

Tonic assists Nature. Natural action of liver, kidneys and stomach help you well and dispromoted by HAM'S PILLS

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BY NATIVES July 21.—It is according to a message Madejra Oil Company, that Albert Petrolea oil driller, who only on June 29, was lives.

Hundred Dollars release of Catarrh that by Hall's Catarrh

TOLEDO, O. h Cure is taken inter- estingly upon the blood surfaces of the system. free. Price 75 cents by all druggists. Family Pills for con-

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Hindus Give Up And Have Agreed To Leave Without More Trouble

Captain of the Komagata Maru Boards His Vessel and Proceeds to Get Up Steam.

Terms Offered by Dominion Government Accepted After a Parley of Several Hours.

[By Special Wire to the Courier] VANCOUVER, B.C., July 22—Just before 7 o'clock last evening the Hindus, through their shore committee, agreed to accept the terms of the Government, and will allow peaceable possession of the Komagata Maru. There will be no fighting. The Hindus made many new demands, but were finally forced to accept the proposals of the officials, which were to provide them with medicines and \$6,000 worth of food for the return trip. The Government absolutely refused to give money for their return fares, or to allow anything to the local Hindu committee by way of recompense. At 7 o'clock Captain Yamamoto started out for his vessel to get steam up. Hon. Martin Burrell, Minister of Agriculture in the Federal Government, was largely the director of negotiations yesterday afternoon with the Hindus.

Arrival of Cruiser. The cruiser Rainbow entered Vancouver harbor at 8.15 o'clock yesterday morning, and took up an anchorage about 300 yards from the Komagata Maru. The Rainbow had rigged from commanding positions in her crow's nest fire hose with which to subdue the Hindus if necessary.

H. H. Stevens, M.P., and the various officials held a consultation with the shore committee of the Hindus and told them what those on board the Komagata Maru might expect unless they accepted the offers of the Government. The committee communicated this ultimatum to the mutineers. Barn Singh, one of the five who were ten days ago marooned by the other Hindus aboard the Komagata Maru and who was off that vessel for several days, yesterday afternoon reached the immigration authorities. He wants to be rescued. He says that his compatriots yesterday threatened to throw him into ignis. It is probable that the immigration authorities will attempt to get him

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ARMY WORMS CAUSE MUCH TROUBLE THROUGHOUT THE WESTERN PART OF ONTARIO

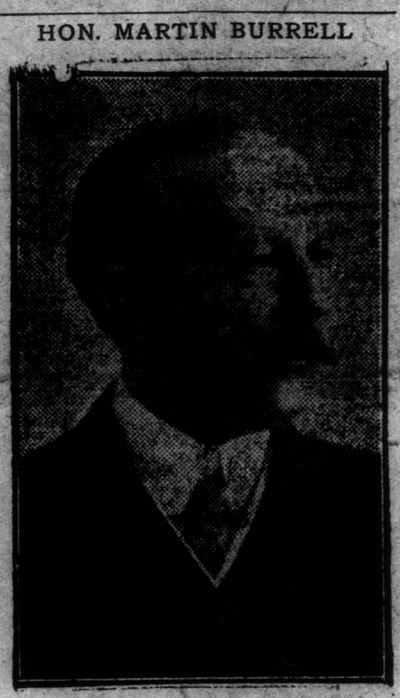
Kent, Oxford, Brant and Waterloo Counties Are Affected—Damage Occasioned Already Has Been Immense—The Situation Remains About the Same—Authorities Are Watchful.

[By Special Wire to the Courier] TORONTO, July 22.—The Department of Agriculture is taking a serious view of the ravages of the army worm, and the officials of the Ontario Agricultural College and the district representatives of the department are hard at work organizing the farmers in the infested districts to check the march of the pest. From various reports of the appearance of the army worm were sent in to the department yesterday, and upon receipt of the news of a new outbreak the officials at once got into communication with the district officer of the college.

Acting under instructions from headquarters, the district representatives are going among the farmers and organizing them into corps to fight the pest, instructing them how to trench the fields and destroy the worms as they accumulate at the barriers.

"We have done everything that can be done," said Hon James Duff yesterday. "There is nothing we can do that the farmers cannot do themselves. The method of fighting the worm is a simple one, and its ravages can be checked if the farmers take vigorous measures when it makes its first appearance in a field."

Reports so far indicate that the plague is largely confined to the dairying sections of the province, but the department is taking no chances, and its representatives in other districts have been warned to keep a sharp watch and to make the farmers acquainted with the proper method of dealing with it. The present plague is the first seri-



HON. MARTIN BURRELL Who Settled Hindu Trouble at Vancouver Yesterday

CHANGED POLICY MAY BE APPLIED TO HARVESTERS

Railways Not Likely to Hold Out Such Good Inducements to Farm Laborers.

WINNIPEG, July 22.—That the railways will not hand out as big inducements to the harvesters from East this year as formerly, and that an effort will be made to keep the number down in order that laborers already in the country may secure employment in the harvest fields is the opinion expressed by local officials of the various railroads. A meeting between the representatives of the western provincial governments and the railways will take place in the C. P. R. next Monday, when the situation will be discussed, and plans formulated for the handling of the year's crop.

TENSE FEELING IS CREATED OVER HOME RULE SITUATION BY KING GEORGE'S SPEECH AT CONFERENCE

It is Described as Amazing—Bitter Press Polemics Result From What is Described as Royal Interference—Party Politics at Its Hottest in Old Land Just Now.

[By Special Wire to the Courier] LONDON, July 22.—Premier Asquith today assumed in the House of Commons full responsibility for the speech made by the King yesterday to the political leaders who had met at Buckingham Palace to confer on the Irish Home Rule problem. He thus set at rest various reports in circulation since the Ulster controversy has become acute, and since the first announcement of the conference. The Premier said: "The speech was sent to me in the ordinary way by His Majesty the day before it was delivered and I take the entire responsibility for it."

The King left it to the discretion of the conference to determine whether or not his speech should be published, and the conference decided unanimously in favor of its publication. "His Majesty throughout this matter has followed the strictest constitutional practice. He has not taken any steps from the beginning until now, except in consultation with and on the advice of his ministers."

Premier Asquith on being questioned as to the calling of the conference said with emphasis that all attending the conference did so unconditionally. He declined to discuss why it was being held in Buckingham Palace instead of in the House of Commons.

When asked whether there would be an opportunity for discussion of the subject in the House, Premier Asquith retorted, "time will show."

Interest in Chas. LONDON, July 22.—Public interest in the crisis over the Irish home rule question overshadowed everything else in the British Isles today. When the representatives of the Liberals, Conservatives, Irish Nationalists and Ulster Unionists, arrived at Buckingham Palace this morning to continue their conference with a view to a pacific settlement of the Ulster problem which they had been called together by King George, they found an enormous crowd assembled in the great open space before the gates of the palace and the various statesmen were, as they passed in respectfully, greeted by their sympathizers. Having disposed of the preliminaries of the conference at yesterday's formal meeting, when King George addressed the assembled statesmen in a brief speech in which he referred to the fact that talk of civil war was on the lips of many of his subjects, the conferees arrived to-day prepared to tackle the crux of the problem—the area of Ulster to be excluded from the operations of the Irish home rule bill and the means of carrying out this exclusion. Some clearing of the ground had also been effected during informal talks in which the Right Hon. James Lowther, speaker of the House of Commons and Chairman of the conference, had taken part in the precincts of parliament yesterday afternoon and evening. Openly, of course, the two sides declare that they cannot withdraw from their present positions but it is understood that Premier Asquith is likely to submit to the conference a proposal to allow the pro-

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ST. JOHN STRIKE

Street Cars Are Not Running There Today—Conductor or Dismissed.

[By Special Wire to the Courier] ST. JOHNS, N. B., July 22.—The members of the local street railway men's union are on strike because of matters arising out of the dismissal of a conductor for an alleged breach of the rules. They did not report for work this morning, following a decision reached after an all-night meeting.

A few cars are running and in one section buses are being operated by friends of the men. As the St. John Railway company lights the city and houses and supplies most of the industrial power, besides running the street railway a more serious condition threatens if the strike spreads to the light and power crews.

About one hundred men are out. The recognition of the union is an important feature of the strike. Hon. T. W. Crothers, Minister of Labor, is expected here some time today in connection with the dispute. Considerable Montreal money is invested in the St. John Railway Company.

DEAN GALBRAITH PASSES AWAY

[By Special Wire to the Courier] TORONTO, July 22.—Word has been received by the registrar of Toronto University of the death at his summer home at Go Home Bay of Dean Galbraith, head of the school of practical science. He was born in Montreal in 1846, had a distinguished career as an engineer and educationalist and had been head of the S.P.S. since 1899.

NEW G. T. DIRECTORS

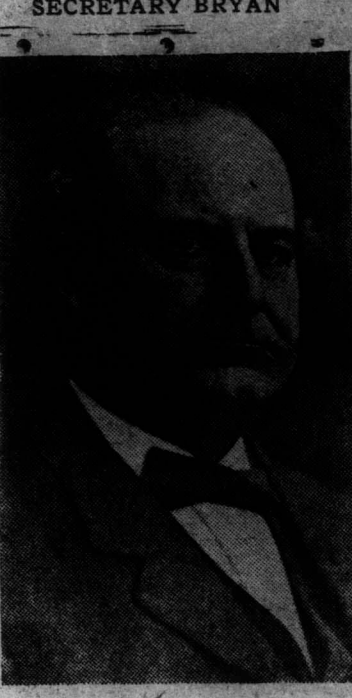
MONTREAL, July 22.—A special meeting of the share holders of the Grand Trunk Railway was held here yesterday and was presided over by President F. J. Chamberlin. The purpose of the meeting was to ratify the provisions of the mortgage in connection with the arrangement of the \$16,000,000 guarantee to finish the mountain section of the road, given by parliament at the last session. A part from the formality of the ratification, the feature of the meeting was the appointment of four new directors. The following were placed on the board to fill the vacancies: J. E. Dairymple, F. Scott, W. H. Ardley and H. R. Safford.

EDMONTON POLICE CHIEF GETS SCORCHING FROM JUDGE SCOTT AT ENQUIRY

He Allowed an Open City and Vice Was Rampant With the Connivance of Officers of the Law—Believed That Mayor Knew What Policy was Being Pursued.

[By Special Wire to the Courier] EDMONTON, Alta., July 22.—The report of Justice Scott, as the result of the police investigation submitted to the city council, is a strong arraignment of the police administration and describes general conditions revealed by the investigation as of the most serious possible character. Justice Scott made a scathing indictment of the administration of the police force since the first of February this year which was the date when Chief Lancy assumed office. His lordship states that evidence is conflicting as to what was the policy of the administration regarding prostitution, but conflicting or not, there does not seem to be much doubt in his mind as to where the policy emanated from and who was responsible for its being put into operation. Commissioner Booth, who was in charge of the police department comes in for the lion's share of criticism and censure. Judge Scott says he cannot avoid the conclusion that Commissioner Booth was in complete accord with the policy pursued by the police force of allowing houses of prostitution to run.

Carranza and Villa, It Is Now Believed, Will Start War Against Each Other



SECRETARY BRYAN Who is Now Settling Quarrel Between Villa and Carranza.

WILL DEPORT HALF HUNDRED OUT-OF-WORKS

Measures Are Being Adopted at Montreal to Relieve Serious State of Affairs

[By Special Wire to the Courier] MONTREAL, July 22.—More than half a hundred able-bodied immigrants who belong to the army of unemployed and who have been in Canada less than three years will be deported to Europe through Montreal this week. The Mount Temple when she sailed for Antwerp this morning had twenty-five Ruthenians and it is expected that one of the steamers sailing on Saturday will have just as many natives of Austria, Galicia or Russia. Steamship men fear that many more

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Warning Note Is Issued by Secretary Bryan, However to the Factions.

United States Will Insist on Peace Being Restored in Mexico at Once.

[By Special Wire to the Courier] WASHINGTON, July 22.—Secretary of State Bryan's appeal to the two Constitutional leaders, Carranza and Villa—to eliminate any personal differences that might exist between them, was interrupted in Washington today as the American Government's preliminary step to prevent Carranza revolts after the entry of Carranza into Mexico City. The appeal to Carranza was communicated through John R. Silliman, President Wilson's personal representative, who left Monterey to accompany the revolutionary chief to Tampico. An early answer was expected. Both President Wilson and Secretary Bryan reached the determination that when the constitutionalists have triumphed and a responsible government is set up, revolution in the southern republic must end. Mr. Bryan maintained that he had nothing definite to make public, concerning the rift between the revolutionary generals, but it was known that rumors of a break have come from several authentic sources. One report stated Villa was prepared to keep his army in Chihuahua and pay no heed to Carranza's authority. Mr. Bryan's telegrams of appeal, however did not assume that the reports were true. They suggested the importance of co-operation in the Constitutional ranks. The message to Villa was transmitted through consular agent Carothers. A reply was expected soon. Villa frequently has stated only reason his forces had been concentrated in Chihuahua was to afford recuperation for them. They soon would start for the south to participate in the occupation of Mexico City, it was declared.

Conferees over the transfer of government to the Constitutionalists probably would not place until next week, it was suggested here today. Hope for an early agreement between the contending factions was renewed here today by reports that Carranza had given assurances that "no nation need an indiscriminate taking of vengeance against the Federals."

POLITICS PLAYING BIG PART IN THE TRIAL OF WIFE OF FORMER FRENCH PREMIER

Murdered Editor is Said to Have Intrigued With Germany, Whereby He Amassed a Big Fortune—Sympathy is With the Defendant in Big Case Which Has Created World-Wide Interest

[By Special Wire to the Courier] PARIS, July 22.—Politics were the predominating factor to-day in connection with the trial of Madame Caillaux for the murder of Gaston Calmette, editor of The Figaro.

The French Government was understood to be greatly concerned in regard to the diplomatic documents mentioned at yesterday's hearing as having been in the possession of the assassinated editor, and later handed over to President Poincare who passed them on to the foreign office. Senator Bievencu Martin, acting minister of foreign affairs, was up most of the night, and an active interchange of telegrams took place between him and Premier Rene Vivian, now in Russia with the president.

Joseph Caillaux, the prisoner's husband, and Fernand Labori, her counsel, made a vehement demand that the documents should be produced in court. It is expected that the Premier anticipating such a demand, left instructions with his substitute at the foreign office as to what course should be pursued with the papers which are in the foreign office archives.

While the court was assembling, newboys were shouting around the entrance to the palace of justice an extra edition of Le Bonnet Rouge, one of the journals in sympathy with M. Caillaux, which contained a page article denouncing the murdered editor, Gaston Calmette. It affirmed that he had been in the pay of German interests, and had in the 11 years preceding his death, been engaged in political and financial intrigues by

means of which he was able to leave \$2,600,000. The newspaper admitted that he had received two legacies, one of \$200,000, and another of a smaller amount.

The moment after the court had come to order the procurator-general rose and said: "I am authorized by the government to declare that the documents referred to in yesterday's testimony are only pretended copies of documents which do not exist."

Maitre Labori—"We consider the incident closed." Charles Chenu, the lawyer representing the interests of The Figaro and those of Calmette's heirs, then said sarcastically: "I regard the incident as only an enjoyable diversion. It has pleased M. Caillaux to transform a criminal trial into a political one. He intends to go front here with a certificate of loyalty to France. Much good it will do him."

The Postmaster General exclaimed that the honor and patriotism of M. Caillaux remained unstained. Maitre Labori objected to the language used by Maitre Chenu. Georges Prestat, a brother-in-law of the murdered editor and chairman of the Figaro Company, was then called to the stand and emphatically denied that The Figaro had been in the pay of foreign banks. The Germans, he said, had never held the majority of the shares of The Figaro, as had been alleged. He then read lengthy extracts from memoranda.

While M. Prestat was testifying M. Caillaux came from his seat among (Continued on Page 8)