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CHURCH CROWDED AT THE OPENING SERVICES

New McDougall Methodist Church Filled To Overflowing For Opening Services—Herbert Booth Opens Evangelistic Campaign With Stirring Addresses.

The opening services of the new McDougall Church were very largely attended and the spacious auditorium made a very favorable impression upon all who saw it. Its capacity was taxed to the utmost at the evening service. The pastor conducted the services, assisted by Dr. Riddell and Mr. Herbert Booth. The choir rendered special music, and for the first time appeared in their new gowns. The effect was very pleasing. The services were distinctly evangelistic in character as they were also intended to inaugurate the mission which Mr. Booth has come to conduct. He will speak each evening of the week, the addresses being preceded by stirring song services.

The financial appeal in the services yesterday realized over $2,700. This brings the total amount reported to date up to over $25,000, and the committee are confident that by tonight the full $30,000 they set out to raise will be on hand.

There are points of similarity between Herbert H. Booth and his famous father, but unlike some sons of great men he has not to depend upon these echoes for his own power.

As the evangelist started to speak yesterday his father's imperious manner, his quiet assumption of command were noticeable. As he continued it was the son alone who was before the people, and soon it was not the son but the Bible characters of whom he was speaking.

Mr. Booth is the son of a soldier, so naturally he is a fighter. His occupation is fighting the bad and the unbeautiful. In this fight it is necessary to hit others besides the devil, and yesterday the people of Edmonton received several thrusts. It is likely they will get many more in the services the evangelist will hold during his short stay in the city.

In the morning Mr. Booth took as a subject the challenge of Elisha after the departure of Elijah "Where is the Lord God of Elijah?" After a dramatic description of the Biblical scene portraying the ascent of the Prophet on the fiery chariot, and the manner in whiah the mantle was cast upon the romping waters of Jordan, Mr. Booth emphasized the fact that this was the burning question both for Elijah and for the church today. The world was waiting to see if back of the Prophet's mantle was the Prophet's power. Where Elijah's God might be found was indicated with great force and effect. It was a meeting of remarkable power.

In the afternoon Mr. Booth spoke to a well filled church. The classes of the Sunday school together with the adults gathered to hear a most interesting address on "Toys and Their Teaching." It was something quite novel and yet strangely attractive to general circulation. Mr. Booth had succeeded in securing a large number of toys and he was seen the preacher holding up various toys in the pulpit and drawing telling lessons from such things as dolls, tops, balls, boats, guns, trains, etc.

At night every available inch of space was utilized and many were turned away.

One of the most impressive parts of the service was Mr. Booth's expository reading of the lesson.

The text was the much quoted twentieth verse of the third chapter of Revelation: "Behold I stand at the door, and knock; if any man hear my voice I will come in to him and sup with him, and he with me." In the light of Mr. Booth's stirring utterances the purport of the words was brought strongly home to his many hearers. The words of the text, he declared, constituted the most astounding declaration in the Book of Books. To what extent they applied to the people of Edmonton he could not say, but as regards many of those who belonged to churches and professed to be Christians in other cities, they were only too true. God was allowed to stand outside the door of their hearts, pleading to enter.

Mr. Booth divided his sermon into three parts: the marvel, the method, and the mandate of a pleading God. The plea in the text, he said, was that of omnipotence pleading with insignificance and omniscience pleading with ignorance. The thought was not of an Almighty and all knowing God stooping to plead with men in their helplessness and littleness. The Evangelist closed with a strong appeal for men to give God a place in their hearts.

NEW FISHERIES REGULATIONS

Governing Inland Boundary Waters Have Been Agreed To.

Ottawa, Dec. 11—It is understood that as a result of the conference held here during the past three days between Prof. David S. Jordan, the United States representative on the international fisheries commission and Prof. Prince, the Canadian commissioner, an agreement has been reached whereby the joint international regulations governing the fisheries in inland boundaries waters, as drafted over a year ago, will be brought into force without further delay by simultaneous promulgations at Ottawa and Washington. The chief cause of delay in bringing the regulations into force has been the contention by American fishermen in Sacinaw bay, that the new restrictions in regard to the size and character of nets would be unduly oppressive on them. Some objection has also been raised by the fishermen on Lake Erie that the proposed regulations would be unnecessarily hard on individual fishermen who cannot afford to purchase new and expensive outfits.

ARREST TWO COUNTERFEITERS.

New York, Dec. 11.—Secret service agents arrested Frank Weber and Benjamin Leiter today at Astoria, L.I., whom they charge with making counterfeit five and ten dollar gold pieces. Weber, they say, formerly worked in a German mint. Seven steel moulds, a quantity of gold, silver, copper and alloys, some genuine five and ten dollar pieces, several counterfeit pieces and two elaborate machiens, estimated to be worth $2,500, were seized. Most of the product of the plant, the secret service bureau believes, has been floated in the west, where gold is in more general circulation.

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HOUSE OF COMMONS IN COMMITTEE OF SUPPLY

Portion of Civil Government Estimates Passed—Bills to Make Hunter Who Shoots Man for Deer Guilty of Manslaughter, and Wireless on Vessels, Re-Introduced.

Ottawa, Dec. 9—After spending a couple of hours in discussing a number of comparatively unimportant matters, the House of Commons went into committee of supply for the first time this session on Friday afternoon and voted a considerable portion of the estimates for civil government before adjourning.

E. N. Lewis (Cons.) West Huron, introduced a couple of bills, which failed to pass last session. One makes a hunter who shoots a man in mistake for a deer gulity of the crime of manslaughter; the other seeks to provide that all vessels on the Great Lakes over a certain size must be equipped with wireless telegraphy.

Houghton Lennox (Cons.) S. Simcoe, on a question of privilegt, called attention to the fact that Hon. Mr. Pugsley in the House the other day stated that he had never attended a meeting of the public accounts committee in 1908 at which a row had occurred over the sub-target gun accounts. He read from official and newspaper reports to show that the Minister had been there and had obstructed the proceedings.

Met To Consider Dredging.

Mr Pugsley said that when he made the statement he believed it to be true, because he never attended the committee except when matters affecting his own department were being discussed. In this case, the committee met to consider dredging and he had remained throughout the sitting but had forgotten the circumstances. He denied that he had been guilty of obstructive tactics.

E. N. Lewis objected to the new militia department regulations which provide that no one can enter the department unless provided with either a permanent or temporary pass. He said it was an effort to copy the militarism of older countries which would not be approved by the Canadian people.

To Keep Out Loafers.

Sir Frederick Borden defended the department regulation on the ground that it was designed to promote the efficiency of the staff. A great deal of the time of officials, he said, was wasted by canvassers and loafers. There was no desire to inconvenience anyone who had legitimate business to transact with anyone in the department.

Col. Sam Hughes seemed to think that it was undignified for a member of parliament to have to produce a pass.

Hon. H. R. Emmerson objected to one or more departments being hedged around with a sort of divinity which made them unapproachable. He presumed that similar action would be taken by the naval department Some other method of regulating visitors to the department could be devised, he thought.

In committee of supply a discussion was initiated by Major Sam Sharpe, regarding the right of a deputy minister to do outside work. He asked why it was that the deputy minister of justice was enabled to take outside law practice.

Had Taken Only a Few Cases.

Hon. A. B. Aylesworth said he had not made it his business to inquire, but he had noticed only two or three instances since he became minister, of Mr. Newcombe taking outside cases. These were before the Supreme Court and they had not in the least interfered with his usefulness to the Government. Major Sharpe said Mr. Newcombe was frequently called upon to make reports on cases in which the Government was concerned. It was obviously improper, if the deputy minister had previously acter as counsel for a man who later on had a dispute with the Government, that he should be called upon to pass upon the claim for the Government.

Major Sharpe pointed out that Mr. Newcombe last summer had acter for the Bank of Montreal before the Privy Council. The Bank of Montreal had large transactions with the Government and might easily have large disputes

Mr. Aylesworth said this was a dispute between the Bank of Montreal and the liquidators of the Ontario Bank. The Government was not concerned.

Mr. Foster argued that no man could serve two masters. If one deputy could do all this the deputies would have the same rights.

THREE POISONED BY BEER.

George Black, Vancouver Tea Merchant, Succumbs—Other Two Recover.

Vancouver, Dec. 11.—Three persons were poisoned, one fatally, while partaking of a meal at an early hour this morning, George Black, a tea and coffee merchant in this city for the past year, dying within an hour after the meal. He dropped to the floor in the presence of the other two, Mr. Wolton, proprietor of a pool room, and Miss Birdie Gordon, who is in the employ of the latter. They sank to the floor while about to summon medical aid for Black. He died before the physician arrived. The others are now out of danger.

The three had met in Mr. Wolton's apartments at a late hour Saturday night and had just partaken of the meal when all three were stricken. The coroner will endeavor to ascertain at the inquest tomorrow to trace the poison. It is supposed to have been in the beer, which was a portion of the meal. Black came from Seattle, where his wife is now on a visit, while a son, aged 17, resides here.

Asiatic Cholera in Madeira.

Funchal, Madeira, Dec. 11—Asiatic cholera continues to rage here. Official reports give the figures since the outbreak as 422 cases and 136 deaths. Every physician has been pressed into service by the health authorities.

CONDITION OF LIVE STOCK.

Report of Census Office Shows Increases in Western Provinces.

Ottawa, Dec. 9—The report on the condition of live stock in Canada at the end of November, issued today by the Census Office, gives statistics showing for the provinces the per cent number compared with a year ago and their condition as compared with a standard condition. For the whole of Canada, there is an increase of 3.31 per cent. in the number of horses, of 1.13 in the number of milch cows; of 2.11 in the number of swine and of 8.02 in the number of poultry. The number of sheep has decreased by 1.55 per cent. in the year and the number of live stock, other than milch cows, by 2.20 per cent.

The provinces which show the largest gain per cent. in numbers are Saskatchewan and Alberta. Saskatchewan made a gain of 12.53 per cent. in horses; of 4.09 in milch cows; of 6.03 in other horned cattle; of 4.26 in sheep and of 21.38 in poultry, but the number of swine has fallen off by 5.39 per cent.

In Alberta, the gain has been 3.59 per cent. in horses; of 1.05 in milch cows; of 13.10 in sheep; of 6.64 in swine and of 22.70 in poultry, while the number of horned cattle, other than milch cows, has decreased by 6.12 per cent.

Manitoba shows the gain in the number of horned cattle, other than cows, to be 5.80 per cent., but all other animals are less than last year, ranging from 0.45 for poultry to 1.83 for milch cows.

By standard, the condition of live stock is in a healthy and thrifty state and taking this condition, as represented by 100, it is this year a fraction over for horses, milch cows and poultry and a little under for sheep, swine and horned cattle other than cows.

In Ontario, the condition of all animals exceeded the standard except for sheep, which are of .05 per cent. below and in Manitoba, where it falls below by 4.46 per cent. for milch cows, by 13.20 for other horned cattle and by 8.36 for swine.

DEVASTATING STORMS IN SOUTHERN EUROPE

Italian Riviera Suffers Greatly—San Remo Flooded—Tiber Rising—Second Cyclone Sweeps Over Western Portion of Spain, Killing Many People.

Rome, Dec. 11.—The Italian Riviera has suffered greatly from the recent storms and the weather threatens even more loss. Miles of cultivated flowers have been devastated. San Remo is flooded and many residents of that city were compelled during the night to escape from windows by means of ropes, their houses being surrounded with water. Several persons have been drowned. All the rivers in the north are at flood point. The Tiber is also rising fast. A hill on its banks, on which the village of Pontenuevo stands, is being rapidly undermined and its collapse is threatened.

Second Cyclone in Spain.

Madrid, Dec. 11.—Spain has been visited by a second cyclone even more severe than that which swept over the western portion of the country a few days ago. Many people have been killed or injured and the lowlying districts are flooded everywhere. The lower part of Seville is submerged and it is feared that the entire city will be under water shortly. A railway bridge at Alcala has been destroyed and numerous villages in that region are in a critical situation. Railways have been washed away at Cacares, Anjuza, Castillo, Castlleja and Malaga. Two trains were derailed today at Palencia and several bodies have been observed floating down the river at Valladelid. Telegraphic communication with the provinces is almost entirely suspended. Reports have reached here of shipwrecks along the coast.

PART OF GREATER VANCOUVER.

Townsite of Hastings Joins City—Population 150,000.

Vancouver, B.C., Dec. 11.—By its vote on Saturday, the townsite of Hastings, on the eastern border of Vancouver, joins Greater Vancouver, adding four thousand to the city's population of approximately 120,000, not including the City of North Vancouver. This is the second district which has joined the city within the past six months. South Vancouver, with a population of twenty thousand, will vote on annexation in January, which, with other likely districts, will, it is expected, bring the city's population to over the 150,000 mark.

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Dr. Morse's Indian Root Pills,

stand higher in public estimation than any others, and their ever-increasing sales prove their merit. Physicians prescribe them.

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BRAZILIAN NAVAL CORPS MUTINEED

Second Revolt of Marine Battalion Suppressed—Heavy Casualties—All Day Saturday Land Batteries Bombbard Rebels on Island.

Rio Janeiro, Dec. 11—A serious revolt occurred among the soldiers of the Marine corps quartered in the fortress on Cobra island Friday night. They captured their officers and sent them to the mainland. The scout ship Rio Grande do Sul joined in the rising, but the mutinous sailors were finally subdued by their officers and a portion of local garrison that remained faithful.

At half past five o'clock in the morning, the guns of the land batteries were trained on the island, which lies in the bay of Rio Janeiro, only a short distance from the city and opposite the marine arsenal A heavy fire was opened against the rebels and this continued without cessation for five hours.

Then a white flag appeared and it was believed that the rebels were ready to surrender, but they asked only for an armistice, probably for the purpose of removing the dead and injured. The bombardment of the island ceased for an hour, being renewed at 11 o'clock.

Island a Good Target.

The land batteries and the two loyal warships took part in the bombardment and the artillery duel continued until 3 o'clock. The island proved a good target for the batteries and it replied with a vigorous fire employing considerable shrapnel. Several persons were killed along the shore and in adjoining streets. The fire against the scout ship Rio Grande do Sul lasted three hours and among the killed was one officer.

Small bands of rebels climbed into launches and drew near the front of Falacio Gatteta, but they were forced to retire. The Government notified the leaders that the island would be taken by assault if they did not surrender.

In the meantime, President Fonseca sent a message on the situation to the Senate together with his views. While this was being discussed by the Senate the chamber assembled for the purpose of considering the situation and to await the action of the Senate.

Government Troops In Control.

Rio Janeiro, Dec. 11—The Government troops are again in control of the garrison on Cobra island and the second mutiny of naval forces has ended with a heavy casualty list, but in a way that probably will prevent risings for some time to come. The mutineers in the garrison, who composed a battalion of the marine corps numbered about 600 men. Of these, 200 were either killed or wounded. The others were taken prisoners by the destroyers while attempting to escape from the island during the night. Two hundred citizens were either killed or wounded while watching the bombardment from the streets of the city or along the water front. Many government buildings were damaged, including the treasury, foreign office and departments of public works and telegraphs, all handsome structures.

Armistices To Remove Dead.

Two land batteries, two warships and several destroyers took part in the bombardment of the island yesterday and twice during the engagement an armistice was allowed for the removal of the dead and wounded. Firing ceased entirely later in the evening, but no actual surrender of the rebels occurred, the commanders of the Government forces deeming it wise to await the coming of day. The destroyers, however, were stationed within easy range of the island so as to prevent any attempt by the mutineers to escape. Towards midnight several boats put out and men could be seen swimming, evidently with the intention of reaching the mainland. The destroyers bore down on them and made them prisoners.

Today, the chamber of deputies met to discuss the situation. The Government believes it has the situation well in hand for, aside from a few malcontents, the army and navy are loyal. A strict censorship is being maintained but conditions within the city today were normal. According to the newspapers, the causes leading to the second revolt were trivial, most of the demands made by the men in the last mutiny having been granted by the Government.

FAILED TO EFFECT SETTLEMENT

Majority and Minority Reports Returned in Winnipeg Railway Dispute.

Winnipeg, Dec. 12.—The abortive sitting of the conciliation board, which has been engaged to settle the dispute between the street railway and its men ended abruptly today, when it was announced that majority and minority reports were being submitted to the Minister of Labor in Ottawa. The majority reports, which is signed by W. J. Christie (chairman) and Captain Robinson (for the company) found that the company was justified in dismissing the four men in question and that there was no proof of discrimination. The minority report, signed by Major Pelletier, of Port Arthur, on behalf of the men, is in favor of a compromise, suggesting that the company take back three of the men discharged, without pay for lost time, subject to the men consenting to a new rule on personal conduct to prevent future misunderstanding and to the withdrawal by the men of the charge of discrimination. He further recommends that the company institute a system of overseeing men on report for duty. The men will hold a meeting to consider the situation. There is considerable strike talk.

Boston Post—Hank Stubbs—Mandy Crockett says she is purty sure she heard a wireless message goin' overhead last night.

Bige Miller—Thet warn't no wireless message; thet wuz a flock uv quawks goin' south.

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Did you ever stop to think of the many ways in which a perfect oil heater is of value? If you want to sleep with your window open in winter, you can get sufficient heat from an oil heater while you undress at night, and then turn it off. Apply a match in the morning, when you get out of bed, and you have heat while you dress.

Those who have to eat an early breakfast before the stove is radiating heat can get immediate warmth from an oil heater, and then turn it off.

The girl who practices on the piano in a cold room in the morning can have warmth from an oil heater while she plays, and then turn it off.

The member of the family who has to walk the floor on a cold winter's night with a restless baby can get temporary heat with an oil heater, and then turn it off. The

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C.P.R. SEEKS CHARTERS FOR BRANCHES IN WEST

Applying to Parliament for Saskatchewan and Alberta Lines—Ask Incorporation Under Canadian Inter-Mountain for Line East and West in Alberta From Milk River.

Ottawa, Dec. 9.—The C.P.R. will apply to parliament at its present session for an act authorizing it to construct the following lines of railway:

1. From a point at or near Wilkie, on the company's Pheasant Hills branch, in a southerly and southeasterly direction, to a junction with the company's Moose Jaw branch in township 30, range 16 or 17, west of the third meridian, Saskatchewan.

2. From a point at or near Kerr Robert, on the company's Moose Jaw branch in a north-easterly and easterly direction, to a junction with the line described above in township 38 or 39, range 19, or 20, west of the 3rd meridian, Saskatchewan.

Notice is hereby given that an application will be made to parliament for an act to incorporate a railway company under the name of "Canadian Inter-Mountain Railway Company," with power to lay out, construct and equip a line of railway operated by steam, electricity, or other power for the carrying of freight, passengers and express:

(a) Commencing at a point in Alberta, at or near Coutts, thence northerly to Milk river, thence in a general westerly direction to the town of Cardston, thence in a general south-westerly direction to the western boundary of Alberta at the summit of Kishemench Pass, thence in a general westerly direction in British Columbia to Flathead River, thence in a general northerly direction to a point on the Canadian Pacific Railway at or near the City of Fernie.

(2) From a point at or near Milk river, in Alberta, in a general easterly direction by the most feasible route to Estevan, Sask., with power to construct the following branch lines:

(a) From a point on said railway at, or near the junction of Calder Creek and Flathead river, to a point at, or near the town of Elko.

(b) From a point at, or near Cardston, to Lethbridge.

(c) From a point in or near Township three, range one, west of the 4th meridian, Alberta, to Medicine Hat.

(d) From a point in, or near Township four, range nineteen, west of the third meridian, to Swift Current.

(e) From a point in, or near township six, range twenty-nine, west of the second meridian, to Moose Jaw, with power to build other branch lines in the province of British Columbia not exceeding inany one case twenty miles in length.

COURT OF ARBITRAL JUSTICE

To Record Set of Legal Precedents Dealing With All Powers.

Washington, Dec. 11—The merits of a permanent court of arbitral justice as advocated by Secretary of State Knox in his note to the powers, will be promulgated in the international conference of the American society for the judicial settlement of international disputes this week. The central idea of the conference is to launch a movement for the establisment of a court which, together with the favorable answers received from the various powers, will have its effect in the operation of a tribunal at the next Hague conference. The importance of the court will be in the recording of a set of legal precedents which will make international law a body of judicial rules rather than diplomatic obligations. The programme of the conference includes an address by Mr. Justice Riddel, of the High Court of Canada.

BRAZILIAN MUTINEERS SURRENDERED TO-DAY.

Rio Janiero, Dec. 12.—The revolting marines on Cobras Island informally surendered today and fresh government troops occupied the barracks.

ONLY HEALTHY PEOPLE ADMITTED TO CANADA

Chief Medical Officer of Interior Department Points to the Almost Perfect System of Medical Inspection Enforced by the Department—Comparatively Few Deportations.

Ottawa, Dec. 11.—The annual report of Dr. P. H. Bryce, chief medical officer of the Interior Department, for the last fiscal year, just issued, contains some interesting information in respect to the health of the people who are seeking homes in Canada. He notes that the fact that there were fewer deportations during the year than in the previous twelve months amply justifies the conclusion that from the moment the initial step is taken by the intending immigrant, the inspection carried out, whether by transportation companies, foreign government medical officers, or those of the Canadian immigration service, is such as to bring into Canada a class of immigrants, who, so far as disease is concerned, will compare more than favorably with any similar number of our population.

In dealing with the matter of the further improvement in the inspection of immigrants before they leave for Canada, Dr. Bryce says: "Inasmuch as there are some three thousand medical officers of health in England alone in several health districts, all steerage passengers who are included under the term 'immigrants' should be required to have a certificate from the medical health officer in his district. If great shipping companies were to ask that the Local Government Board in Britain request the medical officers to issue such certificate, it would appear that we had reached almost the farthest point practicable in obtaining assurance that the many thousands who annually leave Britain will have some guarantee that their efforts to land in Canada after an expenditure of time and money will not prove fruitless."

Dr. Bryce says it is interesting to note that steamship companies trading from United States ports to Prince Rupert cause all Prince Rupert passengers to be examined by medical officers before selling them transportation, thereby lessening the cost of carrying back rejected persons. The total number of deportations during the year for medical reasons was 212, as compared with 464 in the previous year.

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