

WANT A BABY SHOW

RESIDENT PROPOSES ADDITION TO SUMMER CARNIVAL PROGRAM.

OUTLINES THE IDEA-VARIOUS COMMITTEE MEETINGS CALLED.

(From Wednesday's Daily.) A baby show for the Summer Carnival is the newest idea proposed to the committee...

As you are one of the committee in the coming August celebration, and believing you to be a proper person to address on the subject I wish to speak about...

Why not vary this year on the usual routine of programs, and introduce at least one new feature, and one I am sure you will find a decided success?

This is to give one-half hour to the display of Rossland's babies (of which there are no finer in the kingdom).

If it would not be trespassing on your generosity I would suggest a form, or rule, by which I have seen it carried out with great success.

First, have the boy and girl babies to come before the judges separately, as it would assuredly cause trouble to have the sexes together.

We would say two or three prizes, as the committee may think best, consisting of a ring for a boy and a bracelet or necklace for a girl, or even two and three dollar cash prizes, and we believe this will be a new and decidedly interesting addition to the program.

And I would suggest having the "baby display" as early as possible on the first day, so as to get the babies in the best possible mood.

It could be arranged to have the mothers with the contesting babies seated on a platform or some elevated place out of the crowd.

And carefully arrange the judges of old bachelors or childless husbands, so that the true merits of the babies may win and no fear or favor or partiality be shown.

If this does not meet with your approval I will probably address some of the other committee with more success. One who is interested in the success of the celebration.

P. S.: Babies to be strictly residents of Rossland.

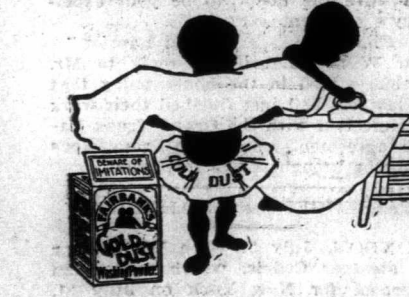
DECORATION COMMITTEE. A meeting of the sub-committee on decorations is called for today at 4 o'clock p. m. at the committee rooms.

The following gentlemen compose the decoration committee: Lorne A. Campbell, Major C. E. Barrett, Thomas Long, Robert W. Grigor, Robert Hunter, C. O. Lalonde, R. S. McKibben, William Martin, W. H. Goodeve, Martin Salmon, E. A. Roloff and W. F. McNeill.

LACROSSE COMMITTEE. The sub-committee on lacrosse is convened for this evening at 8 o'clock in the central committee rooms.

A FATAL FIGHT. Death and Wounds Dealt Out in a Drunken Quarrel. GILLETTE, Wyo., July 28.—In a drunken quarrel among a number of Italians at Felix, six miles west of Gillette, two men were killed and another so badly wounded that he will probably die.

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PERSONALS

(From Wednesday's Daily.) W. Tomlinson, accountant of the Snowshoe mines at Phoenix, is in the city on a short visit.

E. W. Moore, of the Trail smelter, is in the city. Alexander Chisholm has returned from the Skeena river country, where he has spent several months.

H. P. Dickinson, representative of the Giant Powder company in the Boundary, with headquarters at Greenwood, is registered at the Palace hotel. Mr. Dickenson will be in the city for several days.

Robert Jacobs, who has resided in the Boundary country for several years, has returned to Rossland, where he expects to make his permanent home. Mr. Jacobs has a high opinion of the mineral resources of Boundary, but expresses himself as heartily glad to get back to the Golden City.

Robert H. Anderson, superintendent of the Oro Denoro and B. C. Mines, spent yesterday at the Northport smelter. He will be in Rossland for a day or two longer.

George J. Mohler, general passenger and freight agent of the Oregon Railway & Navigation company, is in the city.

W. C. E. Koch, a Nelson mining man, is in the city.

NEW RAILWAY LINE

A COMPANY PROPOSES TO BUILD FROM VANCOUVER TO HUDSON'S BAY.

THE GRAND TRUNK CONTRACT WAS TO BE SIGNED LAST NIGHT.

OTTAWA, July 28.—An act to incorporate the Southern Central Pacific Railway company was reported at the railway committee today. Those who are asking for incorporation are K. D. McLennan, Cleveland, E. F. B. Johnson, Toronto, John Mfine, Duluth, and James Whalen, Port Arthur.

The proposed capital stock is \$20,000,000. The company asks for power to construct a line of railway from Vancouver northward and easterly by way of Kootenay Falls to some point on Old Man river, district of Alberta, thence northeasterly through Saskatchewan to 100 miles north of Fort Churchill.

The commissioners appointed to inquire into the Treadgold concession and mining leases in Yukon expect to leave on Wednesday. W. H. Rowatt, of the interior department, goes in charge of the papers. The commission will sit at Dawson and afterwards at Ottawa, if necessary. The two commissioners are Justice Britton of Kingston and B. T. A. Bell of Ottawa.

The Grand Trunk Pacific contract will be signed at 8 o'clock tonight. Sir Wilfrid Laurier said in the house that he would explain the railway policy of the government on Thursday.

This season's wheat crop in Japan is said to be about thirty per cent short. There is also a shortage in Korea, from which Japan draws her supply. Canadian flour is now in good demand in Japan.

AROUND THE CITY (From Wednesday's Daily.) A subscription of \$36 from Paulson Bros. to the summer carnival fund was omitted from the sums acknowledged yesterday.

One of the lady members of the Salvation Army lost a purse containing some money last night. Peter Penatite is detained on suspicion of having found the purse, which he denies.

Frank R. Mendenhall has resigned from the employ of the Rand Drill company, which he represented in British Columbia for eight years. He will be succeeded here by Richard P. Williams, of Greenwood. Mr. Mendenhall's local interests will bring him into Rossland from time to time.

Two cases were disposed of at yesterday's session of the police court. Harry Odams, proprietor of the Josie boarding house, was adjudged not guilty of the charge of selling liquor without a license, and the case was dismissed. Dougald McKinnon, charged by Otto Jackson with common assault, was fined \$20 and costs.

It is intimated that a settlement is practically arranged in the matter of the arbitration between Blue & Deschamps and the corporation. The company was awarded \$1150 and costs, but it is understood that J. A. Macdonald, representing the corporation, has arranged a settlement whereby the company accepts \$1000 and pays its own costs.

The school board meets this afternoon at the city hall to go through a pile of correspondence in relation to new teachers for city schools to replace those resigning this vacation. The public schools will reopen for the fall session a week from Monday, although should the weather be excessively hot the department may postpone the re-summation for a week.

The general committee of the summer carnival has appointed Dan Thomas a committee of one to arrange for a sparring match here on the second night of the celebration. Mr. Thomas has in mind a mail between Dude Lewis, colored, and Kid Fredericks. Both men have appeared in Rossland, and are well known as exceptionally fast and clever featherweights. Fredericks' battle with Larry Gleason at the skating rink last year is regarded as the best match ever pulled off in the Golden City.

City. Lewis and Fredericks have fought to a draw twice, and a go between the pair should be a strong attraction.

ROMANCE OF AN EMBASSY.

Historic House Where King Edward Stayed While in Paris.

(Correspondence of London Express.) The British embassy, where the king of England resided during his sojourn in Paris, is an edifice of no small interest.

Although the Rue du Foubourg St. Honoré is not a very striking or majestic thoroughfare—not to be compared, for instance, with Albert Gate, Belgrave Square or Carlton House Terrace—nevertheless it includes some of the leading ministerial departments as well as the Elysee itself and the embassy.

The narrowness of the street opposite No. 29, and the loftiness of the plain brick walls that shut it out from the thoroughfare somewhat detract from the attractiveness of the building, but when you once enter through the huge portals surmounted by the royal arms in the spacious courtyard you find yourself in front of a mansion of dignified proportions.

The entrance hall is shut off from the gravelled yard or approach by a glazed ante-chamber, and beyond lie a suite of reception rooms and salons leading to the extensive garden which stretches down to the well known Avenue des Champs Elysees. A corridor occupying three sides of a square and walled and roofed with glass, like the facade of the embassy, gives access from the principal rooms to the garden.

A few years ago a writer in the World was so enchanted with the entrance that he declared that when you stood on the balcony of the great drawing-room of the embassy, looking away toward the avenue, you might fancy yourself a thousand miles away in the country, so completely are you surrounded by great planes, elms, chestnuts, and sycamores, and so fine and clear and full of nature's music is the air.

The house itself was formerly the palace of the great Napoleon's sister—the frail but fascinating Maria Pauline, afterward married to Prince Canillo de Borghese, a Roman noble. Notwithstanding that the accommodation was ample for her needs, she cast about for some means of enlarging it. Having ascertained that the apartments of the adjoining house were exactly on a level with her own, she requested the proprietor to either sell her the whole or to let her part of it, offering him at the same time a sum far beyond its actual value.

As, however, he was in easy circumstances and as he was attached to a residence in which he had spent the most of his life, he refused. The subject was dropped, but was not forgotten by her.

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On his return the owner, infuriated at being thus dispossessed of part of his own domicile, talked of lawsuits, but his legal adviser warned him that to commence proceedings against the emperor's sister was hardly prudent.

After some reflection he concurred in this view, and having pocketed his pride and mortification, called on the notary, and from that functionary received a sum which was sufficiently tempting to induce him to sign the contract of sale.

Both the statue by Canova and the portrait, now in the embassy, of this erratic princess represent her in the very scantiest of raiment. In fact, as is said that the prince's husband, who was engaged for her frivolities, consigned the former to a cupboard, where inspection by candlelight was only occasionally permitted.

The story goes that she was asked by some one who marvelled at the transparent classicism of her attire whether sitting to the artist under these circumstances was not somewhat trying. The princess replied, with delicious simplicity: "Oh, no; the studio was quite warm!"

Much of the princess' furniture still remains, so the late Mr. Hare tells us, and the bed which once belonged to the prettiest woman in France is now, or rather was when he wrote, occupied by the British ambassador.

It was in 1811 when the Duke of Wellington purchased the house from the Princess Borghese for 600,000*fr.* (\$24,000), about one-tenth of its present value, it has been estimated. With it were acquired most of the princess' furniture, hangings, clocks, candelabra, and other decorations of a more permanent character—all of the empire's directorate period.

Here Lord Castlereagh lived in 1815. Sir Walter Scott, writing in 1836, records how he dined with Lord Granville, who occupied the same "splendid home" which the viscount had occupied "Paris" while attending the congress of Paris. "I have also seen in these rooms," added Scott, "the Emperor Alexander, Platoff, Schwartzberg, old Blucher, and Fouché (duke of Otranto)."

The state rooms of the embassy are on the ground-floor. Here is the queen's room, furnished for Queen Victoria when she last visited the embassy, the upholstery being in cream satin damask, while on the walls is a fine, full-length portrait of the late queen, copied from that at Windsor by Winterhalter.

The throne room is a large, long room on the right, stretching into the garden, decorated in white and gold, the curtains being of yellow satin. The floor is parquet, and at the end is a raised platform or dais, with the throne which gives it its designation.

Although there are not many personal reminiscences or memorials of the former distinguished representatives of the British sovereignty during the last half century Lord Cowley, Lyons, Lytton, Dufferin and Sir Edmund Monson, the present holder of the office, have figured there—there is nevertheless an indissoluble dignity in the mansion and its associations which made it an almost ideal home for King Edward during his brief sojourn in the French capital. The mere fact that the Paris ambassadorship is the highest diplomatic office in the gift of the crown was a guarantee that everything was done to enhance the stateliness of the king's reception at the last stage in his continental tour.

POPE LEO'S PRIVATE FORTUNE.

(New York World.) The statement cabled from Rome that Pope Leo has willed his private fortune, not to his relatives, but as a private fund for his successors, arouses interest in the extent of the pontiff's private fortune. Probably no one but Cardinal Rampolla and Cardinal Mocenni, the papal treasurer, knows with any degree of accuracy the extent of the pope's wealth, but it is said that the amount will probably exceed \$5,000,000.

It is on deposit in the Bank of England. The pope has three nephews, sons of his brother and married, and a host of lesser relatives, but he told them when he was elected pope that he would not use his position to enrich or advance them. He kept his word, and in all likelihood they will get little after his death.

The pope's private fortune must not be confused with the treasure which he regards as belonging to the papacy though as a matter of fact he could if he wished regard as his own all the vast resources attached to his office. He has preferred to regard as his own only such money as comes to him through private gifts and from those to whom he grants audiences. The regular revenues of his office, such as Peter's pence, revenues from real estate and bonded investments, he keeps account of separately. Out of it he pays the \$1,000,000 that is necessary to maintain the papal court, consisting of cardinals, diplomatic representatives, court officials and his little standing army. Other drafts on this fund are for poor missions and expenses of church administration and charity.

Over a million dollars a year is spent on charity by the papacy. Out of the surplus of official funds Pope Leo has by wise administration been able to create a contingent fund of \$30,000,000.

Like all his predecessors in the papal chair, Leo has not been parsimonious. Neither has he been extravagant. His greatest expenditures have been for charitable purposes and for the advancement of art and literature. He has been generous in giving financial assistance to friends and many men in Rome today, who have been his political opponents, are his financial debtors. He once loaned a million lire to save the Banca di Roma from disaster, and on another occasion advanced 400,000 lire to a great landed proprietor, who had been an active supporter of Garibaldi.

While the Vatican treasures are practically the pope's personal property by inheritance from his predecessors, none of them has ever asserted anything but stewardship over them. The Vatican palace with its 7000 rooms is a storehouse of priceless treasures of art, literature and precious examples of the jeweler's and goldsmith's art. It is said to contain more gold than the Klondike, more jewels than the diamond mines of South Africa.

The pontiff of Leo has added an inestimable treasure to his hoard. When he celebrated the golden jubilee of his priesthood in 1888, an exhibition was opened in the Vatican of the gifts presented him. Tons of gold poured into the Vatican during the jubilee year. On the day of the jubilee mass \$3,000,000 in gold coin was presented to him. The crowned heads of the world, with each other in the costliness of their gifts. The total value of the jubilee gifts was estimated at \$14,900,000.

The pope has since celebrated the golden jubilee of his episcopate and the twenty-fifth anniversary of his pontificate. On each occasion millions in gifts were presented to him. One of the most notable gifts presented to Leo is a diamond said to be worth \$4,000,000, which came from that staunch disciple of Luther, "Oom Paul" Kruger. The Transvaal president received it from Memela, a native chief, who was given his freedom after capture by the Boer troops. It fell into Memela's hands from a chief of the Basutos, who had taken it from a Zulu king.

One of the gifts presented to him last March was a topaz weighing 1784 grams, on which the celebrated Neapolitan artist, Andrea Cartello, had after 12 years' work engraved a picture of "The Last Supper." The gem after his decoration was valued at \$50,000.

The tiara presented to him at the time, the work of Augustus Milan, a celebrated Bologna goldsmith, is valued at \$24,000.

The value of the faces in the pope's wardrobe is estimated at \$900,000.

KILLED BY A FALL.

The Death of John G. Long, U. S. Consul General at Cairo.

LONDON, July 28.—John G. Long, U. S. consul general at Cairo, Egypt, died this morning at Dunbar, Scotland, where he was visiting friends. His death was the result of an accidental fall. Mr. Long, whose home was in St. Augustine, Fla., was appointed consul general at Cairo in 1890. He was 57 years old.

The accident occurred yesterday evening. In the dark Mr. Long missed his footing and fell from the steps of the house where he was stopping, fracturing his skull. He succumbed during the night. Mr. Long was touring Scotland, preparatory to returning to the United States.

TO USE DYNAMITE. SALONICA, European Turkey, July 28.—Dispatches received here say that 18 Bulgarian officers have left for Salonica for the purpose of renewing the dynamite outrages.

Advertisement for "Force" food. Includes illustration of a man carrying a large box labeled "Force". Text: "Force" is an ideal summer food because it contains elements for nourishing every organ of the body, is easily digested, creates what we know as vigor, and at the same time does not make a river of the out of the blood.

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Advertisement for MINING INVESTMENTS. There is a revival in the mining business throughout the Northwest and more money is being made at present than at any time in past history by investments in securities of a conservative and reliable character. "There is a tide in the affairs of men which, taken at the flood, leads on to fortune"

Advertisement for GOOD MINING PROPERTIES FOR SALE. We have some special bargains both in the listed and unlisted stocks. Our 1903 Booklet sent on request. J.L. Whitney & Co. Mining and Stock brokers. ROSSLAND, B. C.

Advertisement for ROSSLAND TONNAGE WAS Output For Over 100 Daily News of Rossland For Week Yesterday (From Sunday) The output from for the week ending below normal, increased consumption smelter, where the in operation has been increased coke supply Kootenay. The work proceeded without ed advances have particularly in smaller properties of the scope of their Increased coke supply important effect and it is disappointed improvement does not seem to have yet. It will be noted that is forwarding a copy of the Trail smelter for the I. X. X. front with a shipment smelter, and while from the shipping teaming has been a company has been to be used regularly period. Much interest centered about the at the Le Roi Two mines, both of which progress with building THE O Shipments from for the week ending the year to date are Le Roi... Wootenay... Kootenay... Le Roi No. 2... Giant... Jumbo... I. X. L... White Bear... O. E... Homestake... Totals... AMONG THE LE ROI.—The past week practically no interest in connection with the production of the at the usual standard. Production has been cut back since the lower levels. This is being continued the week work was drift to the south on the 1350 foot level down hole is being bored on the CENTRE STAKE. Work passed unevenly. Stopping, developments have been carried on the lower levels, and no is notable in connection with the Star that the mine has been decelerated since the Nickel Plate has been at the concentration work has been put the lines followed past. LE ROI TWO.—ordinary interest has been the past week. In mining operations as usual, and practically no change in this respect until the expiry of contract with the North KOOTENAY.—Wunder way on the fifth Following the run tained on the third immediate levels, the into the fifth level, the the continuance pay ore into this a task in which secured by reason of accomplished. Shut ending on Friday cess of the previous operations is limited facilities available NICKEL PLATE been completed and the balance of same but a short ment has not as a icly on the completion operations. GREAT WEST should see the con pumping at the having been dev the boilers and setting pumps will be the fact that the preventing the u As soon as the w level, the examining the mine will be P. SPITZER.—D