The Morning Courier.

FOR THE COUNTRY.

Optimus est Reipublicæ status, ubi nihil deest nisi licentia peccandi.—SENECA.

No. 28. MONTREAL, THURSDAY MORNING, SEPTEMBER 3, 1835. VOL. I.

NOTICE TO SETTLERS.—The LAST SALE, for the season, of the HALF-MONTHLY PUBLIC SALE of LANDS, situate in the Townships of Granby and Milton, will take place in GRANBY VILLAGE, on MONDAY the 7th SEPTEMBER next, at TEN o'clock.

JONATHAN WURTELE.
DUNCAN C. NAPIER.
CHRISTOPHER E. WURTELE.

August 28. 134

Mr. William Shand is now on a collecting tour in Upper Canada, &c., for The Morning Courier.

Morning Courier.

MONTREAL, TUESDAY, SEPT. 1, 1835.

THE Captain of the *Recovery*, 28th July from Liverpool, arrived at Quebec, states that the debate on Sir ROBERT PEEL's motion to divide the Irish Church Bill into two Bills, had not terminated when he sailed.

The subjoined account of a meeting of the inhabitants of the Valley of the Passumpsic River, and those residing in the neighbourhood, held on the 20.h ult , on the subject of constructing a Railroad through the Valleys of the Connecticut and Passumpsic Rivers to Montreal or Quebec, has been forwarded to us for publication. We heartily rejoice in the object of the meeting.

CALEDONIA COUNTY RAILROAD MEETING.

At a numerous meeting of gentlemen from the towns in the Valley of the Passumpsic River, and the Section northwardly, convened by previous notice, at the Hotel of A. M. Rice, on St. Johnsbury Plain, August 20, 1835, for the purpose of taking into consideration and adopting measures for the construction of a Railroad through the Valleys of the Connecticut and Passumpsic Rivers to Montreal, Lower Canada, on motion of Hon. Geo. C. Cahoon, of Lyndon, Erastus Fairbanks, of St. Johnsbury, was called to the Chair; Silas Houghton, of Lyndon, was appointed Vice-President; and Calvin Monill, of St. St. Johnsbury, and Stephen Kenrick, of St. Judac's Falls, Secretaries.

A Committee of Overtures were appointed, consisting of Henry Stevens, Geo. C. Cahoon, J. W. Miller, Jubal Harrington, Alexander Christ, W. P. Stoughton, and Hingham Paddock.

Adjourned one hour.

Met, according to adjournment.

The Committee of Overtures reported the following Resolutions, which were adopted unanimously :—

Resolved.—That, in our opinion, internal improvements greatly augment national and individual wealth, and none more pre-eminently an railroads.

Resolved.—That the Valleys of the Connecticut and Passumpsic Rivers, affording great facilities for agriculture and manufactures, it is, in our estimation, an object much to be desired, that there should be ready, easy and cheap communications between these valleys, and the seaboard, and the great marts at the north—Montreal and Quebec—to give life and vigor to these facilities.

Resolved.—That from our own observation, and from actual surveys which have been made with a view to a canal, and from the location of the country, we believe these not only to be feasible routes for Railroads to unite Boston and Hartford with Montreal and Quebec, but to be the natural throughfares to those cities of the north and south.

Resolved.—That we highly appreciate the spirit at present manifesting itself throughout the New England States, and particularly in Vermont, and will most cordially unite with our fellow-citizens east, west, north and south, in measures for projecting and constructing Railroads.

Resolved.—That a Committee of seven be chosen by this meeting, to be denominated the Railroad Committee of the Valley of the Passumpsic," whose duty it shall be to promote the construction of a Railroad to Hartford or Boston. For this purpose they shall collect facts; correspond with collective bodies and individuals; provide for the representation of the Passumpsic Valley in any Railroad meeting that may hereafter be holden in the Valley of the Connecticut, or to the north, either by personal attendance of a part or all of their number, or otherwise. They shall also, at their discretion, call future meetings on the Passumpsic Vale; and, generally, they shall, from time to time, perform such services as will in their judgment advance the object of this meeting, and make report of their doings to the next and subsequent meetings of this Convention.

Pursuant to the last resolution, a Railroad Committee of the Valley of the Passumpsic was appointed, consisting of the following persons :—

Erastus Fairbanks, St. Johnsbury; Henry Stevens, Barnet; George C. Cahoon, Lyndon; Cobb, Barton; Elijah Cleveland, Coventry; Nehemiah Colby, Derby; Bartholomew Somers, Barnet.

On motion,—

Resolved.—That we most cordially tender our thanks to the gentlemen from this Province of Lower Canada, and others from abroad, who on this day attended the Caledonia County Railroad meeting, and, by their presence and advice, have encouraged our contemplated enterprise.

On motion,—

Resolved.—That the proceedings of this meeting be signed by the presiding Officers and Secretaries, and be forwarded for publication in the Morning Star, and in one or more of the papers in the Valley of the Connecticut, and in the Province of Lower Canada, with a request that the editors, especially in Vermont, copy the above.

Resolved.—That this meeting stand adjourned to Wednesday, the 23d September next, at 10 o'clock, A. M., at this place.

ERASTUS FAIRBANKS, *President.*
SILAS HOUGHTON, *Vice-President.*
CALVIN MONILL, *Secretary.*
STEPHEN KENRICK, *Assistant-Sec.*

The Canadian of Saturday affects great grief and sorrow at a report in circulation in Quebec, of Lord GOSFORD intending to honor with his presence the fête, which the Society of Quebec are to give to Lord AYLMER, on the 16th of this month. This paper, in its extreme anxiety for his Lordship's interests, seems afraid lest this act of courtesy should lead to distrust of his intentions and impartiality among the immaculate *Patriots*. We cannot characterise by language sufficiently strong, our abhorrence of such petty illiberality. The attempt is detestable to influence upon such insignificant grounds the opinion of the public, respecting the character of Lord GOSFORD's future administration.

ERRATUM.—In the second letter of our London Correspondent, published yesterday, in the clause, "The measure will be carried, I think, but by means of a *minority* so scanty," &c.; *minority*, should have been *majority*.

The play of "Black-eyed Susan," and the afterpiece of "Love in Humble Life," will be performed at the Theatre Royal this evening for the benefit of Mr. E. HAMILTON. As this is the last night on which the Theatre will be open this summer, we doubt not but that the Public will evince their estimation of Mr. HAMILTON's professional talents by a numerous attendance. Mrs. ROGERS will appear in both pieces, as *Black-eyed Susan* in the play, and *Christine* in the afterpiece.

We recommend to the attentive perusal of our readers the sensible letter of XYZ, which we willingly reprint from the *Quebec Gazette*, and which, as the Editor confesses, was admitted into that journal after considerable hesitation.

The Grand Jury found, yesterday, a True Bill against MONARQUE and his companions, for the murder of W. HANDS, a soldier of the 24th Regiment.

Lord VALENTIA, Lord JOCELYN, Sir GEO. COCKBURN, Miss COCKBURN, and Miss SIMS, arrived yesterday morning in the *Canadian Eagle* from Quebec.

AGRICULTURAL REPORT FOR AUGUST.

It is probable that the expectations of the husbandman have seldom been more disappointed in Canada, than they are likely to be this year. Notwithstanding the unusually backward spring sowing time, the grain crops had, about the middle of July, nearly attained the same degree of forwardness they would have in ordinary seasons, and were generally of most promising appearance. It was near the end of July that the maggots or larvæ of the wheat fly were first discovered in the ear of wheat; and by the ravages of this vermin I am convinced, that in all fields where they were found, the crop was half destroyed.

With the exception of a few fine days, from the 6th to the 14th, the month of August has been wet throughout to this day; and I am sorry to have to state, that it has occasioned extensive damage to the wheat crop. There is scarcely an ear, in many fields I have seen, that has not some grains sprouted. I have noticed that the injured and imperfect grains are most liable to germinate; and were it confined to them, perhaps it would be possible to separate them from the safe grains in cleaning the wheat; but I fear it will be found that there will be more than sufficient of the good full grains germinated to spoil most samples of wheat. A field of wheat, of good appearance, that had escaped the ravages of vermin this year, and would be full and heavy in the ear, with the due proportion of straw, could not fail to be laid down, in such weather as we have had latterly. It may reasonably be conjectured, what chance of safety such a crop would have under existing circumstances, when crops that stand perfectly erect (as all those do that have a large proportion of the grain in the ear destroyed by vermin) are sprouted, notwithstanding the wheat straw is also rusted in general to a greater degree than I have ever seen it before. In crops that have been injured by maggots, the grains that did remain safe were unusually large and full, having had a greater supply of nutriment than would have fallen to their share had the grain been uninjured, and the ear furnished with the full number of perfect grains. In consequence of this circumstance, and from the constant wet, the grain is generally partly uncovered and exposed in the glumes, and will be very liable to fall out, in case of high winds, or be lost in harvesting, unless the greatest care is observed in handling. From all these circumstances, the farmer's expectations of a profitable crop of wheat this season can no longer be entertained.

The Barley which has been in the course of harvesting the last three or four weeks, must necessarily have been injured, unless with those farmers who happened to have it cut down and housed between the 6th and 15th of the month. It was impossible that the crop could escape injury that was not harvested during those few days. Much of the Barley is so spoiled as to be rendered unfit for malting; and I fear few good malting samples of Barley will be for sale this year in the Lower Province. The Barley crop was of excellent promise in the beginning of August, could it have been safely harvested; and the disappointment that has occurred, even when at maturity, affords one more convincing proof, that it is impossible for a farmer to make an accurate estimate of his crop at any period of its growth, until safely put up in his barn.

I have been told that the Spring sown Rye is of very little value, but that which was sown in the Fall is good. If this information be correct, it is probable that the safety of the fall rye is to be attributed to the circumstance of its coming early into ear, and when the wheat fly appeared it was in too forward a state to feed the larvæ of that insect. I do not report of rye from my personal observation of that crop.

Peas are nearly a failure from the continued wet. Oats are most abundant in straw and grain, but are very much lodged, and will sustain considerable injury and loss from this cause. Indian corn, is very tall in the stalk, but the grain is still soft, and will not I fear come to that profitable maturity, that would fit it for any other purpose than that of feeding stock. Much, however, will depend on the season. Potatoes in most situations will sustain injury from the long continued wet weather. From this cause and the rotting of the seed in spring, they will not be any thing near an average crop, taking the whole of the land planted, but I must observe that an unusually large quantity has been planted this year.

Much of the hay has been injured in curing, and a considerable quantity is yet uncut. Though abundant the hay, it will not be over the quantity required, in consequence of the great injury of the straw. Very little of the wheat or barly straw will be fit for food of cattle, the pea straw is generally of no value, and the out straw of any crop that is lodged, must be equally useless as fodder.

The after-math is likely to be very abundant, the pastures are unusually good at this season of the year, and the produce of the dairy must be influenced considerably by good pastures. The price of butter and American cheese is low. A fair price may be had for well fatted cattle, but other stock are not selling at high prices. I am sorry this report is not more flattering. A favourable change in the weather at this moment would produce immense benefit to farmers, indeed without it, the crop of wheat will be spoiled. Considerable injury has been done that is irremediable as regards the growing crops, but good weather would save much that will otherwise be lost. By the reports from Upper Canada, it appears that a large proportion of the wheat crop, has been housed uninjured.

There can be no doubt but that this will be an unprofitable year for the Province of Lower Canada; nevertheless there is cause of thankfulness that adverse seasons are not of frequent recurrence in this country. This I believe is the only one that the crops generally sustained great injury since the year 1816. In the most favoured countries in Europe as to climate, farmers are more subject to injury in their crops from adverse seasons than in Canada, and in Europe the loss of crops must be much more severely felt by rent and tax paying farmers than by the farmers of this Province, who are happily exempt from both, or nearly so.

WM. EVANS.

Cote St. Paul, August 31, 1835.

Commercial.

The first arrival of Flour, from this year's Wheat, is a lot of 600 brls, received yesterday by Messrs. MITTLEBERGER & PLATT, from Merchants Mills near St. Catherines, U. C., owned by O. PHELPS, Esq.

REMARKS ON THE QUEBEC MARKETS FOR THE WEEK ENDING

SATURDAY, *August* 29, 1835.

WEST INDIA PRODUCE.—We have had several arrivals from the West Indies. Part of the cargo of the *Esquimaux*, from Trinidad, consisting of Sugar, was landed today—57 hhds are very fine, and 11 hhds dark, the remainder fair quality; 45s. has been offered and refused for the whole cargo. The *Hyppolite*, from Antigua, has 99 hhds and 150 brls, the quality is very fine, 46. 3d. ℔ cwt has been refused for them. In Rum there have been no important sales this week.

FLOUR.—For 500 brls Canada fine, 28s. 6d. ℔ brl has been accepted, but the appearance of an improvement in the Montreal market again brought it up, and 300 brls have been sold at 30s. at which price holders are now firm.

PROVISIONS.—Nothing whatever doing, and prices without alteration.

FISH.—A cargo was sold on Monday, Herrings No. 1, brought 17s 6d., and Mackerel No. 3, 14s. ℔ brl. For another cargo in which there is a large proportion of half brls the same prices were offered and refused. Bay Chaleur Salmon is worth 51s. 6d., and this fish is likely to be scarce. In Newfoundland the Cod Fishery is said to have been unfavourable.

MONTREAL, WEDNESDAY, SEPT. 2.

HAVRE papers to the 24th July have been received at New York, but they contain no news of importance.

The cholera was on the decrease at Toulon, but increasing at Marseilles, and had made its appearance at Genoa and Nice.

The intelligence from Spain is still of defeat and disaster to the Carlists. The principal part of the Queen's army was concentrated at Pampelona, and the troops of Don Carlos had continued their retreat to Arbeiza.

Monday's Minerve, in pursuance of its plan, which we announced last week, of "unfolding the grand pages of Canadian history, to the eyes of the New Governor; of exposing before the Royal Representative every subject of our differences, and the various phases through which the people of this Province have arrived at their present condition," proceeds to give an historical sketch of the Colony, from its settlement by France to its cession to Great Britain. The writer's intentions seem very extensive, if we may judge from the depth of the foundation which, in the lucubrations before us, he lays for his developement of the Colonial grievances. He actually makes COLUMBUS a party in the case. He commences from JEAN and SEBASTIAN CABOT, who, in 1497, five years after the discovery of America by COLUMBUS, explored a great part of Canada, and continues down to 1759, when the Colony came under the protection of British rule.

Instead of giving a meagre chronological detail of the successive Governors who have presided over the affairs of Canada, and of the many predatory wars in which, for long, the Colonists were engaged with the native tribes and the neighbouring British settlers, had the writer impartially unfolded the gross abuses of the then Executive of the Colony, the mercenary and partial character of its officers, the poverty and wretchedness of the mass of the inhabitants, the total want of enterprise, except in one branch—the fur trade,—he would have done essential service, by exciting a spirit of thankfulness among the present generation, for the superior advantage, which they enjoy under the sway of Britain. We must, however, wait in patience for the further *expose* by the *Minerve*.

A HOAX has been played off upon the New York citizens, by the publication of what are said to be discoveries in the moon, made by Sir JOHN HERSCHEL, at the Cape of Good Hope The remarks first appeared in the *Sun* newspaper, and were said to be taken from the supplement to the "*Edinburgh Journal of Science.*" The story is amusing, and in spite of its absurdities, found believers, it is said, in New York.

MONTREAL RACES.

FIRST DAY, TUESDAY, SEPTEMBER 1, 1835.

TRIAL STAKES.

Ten Dollars each, F. P., to which the Stewards will add One Hundred Dollars. Mile heats.

Captain Markham's c. m. Canada Lass, 5 years old, 8 stone 13 lbs.—white, and pink sleeves	3	d	—	—
Mr. Lane's c. h. Percussion, 4 years old, 8 stone 4 lbs.—blue, and crimson cap	1	2	2	—
Mr. Sharp's b. m. Witch, 4 years old, 8 stone 4 lbs.—scarlet, blue and orange	5	—	—	—
Mr. Provancher's b. m. Mdlle. Celeste, 6 years old, 9 stone 4 lbs.—green, and black cap	2	1	1	—
Mr. Jones's b. m. Polly, 6 years old, 9 stone 4 lbs.—pink and blue	4	—	—	—
Mr. Crerar's horse	6	3	3	—

The first heat, Percussion kept behind till the last quarter, when he came up and got in first by about a head.

The second heat, Percussion, Celeste, Canada Lass and CRERAR's horse started. Percussion took the lead and kept it till about the last quarter, when Celeste passed and came in first, handsomely. Canada Lass distanced.

The third heat, Celeste, Percussion, and CRERAR's horse started, and was well contested by Celeste and CRERAR's horse, and won by the former by about half a neck—Middle. Celeste being the winner of this race.

Mr. CRERAR's horse was entered in the morning, and paid double entrance.

TURF CLUB PURSE.

Three Hundred Dollars added to a Sweepstakes of Thirty Dollars each, P. P. Three Mile heats.

Mr. Grant's b. m. Betsey Bedlam, late Betsey Baker, aged, 9 stone—scarlet and green	1	2	2	—
Mr. Bush's b. h. Daniel O'Connell, 5 years old, 8 stone 4 lbs.—green and pink	2	d	r	—
Captain Smyth's c. h. Competitor, 5 years old, 8 stone 4 lbs.—pink, and white cap	3	d	—	—
Mr. Richard's c. g. Waverley, aged, 9 stone—crimson and scarlet	4	1	1	—

This race created a great deal of interest. Percussion appeared to be a favourite, while the far-famed Dan O'Connell had many backers, on account of his name and the distance he came. Waverly, although well known as having proved himself, on many occasions, a horse of first-rate bottom, was not well backed, on account of his age. Competitor and Betsey Bedlam, not being known on the Montreal turf, were only favourites with those interested.

The first heat was well contested by Dan and Betsey, but won easily by the latter.

The second heat was admirably contested by Betsey and Waverly—a table-cloth would have covered them the whole distance, Waverly coming in by about half a length, distancing Competitor and Daniel O'Connell.

The third heat was easily taken by Waverly, who was declared the winner.

TATTERSALL PURSE.

Fifty Dollars. Entrance Eight Dollars, P. P. Heats, One Mile and a Distance.

Mr. Provandie's g. m. Sultana, 6 years old, 10 stone 12 lbs.—green, and black cap	3	4	b	—
Mr. Grant's b. g. Cock of Bytown, late Sleepy John, aged, 11 stone—scarlet and green	2	3	2	—
Mr. Farquhar's b. g. Jack on the Green, aged, 11 stone—blue and green	4	1	1	—
Mr. E. David's br. g. Old Stick in the Mud, late Wide Awake, aged, 11 stone—brown and buff	1	2	2	—
Mr. Morris's c. g. Anti-Radical, late Bound, 6 years old, 10 stone 12 lbs.—blue and pink	—	—	—	—

Anti-Radical did not start.

The first heat was contested by Cock of Bytown and Stick in the Mud, the latter, however, came in easily first. Sultana third, and Jack on the Green managed to save his distance.

The second heat it was all between Stick in the Mud and Jack on the Green, the latter coming a few lengths ahead.

The third heat Sultana bolted, and the contest was again between Stick in the Mud and Jack on the Green, the latter came in easily ahead and was declared the winner

On the whole, the day's sport was excellent.

A meeting was held on Thursday last in New York, which was attended by upwards of five thousand individuals, to express their opinion publicly of the measures which have been adopted by the abolitionists of slavery in the attainment of their object. A number of Resolutions were passed, declaratory of the right of private judgment in all matters, but deprecating violent or oppressive measures for the purpose of abolishing slavery in the Southern States; lamenting the necessity that the formation of the Government recognized as lawful the condition of slavery in the South, but, mindful of the conditions of the Union, declaring that they could not justly interfere, to disturb what had been once solemnly sanctioned by them. The series concludes with an expression of the views of the meeting on the violent outrages which have lately sprung out of this subject.

"*Resolved*—That we deprecate all riotous or violent proceedings, all outrages on persons and property, and every illegal interference with the rights of citizens in the execution of summary justice in any mode not sanctioned by law—that moderation and forbearance at the present time, are peculiarly obligatory on all parties, and that we earnestly recommend to the ministers and professors of religion, the conductors of the Press, and all good citizens, to avoid all occasions of excitement, and to endeavour to tranquilize the public feeling."

Several gentlemen addressed the meeting.

A serious conflict had nearly occurred lately among two parties of Irish labourers, employed on the Wabash and Erie Canal. The Corkonians, who mustered about 300 men, armed with fire arms and bludgeons, and the Fardowns, 250 strong, determined to settle their past differences in a pitched battle, on the 12th of July. The parties accordingly assembled on the 10th, at places seven miles distant from each other. By a little diplomacy on the part of the Canal Commissioners, the intended fight was delayed for two days, and in the mean time expresses were sent to the neighbouring towns for assistance. Fortunately, when the belligerents were in full march upon each other, the *volunteers*, who had been sent for, arrived, and each party immediately dispersed. About one hundred were taken prisoners.

Mr. & Mrs. WOOD, the celebrated vocalists and Mr. BROWN, of the Dublin Theatre, have arrived at New York, from Liverpool.

The caravan of living animals arrived in town yesterday, and are to remain for exhibition for a few days, at the Old Circus ground, *M'Gill Street*.

Commercial.

IMPORTS FROM UPPER CANADA.

ASHES-STORE COMPARATIVE STATEMENT.

	Pot.	Pearl.	Total.	
August 31, 1835.				
Shipped	11593	2203	14795	
In Store	3375	795	4075	
	14967	3098		18065
August 31, 1834.				
Shipped	8798	3456	12254	
In Store	1959	796	2755	
	10757	4255		15012
Excess in 1835				2853

REMARKS ON THE MONTREAL MARKETS, FOR THREE DAYS PRECEDING

TUESDAY EVENING, *Sept.* 1, 1835.

ASHES.—The demand has been steady at 31s. @ 31s. 6d. for small hills. A parcel of 220 brls Pots was placed today at 31s. 3d. ℔ cwt, which is the only transaction of moment that has transpired since our last.

FLOUR.—There has been no activity in the market—holders demand 28s. 9d. for Canada fine, but we cannot learn that any business has been done. Of superfine a sale of 200 brls new, was made today at 31s. 3d.—90 days.

WEST INDIA PRODUCE.—In Rum no wholesale transactions have transpired. The price of Sugar is well maintained, and for 22 hhds bright Barbadoes, 42s. ℔ cwt was paid today—90 days.

PROVISIONS.—Are in fair request at our quotations.

SALT.—At auction 1500 minots Liverpool have brought 14½d. ℔ minot.

WOOL.—There has been a good demand lately for pulled Wool, for the United States market, and about 7000 lbs. have been taken at 1s. 5d. @ 1s. 6d. ℔ lb. This article bids fair to become of some importance in our trade with the neighbouring States, as some American houses here have orders to purchase largely.

STOVES.—An extensive auction sale of Scotch Stoves and Hollow Ware took place yesterday—the prices obtained were as follows :—

38	36 inch Double Stoves, at		$17½	@ $18.
122	30 do	do	do	$14 @ $14½.
124	36 do	Single	do	$9½ @ $9½.
74	30 do	do	do	$7½ @ $8.
70	24 do	do	do	22s 6d @ 30s 0d
67	20 do	do	do	22s 0d @ 22s 6d
650	Camp Ovens			.16s 6d @ 17s 3d
500	Bellied Pots			.17s 0d @ 18s 0d

EXCHANGE.—The Montreal Bank draw on London at 10¼. Merchants Bills are current at 9½ @ 9¾ premium.

REVIEW OF THE NEW YORK MARKETS FOR THREE DAYS PRECEDING

SATURDAY, *August* 29, 1835.

ASHES.—By the ship *Natchez*, we have advices from Havre to 24th July. 63 brls New York Pots had been sold there at f.40, being an advance of f.1. No Pearls in market. The demand here continues good, and sales of Pots have been made at $4,70, which is an advance of 5 cents. Sales of Pearls at $6,25. Stock of Pots 1900 brls, and of Pearls 1000 do.

COFFEE.—Holders have manifested more willingness to sell, and previous prices are hardly sustained. We notice further sales of about 1500 bags Brazil, 12 @ 12½ cents; about 500 bags St. Domingo, 11 @ 12; and 500 Java, 13½.

FLOUR AND MEAL.—Flour continues in some demand, and sales of Western Canal have been made at some advance in price. Common to fair brands, $5,81 @ $5,87½, mostly at the latter; Ohio, $5,50 @ $5,75, according to style and condition. In Southern there has been more doing, but without a corresponding improvement. Sales of Georgetown yesterday at $6,25 @ $6,37½ for the best brands; Howard-street, $6,25; and and 500 brls Pennsylvania, $5,75. Rye Flour and Corn Meal are firm at our quotations.

FRUIT.—Sales by auction of 250 boxes Sicily Lemons, in good order, $1,75 @ $1,94, cash; and 50 bales Soft Shell Almonds, 14½ @ 15 cents, cash and 3 mos. Stock of Raisins quite small, and in few hands.

GRAIN.—Wheat is less in demand, and several parcels of ordinary quality remain unsold. Further sales of Rye at 100 cents; Northern Yellow Corn, 92 @ 95; Southern, 82 @ 88; and small parcels at 90 cents; North River Oats were all sold yesterday at 54 cents; Southern sold at 37½; and 2000 bushels Nova Scotia, black, by auction at 31 @ 41 cents, cash. A further sale of 3000 @ 4000 bushels Ohio Corn, via New Orleans, has been made at 85 cents.

LEATHER.—There have been public sales of about 15,000 sides Sole, with a trifling improvement on the middling and heavy weights.

NAVAL STORES.—Turpentine continues to advance. Sales of North County have been made at $3; and it is now held firmly at $3,12. Tar is not much in demand.

PROVISIONS.—We have no alteration to make in our quotations for Beef and Pork. A steady business is doing at our rates. Considerable sales of first quality Northern Lard have been made at 11½ cents. Butter also keeps up.

RICE.—The sales of the week amount to about 300 tierces and barrels at 4¼ @ 4½ cents ℔ lb.

SPICES.—1500 bags Sumatra Pepper have been taken for export at 7¾ cents; and 2 @ 300 bags for home use in small parcels at 8 cents. Sales of Jamaica Pimento to some extent at 8½ cents; 50 barrels Cloves, 21 cents, 4 mos. And by auction 10 @ 12,000 mats Cassia 11 @ 12½ cents, and 60 half pipe cases, 12 cents, 6 mos.

TALLOW.—An important advance has been realised on this article. Sales have been made of rough at 8 cents., and rendered at 10 cents. 20 pipes South American Marrow sold at 8 cts. No foreign Tallow in market.

TEAS.—The cargo of Ship *Cabot* was sold by auction on the 26th, and went off with much spirit to the end of the catalogue—nearly 8000 packages were sold, fully sustaining previous prices. Hyson, 53 @ 64 cents; Young Hyson, 38½ @ 64; Skin, 30½ @ 40½; Gunpowder and Imperial, 51½ @ 89; Tonkay, 35½ @ 37½; Souchong, 30½ @ 32; and Powchong and Pecco, 44 @ 48 cents., 6 months. Yesterday, the cargo of the *Omega* was sold, embracing about 3500 packages. There were disadvantageous circumstances respecting the condition of these Teas, but the sale, nevertheless, went off well, and fully equal to any previous one this season. The cargo of the *Duncan* will be offered on the 4th September.

TOBACCO.—There have been sales of about 250 hhds. Kentucky at 8 @ 10 cents.; 50 hhds. Virginia at 8 cents., or a little less; and 209 bales St. Domingo, at 15½ cents., 6 months.

EXCHANGE.—Nothing important in European Bills.—*Commercial List.*

Public Record Office Reference C.O. 47/42

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