ternum acute; propleuræ and coxal plates subgranulate, sparsely pubescent; metasternum scabrous-imbricate; ventrals imbricate, becoming finer toward the apex and sparsely punctate along the middle, tip of last ventral oval, granulate. *Pygidium* coarsely irregularly punctured without distinct carina. *Tibiæ* mucronate on all the legs. *Claws* with a broad obtuse tooth at the base, similar on all the feet. Length 4.5 to 6 mm. Width 1.2 to 1.4 mm.

A male from Lyme, Conn. collected by Kirk and Champlain July 4, 1911, seems to belong to this species but does not quite accord in some particulars. A male from Vicksburg, Miss., sent me by Col. T. L. Casey, agrees very well with the Pa. specimens, but it is somewhat smaller and of a lighter bronze-aeneous colour.

A female from Highspire, Pa., which agrees well with the type, shows the following sexual differences: form slightly more robust, colour bronzeaeneous, head larger and broader between the eyes, more densely punctate, less pubescent, aeneous in colour; prothorax less narrowed behind; elytra slightly dilated behind the middle; the median area of denser pubescence of the male is here lacking. Two females from Jeannette, Pa., are somewhat smaller and resemble the males more nearly in form. I have also seen a male from Lafayette, Ind., June 21, 1907; collection of Mr. A. B. Wolcott, Chicago, Ill.

In the type there is an apparent carina of the pygidium which is caused by a median smooth space sharply limited by the coarse and irregularly confluent punctuation on each side of it. The punctures are very sparsely placed toward the margin. The pygidium of a single male that I have dismembered shows similar characteristics.

Agrilus auricomus, new species. Holotype a male. Form elongate, depressed, broadest at the base of the elytra, black or olivaceus black, shining; thorax shining aeneous with a path of golden pubescence in the lateral depression extending to the anterior angles. Antennæ reaching the middle of the prothorax, aeneous, serrate from the fourth joint. Head densely coarsely punctate, becoming transversely strigate above the middle; occiput feebly impressed; the median impressed line extending from the back of the head nearly to the clypeus; a triangular patch of golden pubescence above the clypeus, the suture of which is indicated by a fine carina; granulations of the eye unusually fine or indistinct. Prothorax one-third wider than long, base very slightly wider than the apex, at the middle equaling the elytra at the base, sides regularly arcuate, lateral margin sinuate; disk depressed and with a shallow median impression; two small circular foveæ each side in front of the middle, vaguely defined by surrounding smooth space; lateral depressions deep, causing sides to appear explanate; surface transversely strigate; hind angles with a faint carina. Scutellum carinate at the sides, interrupted at the middle. Elytra