

doed assume that the Emperor is the author; but the views are set down as the suggestions of "a timid courtier, who seeks to overcome imperial self-will by hiding the truth beneath unmeaning compliments"—a delicate and dignified method of hitting the real offender. How far this pamphlet will aid in bringing about peace, how far it will compromise the head of the French nation, are points which will speedily appear.

The Cork Examiner announces on authority, that it is the intention of a company of high mercantile position to establish a line of steam vessels, which will ply regularly between that port and New York.

**TURKEY IN ASIA.**  
The Austrian journal *Freunden Blatt* learns from Varna that the Russian General Sushoff took possession of the defiles of Hassan Kaleh as soon as Selim Pacha retreated to Etzeroum. The greater portion of the Russian army will winter at Kars.

Intelligence from Constantinople of the 24th ultimo states that many persons had already quitted Etzeroum, fearing that it would be attacked by the Russian army. These persons had sought refuge at Trebizond. It is also stated that Omar Pacha has retired upon Souchem Kaleh, and that he has abandoned his project of attacking Kutais.

**THE THIRD POINT.**  
The *Weser Gazette* states, that an additional article touching the Third Point has been added to the treaty of December 2, between Austria, France, and England. It does not, however, impose on Austria the obligation of taking part in the war upon the eventual refusal of Russia to accept the Third Point, as interpreted by Austria and the Allies.

**BRUSSELS, Jan. 2.**—The interpretation of the third point given in Count Nesselrode's note of the 29th Dec. is regarded here as the answer, by anticipation, to the message of which Count Esterhazy is the bearer. We learn that the Austrian message was not formally communicated to the Russian government until the 28th ult., but its drift was of course no secret at St. Petersburg weeks before that date. Some such pretended solution of the third point as that put forward by Count Nesselrode had been bruited for several days before the existence of the note was known; but what seems more important to note is, that this latest declaration of Russian principles is officially made within six days of the delivery of the Austrian propositions, and with every appearance of being designed to preclude them.

*Le Nord* publishes an analysis of the circular of Count Nesselrode which accompanied the Russian propositions on the Third Point. The circular says that the desire expressed by the Emperor of the French, at a public solemnity, in favour of a prompt and durable peace, was at the same time and still is the dearest wish of the Emperor Alexander. Referring to the Vienna Conference the circular casts upon the Allies the blame of having rendered them abortive. So long as his enemies resolved to substitute force for the spirit of justice and conciliation, the Emperor was obliged to remain silent; but as soon as he heard that his enemies were disposed to take up again the negotiations of peace on the basis of the Four Points, the Imperial Cabinet did not hesitate to come forward frankly to meet those pacific dispositions, and to seek frankly a possible solution for the Third Point. The Russian propositions are already known. The circular concludes by saying, that his Majesty calmly and confidently awaits the decision of his enemies.

**ADMINISTRATIVE REFORM IN RUSSIA.**  
**HAMBURG, Jan. 4.**—The Grand Duke Constantine, as the head of the naval service of Russia, has issued a circular to its several departments requiring that all reports shall contain the naked truth. Defects and mismanagement are no longer to be glossed over. Officials disobeying this injunction are to be dismissed the service.

**FAILURE OF THE LAND TRANSPORT CORPS.**  
The failure of the land transport is still a subject of conversation in camp. It is said that last month the loss in mules and horses missing and dead amounted to twelve hundred or upwards, and that in one week after the bad weather set in five hundred animals were lost. If this statement be only an approximation to the truth, what a serious expenditure of money is involved in the account. Surely there ought to be some searching public inquiry into the subject. Even now it can be seen, on riding through the camps, that many of the divisional transport animals are without a shed, roof, or any other protection against the inclemency of the weather than their clothing.

**THE CRIMEA.**  
General Jean Durando was to replace General La Marmora in command of the Sardinian troops during the absence of the latter. Marshal Pelissier was spoken of as the probable commander-in-chief of all the allied forces in the Crimea.

A letter from Kalisch, of the 25th ult., in the *Austrian Gazette*, says:—According to the latest accounts from the Crimea, the Russian troops have been reinforced by a regiment of Hussars of the Guard, and by the Radetsky Regiment of Hussars, formerly stationed at Odessa. It is therefore evident, that no want of provision is experienced by Prince Gortschakoff.

A letter from Odessa of the 21st ult., in the *Austrian Gazette*, says:—Large bodies of troops are marching from the Crimea into Bessarabia. There is not, however, any intention of evacuating the former, as their places will be filled by other troops from the reserve, and by the militia. General Gortschakoff will, it is said, be replaced in the Crimea by Count Osten-Saken. The former will resume the command of the Danube. The allied gunboats which remained at Kinburn, have been frozen in and all the efforts made to release them have been hitherto fruitless.

**FIRST FRUITS OF THE NEW BRUNSWICK LIQUOR LAW.**

Nothing should be more heart-cheering to the Temperance men, or inspire them with greater thanksgiving for the past and high hope for the future, than the "first fruits" of the Prohibitory Law. Although but a short week has elapsed since its operation, the blessed influence of its beneficent provisions is felt on all hands.

In the first place the low groggery keepers have been whipped into back-rooms and secret shops.

But a very few of any class dare dispense their deadly drinks publicly and openly.

Old street-loafing toppers and confirmed soles can nowhere obtain the "wherewithal" to make themselves madmen and amenable to the Law.

The business of the Police Office has decreased nine-tenths.

A drunken man on the highway is a rarity, and wives and widows, and offspring and orphans are thanking God for the first instalment of retributive justice which has fallen upon the accursed trade.

In the out-districts, the influence is as good and great.

In Carleton the lamentation of the devotees of Bacchus is "no liquor." In Hampton Ferry (once an universal Rum-shop) only the "initiated" into the disreputable business of evading the Law can obtain their smile: in Kingston, red with the blood of men murdered by Rum, the "work goes bravely on" and the hell-peopling Rum business has decreased in lucrativeness three-fourths; in the English Settlement, (stretching from the main road to the Bend to the waters of the Washademoose) no liquor is written upon thousands of happy faces; Macfarlane settlement has uprooted its one hell; Sussex is hourly whooping into the rank; at Monckton, Sackville and Dorchester there is daily expanding into full luxuriance the bud of future deliverance, and everywhere moral men are buckling on their armour for a final engagement with and triumph over those Satanic allies of the Devil—RUM SMOGS and DISTILLERIES! Thank God!—*Telegraph*.

**HASZARD'S GAZETTE.**

Wednesday, January 23, 1856.

**BRITISH MAIL.**—We had another English Mail on Monday night, with dates up to the 5th inst. The papers are full of the discussions on the peace propositions, but very few of them hold out any hopes of a speedy termination of the war. We have given the leading topics of discussion in this day's issue, to the exclusion of our usual editorial, which will appear on Saturday.

**ROYAL AGRICULTURAL SOCIETY.**

*Committee Meeting, Jan. 16, 1856.*

**PRESENT.**—Judges Peters, Honbls. Mr. Coles, Capt. Rice, Mr. Mooney, Mr. Warburton; Henry Longworth, Charles Haszard, George Wright, Esquires.

Read minutes of last meeting.

Answers not having been received from the whole of the turnip competitors, it was

Ordered, That the further consideration of the complaints lodged by Messrs. Binns and others, be deferred until next Com. Meeting.

Ordered, That the price of the Tartarian Seed Oats in the Society's Store, be 3s. 6d. per bushel, and that no greater quantity than 25 bushels be sold to one person.

By Order,

W. W. IRVING, Sec'y & Treas.

Committee Room, R. A. Society.

January 16th, 1856.

*Arrivals in Britain from P. E. Island.*

LIVERPOOL, Jan. 1.—Ann Reddin. 2d.—Stella.

QUEENSTOWN, Jan. 1.—Orwell.

SHIELDS, Dec. 29.—Sir Alexander.

**MERCHANTS' INSTITUTE.**—T. Heath Haviland Esq first vice President, according to announcement, delivered to a large audience, last evening, a lecture on Modern History. He showed the distinction between Ancient and Modern History, and pointed out the various advantages that accrued from their study. He warned the admirers of such studies to beware of its seductiveness, and urged upon all the necessity of being acquainted with History in general, and especially with that of their own Fatherland. He then mooted this original and somewhat novel idea, viz: that the Student might acquire a more correct insight into the manners, customs and habits of a People, by reading the Poetry of the Time, than by any historical account that might be given by prose writers, and cited numerous instances of the correctness of his position. He then brought his audience to a contemplation of that part of the History of England which embraced the Reign of George the Second. Reminded them that it was during that reign, India and Canada were added to the British Empire, and passed very high encomiums upon those celebrated statesmen of that day, WALPOLE and PITT. He then concluded his able Lecture by remarking upon Britain's greatness, not only in the works of Literature, Commerce, Arts, Science, and Maritime Power, but in all else, above every other nation. A discussion followed, that rather tended to darken council, than to give light to the topics discussed, in the Lecture.

By special request, Mr. John Le Page will on Tuesday Evening next, read his Poem on the war. The subject of which, will form matter for a protracted discussion. An interesting evening may therefore be expected.

**TEMPERANCE MEETING.**—The Rev. J. M. Murray, P. G. W. P., will deliver a Lecture tomorrow evening (Thursday) in the Temperance Hall, the subject of the Lecture the "Phenomenon of Intemperance." The Public are respectfully invited to attend. From the known abilities, and unflinching advocacy of the cause by the Rev. lecturer, we hesitate not to bespeak for him a full house. Doors open at 7½. Chair to be taken at 8 o'clock.

**POLICE COURT.**  
Jan. 19.—David Smardon, for insulting language to, and assault and battery on Eliza Murphy; parties settled out of Court, defendant paying costs.

22d.—Neil McLean, for assault and battery on James O'Reilly; parties settled out of Court, defendant paying costs.

Councillor for the week, David Stewart, Esq.

**Died.**

At Charlottetown, on Monday, aged 32 years, Mr. John Ross, Clerk Assistant of the House of Assembly, deeply regretted, leaving a wife and four children to lament his loss. His end was peace.

At Saintfield, County Down, Ireland, on the 21st December, Mrs. Ann Bell, aged 84 years, mother of Mr. Robert Bell, of Charlottetown, P. E. Island.

To be resold the terms of the former sale not being complied with.

**FREEHOLD FARM.**

FOR SALE by Auction, on THURSDAY the 17th FEBRUARY, at 11 o'clock, a. m. on the premises, formerly the residence of Mr. Simon Knowlan, on the Town Road, two miles from Mrs. BARRETT'S, 52 acres FREEHOLD LAND, thirty acres are under cultivation, the remainder is covered with Hard and Soft Wood, with a DWELLING HOUSE, and a Well of Water at the Door. Also, a BARN, 38 x 30 feet.

TERMS.—One-third of the purchase money to be paid on delivery of the Deed; one third at the end of twelve months, and the remainder eighteen months from the day of sale, on security being given.

A bargain may be expected, as the above property will be sold without reserve.

GEORGE ANDERSON, Auctioneer.

New London, Sept. 28, 1855.

**Molasses, Candles, Apples, Confectionery, Onions.**

Tea, Crockeryware, Chinaware, &c. &c.

TO BE SOLD by Auction, on TUESDAY,

29th instant, at 11 o'clock, at the subscriber's

Sale-room, Queen-street—

5 puncheons MOLASSES

15 boxes CANDLES.

From 10 to 50 barrels prime APPLES

10 bbls. prime ONIONS

400 assorted Confectionary

10 boxes Saleratus

40 boxes very fine Raisins

10 chests English Breakfast TEA

20 chests and half chests Congo do. (superior article)

25 reams Wrapping Paper

3 doz. superfine Fur CAPS

6 boxes thick BOOTS

20 do. SOAP

A lot of Cooking, Franklin and Air-tight

STOVES, &c. &c.

JAMES MORRIS, Auctioneer.

Charlottetown, Jan. 21.

**For Sale or to Let.**  
SEVERAL BUILDING LOTS, fronting on the East side of the Malpeque, or Pricetown Road, about a quarter of a mile from Charlottetown, and opposite to Spring Park. Apply to WILLIAM FORGAN, March 21st, 1855.

**TO BE LET,**

THE DWELLING HOUSE and Premises near Government House, at present occupied by Captain Benzley, consisting of a Dwelling House which contains a spacious Dining-room and Drawing-room, Breakfast-room, 7 Bed-rooms, large Kitchen, Servant's Hall, 3 Servant's Bed-rooms, Pantry, Larder, Front-porch, large Entrance Hall, large Inner Hall, Back-porch, 2 Back entrances, Back and Front stair-cases, Seniors, Pump and Wash-House, Lumber-room, and a splendid 6' round cellar.

A large and commodious Coach-house, 3 stables, a cow-house, large Hay-loft and Grain-room, Manure-yard, large Kitchen garden with Fruit trees, &c., Flower garden, elegant front entrance and carriage drive, a large Lawn running down to the Harbour with convenience for keeping boats, &c. Extensive plantation of young trees of all kinds, large foot-house, Wood and chopping house, and a spacious and commodious yard.

There are front and back gates facing on different Streets, and a never failing well of water on the premises.

This splendid Mansion from its situation commands the finest view of any house in Charlottetown, and from its proximity to Government House and other advantages the Subscriber confidently offers it as the most elegant, comfortable and desirable residence for a gentleman's family in or near Town. For further particulars apply to

DAVID WILSON, Richmond Street

Sept. 6th, 1854.

ALL persons indebted to the Estate of the late DONALD McDONALD, Glenaladale, are requested to settle their Accounts immediately, or steps must be taken to enforce payment.

JOHN ARCH. McDONALD, Agent.

Oct. 13.

**City Tannery, No. 12, Grafton Street.**

FOR SALE at the above establishment—

500 sides Neat's Leather,

300 sides Harness Leather,

200 sides light Sole Leather,

500 Calf-skins.

N. B.—Four-pence half-penny per pound will be paid for any quantity of Green Hides.

WM. B. DAWSON.

October 20.

**Cigars! Cigars!!**

FOR SALE at VERY LOW PRICES. The Subscribers have received—

22,000 superior Cheroots,

on Consignment, with instructions to effect a speedy sale.

HASZARD & OWEN.

Sept. 27, 1855.

**Union of the Colonies**

AND THE

**Organization of the Empire.**

THE SPEECH on the Union of the Colonies delivered by the Hon. Joseph Howe in the Nov. Scotia Legislature, in February 1854, together with the Hon. Francis Hincks' REPLY to said Speech, and Mr. Howe's LETTER in Reply to Mr. Hincks—the whole forming a pamphlet of eighty pages, has just been published, and is now for sale at Haszard & Owen's Book Store. Price One Shilling and three-pence.

Sept. 27, 1855.

**FOR SALE.**

A valuable Leasehold Property for 999 years, at one shilling per acre, formerly the property of

JAMES BAGNELL, deceased, situated at Bedeque, Lot 26, near Mr. William Strong's; the farm contains one hundred Acres good land, one half under a state of cultivation, with a house and barn thereon, and a good spring of water near the door and abundance of fine wood and firing on the same. If it be an accommodation to the purchaser, one half of the purchase money may remain on interest for a time.

For further particulars apply to John R. Gardiner, Bedeque, or William Dodd, Charlottetown.

**NOTICE.**

THE Subscriber having been appointed by Power of Attorney, from the Heirs of the Estate of the late

DONALD McDONALD, of Glenaladale, deceased, dated 3d September, and 10th October, is empowered to sell or lease all their Lands on the Island, and to collect all Debts, Rents, Arrears of Rents, Promissory Notes and Book Accounts, &c.

JOHN ARCH. McDONALD, Agent.

Glenaladale, Oct. 13.

All persons desirous of purchasing or leasing Lands will do well to call on the Agent as soon as possible, for the best Farms will be first taken. Two MILL SITES to let.

Any person or persons found trespassing on the above Estate, either by cutting, hauling Timber, making Roads, barking or boxing Trees, or in any other way damaging or destroying the said Property, will be prosecuted to the utmost rigor of the Law.