- The BRUNSWICKAN

If you visit Counselling Services

You'll never get the 'Fuller brush'

By RICK BASTON

Got a problem? Like you feel outside of a group or perhaps you just feel lonely. Maybe you're uncertain about a career, or perhaps you've decided and just want to make sure. Well there is a place on campus where you can find someone to help you. This wonderful place is Student CounsellingServices located in the little white buildings across from McLaggan Hall.

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550 QUEEN

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COLUMBIA PICTURES AND RASTAR PICTURES PRESENT

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Recently the Bruns went over and interviewed Professor Ken Fuller, head of the counselling services. Fuller began by explaining how guidance services began. Basically the service started in 1968 at a time when the university had grown to a very large size in a short time. The result of this was that the university no longer had a human element to it.

Since then the service has grown in proportion to student needs. Today the service provides a library of material on careers, along with a battery of tests to help the student decide on a career or just make certain. Also the counselling service provides courses in basic skills such as reading and understanding what is read. However, the main purpose of the counselling service is to try and help those with problems.

Fuller explained that before a student comes over he must have a desire to want help or all effort is useless. However, once a student decides to come over, then the counsellers are willing to take on any problem and try to help. A student doesn't have to worry about what he says as nothing is

kept on record, except test records and all conversation between the counsellor and the student is very confidential.

However, counselling services also helps those who want to help others, but aren't sure how to go about it. The service provides training for Rap room volunteers as well as helping faculty advisors. Professor Fuller said that the service isn't well know on campus because of a desire to maintain a profile and not lead people to expect much more than they can give. However, this will change this year as there will be some advertising to explain the services offered.

When asked about the future, Fuller explained that in the years to come he expects the service to expand in proportion to the student body.

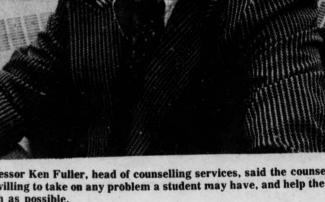
Fuller said that he felt that the most important thing that the counselling services can do is help change the climax and the things that cause trouble in the lives of people on campus.

The counselling service is open Monday through Friday from 8:30 a.m. to 5:00 p.m. The phone numbers are 453-4820 and 453-4821.



are willing to take on any problem a student may have, and help them as

Professor Ken Fuller, head of counselling services, said the counsellors



much as possible.

Nuclear power development discussed

By DAWN ELGEE

The second Nuclear Power meeting on campus was held Tuesday, Sept. 17 in Tilley Hall. Mr. Ryder, from the New Brunswick Electric Power Commission, presided over the meeting. Ryder opened the presentation

by distinguishing between the U.S. and Canadian Nuclear Programs. U.S. utilities are privately owned.

run by the Atomic Energy Commission and is military. Canada's Atomic Energy of Canada Ltd. is non-military. Regulation agencies in the U.S. are covered by the U.S.A.E.C., while Canada has her own Atomic Energy Control Board.

Ryder discussed radiation, safety, waste products, and insurance, all in conjunction with nuclear

"But" Ryder says, "man has lived with radiation since time began." By making comparisons, of radiation in our natural man. In a nuclear power plant, it rocks and soils, radiation inside the is homogeneously mixed in a environment, such as cosmic rays, body, and medical x-rays. Nuclear power gives off 0.0425 units of

radiation, while units received from medical x-rays is 72 units and inside our own bodies 18 units. off 1600

Nuclear wastes, are, for the most part the bulk contained in sealed fuel bundles. Plutonium has been said to be the most toxic poison to uranium pellet, sealed in cylinders, which are in turn enclosed in bundles.

SEPTEMBER 20, 1974

Many feel danger will come to fish. Ryder argued that every turbine has a condenser cooled with water. The turbine will not work without water and no matter what the heat source is, the cool water is heated in condensers of all types of plants. The water goes through screens. This goes for oil, gas, and nuclear power alike. Ryder states "The surface water of Point Lepreau is approximately 15 per cent warmer leaving the plant, than the water coming in". pipes

By WENC

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Starts Wed., Sept. 25 while Canada's is publicly owned. The U.S. Nuclear Development is energy. Some feel that there is a lack of control of these things.	voicances in Brazil give off 1600 units of radiation. "If radiation causes cancer as many argue" Ryder continues, "the incidences of cancer should be higher in Brazil then they are "
General	The "China Syndrome" is known as pipe-breaking in a nuclear power plant. The CANDU reactor used in Canada has 380 pipes "assembled in a circular config-
Meeting	uration in a tank." With hundreds of pipes going up to boilers so there is little room for failures. The safeness of Nuclear Power The safeness of Nuclear Power
Tues. Oct. 1, 1974 We Need	ered. By using diagrams, Ryder demonstrated, how, with the use of three like components, there is more chance of failure. However, when different components are used safety in a nuclear power system is "safe". Mr. Wilson from the Pickerin Station in Ontario followed wi slides to back up this plant as bein successful.
writers, singers, actors, stage hands, costume makers,	HEAR - MEET - RAP WITH
make-up hands, and people who want to have fun.	GERALD R. CRAGG, M. A., Ph. D., Litt. D., D. D. Andover Newton Theological School
	at Wilmot United Church
Join us at 6:30 pm- Tilley 102	Sunday, Sept. 29, 11 a.m. and 7 p.m. Dr. Cragg is an ecumenical leader, outstanding preacher, and the author of a number of books, including reference and text books used at UNB.
Red n'Black	Social Hour for all after the evening service. A special welcome for students.

Ryder's final statements were on so there insurance. "Electrical utility em-ployees" he said "are specially trained" where radiation is concerned, "there is no exclusion consid- of strict liability for everyone. 'he Ryder feels that the nuclear power he use of system is "safe".

Mr. Wilson from the Pickering lowever, Station in Ontario followed with nts are slides to back up this plant as being r power: successful.

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