ne 'thanky' job. I'll pay you ten dollars a month for your Saturday afternoons."

Mabel's face flushed with a glow of surprise and sleasure as she quickly replied: "Oh, Col. Winter, I didn't mean that. I'm only too glad to do it for you. Do you think I want you to pay me for a little thing like that after all your kinduess to us ever since I could remember?"

"Take pay? Of course you'll take pay or you won't do the work. You don't think I'd let you work for me for nothing, you dear little soldier? Not much I wouldn't. I'll see you after lunch and you seed not hurry yourself to death, either,"

Mabel sped home with happy flying feet. This then she would accept as her "token," and the path of duty lay clear before her. No misgivings oppressed her. The Lord should have his own. With a trustful joyous heart she inclosed five de in an envelope and sent it with this note to the president of the Girls Guild for Church Work:

"My Dear Miss Evans: I inclose my subscription to the Baby Cottage of your Orphanege. I wish you could know what pleasure it brings me to send it."

And ever after, through storm and strife. Mabel remembered to render unto the Lord his own,-Chlidren's Visitor.

Spiders and Their Snares.

Whenever we think of spiders we think of webs, large wheel-like stretches or bulky masses or dainty gossamers apread on the grass or in fence corners If the spider did not build its snare, how would it get its dinner? Spaters, like boys and girls, are generally anxious about dinner. Spiders are always on the lookout for a hearty meal, and as this measis emething to eat almost or quite as big as themselves, with somewhat epicurean tastes into the bargalu, they must be ever seeking food. The snareweavers follow best the good, poetic precept, "Learn to labor and to wait"; but the little fellows that build no snares, that do not depend on waiting must if the temperature permits, be ever on the hunt. Let us see how they follow a revised precept-learn to labor and to "bustle."

On the sunny side of this tree trunk, on the old barn door, among the pine needles, in the crannies of the stone wall, under the projecting and of the wooden steps, amid the evergreen honeysuckle on the south perch, in almost any half-shestered, half sunny spot, we shall have no trouble finding the little black jumping spider Attus, that scientists have recently renamed Phidippus Tripunctatus, though three spots to which the specific same refers are generally increased to five-or more. This is the little tiger of the spider frateruity. So common and se active and so hungry is it that its list of victims grows very long indeed, even in its short lifetime and generally they are of a kind that make the little tiger a great and worthy friend of man. Files, bugs, very young crickets and grasahoppers, plant lice, tree hoppers, midges, gnats, small moths and caterpillars-these and many others are its victims by the score and by the hundred.

It, too spins a web (what spider does not in some way?), a delicate, pure white, cottony beg, to shelter itself and eggs through the winter; and later when the eggs hatch, its young, the little spiders, swarm all over the mother, and all through the thick web, reminding one of the old woman who lived in a shoe. Our little Attus will not venture far from home. Find one that seems a wanderer and hunt closely, and ten to one you will find the web mear by, somewhere in a cranny or crack, under bark, under stones, in heads of wild carrot, in carled leaves, in the disused lock or latch of an old door, or, like our little resident of the honey suckle, between two leaves which the web strands have drawn partly together. Get a straw and poke it into one end of the web. Out pops the small proprietor from a slit in the other end, and, always turning face toward the enemy, prepared to beat a forther retreat, or stand and fight. -- From "Nature and Science in December St. Nicholas,

Rising Politician, whose friends have given him a brass band serenade—My fellow-citizens, this spontaneous tribute touches me deeply. I am at a less to find words to express my thanks. You have laid me under obligations it shall never, never be able to repay.

Leader of Brass Band, in alarm—But dis van to me a each dransaction, imein friendt!

The Young People &

BYRON H. THOMAS.

All articles for this department should be sent to Rev. Syron H. Thomas, Dorchester, N. B., and must be in his hands one week at least before the date of publication. On account of limited space all articles must necessarily be

Officers.

President, A. E. Wall, Esq., Windsor, N. S. Sec.-Treas., Rev. Geo. A. Lawson, Bass River, N. S.

The copy for the B. Y. P. U. was not on hand on Friday at noon hour, it should be here Thursday to enable the printer to do his part of the work. The call has come from him for more copy, we have made the selection and though it is not what we want, it is the best that can be done under the circumstances. The B. Y. P. U's. in view of the excellent service sendered by the editor will accept this explanation and look for better things in the year upon which we shall enter so soon.

THE YOUNG PEOPLE'S MEETING

Topic, January 1, 1905. Our Goals for 1905, Phil 3:12-

We are not living in this world merely for our pleasure but for a purpose of God. We cannot rightfully spend our time in idleness but should aim to reach an object. To have a goal and try to reach it gives additional interest.

purpose, hope and effort to life. The greater the goal the
more do we feel the stimulus of attainment.

In athletic contests of speed there are "hundred yard dashes" and Marathon" races. So in life there are objects that are gained by quick efforts. Many people want quick and early success. The Christian life is a long distance effort and requires patient continuance. Its goal is Eternal

affort and requires patient business.

Life. This sequires a life long effort.

In pressing forward to reach this great goal we pass the
la pressing forward to reach this great goal we pass houses. Issuer goals at which some are aiming. We pass house, lands, riches and honor. We attain them as Christ promised in the words, "All these things shall be added unto you."

We do not stop at them, but press on to the final goal.

Some are afraid to declare their purpose to aim at this
goal and dare not set out for it, in fear that they shall not hold out." It is, indeed, a race that taxes us to the utmost of our ability, but we have divine help promised to sustain of our ability, but we have divine help promised to austain m. He who has called us and set the goal before us will not allow us to fall by the way or fail of the goal for want of sufficient strength. "They that wait upon the Lord . . . shall run and not be weary, shall walk and not faint." Let us so rua as to obtain the great object of life.

....

In a recent sersion in Richmond, Va., Dr. J. B. Hawthorns speaks some direct and true words "Concerning Liquor Dealers." He says:

"The liquor dealers of Virginia recently gave a banquet in this city at which they congratulated themselves upon the amount of liquor they had sold during the year just passed, and the big sums of money they had made. Is that treasure laid up in heaven? Is money made by a business which is responsible for three-fourths of the degradation, lawlessness and crime of the world treasure laid up in the store-houses of the celestial city? No. If there be a rightus God on the throne of the universe; if the government of that God makes everlasting distinctions between good and svil, right and wrong: if this book we call the Bible is God's immutable standard of moral rectitude, the money accumulated by this gignatic combination of drunkardmakers is not heavenly treasure, but fuel laid up for

"The humanity-loving and God-fearing men and women who are lifting their hearts in earnest prayer for deliver-ance from the wose inflicted by the liquor traffic, and whose hostility to it is uncompromising, relentless and eternal— these heroes and knights of the holy chivalry—are making their deposits of treasure in the bank of heaven.

BISHOP POTTER DETHRONED.

"The liquor-seller and his supporters assume that his business has a moral basis as sound and solid as that of the grocer or the coal-dealer, or the drygoods merchant. Acting upon this assausption, Bishop Potter, of New York, and some of his elect foll-were have invested their money in a subway bar-room. At its dedication they same "Praise God from whom all blessings flow," and exhorted every thirsty suckes to come in and drink Peter's Cocktails to the glory of God. Bishop Potter is dethroned, this influence for good is forever lost. Heaceforth mo ound-minded man will respect his judgment and follow

"If I should stand in this pulpit and declare that under God's moral government a bat-room has as much right to exist as a flour mill, or a cotton factory, even the friends and patrons of the bas-room would prenounce me either an ecclesiastical knave or a pious idiot. Political effice-holders and office-seakers, who cover the favor and support of the great army of rum-sellers may commit them-

selves to this shamfully absurd doctrine and escape ridicule and denunciation, but the Christian minister, whose function is to preach the kingdom of God and his righteousness cannot do it without incurring public scorn and contempt.

"It has been said by an apologist on the liquor traffic that the saloon keeper is in no degree responsible for the vices and crimes of his patrons. That proposition could scarcely survive the logic of a lunatic. If I should advocate it from this pulpit you would either invite me to step down and out or petition some court to investigate my mental condition.

Let us suppose that on Broad Street in this city, there is a kennel of mad dogs, kept by a man who makes his living by selling tickets of admission to see the rending and poisoning works of his vicious animals. Let us suppose that a number of men, women and children are bitten by these dogs and that they die of hydrophobia. Is there a political office-seeker in this city who would stand before a publi assemblage of his fellow-citizens and declare that the keeper of that kennel is in no degree responsible for the jojuries which his med dogs inflict, upon those who come to see him? How much better is bar-room than a kennel of mad-dogs?

"Is not a Broad street whiskey shop just as perilous to the lives of the people as a pen of curs crazed with hydro-phobia? Is not a mad-dog confined to the kennel less langerous than the crazy drunkard with a loaded pistol in his pocket going through the streets of the city? Are the people who favor the establishment of mail-dog shows more sensible, humane and patriotic than those who vote for and publicly defend the crime breeding dens of the barkeeper ?"-Sel.

UNCLE 'LU'S OPINIONS.

UNCLE 'LIJ ON THE ARSTHETICS OF TOBACCO

The store fire was out. The store door was open wide Three buzzing bluebottle flies had entered, one before Uncle Lijah and two behind him. The grocer noted them, but made no remark. They were harlingers of summer, and predicted spots to come on certain goods that were carried over from year to year.

After the flies came a small, slouchy old man, whose mouth shut up so tightly that it billowed his lips in wrinkles and left the impression that he never spoke.

He laid a nickle on the counter.
"Well, summer's comin' sure!" said the grocer as, he swept the sickel into the till and laid a square of black tobacco where the coin had been

The silent old man reached into his hip pocket, drew out a kaife, cut off a corner of the plug, got his lips far enough apart to push it in, put knife and tobacco into the hip pocket, and shuffled out of the store. "Reuben," said Uncle "t ijah,

and animed out of the store. Readen, said Uncle 1 jan, looking up from the Chicago paper, "I would like to ask you what was the rulivance of that remark."

"Why, don't you know bout ole Coon Mooney's terbacker habit? I thought everybody knowed about that. Aft summer Coon chews one five-cent plug a day, regilar. comes in here just when the sun's on a certain crack in the comes in here just when the sun's on a certain crack in the floor, pays his nicled, an' gits his cud. I reckon he's the heaviest an' juciest terbacker chawer in Caroll Corners. But long erbout November, when the first snow laster Coon quits, an' he don't begin ag'in tell it's a netled thing summer's erbout here an' we sin't goin to hey no more snow. He's sech a queer ole feller he never says nuthin', an' I didn't notice this here trick for five er six years. 'After that I wateled him fer two or three years, jist to make sure; then I says to him

two or three years, just to make sure; then I says to him one day, 'Coon,' says I, 'what is the reason you chaw terbacker all summer like a cow mowin' away hay, an' then become a total abstainer through the winter months?' His answer was ruther onexpected. Reub,' says he, apittin' in the coal scuttle, it bein' his first quid that spring, 'Paub,' I don't chaw in the winter 'cause I ain't got the heart ter spit terbacker juice on God's clean snow!"

"On God's clean inow," cogitated Uncle 'Lijah. "Wall, now, that ain't so bad fer Coon, when you consider that his advantages fer cultivatin assthetics an' the instances of a gentleman has been ruther slim. 'On God's clean snow! I wish the leven million terbacker-chawers in the United States an 'Canady would it ger up how makeh of God's clean snow, an' God's green grass, an' God's purty flowers, an 'God's awest earth they becauter an 'defile an' vishyate, an' what rivers of nasty, onhealthy fifth they cause to flow in the course of a life time down man's side-sulls, car flores, an' public halls! I "wouldn't s prise ma much of jist figgerin' it up on a sheet o' foolscape would lead some of 'm to jire Coun Mooney in his humble but decent' florts to keep the world clean—summer 'aweil us winter.

That's so "said Reub, puffing at a civer while the name."

event florts to seep the world clean—summer 'smell a winder.

That's so," said Reub, puffing at a cigar, while the summer breez from the door carried the smoke in a blue cloud o Uncle Lijah's face "Chawm terbucker is a dirty habit. hat's what I always held. But smokin ain't so bad."

"No," responded Uncle 'Lijah somewhat sarcastically as a changed his position to get out of the draught; "when ou smoke the suff, all you vishyate is God an' your neighous pure air, your own mouth, breath, an' blood; an' strew igar ashes on yet yest on on the carpet in yer home."

James Sharke from Zion's Grove was expected in that norsing with a load of hogs, and at this juncture Reuben ass, and went out to the curb to see if he was coming, thile Uscle Lijah continued to peruse the Chicago paper.