

Farrier's Tools.



Heller & Bros. Celebrated Make.

RASPS, TOOTH FILES, HAMMERS, PINCERS, PARERS, CREASERS, —LOWEST PRICES—

W. H. THORNE & CO., Limited.

Four Good Reasons



Why the ROYAL GRAND RANGE Gives Perfect Satisfaction.

1st.—It is made in our own foundry; therefore no difficulty about getting repairs when needed.

2nd.—Made from the very best quality of materials, therefore the castings are very smooth and the stove will wear longer than if made from the ordinary grades of iron.


3rd.—It's a perfect baker with a small consumption of fuel.

4th.—We make it, therefore price no higher than is usually asked for inferior stoves.

Have You Seen This Range?

EMERSON & FISHER, - 75 Prince Wm. St.

HERCULES Wire Beds



NO. 0 AND NO. 1. GUARANTEED NOT TO SAG. The patent weave makes them 5 times stronger and springier than other kinds. Furniture dealers in St. John supplied by MUTHINGS & CO., 101 to 107 Germain St.

YOU SPOIL YOUR BEST CHANCES IN life by sleeping on poor baggy springs. MARIA PARLOA, in the Ladies' Home Journal says: "The first requisite in a bed is a good firm spring that will not sag." HERCULES SPRINGS can be gotten from good furniture dealers. ASK FOR THEM.

SPRING SUITS, 1902

Our Spring Suits for Men and Boys are now ready for your inspection. The quality, color, fit and finish are an excellent combination and are sure to please. You will be surprised at the quality and style of the suits we are offering at the following prices:

- Men's Suits, Fancy Mixed Tweed All Wool, worth \$8.00, our price \$6.00.
- Men's Brown Mixed Tweed Suits, extra special at \$7.50.
- Men's Suits, light grey, also brown mixed, Tweeds, \$8.50.
- Men's Suits, the newest shades in Dark Grey, worth \$12.00, our price \$9.50.
- Men's Suits in Blue and Black Serges and Worsteds, from \$6.00 to \$14.00.
- Youths' Suits, long pants, from \$4.50 to \$9.50.
- Boys' Three Piece Suits, from \$2.50 to \$6.50.
- Boys' Two Piece Suits, from \$1.25 to \$5.50.

Call and examine goods and prices. Store open evenings till 8 o'clock. Saturday till 11.

J. N. HARVEY, 199 UNION STREET, Opera House Block.

TEA SETS, DINNER SETS, TOILET SETS.

— AT —

C. F. BROWN'S, 501-5 Main Street.

SIDE SPRING EXPRESS WAGON FOR GROCERS,

Also a Few Second-Hand Expresses.

Jas. A. KELLY, 640 to 644 MAIN STREET.

St. John Jubilee singers will appear in their second concert under the auspices of Gordon Division in the Market Hall building, Charlotte street, on Monday evening, March 17. Another crowded house will receive them, as on former occasions.

John M. Johnson of Calais has purchased from George L. Harmon, March 5, the five-year-old, Joe Gun, by Parker Gun, dam by Trusty Boy. The price has not been named, but is said to be a long one.

PREFERENTIAL TREATMENT

Will be Given by England to West India Sugar.

LONDON, March 8.—It is learned by the Associated Press that the British government intends in the near future to revoke the half-penny per pound duty which is now imposed on West India sugar. This will afford the West Indies the relief they have demanded until the Brussels convention comes in force. Between now and Sept., 1903, according to the terms of the convention, Great Britain can take any steps she deems advisable to safeguard the industry. The abolition of the duty on West India sugar is tantamount to giving it preferential treatment over all other sugars, though this of course ceases the moment the Brussels agreement becomes operative. According to the representatives of the leading sugar houses here the immediate effect will bring the West India sugar, which is now going to the American market, to English ports. A delegation of leading West Indians, whom the colonial office consulted this week, declared that unless something of the kind was done, the West Indies would be ruined before the new arrangement could commence.

RAILWAY WRECK.

SAN ANTONIO, Tex., March 7.—A broken rail caused a frightful wreck on the Southern Pacific railroad near Maxon station, miles west of San Antonio, at 3 o'clock this morning. From the latest accounts received here fifteen people were killed and 28 were more or less injured. The wrecked train was the Galveston, Harrisburg and San Antonio westbound passenger, and consisted of an engine, mail car, baggage car, one coach, one chair car, three tourist sleepers, one Pullman sleeper and one private car. The mail car, the baggage car and coaches were piled together against the engine and were ablaze in a few seconds and were soon consumed. All the injured in the coaches just behind the engine and baggage cars were cremated. The people in the sleepers were saved with the assistance of the uninjured passengers.

EL PASO, Texas, March 8.—

Creeping like a mammoth hearse across the desert, the relief train, conveying the dead and injured from the site of the disaster at Maxon puffed slowly into the depot here. It was a night long to be remembered by those who witnessed the dead and the maimed taken from the coaches. Men, women and children, many of them with their right robes still on, bandaged from head to foot, made their way or were assisted to the vehicles awaiting to receive them. Others, with children in their arms, and mothers with children lying dead in the front coach were taken to the hospital. Husbands and wives clung to each other, the terrible scenes of the morning still fresh in their memory.

Said a prominent New Yorker, "The back coaches were not turned over, and that is all that saved us who were fortunate enough to be riding in the Pullman. They tipped slightly, but remained on the track. Otherwise we had not been killed, we would have been cremated. The coaches were turned up and I never saw anything burn so rapidly in my life. By the time we got off the Pullman, there was little left of the smoker and chair car except cinders and ashes. It is my estimation that the exact number of who were killed never be ascertained. Probably the majority of passengers in the front coaches met death before the fire finished the deadly work."

TO AID THE SOUTH.

NEW YORK, March 7.—Announcement was made today that an association has been organized in this city to promote southern education and to be known as the "General Education Board" and that more than a million dollars has been placed at the disposal of its board of trustees. The underlying principle of the association is stated to be the recognition of the fact that the people of the southern states are earnestly engaged in the promotion of education, and that in this effort they should receive generous aid. To this end the association will seek gifts from those in sympathy with its plans.

CURIOSITY COMES HIGH.

LONDON, March 8.—This city is already flooded with illustrated literature, pointing out the advantageous view points from which the coronation name may be witnessed. Many single windows opening on balconies at such points as Ludgate Hill have already been let for £42 each. Single seats in the Strand have been sold for £3 to £5. Single windows, with exceptional approaches on the Surrey side have fetched £73. Equally elaborate plans for viewing the naval parade are already in full swing. The demand for high class steamers is said to exceed the supply. These tours will include a four day cruise about the channel. From 10 to 18 guineas are now asked for a single berth.

THE TURK'S TROUBLES.

LONDON, March 8.—Under date of Constantinople, the correspondent of the Daily Chronicle sends a despatch saying that representatives of the powers will meet shortly to discuss the situation in European Turkey, the anarchy in Albania and the unsatisfactory condition of Macedonia.

CECIL RHODES.

LONDON, March 8.—While private telegrams from Cape Town today report that Cecil Rhodes is in a critical condition, the officials here of the British chartered South African Company say Mr. Rhodes is consulting his business correspondence as usual. In a cable despatch received from Mr. Rhodes this morning, his illness was not mentioned.

JUST LIKE HOME.

So Mr. McFarlane Described the Public Hospital.

Others Tell Stories of Bad Food, Many Bed Bugs, Vermin and Over-Ripe Eggs.

With an exception the evidence of the witnesses who testified before the Royal Commission this morning was hostile to the public hospital. Mr. McFarlane was the one friendly witness. He likened that institution to a home with all the attendant comforts which the name implies and gave it as his opinion that there were a number of people who really did not know when they were well off. Other testimony to show that bed bugs and other vermin were present in abundance, at the food not all that it might have been. The session was considerably lightened by the evidence of Mrs. Min, and her remarks in comparing the food of the General Public Hospital here and the one at Bangor, that she never saw poultry served in the form save in the eggs, caused a somewhat audible smile.

Mr. Steer and Mr. Trueman had a small talk about the witnesses that were led. Mr. Coster stated that a list had been made from the hospital bookstall that only those who had completed were summoned. Concerning a statement Mr. Trueman explained that the list obtained from the bookstall unless because he could not find the proper street address from that source. So he had abandoned a list altogether. The explanation was quite satisfactory to the other court.

Afore the witnesses were examined Mr. Trueman.

M. ALICE McCORMICK

was first witness called. She testified that she had been a patient in the hospital three weeks, beginning the last March, in 1901. At first she was in private ward. She was ordered solid beefsteak and beef tea three times a day. She got the first something else and other times once a day. Asked by a patient why she did not complain, she said that the beefsteak was greasy, the beef tea like gly water, and bread and butter she did not care whether they were good or not. After she was referred to the public ward bed bugs present in sufficient numbers to cause her to brush them off the pillow. One of the nurses gave her medicine three times a day instead of three, "happened but once. Other patients, particularly a Mrs. McDonald, shared the same time. She had seen MacLaren and Morris come in the ward with blood stained garments, one patient, a Mrs. Belyea, who she operated on got so hysterical she cried and finally gave up the ward. Some of the dishes looked like they had not been washed since they were placed in the hospital. A tank was particularly filthy. The bath room closet there was a terrible smell, which was in the mornings.

LEO, ATCHISON

testified that he had been in a hospital, going in May 2nd, 1898, staying about a month and a half to months, and became an outpatient until September, when he back for an operation, remaining in winter. He was suffering from kidney ailment. At first he was in a private room, but later he was in a ward. The nurses for arm, peroxide of hydrogen were not given immediately after ordered for him by Dr. Walker, a about a week before he got it. The bottle was empty there was a delay before it was refilled. Mr. Knowlton—The visiting doctor, he said that orders in regard to giving supports for his arm not carried out. As to the food, received in the ward was coarse, he would not say bad, and would complain of the butter or bread. It was not so good as you would get," said the chief justice.

A DRY SUNDAY.

NEW YORK, March 8.—Agitation of the excise question has brought forth an order from peace commissioner Partridge, that every drinking place in New York, not having a hotel license shall be closed from midnight until Monday morning. It will be the driest Sunday in many years. Every Raines law hotel in the city which has not ten bona fide rooms for loungers must also close.

SOUTH AFRICA.

OTTAWA, March 7.—Hon. Joseph Chamberlain has cabled Lord Minto to the effect that Clarence Rideout of the South African Constabulary is dangerously ill with enteric fever in Lansfontein. Rideout's father is F. Rideout of Peel, Carleton county, New Brunswick.

LONDON, March 8.—Cabling from Johannesburg, the correspondent of the Daily Mail cites the first reported cases where British troopers have been shot for misconduct.

The correspondent says that two irregulars, who were convicted by a court martial of shooting a Boer after he had surrendered, were shot last week at Pretoria.

REBELLION IN CHINA.

HONG KONG, Mar. 8.—The Kwang Riez, (Orange River Colony) containing 80 miles from Chan Yuan. They surprised the local authorities, overpowered the garrison and released the prisoners, who joined the rebellion. It is reported that the members of the Triad secret society have joined the rebels and are looting and burning villages.

NATAL MEANS BUSINESS.

PIETERMARITZBURG, March 8.—The Natal legislature has adopted a resolution in favor of compulsory military service.

RESPECTABLE SALOONS.

The London Plan to be Introduced in New York.

NEW YORK, March 8.—A committee of the City Club will meet next Monday to discuss the feasibility of establishing in New York city a scheme of saloons modeled after the Central Public Trusts Association, of London. The idea is to place drinking of intoxicants in moderation on a respectable basis. At cutting, who viewed its workings on the other side. He collected data concerning it, which was placed before the city club for consideration.

The general plan includes a big corporation, which will buy selected saloons, combine them with restaurants and conduct them in ideal respectability and in strict observance of the law. The hope is that these places may become popular because of the purity of the goods dispensed and the absence of "gin mill" atmosphere.

The London saloon scheme is endorsed by many of the leading citizens and clerics of Great Britain. Its secretary, is Earl Grey, and among its vice-presidents are the Bishop of Chester and Joseph Chamberlain. The managers and assistants of the public houses are paid a commission and salary and are made responsible for the proper conduct of the place. They are not permitted to sell liquor to any one who is habitually a drunkard.

STATE OF TRADE.

NEW YORK, March 7.—Bradstreet's tomorrow will say: Spring trade increases despite serious interruptions in the section adjacent to the Alleghenies, caused by floods, snow storms, interrupted telegraphic roads, and leading eastern markets and prices have strengthened in many lines. The strength of textiles generally is second only to the strength displayed in iron and steel. All available measures of mid-winter trade point to exceptional activity despite unfavorable weather conditions. February clearings are slightly larger than a year ago. Failures are no more numerous but a few large bank suspensions, due to mismanagement, or worse, have swelled liabilities one quarter above a year ago. Prices have felt the quickening influence in a slight increase in strength of textiles, dairy products among provisions, live stock, coal and coke and building materials. All signs, in fact, favor the indication that the legitimate trade industry is, except in a few instances, considerably more active than a year ago at this time.

BRITISH ARMY REFORM.

LONDON, March 8.—Speaking to the Associated Press concerning the new army regulations, Major Arthur Lee, M. P., formerly British military attaché at Washington, says that a private in the British infantry will now receive as much as a private in the United States army. The change will result in getting a better class of men. The soldier will now be better off than the agricultural laborer. The change banishes all possibility of conscription, and will build up the standard of the army. The increase in pay means an additional annual cost of about £2,000,000.

WELL DONE CANADIANS.

LONDON, March 8.—Lord Kitchener, in a despatch from Pretoria, dated today, reports the discovery of a Boer magazine in a cave north-eastward of Rietz (Orange River Colony) containing hundreds of shells and fuses, 200 pounds of powder, a maxim gun, Helios, field telegraphs and quantities of stores. Five Boers have been captured in the same neighborhood. The magazine was discovered by Canadian scouts, commanded by Colonel Ross.

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New Golf Caps For Men and Boys. Nice Patterns.

D. MAGEE'S SONS, 63 King Street.

CHURCH ORGAN FOR SALE.

A Mason & Hamlin pedal Church Organ, hand blower, walnut case, full toned. A splendid instrument for a medium-sized church. Will be sold at very low price.

Wm. Peters, 266 Union Street.

CHAMPAGNES Pommeroy, Mumms' —FOR SALE LOW—

THOMAS L. BOURKE, 25 Water St.

To the Electors of the City of St. John:

LADIES AND GENTLEMEN—

I will be a candidate for the office of MAYOR at the election to be held on Tuesday, the fifteenth day of April next, and respectfully solicit your suffrages. A service at the Common Council Board of Aldermen extending over six years has afforded me an opportunity of becoming familiar with civic affairs, and if further honored with your confidence I will endeavor as far as it lies in my power to guard the rights of our city and advance its interests.

Faithfully yours,
WALTER W. WHITE.

H. L. COATES, (Cor. Main and Harrison Streets, Opposite St. Luke's Church, N. E.)

CARPENTER, BUILDER and GENERAL JOBBER.

Special attention given to the placing of plate glass windows.

A GOOD INVESTMENT.

It will pay you to have your work done at DUNEAM'S Upholstering, Carpet Laying, Furniture Polishing and Packing, Repairing, etc. First Class work at moderate prices.

FRED H. DUNHAM, 403 Main Street, N. E.

KING EDWARD Patronizes Sunday Concerts and is Denounced by Dr. Parker.

LONDON, March 7.—There was a striking scene in the City Temple Thursday when, during the course of his sermon, the Rev. Joseph Parker, D. D., administered a pointed rebuke to King Edward which was loudly applauded by the congregation. Having alluded to public houses as "traps for hell," Dr. Parker referred to the king's recent drinking of beer while visiting Lord Burton.

"Pray for me," said the divine, "that I may speak delicately, loyally. If the king brews beer, what can he be wrong in the subject drinking it? What the king does is likely to be imitated by others. His majesty is more than a man and must regard all questions from a kingly view-point. If the king goes to a Sunday concert, as he did recently, he deals a deadly blow to the Englishman's Sunday. The king cannot attend a non-conformist place of worship, but he can go to a Sunday concert."

This remark called forth cries of "shame" and Dr. Parker continued: "If the king who is the head of the church and defender of the faith can violate the English Sunday, what can the people do but follow in his steps. I would rather give a great sum in gold than appear to be disloyal; but I cannot be disloyal to Christ, and it is better that these things should be said."

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