POETRY.

Written for the Huron Signal.]

MY LAST WILL.

When life's teasing dream is o'er,
Every busy pulse at rest:
And its cares and pains no more
Can affect my brain or breast;
When my heart in silence deep,
Freezes in its chilly sleep,
And my rigid form lies hid
'Neath the darksome coffin lid;
Every throb of joy or sorrow,
Ne'er to greet a fresh to-morrow:—
Bear me to some tranquil glen,—
Where beneath the twining bushes,
Far remote from selfish men,
Some pure nameless streamlet gushes—
Where the Robin, Merle and Wren,
Chaunt their happy simple songs;
Grateful, that each sheltring den
Proves a shield from craven wrongs;
Where the modest little flow'rs,
Twinkling in their mossy bow'rs;
Tinged with Nature's chastest hues,
Freshened by her purest dews;
Strown to bless the wilds of earth:
Claim from spring the earliest birth;
Far from Fortune's cultured care,
Types of worth in humble sphere,
Where, nor yew, nor cypress' gloom,
Shading sculptured marble tomb
Tells, where titled dust lies pent
Neath its storied monument.
Where the slanderer may not come;
Where the scoffer's voice is dumb;
Where detraction's cloven tongue,—
Tho' to syren sweetness strung—
May not charge one sacred cell
Where the holy echoes dwell!
Dig me there my lonely grave;
Lay me down with honest care:
'Tis the only rite I crave:
"Carve me no mementos there—
Pile the mould and smooth the sod,
Sigh, and leave the rest with God;
Back in Mother Nature's breast,
Oh! how soundly I shall rest."

WILLIAM BYNNATYNE.

Ashfield, April 6th, 1867.

Heart-Rending Calamity.

FIVE CHILDREN OF ONE FAMILY BURNED TO DEATH IN THEIR BEDS.

The Ravenna, (Ohio) Democrat, April 2nd, gives the following details of this terrible case, a brief telegram of which was published in the Sun at the time. The Democrat says:

Upon Tuesday night, last week, the dwelling house of Michael Blitzer, a blacksmith living at Suffield Center, was burned to the ground, and in it five children. The calamity is one of heart-rending detail, and has thrown the parents into the most despairing grief, as well as filled the community with profound sorrow. The following are the particulars that have reached us: The dwelling occupied by Mr. Blitzer was a rather small two story house. The lower apartments were occupied as a sitting-room, kitchen, and pantry, the upper rooms being occupied by the family for bedrooms. The family of Mr. Blitzer consisted of himself, wife, six children and an apprentice. The eldest of the children was a girl about twelve years old, the youngest an infant of a few months. A little boy two years old was at Mrs. Blitzer's parents, the other children being at home on the fateful night. Mr. and Mrs. Blitzer, with the babe, occupied one room, the four children and the apprentice sleeping in another. About eleven o'clock Mrs. Blitzer arose, lit the candle, and descended to the pantry for some milk for the babe, which she gave it and then replaced it in the cradle it occupied by the bedside. Later in the night, about twelve o'clock as is supposed, the apprentice was awakened by the eldest child, who aroused him by shaking him. The girl did not speak, as the room was then filled with smoke to the point of suffocation, and the apprentice found himself so nearly suffocated that he could not speak. He rushed at once to the room of Mr. Blitzer, and aroused him by shaking him. Mr. Blitzer awakened his wife, and rushed down stairs, followed by her, neither for the moment, thinking of the babe. Throwing open an outside door, a draft was created, and the whole premises sprang into a blaze. The apprentice returned to the other chamber, but the smoke and heat had so increased that he at once sought to descend, but found that impossible, and jumped from the window of the room to the ground. After getting outside, Mr. Blitzer made several frantic attempts to re-enter the house to rescue his children, but failed in the effort. The house soon fell, burying in the ruins the remains of the five children. It is supposed that the children were suffocated to death with the smoke before the flames could reach them. The girl who awakened the apprentice, it is thought, sank down upon the floor, dying at the bedside at once, as her remains were found in a position indicating such a fact.—The presence of mind of the little creature, which enabled her to awaken the apprentice, thus without doubt saved the lives of her parents though she was at the time in the very agonies of death, was an instance of the most touching heroism, well worthy of precious memory. The origin of the fire is a matter of theory, and the one generally accepted is, that Mrs. Blitzer, in going into the pantry with the candle, unconsciously set something on fire—paper upon the shelves, perhaps—from which the conflagration ensued. The charred remains of the five victims were buried in one grave, on Thursday, the solemn ceremonies being attended by a large concourse, and the greatest sympathy manifested for the crushed and distracted parents. Everything belonging to the family was of course, destroyed, including every article of clothing possessed by them, and $50 in money which was in a garment of Mr. B. Upon the house and its contents there was an insurance covering quite a portion of its value The people of the neighborhood generously subscribed to a fund for the sufferers, amounting to $500 or $600.

Advertising.

The *Adams (N. Y.) Visitor*, speaks of an eminent Bostonian who regarded an advertisement in a newspaper as a personal invitation to call, and said:—"While I sometimes hesitate about entering a store, the proprietors of which have not sent their cards to my residence, I always feel certain of cordial welcome from the members of an advertising firm." The same paper adds: "There is in these remarks an assurance of one of the many results of advertising. The trader and his calling are indentified, and the name of a man is inseparably connected in the mind of the public with his merchandise. It may not be the very day an advertisement appears that it bears its fruit; weeks or months may elapse, then when the want arises, the article to be obtained immediately suggests the advertiser. This is the effect of general advertising when persistently followed. A special class of advertising, where some novelty is announced is more immediate."

A St. John paper calls the attention to the fact that by cutting of the Bay Vetre canal (no very arduous or costly undertaking), the passage between New Brenswick and Canada would be shortened about 400 miles, saving the circumnavigation of the whole coast of Nova Scotia.

Touching Incident.

A gentlemen recently travelling from the west in a seeping car, witnessed the following scene: In the car with him was a gentleman trying to still a crying child by carrying it to and fro in the coach; and which by its screams finaly irritated a man in one of the berths to such a degree that he could endure it no longer, and cried out profanely; "What in——is the matther with that young one?" And soon again: "Where is the mother of that child, that she is not here to pacify it?" At this the poor gentleman in charge of the child, stepped up to the berth and said: "Sir, the mother of this child is in her coffin in the baggege car!" Our informant says the gruff grumbler immediately rose, compelled the afflicted father to retire to his berth, and from that time until morning took the little orphan under his own care.

☞ Jamaica, it is said is fast becoming a Scotch country. Three Edinburg advocates were recently appointed as district judges on the island.

☞ The largest vessel ever built at Detroit, Mich, was launched a week ago. She is named the Zachariah Chandler, and will carry forty-five thousand bushels of corn.

☞ Bishop Marley had a good deal of the humor of Swift. Once, when the foot man was out of the way, he ordered the coachman to fetch the water from the well. But the coachman objected that his business was to drive and not to run errands. "Well, then," said Marley, "bring out the coach and four, set the pitcher inside and drive to the well"—a service which was several times repeated to the great amusement of the villagers.

INDUSTRY.—All exertion is in itself delightful, and active amusement seldom tires us—Helvetius owns that he could hardly listen to a concert for two hours, though he could play on an instrument all day long. In all pursuits, efforts, it must not be forgotten, are as indispensable as desires; the globe is not to be circumnavigated by one wind. We should never do nothing. "It is better to wear out than rust out," says Bishop Cumberland—"There will be time enough for repose in the grave," said Arnauld to Nicole. In truth, the proper rest for man is change of occupation.

A MIXE' OF BABIES.—An exchange gets off the following funny row among the babies and their mothers: Some time ago their was a dancing party given up North;" most o' the ladies present had little babies, whose noisy perversity required too much attention to permit the mothers to enjoy the dance. A number of gallant young men volunteered to watch the young ones while the parents indulged in a "break-down." No sooner had the women left the babies in charge of the mischievous devils than they stripped the infants, changed their clothes giving the apparel of one to another. The dance over it was time to go home, and the mothers hurriedly took each a dress of her own, and started, some to their home, ten or fifteen miles off, and were far on their way before daylight. But the day following, their was a tremendous row in the settlement; mothers discovered that a single night had changed the sex of their babies—observation disclosed physical phenomena and then commenced some of the tallest female profanation. Living miles apart, it required two days to unmix the babies, and as many months to restore the woman to their sweet dispositions. To this day it is unsafe for any of the baby mixers to venture in the territory.

A BODY FOUND.—A correspondent who writes from "Thames Road, Farquhar P. O., Township of Usborne, Huron," sends us the following piece of news:—The body of an unknown man was found in the woods on the farm of Mr. Archibald McCurdy, 11th concession, township of Usborne, on Thursday the 11th inst., by a Mr. Dobbs, who happened to be strolling that way. The body was very much decomposed, having probably lain their since last summer. It is surprising that is was not discovered sooner, as the spot where it was found is quite near the clearance. He appeared to have been a person well advanced in years, his hair being grey, was about six feet in height, and stoutly built. No clue has yet been found to lead to his identification, and no papers were found on him to throw any light on the subject. A jury were empannelled on Saturday the 13th, by the Coroner, Dr. Hyndman, of Exeter, but for want of evidence the inquest was postponed for a week.

A FAT COW: CANADA AGAIN AHEAD!—An extraordinary fat cow was slaughtered in London, on the 11th inst., and as the carcase developed some remarkable results we give the particulars for the benefit of our agricultural readers. The animal was fed by Mr. John Irwin, of Westminister, and was a Durham grade. She weighed when killed, 1950lbs. Messrs. C. Trebilcock and John Santo purchased her for $140, and her carcase gave the unheard of quantity of 340lbs. of rough tallow! This amount is said to be larger than ever before taken from any animal.

☞ A gentleman who has lately visited the Penitentary, writes to the Kingston *News* that the Fenian prisoners are appropriately quartered, though they hardly feel at home. The inside of a prison is any thing but a novelty to most of them, though they have no deep love for such a risidence. Col Lynch is working manfully for the liberation of Ireland in the boot-packing department. Father McMahon enjoys the privilege of sweeping out the chapel and keeping it in order. The other patriots are ably doing their share towards the removal of "seven hundred years of Irish grievances," by constructing boots and shoes, chairs, tables, and other useful articles. Their opportunities for indulging in conversation are limited, but whenever they are allowed to speak, Roberts, Sweeny, O'Neil, and the entire Fenian organization, are spoken of in anything but complimentary terms.

Both the mothers of the King of Denmark and Prince Frederick of Augustenburg, whose conflicting claims occasioned the Danish war, and eventually brought on its natural epilogue, the great crash in Germany, died last month. The Duchess Dowager, Louise of Schleswig-Holstein-Sonderburg-Glucksburg, the mother of King Christian, departed this life at Ballenstedt, in the Duchy of Anhalt, where she was buried. The duchess Louise of Schleswig-Holstein-Sonderburg-Augustenburg, the mother of Prince Frederick, died at Primkenau, an estate of her husband's, in the province of Brandenburg.

The St. Paul *Press* says, there are indications that the coming season is destined to witness a greater immigration into Minnesota than any previous year.

An American exchange speaks of Bismarck as "the ablest rogue among European statesmen, and the ablest statesman among European rogues."

The Legislature of Nova Scotia has decided to grant licenses for one year more to the American fishing vessels in the Gulf, but they have raised the price from 50 cents to $1 per ton.

The Liberal members of Parliament have resolved to offer a determined opposition to the Reform bill.

All the powers of Europe are busily engaged in manufacturing breech-loaders.

The Fenian trials in Dublin are postponed till the 23rd instant. The prisoner Massey has turned Queen's evidence.

The Liberal party in England has split on the Reform question.

Corfu, March 31.—Intelligence here from Greek sources states that two fresh encounters had taken place in Crete, resulting in favour of the Christians. The Cretan Assembly has decreed political equality and respect for the religion and property of Mussulmans.

Reign of Terror in Georgia.

New York, April 16th.—The Savannah Republican says that accounts represent the condition of things in Camden and Bryan counties as truly alarming. The wildest days of St. Domingo seem to have been reproduced in Southern Georgia. In one county two negroes were sentenced to death for murder, and three others to the Penitentiary. A mob of colored people surrounded the gaol, broke open the doors, and allowed the prisoners to escape. In another county men were found hanging to trees within a short distance of the public roads, and had been hanging there for several days.

New York, April 16th.—The Great Eastern sailed at two p. m. to day with 191 passengers.

The Crow Indians.

New York, April 16th.—The Herald's special says:—Information has been received at the head quarters of the army that the Crow Indians manifest a reluctance to join the hostile tribes now arrayed against the Government, and will probably unite with them. The Crow tribe is one of the largest of Dakota territory, and can muster about a thousand warriors. They are believed to exercise considerable influence upon the surrounding bands of the Sioux, and the failure to secure their alliance may have the effect of withdrawing other bands who have already committed themselves to the war confederation.

THE BUFFALO FENIANS.—A gentleman of Buffalo, who has every facility for extended observation, and is thoroughly capable of forming a correct opinion, says that there is no reason to doubt that the Fenians of that city are making extensive preparations for another invasion of Canada this spring or summer. They are considerably more secret and reticent with regard to their movements than formerly, and do not hold public meetings and proclaim their intentions before everyone as was the case last year. The change in this respect, however, only renders them the more dangerous, and makes the duty of continued preparation more imperative. They will not catch us flapping this time.—[St. Catharines Post.

SAD ACCIDENT AT GALT.—We learn by telegraph that Mrs. Gorman, wife of Martin Gorman, a labouring man, while in the basement of the Dickson Flouring Mills, Galt, for the purpose of getting feed, yesterday morning, was caught by her dress in some cog wheels, and had one arm torn from the shoulder, one leg nearly torn off, a hand badly mangled, and her body much injured. The accident occurred at nine yesterday morning. Medical assistance was immediately at hand, but unavailing. She died at about twelve o'clock. She leaves a family of four children.

A New Invention in Navigation.

We had the pleasure on Saturday of examining the model of a new steam vessel, the invention of Mr. Pierre Lacroix of this city. The discovery, which has cost Mr. Lacroix long study to bring it to the state of perfection now arrived at, certainly promises to mark a new era in the progress of steam navigation. Judging from the model merely, it may not be too much to promise that when vessels on this plan are placed on the water, whether of rivers, lakes, or seas, the danger of shipwrecks, and the inconveniences of sea-sickness, will be almost, if not entirely overcome, whilst a speed will be attained that has hitherto been impossible in this mode of navigation. We are precluded from entering into a detailed description of the mode of construction, by the fact that Mr. Lacroix has not yet secured his patient. Steps are being taken, however, to obtain this protection, and it is not unlikely that a company may very shortly be formed to commence the construction of vessels on this model for navigation on the St. Lawrence. As it is calculated that a speed of from forty-five to sixty miles an hour can be attained, it follows that the journey from Montreal to Quebec could be made by a vessel on Mr. Lacroix's plan in four hours or less, and a trip across the Atlantic in less than four days. The body of the vessel, on which passengers, as well as the freight would be placed, not being connected directly with the agents of propulsion, would, it is hoped, remain altogether unaffected by the motion of the sea, and the chances of sickness, the terrible drawback to travel on the ocean, be thus reduced to the minum. Neither would there be any danger, apparently, of shipwreck through running on a shoal or sand bank, as Mr. Lacroix contends that his vessel would ride over such an obstruction, without difficulty, exactly as the wheels of a carriage would pass over it, leaving the body of the carriage itself unhurt. The ingenious inventor seems to have taken into consideration every emergency that might arise, and to have adopted precautions to meet them. His discovery will be a great step in advance should it prove successful in practice, as there is no apparent reason to suppose it will not, and he has our best wishes for a favourable termination to his labours.—*Montreal Herald.*

A Day at the French Exhibition.

All does not go smoothly at the French Exhibition, and more than a month must elapse before it presents that completeness which is necessary to make up the contemplated grandeur. For example, a correspondent writing April 4th, says:—

"It poured with rain yesterday, and the discomfort suffered by those who had not their own coaches to ride in was simply atrocious. The interior of the palace—cold, gloomy, damp and windy—struck to your very bones, like the atmosphere of a burial vault. The few sightseers, mainly foreigners, who had been hardy enough to brave the inclemency of the weather, slowly and sadly promenaded the interminable curves of the corridors, or stalked backwards and forwards in the gusty 'grand vestibule,' looking like plaintiffs who had just lost their suits in the Court of Common Pleas, and were wandering in Westminister Hall in the grimmest of November terms, trying to walk off the first natural desire to cut their throats. Good gracious! I hope this kind of thing is not going to last. There were people there—I was one of them—who paid five francs for permission to enter. It wasn't worth five francs. It wasn't worth two. With the exception of the English courts and some portions of the French department, and the picture galleries, which are in tolerable state of completion, the place was one mind burdening, heart sickening desert of packing cases, empty glass-cases, deal cupboards—the tenancy of which appeared to have been recently abandoned by the Brothers Davenport—boards, carpenters' benches, paint-pots, half shrouded statues, and lay figures not yet invested with the costumes they are to wear. There were some sounds of hammering, nailing and sawing, but not many. Languid reaction, and the despondency caused by the wretched weather, had touched the workmen as well as the visitors. They hammered and sawed very feebly, and for a brief period; and the afternoon was not very far advanced before the majority of the blouses had subsided into the low-priced German *cafes*, where they found rest and peace, and pipes and beer.

A small store at the corner of Lombard street, London, rents for £22,000 sterling per annum.

From 150 to 200 human skeletons are annually sold in New York city. They are worth about $15 apiece.

A watch has been manufactured in Paris which is wound up by simply opening the case to note the time. It only requires to be opened once a month to keep it always going, and it is perhaps the nearest approach to perpetual motion yet invented.

Over one hundred new vessels are being built or contracted for in Maine.

THE MARKETS.

Clinton, April 25, 1867.

Fall Wheat	$1.95	@	2.00
Spring do	1.75	@	1.80
Oats	0.35	@	0.40
Barley	0.50	@	0.55
Peas	0.65	@	0.68
Butter	0.16	@	0.17
Pork	4.85	@	5.00
Potatoes	0.60	@	0.70

London, April 24, 1867.

Fall Wheat, Bush superior	1 80	@	1 90
Spring Wheat, do	1 75	@	1 80
Flour, per 100 lbs	4 25	@	4 00
Butter	0 9	@	0 16
Dressed hogs, per 100 lbs	6 00	@	6 25
Peas do	0 70	@	0 74
Barley do	0 56	@	0 62
Oats do	0 35	@	0 45
Hay	10 00	@	12 00

Montreal, April 24, 1867.

Flour—Superior Extra	9 00	a	9 50
Wheat—Canada	1 79	a	1 85
Oats—Per 32 lbs	0 40	a	0 43
Barley—Per 48 lbs	0 64	a	0 68
Ashes—Pots	5 85	a	5 90
do Pearls	7 90	a	8 00

New York, April 24, 1867.

Flour 5c to 10c lower			
Flour—superfine	$10 00	@	10 85
" exra	11 15	@	12 20
" choice	12 25	@	13 20
Wheat—Milwaukee	2 48	@	2 50
" white Michigan	3 10	@	0 00

Chicago, April 24, 1867.

Wheat	$2 44	@	2 46
Corn f.o.b	0 80	@	0 00
Oats	0 55½	@	0 56½

A Scene in Sharpe's, on Saturday.

Farmer A.—I say, John, just hear what some tallow, that ca's himsel' C. P., in the Goderich *Star*, says about us.

John—What is't? Read it oot man. Let us hear't.

A. reads:—"It would be well, perhaps, for your readers to know that the feeling of this once far-famed grit Township has of late considerably altered in favor of the Liberal Conservative principles. The wealthy farmers have great inclinations to hive with the old fossil Tories."

That's us Tuckersmith folks he's meaning.

Ad.—Ha-ha-ha!

Former B.—Weel, that's a guid ane. That'll be some o' the blethers o' that fallow wi' the hairy face, that was gaun about lately.

John.—Hive wi' the tories indeed, faith, they'll need tae hae better men in the market afore we'll hive wi' them. I was at Egmondville hearin' them speak the day, an' I'm sure a weair speech than the twa Tory candidates made I never listened tae.

Former A.—Them speak! I could beat them mysel'. There's no an' old wife in Tuckersmith but cood tell a bidder tale.

Former C.—Weel, weel, they maun hae something to say. But just wait till the election day, an' we'll let them see whether we hae lost ony o' our grit or no, hive wi' the tories indeed!

GODERICH FANNING MILL AND Pump Factory!

THE SUBSCRIBER BEGS TO INFORM the inhabitants of the Counties of Huron and Bruce that he is still Manufacturing, and has on hand a number of his

SUPERIOR FANNING MILLS & PUMPS.

He would particularly draw attention to his Mills, as he will warrant them to free Wheat from oats, cockle, chess, &c. Pumps made to order and warranted.

For Huron Nursery, between Goderich and Ocombria Road.

Also, agent for the sale of Morgan's premium and patent CULTIVATOR, which has never yet failed to give general satisfaction to farmers who have used them.

HENRY DODD.

Goderich, April 25th 1866. 9

GODERICH BROOM FACTORY.

Isaac Dobson & Son.

HAVING ESTABLISHED A FACTORY for the manufacture of Brooms in Goderich, the subscribers are prepared to attend to all orders in their line of business from any part of Canada with promptness

AT WHOLESALE ONLY.

Their facilities for manufacture will, they feel confident, enable them to compete with any establishment of the kind in the country.

☞ Factory on Kingston Street, opposite Huron Hotel. Address,

ISAAC DOBSON & SON.
Goderich, C. W.

December 11, 1866. w52f

ISAAC FREDERICK

WATCHMAKER & JEWELER, WEST ST., GODERICH, NEAR THE POST OFFICE.

A GOOD ASSORTMENT OF Cold and Plated Jewelry on Hand.

WATCHES CLOCKS AND SPECTACLES IN GREAT VARIETY.

REPAIRING IN ALL BRANCHES done on short notice in good style and warranted according to agreement.

☞ Wedding Rings always on Hand.

Jobs left unclaimed in my hands will be sold at the expiration of three months to defray expenses.

☞ All articles warranted as represented.

☞ The best quality of Clock Oil at 25 cts a bottle.

Goderich Nov. 14, 1866. w16

Money to Lend.

ON very reasonable terms. Apply to

B. L. DOYLE,
Savage's new Block.

Goderich, 9th Jan. 1865. w50 1yr

TAILORING

D. ADAMS

RETURNS HIS MOST SINCERE THANKS for the very flattering encouragement he has received since he commenced business in Goderich, not being able to execute over one-half of the orders brought to him last season; having now secured facilities for

Carrying on Business Extensively

and employing none but first-class tradesmen And as D. A. believes his experience as Cutter is second to none in the Province, having carried on business extensively and successfully in Hamilton, principally first-class customers, and having been Cutter in one of the Principal Establishments in Edinburgh, Scotland, he fearlessly states to a discerning public that

CLOTHING CAN BE MADE

at his establishment equal to the best Establishment in Toronto or Montreal.

Goderich, Oct 30 1863 sw17-1yw40

THE RIDGE PROPERTY FOR SALE.

THE RESIDENCE OF THE LATE JOHN GALT, Esq.

THIS property is beautifully situated opposite the Town of Goderich, on the North Bank of the

RIVER MAITLAND,

and on the Banks of Lake Huron. It contains 31 7-10 acres of Land more or less, with Dwelling House, Outhouses, Stables, &c., with large Garden, Vinery and Orchard The Wood Land consists principally of Oak and the flowering Linder, Cherry, Maple, &c. The Grounds are in very good order. There are three never failing springs of pure water on the Property. The situation for a private residence cannot be surpassed in the Province.

For terms apply to

THOS. GALT, Esq.,
Barrister, Toronto

or D. SHADE GOODING,
Barrister, Goderich.

Goderich, 6th July, 1866. sw50t

WHO WANTS A HOME?

THE FOLLOWING VALUABLE PROPERTY

In the Town and Township of Goderich!

is offered for sale, on the most reasonable term, viz:

1. Lot 902, North street, adjoining the Wesleyan Methodist Church, in Goderich.

2. Lots 12 and 13 on the corner of West and Wellington Streets. On 13 there is a good frame house and bakery.

☞ These lots form an excellent site for a hotel!

3. Lot 113 on Lighthouse street, upon which there is a large frame house, so arranged as to accommodate three families.

4. Lot 191 on the corner of Essex and Elgin streets, upon which there is a small frame house and a good orchard.

5. Park lot 14, con. "C" in the Township of Goderich, containing 10 acres of excellent land. Upon this lot there is an excellent Two Story Brick House, Frame Barn and outbuildings. Also, a good bearing orchard of choice fruit.

☞ This is one of the best situations for a private residence in the town.

6. AN EXCELLENT FARM—117 acres, Lots 27 and 13, adjoining lots, one fronting on the Huron Road, and the other on the seventh concession, in the Township of Goderich. 40 acres cleared and under cultivation, upon which there is a brick dwelling house, frame barn and

A LARGE ORCHARD.

This farm is situated 5 miles from Goderich, and 7 from Clinton. It is good rolling land, well-watered, and has a good gravel road on two sides of it.

For terms and conditions of sale apply to

GEORGE McMASTER,

Goderich, 17th July, 1866. w52

GODERICH

CANADIAN AXES

AXE FACTORY!

THE Subscribers having commenced the Axe Business

AT THE OLD STAND,

on the Corner of

Waterloo and Light-House Streets,

where they hope to intimate to his old friends, and as many more as may favour him with a call and trial, that he will produce and sell a

WARRANTED HOME-MADE AXE, CHEAP

for cash or exchange.

JOHN McPHERSON.

N.B.—Also a number of Sleighs on hand.

Goderich, October 30th 1866. 40-1

J. & J. SEEGMILLER, TANNERS!

DEALERS IN LEATHER FINDINGS!

&c., &c.

GODERICH, C. W.

December 12, 1865. w47

Rintoul Brothers.

COMMISSION MERCHANTS

87 & 89 ST. FRANCOIS XAVIER STREET, MONTREAL.

Advances made on consignments of Produce to Liverpool, Glasgow and other port in Great Britain.

Consignments of Ashes, Butter, &c., respectfully solicited.

Sept. 3, 1866. sw2

SASH AND DOOR FACTORY.

THE undersigned having purchased the Planing Mill and Sash Factory owned, and occupied by Donald Cumming, are now prepared to carry on the business of manufacturing

Sash, Doors, Blinds, Mouldings, Flooring Siding,

and all kinds of

CIRCLE WORK,

such as Circle and Gothic Sash and Frames. They think from their experience in Factory Work, that they can give satisfaction to all who may favor them with a call.

N. B.—A liberal discount to the trade.

JAS BUCHANAN,
DAVID LAWSON,
JAS ALEXANDER,

Goderich, March 8th, 1867 sw55

Take Notice.

SAMUEL POLLOCK, Esq., late Deputy Sheriff has been appointed official Assignee under the Insolvent Act of 1864 for the United Counties of Huron and Bruce.

☞ Office in Cameron's Block, Kingston street.

February 20th, 1866. w50

MONEY TO LEND.

THE HURON & ERIE SAVINGS AND LOAN SOCIETY.

The above Society is prepared to make

ADVANCES ON IMPROVED Farm Property, ON MOST ADVANTAGEOUS TERMS.

The cost of effecting a Loan will be found much lower than in other Societies of a similar nature. The attention of the Borrower is called to the fact, that he will receive the full amount of the Loan, without any deduction being made for interest or payments in advance.

Advances may be repaid Monthly or Yearly, extending over a period of from one to fifteen years.

FOR FULL PARTICULARS APPLY TO

S. POLLOCK,

Agent and Valuator for the Society at Goderich

Goderich, C.W., 1866. rw13

SHERIFF'S SALE OF LANDS.

County of Huron, To Wit: } BY virtue of a Writ of Fieri Facias issued out of Her Majesty's County Court of the United Counties of York and Peel, and to me directed against the Lands and Tenements of David Clark and James Clark, at the suit of the Bank of Montreal, I have seized, and taken in Execution the following property, viz: all and singular that certain parcel or tract of land and premises situate lying and being in the Township of Colborne, in the County of Huron and Province of Canada containing by admeasurement one hundred acres be the same more or less, being composed of lot number nine in the ninth concession, Western division of the said township, which Lands and Tenements I shall offer of Sale, at my office, in the Court House, in the Town of Goderich, on Tuesday the twenty fifth day of June next at the hour of twelve of the clock, noon.

JOHN MACDONALD, Sheriff H.

Sheriff's office, Goderich, 18th March, 1867. } w8

SHERIFF'S SALE OF LANDS.

County of Huron to wit: } BY virtue of a Writ of Fieri Facias issued out of Her Majesty's County Court of the United Counties of Huron and Bruce, and to me directed against the Lands and Tenements of Andrew R. Gourlock, at the suit of John Moffatt, I have seized and taken in Execution the following property, viz: all the right title and interest of the said defendant in and to Lot number forty seven Jarvis' survey, in the Village of Seaforth, in the County of Huron, which lands and Tenements I shall offer for Sale, at my office, in the Court House, in the Town of Goderich, on Tuesday the twenty fifth day of June next, at the hour of twelve of the clock, noon.

JOHN MACDONALD, Sheriff, Huron.

Sheriff's Office, Goderich, March 5th, 1867. } w6

SHERIFF'S SALE OF LANDS.

County of Huron, to wit: } BY virtue of a writ of Fieri Facias issued out of Her Majesty's Court of Queen's Bench, and to me directed against the Lands and Tenements of Mary Russell, at the suit of Hamnett Hill, I have seized and taken in Execution the following property, viz: all the right title and interest of the said defendant in and to those certain parcels and tracts of Land situate lying and being in the township of Albemarle, in the county of Bruce, containing by admeasurement two hundred acres of land be the same more or less, being composed of Lots number 25 and 26, in the fourth concession, East of the Bury Road, of the aforesaid township of Albemarle, which Lands and Tenements I shall offer for sale at my office in the Court House, in the town of Goderich, on Tuesday the Eighteenth day of June next, at the hour of Twelve of the clock noon.

JOHN McDONALD, Sheriff of Huron, Late Huron & Bruce

Sheriff's Office, Goderich, 6th March, 1867. } w7

SHERIFF'S SALE OF LANDS.

County of Huron, To wit: } BY virtue of two writs of Vendition Exponas and two writs of Fieri Facias issued out of Her Majesty's Court of Common Pleas and Court of Queen's Bench, and to me directed against the lands and tenements of Henry C. Grables, John Galt, and Ira Lewis, at the suits of Malcolm McPherson, The Commercial Bank of Canada, George F. Moore, and The Bank of Montreal, I have seized and taken in execution that certain parcel or tract of land being part of lot "D" Western Division of the Township of Colborne, and more particularly described in two deeds from Robert Graham Dunlop to David Lawson and Walter Lawson, and lately the property of the late John Galt, together with the machinery used in driving the saw mill, viz., the boiler, engine and other machinery connected, the upright saw, and also the machinery connected with the circular saw, and the carriage of the same, as also the turning lathes in the said mill, the property of the said John Galt, which lands and tenements I shall offer for sale at my office in the Court House, in the town of Goderich, on Tuesday, the seventh day of May next, at the hour of Twelve of the clock, noon.

JOHN MACDONALD, Sheriff, H.

Sheriff's Office, Goderich, 26th January, 1867. } w1

SHERIFF'S SALE OF LANDS.

County of Huron, To Wit: } BY virtue of two writs of Fieri Facias issued out of Her Majesty's County Court of the United Counties of Huron and Bruce, and to me directed against the Lands and Tenements of Andrew R. Gourlock, at the suit of John Moffatt, I have seized and taken in Execution the following property, viz: all the right title and interest of the said defendant in and to Lot number forty seven Jarvis' survey, in the Village of Seaforth, in the County of Huron, which lands and Tenements I shall offer for Sale, at my office, in the Court House, in the Town of Goderich, on Tuesday the twenty fifth day of June next, at the hour of twelve of the clock, noon.

JOHN MACDONALD, Sheriff, Huron.

Sheriff's Office, Goderich, March 5th, 1867. } w6

SHERIFF'S SALE OF LANDS.

County of Huron, to wit: } BY virtue of two writs of Fieri Facias issued out of Her Majesty's County Court of the United Counties of Huron and Bruce, and to me directed against the Lands and Tenements of Mary Russell, at the suit of Hamnett Hill, I have seized and taken in Execution the following property, viz: all the right title and interest of the said defendant in and to those certain parcels and tracts of Land situate lying and being in the township of Albemarle, in the county of Bruce, containing by admeasurement two hundred acres of land be the same more or less, being composed of Lots number 25 and 26, in the fourth concession, East of the Bury Road, of the aforesaid township of Albemarle, which Lands and Tenements I shall offer for sale at my office in the Court House, in the town of Goderich, on Tuesday the Eighteenth day of June next, at the hour of Twelve of the clock noon.

JOHN McDONALD, Sheriff of Huron, Late Huron & Bruce

Sheriff's Office, Goderich, 6th March, 1867. } w7

SHERIFF'S SALE OF LANDS.

County of Huron, To wit: } BY virtue of a writ of Fieri Facias issued out of Her Majesty's County Court of the United Counties of Huron and Bruce, and to me directed against the Lands and Tenements of Arthur Mitchell the defendant at the suit of Morris C. Lutz and James Cowan the Plaintiff, I have seized and taken in Execution all that certain parcel or tract of Land and premises situate lying and being in the Town of Fordwich in the Township of Howick in the County of Huron containing by admeasurement Thirty Eight acres more or less being composed of all that part of the Mill site and Mill property, South of Louisa street in the Town of Fordwich, also and together with all the buildings erected thereon, which Lands and Tenements I shall offer for Sale, at my Office, in the Court House, in the Town of Goderich, on Tuesday the Fourth day of June next at the hour of Twelve of the clock, noon.

JOHN MACDONALD, Sheriff Huron.

Sheriff's Office, Goderich, 22nd February 1867. } w5

SHERIFF'S SALE OF LANDS

County of Huron, To Wit: } BY virtue of a Writ of Alias Fieri Facias, issued out of Her Majesty's County Court of the united Counties of Huron and Bruce, and to me directed against the Lands and Tenements of Charles Brown, at the suit of John I. McKenzie, I have seized and taken into execution, all the right title and interest of the said defendant, in and to the North half of Lot Number Twenty in the fifth concession of the Township of Morris in the County of Huron containing one hundred acres more or less, which Lands and Tenements I shall offer for Sale, at my office, in the Court House, in the Town of Goderich, on Tuesday the fourth day of June next, at the hour of twelve of the clock, noon.

JOHN MACDONALD, Sheriff Huron.

Sheriff's Office, Goderich, 22nd Feburary, 1867. } w5

SHERIFF'S SALE OF LANDS.

County of Huron To Wit: } BY virtue of four Writs of Alias Fieri Facias issued out of Her Majesty's County Court of the United Counties of Huron and Bruce, and to me directed against the Lands and Tenements of Walter Alexander, at the suits of Adam Hope, W. B. Scarth and James J. Evans, I have seized and taken in Execution the following property, viz: all the right title and interest of the said defendant, in and to lot number seven in the sixth concession of the Township of Grey in the County of Huron containing one hundred acres be the same more or less, which Lands and Tenements I shall offer for Sale, at my office, in the Court House, in the Town of Goderich, on Tuesday the fourteenth day of May next, at the hour of twelve of the clock, noon.

JOHN McDONALD, Sheriff Huron.

Sheriff's Office, Goderich, February, 5th 1867. } w6

COLONIAL HOUSE!

KID GLOVES! KID GLOVES

Josephine's, Alexander's, Jouvin's, Duchess Lace backs & Alexandras in white, black and colors. The largest Stock in the Counties.

CHAS. E. ARCHIBALD.

Goderich, August 22nd. 1866. sw10

HEMLOCK BARK WANTED

THE subscriber wants 1000 cords of Hemlock Bark, for which the highest market price will be paid in cash on delivery at his yard at the Dock.

W. M. SAVAGE.

WOOL! WOOL! WOOL!

THE subscriber is prepared to pay the highest market price for any quantity of wool. w15t

G. N. DAVIS

MANUFACTURER AND DEALER IN Stoves, Ploughs and Castings of every description. Tin, Copper and Sheet Iron Ware, at the Market Stove Depot, Market Square, Goderich.

COAL OIL, WHOLESALE AND RETAIL.

☞ Coal Oil Lamps, &c., &c. Old Iron, Copper, Brass, Rags Wool Pickings and Sheepskins taken in exchange. 27tf

GODERICH

MARBLE WORKS,

W. C. TRELEAVEN.

Monuments, Headstones, Tombs, Tablets, Table-Tops, &c.

Ohio Free Stone kept on hand for Building purposes such as Caps, Sills, Bases, &c., Cheap for Cash.

GODERICH C. W.

THE undersigned has now on hands large stock of Boots and Shoes of the best manufacture. Childrens', Ladies', and Gentlemens'

RUBBERS, &c.

All of which will be sold CHEAP FOR CASH.

WM. DUNCAN.

Goderich, Dec. 18, 1866. w47 $p.00

SHERIFF'S SALE OF LANDS.

County of Huron, To Wit: } BY virtue of a Writ of Fieri Facias issued out of Her Majesty's County Court of the United Counties of Huron and Bruce, and to me directed against the Lands and Tenements of Joseph Hainstock, at the suit of Arthur Mitchell, I have seized and taken in Execution all the right title and interest of the said defendant Joseph Hainstock in and to