an extent of business as needs all the attention and prudent management which are bestowed upon it. Last year the loss ratio was exceptionally moderate, as was the case generally. This year fire insurance is under a cloud, owing to several conflagrations, but, so far as the Union Assurance Society is concerned, the cloud has the proverbial "silver lining," as its reserves are so large as to fully provide for these or even worse disasters.

## LOSSES BY BALTIMORE CONFLAGRATION.

The Insurance Department of the State of Illinois has published a table giving a list of losses by the Baltimore conflagration sustained by the insurance companies, authorized to do business in that State, compiled from their sworn special statements. The table appended is a synopsis of the more detailed one issued by Mr. William R. Vredinburgh, the Illinois Insurance Superintendent.

The aggregate given in the table exceeds in amount what has been generally reported, the total losses at Baltimore being \$25,783,456. Of this sum \$4,492,721 falls upon the American fire insurance companies that are operating in Canada, and \$8,523,946 on British and Canadian companies. Seven British companies are down on the list for \$5,323,000.

Fortunately for the insured, fortunately for the city of Baltimore, the amount of these losses will be paid in full; there were others, however, not included in the table, the payment in full of which is doubtful, as the insurance had been placed in weak, local companies that had no resources to provide for conflagration risks.

The following schedule was compiled from the table of the Illinois Superintendent of Insurance:—

Companies.	Net amount of loss sustained by Company.	
Foreign Companies, U.S. Branches		
Aachen & Munich, Germany	\$149,665 00	
Atlas Assurance	226,969 00	
British America Assurance	193,841 00	
Caledonian	221,239 88	
Commercial Union Assurance	413,795 00	
Salamandra, Russia	150,000 00	
Hamburg-Bremen	103,150 00	
Law, Union & Crown	108,438 00	
Liverpool & London & Globe	965,282 00	
London Assurance	190,629 60	
London & Lancashire	290,000 00	
Manchester Assurance	234,895 00	
Munich, Germany	500,000 00	
National Assurance Co	132,003 00	
Northern Assurance Co	649,221 00	
North British & Mercantile	895,648 00	
Norwich Union	589,933 16	
Palatine, Ltd	198,500 00	
Phoenix Assurance	480,124 00	
Royal, England	978,587 00	
Royal Exchange, England	353,301 00	
Scottish Union & National	148,542 00	

Skandia, Sweden	147,000 00
Sun Insurance Office	595,108 00
Union Assurance Society	336,069 00
Western Assurance	331,821 00
Miscellaneous	\$159,587 00
Total of U. S. Branches of Foreign Co.'s	\$9,743,318 86

Total of U. S. Branches of Foreign Co.'s	\$9,743,318	86
U. S. Joint Stock Companies operating in	Canada.	
Ætna	\$578,594	50
Connecticut	300,000	00
Hartford	1,199,988	00
Home, New York	768,139	00
Insurance Co. of North America	500,000	00
Queen's of America	450,000	00
Phenix, New York	371,000	00
Phœnix, Conn	325,000	00
Total	4,492,721	50
Other U. S. Joint Stock Companies	11,403,466	39
Total	\$15,896,187	89
RECAPITULATION.		
Total losses of the U.S. Branches of Foreign		
Companies	\$9,743,318	86
Total losses of U. S. Co.'s operating in Canada	4,492,721	
" other U. S. Joint St. ck Co.'s	11,403,466	
" U. S. Mutual Insurance Co.'s	143,949	

## PROMINENT TOPICS.

flagration...... \$25,783,456 16

Grand aggregate of losses by Baltimore con-

The extraordinary measure which was presented to the Quebec Legislature, we are pleased to know. has been modified to a large extent, and the majority of the original and more objectionable clauses have been struck out. We refer more especially to those asking for unlimited borrowing powers and unlimited powers to open, widen or prolong streets and carry on works of a like nature. The Montreal delegation went down to Quebec on Tuesday evening last, expecting that the Bill would be taken up in the modified form, but it was discovered, after the delegation got there, that it was not to be taken up until next Tuesday, the 17th inst. An attempt, it is undersood, will be made to reintroduce the clauses concerning the construction of conduits and the purchase of the gas plant and franchises; it is also expected that interested parties, not connected with the Council, will endeavour to get some more streets or portions of streets expropriated. It is suggested that if the clauses regarding the purchase of the gas works and building of conduits be reinstated, they will not become operative until submitted by by-law to the ratepayers, and approved of by the majority in number and value of the assessed property of real estate owners.

As stated in our last issue, we regard as a great pity that expropriations should have been commenced by the city, and that the consolidated Charter had been tampered with and sought to be, or amended for it was proving to be a good charter for this city.