe Punishment Indicates Discipline Observed in French Army.

Paris, Jan. 27.—A strange and painful incident occurred last week at a court martial held at Lille and presided over by the colonel commanding the regiment of mounted chasseurs. Among the prisoners was an infantry soldier named Mottais, who came from Havre. While in the penitentiary last October he threw his wooden shoe at the head of the visiting surgeon, and when brought up for trial appeared to be sorry for the offence, listening without comment to the evidence of the surgeon and chief warden.

A third witness was called in the person of a trooper named Bouzebo, who had also been in the penitentiary for desertion. While there, being himself a native of Havre, he had struck a very warm friendship with Mottais, and conceived the idea of committing a similar crime in order to have the same punishment awarded him, and so as not to be separated from his comrade. Accordingly he had scarcely been brought into court before he sprang on to the steps of the dais on which the officers were sitting and flung his kepi violently in the face of the president, accompanying the act with abusive epithets.

On the colonel asking him if he was sorry, he replied that he had done, expressly to do what he had done. Then and there he was arraigned for striking a superior officer, and after a brief deliberation he was sentenced to death, while Mottais was given ten years' hard labor. When Bouzebo—who had been taken back to prison and was condemned in his absence—was told of the verdict, he grew ashy pale and nearly swooned away.

The extraordinary severity of the sentence must serve as a terrible example of the strict notions of discipline in the French army.

Appendicitis

Only Causes One Day's Delay Now

Patient Can Leave Bed Twenty-Four Hours After Operation.

Cleveland, Jan. 24.—Operations for appendicitis, thought to have been perfected several years ago, when one-and-a-half inch incisions were found to be adequate, have been still further simplified, according to an announcement made to surgeons of the Cleveland Academy of Medicine.

This sets forth that an incision of but three-fourths of an inch is necessary, permitting the patient to leave the bed within 24 hours after the operation.

Description of the operation is given in the Cleveland Journal of Medicine, just issued. Briefly it reads: "A short incision is made over the appendix. No muscle or fibres are cut. They are instead parted just enough to admit the introduction of the index finger, with which a careful

MARIE

The title of a book destined to be one of the best sellers for 1912.

The author's name—H. Rider Haggard—assures wide popularity for any story he may write, and competent critics believe "Marie" to be the notable writer's best production.

"Marie" is quaintly or diffidently sub-titled "An episode in the life of the late Allan Quatermain"—but that hardly does justice to the book.

HIDER HAGGARD

The story is practically a complete and wonderfully fascinating history of Allan Quatermain's early life—a story that also reveals many incidents in the strenuous life of South African settlers more than half a century ago.

The book shows Africa's big mystical philosopher at his best.

Can be obtained wherever Books are sold

CASSELL & CO. Limited
Publishers of Books with Merit
London, Eng., Toronto, New York, Melbourne.

Uncle Walt

THE POET PHILOSOPHER.

The years roll on, so swift, so swift! Old age on us advances, and we into its shadows drift with mournful backward glances. It seems but yesterday that we who falter now and totter, were playing TIME FLIES on the sunlit sea, or by the woodland water. The days went by on heavy wing, slow then were life's long stages; for childhood seemed an endless thing of cycles and of ages. Thus time to childhood still appears a crippled thing on crutches; but, childhood past, the busy years throw on the high speed clutches. Our minds intent on plan or scheme, on triumph or disaster, we do not mark the years that steam by faster and still faster. And then some day the truth comes home—the truth that makes man shiver; the scattered hairs upon his dome, the pink pains in his liver, the creaking of his shoulder blades, and many another token, all tell him, while his valor fades, that he is old and broken! It is a thing demanding tears that in his fierce endeavor we do not prize the speedy years until they're gone forever.

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examination is made of all structures within reach.

"After examination has verified the diagnosis, the appendix is brought to the surface with the hooked index finger. After the appendix is delivered, the rest of the operation is easy."

Mislaid Letter

Brings Sweethearts Together.

Missive Found by Tailor Had Been in Owner's Coat More than Twenty Years.

Waynesboro, Pa., Jan. 24.—Twenty years ago R. S. Schmidt, now a wealthy fruit grower of Winchester, Va., put in his overcoat pocket a letter to the girl he wished to wed, but got no answer. The letter was never mailed until recently, when a tailor found it in one of his pockets, and called Mr. Schmidt's attention to it. The result was the wedding of Mr. Schmidt, a widower, and his boyhood love, twice a widow. The bride was once Miss Augusta Jacobs, of Germany, later of Baltimore.

Not hearing from the wooer of her early days, she became the wife of Edward Kipp, who died, and later she became the wife of Frederick Gallion,

LEAP YEAR.

Leap year already has brought to the only bachelor of the U. S. Cabinet, Postmaster-General Hitchcock, a proposal of marriage. The one who is "willing" writes from Houston, Tex.: "As we have now reached the year 1912," she says, "and hearing from newspaper accounts you are a bachelor and have always been too busy to get married, thought, probably you might find time to take up a short correspondence with one who will be very much interested. Now, even if you have always been so busy I trust you will find time and pleasure enough in answering this note when you realize that you are giving pleasure to someone else. Trusting to hear from you at your earliest convenience, I remain, very truly,"

Ambitious Men

who realize their latent ability and seek success in life, are invited to a careful consideration of the famous food

Grape-Nuts

Brain Nourishment is essential to Brain Activity.

A sluggish brain is a handicap—a hindrance in the path of promotion.

Grape-Nuts food, made of whole wheat and barley, contains the tissue-building "albumins" and the energy-making starches (changed into dextrin and grape sugar in making Grape-Nuts.) It also contains the phosphate of potash (grown in the grains)—the cell-forming, mineral element Nature uses in building brain and nerve cells.

Grape-Nuts, regularly for breakfast, will help anyone.

"There's a Reason"

Made of Canadian Grain, by Canadian Labor.
Canadian Postum Cereal Company, Limited, Windsor, Ontario, Canada.

SALE COAT

Read carefully

Cream Bears

20 in., reg. price \$3.00
20 in., reg. price \$3.30
22 in., reg. price \$3.30
24 in., reg. price \$3.80
24 in., reg. price \$4.00

Colored

Velvet and Silk Braid

Brown and
22 in., reg. price \$1.10
22 in., reg. price \$1.60
24 in., reg. price \$1.90
24 in., reg. price \$2.10
26 in., reg. price \$2.30

Children's Coat

Cream, Navy, Saxe-Blue

C. L. M.

Some New

(The "Nation.")
Ireland has so long urged the general principle of Home Rule that she has almost forgotten to discuss the details. But it was largely on questions of detail that the Bills of 1886 and 1893 were shipwrecked, and it is questions of detail that will endange the Bill of 1912. The Government needs fuller and clearer information than it has received of the real mind of the Irish people on such governing points as those of finance and of Irish representation. On whatever lines the Bill is drawn, it will be fiercely opposed by Ulster and by the forces of "Ulsteria" in the Unionist Party. If it is not as staunchly and steadily backed by the united forces of Nationalism in Ireland, it will have a very hard struggle for existence. It is time then that both English and Irish opinion should get settled on some leading points. What, for example, is to be contemplated as the permanent relation of the Parliament at Dublin to that at Westminster? What kind of body is the Dublin Parliament to be? Is it to be two houses or one? Is Ireland to have fiscal autonomy, partial or complete? In what form and to what extent is it to be represented at Westminster? These questions all hang together, and on our answer to them depends our general view of the meaning and the measure of Home Rule, that is, say, of the nature of the autonomy which Ireland is to enjoy.

Unfortunately, in any attempt to answer this question, there is one factor which does not depend on Irish considerations alone. The most workable system for the future—if we could but rewrite the constitution of these islands on a clean slate—would be one of Home Rule all round. There would be a central Parliament at Westminster for the United Kingdom, with Parliaments enjoying delegated powers for each of the four portions of the United Kingdom. This central Parliament would control the Customs, and by consequence the Exchequer. It would also raise revenue by direct taxation, and having met the needs of the Imperial expenditure, would allocate the balance, on some such lines as those which Lord Macdonnell has suggested, to each of the four divisions. The four subordinate Parliaments

