The Toronto World

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MONDAY MORNING, FEB. 21, 1910.

THE BRITISH PARLIAMENT.

To-day brings the formal opening of the new British parliament, and the King's speech will disclose the course resolved upon by the government. The ministerial changes consequent on Mr. Herbert Gladstone's appointment as first governor-general of South Africa have been few and leave the cabinet substantially as before. Nothing has apparently happened to justify the rumors that serious differences existed, and that the premier and the more moderate of his colleagues were determined to restrain what are called the revolutionary tendencies of the two irrepressibles, Lloyd-George and Winston Churchill. The latter indeed has been elevated to the home secretaryship, one of the most important departments of the government.

As the decision of the cabinet will be known this afternoon speculation concerning its nature is needless. Whatever it may be, it will provide the opportunity of testing whether the Liberal party can rely on the independent Labor members and the Redmond Nationalists. Mr. Barnes' manifesto, understood to have been made for the Labor party, is now reported to contain only his personal view and has not met with acceptance. The Nationalists are also credited with the adoption of a less truculent attitude than was first indicated and it is difficult to see what they expect to gain by antagonizing the Liberal policy or compelling another and early appeal to the electorate.

BRITISH STREET RAILWAYS.

Every now and again the Canadian public is informed by corporation-owned or controlled newspapers that municipal undertakings in the United Kingdom are really unsuccessful and are only made to show a profit by reducing the allowance for depreciation and renewals to a sum far below what is actually necessary. Statements of this kind are always couched in general terms, and never considered to specify particular instances which would permit of either verification or exposure. For there are official records published every year, containing full information regarding the results of public operation of municipal enterprises, the gross profits, cost of working and how the surplus is applied.

An important White Paper was recently issued by the board of trade, a government department, illustrative of the growth of British street railways. Beween 1878 and March 31, 1909, the route length has increased from 269 to 2526 miles, the capital expenditure from $21,000,000 to $355,000,000, the passengers carried from 146,000,000 to 2,660,000,000, and the net receipts from $1,150,000 to upwards of $22,000,000 annually. Of the 208 undertakings, 176 belong to local authorities, and 122 to companies. The net receipts of local authorities amounted to $16,342,570 for the year ending March 31, 1909, out of which $4,820,000 was applied in reduction of debt, $14,000,000 in relief of rates, and $3,400,000 was carried to reserve and renewal funds This latter amount was far in excess of the corresponding allowance made by private companies.

OUR DINKY LITTLE WAYS.

Once more the little villagers of Toronto are getting their way. The decision to leave St. Clair-avenue as it is, like a country lane, when it is destined to be one of the chief thorofares in a city of a million population, is incomprehensible to anyone not familiar with the workings of what a Toronto alderman calls his mind. If Mayor Geary will stand for this sort of thing and if the controllers will support it then the only hope for Toronto is to get a commission to govern it.

There is not a city in America with the prospects of Toronto which has such a beggarly conception of what should be done for the future. Even the little towns of Ontario make better provision for street accommodation, and in the United States they speak of Toronto as the place with the dinky little streets.

Ex-Mayor Oliver was delighted with our dinky little Yonge-street, and declined to listen to a sensible proposal to widen it. The cost increases all the time, and those who come after us will have to pay thru the nose for what could be done to-day at slight expense. Every property holder concerned will be benefited by such an improvement, and the bluff about not getting any benefit out of it would not have impressed anyone but our dinky little aldermen.

There is no possible reason for delay unless some of those concerned think that by delay they may get a little more from the city when expropriation becomes necessary.

St. Clair-avenue should be widened at once. It would be a good thing to widen the dinky little council at the same time. Is Mayor Geary equal to the job?

A man advertises in an evening paper for his lost set of teeth. He won't need a muzzle now, poor creature!

Canada remains calm over the possibility of a tariff war with the United States. The fact may surprise Uncle Sam, but it may profit him withal.

Chili was quite a national retreat for an adventurer like Dr. Cook but it proved as difficult to locate him as it was to discover the pole of contention.

Cleveland has got its three-cent street railway fare for eight months anyway and more than likely until it is still further reduced. Tho himself defeated, Ex-Mayor Tom Johnson's policy has won out.

The war against the trusts goes merrily on in the United States courts. Beef and milk combines are the latest to be attacked and cold storage is among the devices charged to have been employed for the purpose of raising prices.

Trenton, under its new mayor, is already taking practical steps to control its valuable power and electric assets. A bill for the purchase or expropriation of the Trenton Electric & Water Co. has been petitioned for, and the usual formalities arranged. Dr. Kidd is making good.

WHO PAYS THE TAX?

As an ocular demonstration in this matter, permit me to relate an actual incident which has taken place since the publication of the removal of the German surtax, on the morning of Feb. 16. The day previous, Feb. 15, we placed a contract with the representative of a large manufacturing concern in Nurnberg, Germany, which was accepted by him. About noon on Feb. 16, he came in and informed us that as the surtax had been removed, he would have to insist upon an increase of ten per cent. in the prices. Upon further conversation with him and upon questioning him closely in regard to the matter, he informed me that the reason for the advance was because the factory would lose ten per cent. paid by the German Government on exports to Canada, which would now be withdrawn, owing to the withdrawal of the surtax by Canada. Now, under these circumstances, I would like to ask you who has been paying the German surtax, and I would point out to you further that in this instance, the removal of the German surtax will actually increase the cost of these particular goods to the consumers in Canada. Applying this all thru, if it has been the custom for the German Government to recompense the German manufacturers the amount of the surtax on all goods exported to Canada, what will be the result when that subsidy or bounty, if you will, on German exports to this country is withdrawn and the manufacturer loses that subsidy? Will it cheapen the goods to the consumer in Canada?

Now, referring one moment to the benefits to be derived by Canada from the removal of the German surtax. What are they? We obtain admission to the German market on raw materials principally, and for less than one and a half million dollars per annum at the present time, while Germany, in her turn, obtains admission to this market for what? Manufactured articles to the extent of between four and five million dollars' worth per annum. Under these circumstances who has the best of the bargain? If the writer's memory is correct, at the time the surtax came into force, the balance of trade was in favor of Germany by about 13 million dollars (the German exports being about 17 million dollars and the Canadian exports about four million dollars).

Apart from this, there is a moral view of the question as between Great Britain, Canada, Australia, New Zealand and South Africa, etc., which I will not enter into now, but it seems to me that the action of our politicians at Ottawa is insupportable in the extreme, and shows to my mind a lack of the knowledge of the actual condition of affairs. I think it is one of the gravest mistakes that Canada has yet made in her treatment with foreign countries, and the bargain is all one-sided, and in favor of Germany.

W. Croft.

Toronto, Feb. 18.

ABOLISH REVOLVERS.

Editor World: In your report of the recent police battle with the negro murderer you say the affair shows that "the police should carry revolvers day and night." It shows more than that. It shows that other people should be prevented by every possible means from carrying this murderous weapon either day or night. The same paper that reported this triple tragedy told of a young man blowing his brains out by the same means at Ottawa, and of a man shooting his wife and himself at Edmonton. Every day brings one or more tales of similar import from some part of the continent, resulting from the practice of carrying revolvers. When, however, it is suggested that some effective restriction should be placed on the traffic, we find the hardware interests in the legislature opposing, tooth and nail, any "restraint of trade," as they put it. The proper and, in fact, the necessary thing to do, is to make it a criminal offence for any man, woman or child to possess, or have anything to do with, a revolver, unless it can be shown after a most rigid examination that such possession is absolutely necessary. The sale, importation and manufacture, if any, should be entirely in the hands of the government of the Dominion, preferably, so that the ultimate destination of every weapon in the country could be traced. No regulations can be too drastic in the restriction o fthis murderous and otherwise useless weapon.

Censor.

Fingers Crushed.

Michael Angelo, aged 40, of 161½ Centre-avenue, had several fingers of his hand crushed Saturday. He went to the General Hospital with a compatriot. Both lacked knowledge of English, so were unable to explain where and how it happened.

AT OSGOODE HALL

ANNOUNCEMENTS.

Osgoode Hall, Feb. 19, 1910.

Motions set down for single court for Monday, 21st inst., at 11 a.m.:

1. Re Brundage and Kingsville.
2. Saskatchewan v. Leadlay.
3. Bryant v. Corbett.
4. Re Gentley Estate.
5. Tillsonburg W.W. Co. v. Tillsonburg Packing Co.

Peremptory list for divisional court for Monday, 21st inst., at 11 a.m.:

1. Silverman v. Marsh.
2. Toronto Furnace Co. v. Ewing.
3. Wright v. Coleman.
4. Park Bros. v. McKay.
5. Re Sing and Chatham.
6. Re Jones Trusts.

Master's Chambers.

Before Cartwright, K.C., Master.

Universal Folding Machine Co. v. Wood-Green Sales Co.—M. Macdonald for plaintiffs. Motion for order transferring action to County Court of York. Order made. Costs in cause.

Roderick v. Maccabees.—J. A. Paterson, K.C., for defendants. F. Morrison (Hamilton), for plaintiff, contra. Motion by defendants for a commission to take evidence at Lincoln, Nebraska, and to transmit photo annexed to former commission. Order made as asked.

Smith v. Fox and Parker.—A. R. Clute for plaintiff. G. M. Clarke for defendants, contra. Motion to strike out statement of defence of defendant Parker for default in appearing for examination for discovery. On defendant undertaking to attend at his own expense, at such time as plaintiff may be able to get appointment, motion dismissed, with costs to plaintiff in cause.

Crane v. Moore, Eames v. McConnell.—H. E. Rose, K.C., for purchasers of property. R. McKay, for plaintiff in first action, contra. J. L. Ross, for plaintiff in second action. R. H. Parmenter for original owners of the property.

Motion by purchasers of the property to be made parties so as to intervene in the dispute. Reserved.

Single Court.

Before Sutherland, J.

Re Bridgman Settled Estates.—T. H. Luscombe (London) for petitioner. F. B. P. Betts (London) for infants. Application for leave to mortgage. Judgment: I direct order to issue as prayed, permitting the petitioner to mortgage the premises referred to in the petition for the sum of $660, to be expended on the repairs and alterations therein mentioned, and for such further sum as may be necessary to pay the costs of this application and of the mortgage.

Trial.

Before Falconbridge, C.J.

Fraser v. G. T. Railway.—F. McCarthy, for G. T. Railway. F. Arnoldi, K.C., for plaintiff. H. H. Dewart, K.C., for Ann Fraser, mother of deceased: Judgment: I direct that the G. T. Railway Company do have leave to pay $1750 apportioned to Ann Fraser into court. I do this in Ann Fraser's interests, and without considering whether the G. T. Railway Company is rectus in curia in making this motion. However, I give defendants leave to supply any material that may be considered necessary for that purpose.

Before Mulock, C.J.

The Canadian Fairbanks Co. v. the St. Lawrence Brewing Co.—R. A. Pringle, K.C., and R. Smith, K.C., for plaintiffs. A. C. Cline (Cornwall) for defendants. Judgment: This was an action to recover possession of two motors sold by plaintiffs, or, in the alternative, the value of same. These goods were sold to the Cornwall Brewing Co. and installed in the brewery, at that time in their possession. Later on, when the Cornwall Brewery Co. went into liquidation, Mr. Hobson, for plaintiffs, made an affidavit verifying their account against the company, which account included the price of the goods in question. It does not appear that, as between plaintiffs and the Cornwall Brewing Co., there was any understanding that the sale was other than an unconditional one, the property in the goods passing without any right in the plaintiffs to retake possession, and the Cornwall Brewing Co. being liable, as ordinary debtors, for payment of goods sold and delivered. I am therefore of opinion that the plaintiffs have no property in the goods in question, and that the action must be dismissed with costs.

Divisional Court.

Before Mulock, C.J., Magee, J., Sutherland, J.

McKnight v. Robertson.—E. Meek, K.C., for plaintiff. G. Lynch-Staunton, K.C., for defendant, contra.

An appeal by plaintiff from judgment of Latchford, J., of 19th November, 1909. Plaintiff's action was brought to recover 334 shares of the capital stock of the Columbus Cobalt Silver Co., Ltd., or for the recovery from defendant of $797.05, and interest, under an alleged agreement. At the trial the action was dismissed, without costs, except as to the certificate for 324 shares in the Columbus Silver Mining Co., which was to be delivered up to the plaintiff.

Judgment: We think that the judgment of the trial judge should be set aside with costs, and judgment entered for the plaintiff, with a reference to the master at ———, to ascertain what sums of money should have been paid to the plaintiff as reasonable for his care during an illness for the period covered by the claims mentioned in the plaintiff's statement of claim.

STICK TO UNION

Foreigners on Strike Declare for Higher Wage Scale.

That foreigners did not come to Canada for the purpose of doing work cheaper than Canadians, was the statement of one of the striking employes of the Continental Custom Cloak Co., at a meeting of the Independent Cloak Makers' Union Sunday afternoon. "We are just as ready to stick by our union as anybody," he said. The meeting was composed mostly of the foreign element.

Addresses were delivered by James Simpson and others, encouraging the strikers in their fight, and a resolution was passed to continue the fight. An assessment of five per cent. of the weekly earnings of the other members was made. Next week it is the intention to levy a ten per cent. assessment.

The 60 girls who went on strike in the overall department of Braime & Co.'s factory are also meeting with sympathy in the way of financial assistance, as was demonstrated by a grant of $50 made to them by the Street Railway Men's Union at the regular meeting held yesterday afternoon in the Labor Temple.

Bitten by Dog.

Quelling a dog fight in Acton, Ont., on Saturday, ended painfully for Robt. Pearson, aged 36, employed in Beardmore & Co.'s tannery there, as a machinist. He came to St. Michael's Hospital yesterday. Dr. P. B. McFarlane cauterized the wound.

Dredging Oakville Harbor.

The mayor of Oakville has received a notification from Hon. Wm. Pugsley, minister of public works, that dredging operations in Oakville harbor will be commenced as soon as the ice is out.

WITH THE CHOIR TO CLEVELAND

Toronto people can never appreciate what the Mendelssohn Choir does for Toronto until they go with the choir on a visit to some American city. The growth of appreciation in Buffalo, for instance, not only of the Mendelssohn Choir, but thru admiration for it for all connected with it and for Canadians generally is very remarkable. One gentleman confessed that he had always been disposd to rgard Canadians as sleepy, unprogressive people, much behind the times, and of no particular use to humanity. He has entirely revised his opinion since realizing that Toronto has produced under Dr. Vogt the greatest choir in the world.

Toronto people do not as a whole appreciate the distinction their city enjoys thru the Mendelssohn Choir in New York, Chicago, Buffalo, Cleveland and other places. Otherwise no Toronto man could ever be guilty of a disparaging remark concerning it.

This reflection must be a source of gratification and satisfaction to the many employers who have from time to time made it possible for members of the choir to absent themselves from business, often at great inconvenience to their firms, while fulfilling this patriotic and artistic duty. No employer could ever grudge the time required if he heard the opinions of American merchants and business men on this matter. It is regarded as a measure of fine public spirit and highly creditable to Toronto and those responsible.

Another thing that appeals to Americans is the voluntary character of the choir. They cannot understand that no commercial element enters into it. For many people it is a revelation to hear that the best work is not done for money but for love. This fact is brought home by the success of the Mendelssohn Choir, which is admittedly due to its voluntary character. The singers give their unstinted labor for the love of the work. No such transcendently beautiful results could be obtained on a basis of hire and cash payment. It is the unpurchaseable power of the heart and soul that makes Dr. Vogt's choir the greatest band of singers in existence. Dr. Vogt says it is the result of esprit de corps, discipline, and the sense of duty, but these are transfigured and welded by love. That is the overtone in every harmony, the overword in every carol that goes to the hearts of those who listen.

However it be explained the fact remains that Dr. Vogt and his choir are the greatest missionaries of the Canadian idea that have yet appeared to bear abroad a high conception of the national spirit.

Cleveland was determined not to permit the Mendelssohn Choir to depart without some display of hospitality. The Hermit Club undertook this duty, and invited the men of the choir to luncheon, while the Rubinstein Club performed a similar service for the ladies.

During a delicately served repast, the club's orchestra played with great taste, and in return the visitors sang two selections, winding up with "O Canada," which stirred great enthusiasm, the two national anthem stanzas and Auld Lang Syne.

Toronto has nothing at all to compare with the Hermit Club of Cleveland. It is composed of 250 of the younger men of the city, most of them in business, and all of them of the artistic Bohemian inclination which finds its chief recreations in the pursuit of literary, dramatic, musical and artistic achievement. The club is a select one, and among its members reckons the brightest men in Cleveland. Their club house is an architectural gem, and is one of the show places of the city. It is situated in a dingy lane, something like Leader-lane in its central position, and therefore very convenient for the members, who run in at noon or whenever business permits. An amateur orchestra plays every day during luncheon, the members remaining as long as practicable. Frank Meade, who is president of the club, is also leader of the orchestra. It was this orchestra which played to the members of the Mendelssohn Choir during their visit last Wednesday. The club building is in the old English or German style, with overhanging eaves and woodwork. One man was reminded of Chester and Stockport, and said so.

"What do you know about Stockport?" queried President Parkes. The other man had relatives there, and Mr. Parkes declared he was born there. This conversation led to the recital of a lot of coincidences about the trip. One man went into Burrows Bros., the big Cleveland book store, and looking over the collection of second-hand volumes, which is rather select, came across a copy of "Pre-Adamite Man," published in 1862. Opening the book, he found inside the cover the bookplate of a grand-uncle who died in Ireland in 1878. The book must have been sold with the library at that time, and had drifted over to America. A telephone message brought over a nephew of the man who originally owned the book, a man who was born in America and had never seen his uncle, and to whom the family bookplate was an interesting curiosity. This man had come from Columbus to Cleveland for the Mendelssohn Choir concert. The man who found the book came from Toronto. This is a good example of coincidence.

To return to the Hermit Club, the interior decorations are of the most attractive and refined character, the solid woodwork and carving being of a high order. The splendid banquet hall has a gothic roof with very fine carved oak arches. The walls are frescoed, seven scenes from the life of St. Anthony affording appropriate and artistic subjects. Two great stags' heads and one of a moose hang high on the walls, and along the oak panneling are scores of portraits, cartoons, sketches of a personal nature, and other souvenirs. King Edward VII. and Mark Twain hang side by side, and Disraeli in a Vanity Fair cartoon is on the row below.

It is the custom of the club every year to give an entertainment, which is entirely the product of the members of the club. They compose the music, write the book, design the scenery and costumes, and act the parts, male and female. The albums of past years' performances were open for the inspection of the Toronto visitors, and sparkled with clever and amusing creations. These entertainments are features of the Cleveland season. The Hermit Club is a guarantee of musical and artistic competence in Cleveland criticism. It sets a standard by which the Cleveland people have been trained, and the Mendelssohn Choir was the more complimented by a reception where such a standard indicated a real and cultivated appreciation.

Another element which has done much for the growth of musical taste in Cleveland is Mrs. Felix Hughes, better known in musical circles as Adella Prentiss Hughes. Mrs. Hughes is a woman who would take high rank anywhere, and it is difficult to speak of her where she is not known without risk of apparent exaggeration. For eleven years she has undertaken the management of the musical events which have made it possible for Cleveland to appreciate the Mendelssohn Choir as standing at the head of the choral musical work of the world. Mrs. Hughes has given 53 orchestral concerts, 35 recitals, 7 string quartet concerts, 4 song cycle, 13 lecture, and 4 Shaksperian revival events. All this means not only a nimmense amount of work, but a good deal of enterprise, as musical events of this description cost much more than is usually supposed, and in Cleveland the hall available for large concerts has not a seating capacity which makes sufficient return in receipts to cover expenses. The Mendelssohn Choir engagement, for example, which was made possible by sharing the railway expenses with Buffalo, cost about $7500, while the receipts for the two concerts came to about $5400. The difference has to be made up by the guarantors, who generously undertake to make up any deficit, their confidence in Mrs. Hughes' judgment and good taste being warranted by the success of the concerts in general. It is felt that the public spirit which supports the engagement of such a body as the Mendelssohn Choir is quite as admirable as the spirit which leads to the support of racing, motoring, or the other forms of sport in which thousands of dollars are expended.

Mrs. Hughes is of a good old Cleveland family, her grandmother, Mrs. Rouse, being one of the best known women of her time, prominent as she was in all good works in the city. Her daughter, Ellen, married Loren Prentiss, whose child Adella Prentiss is the present Mrs. Hughes. Mrs. Hughes' connections are all people of note, her brother-in-law, Rupert Hughes, being one of the distinguished writers of the day.

The tradition of her family, says a recent writer, was that of highest thought. Their lives were consecrated for the good of mankind. Mrs. Hughes could scarcely help an altruistic vision. Her inheritance was a vital and discriminating intellectuality. She descended from a cultured family. She was nurtured in an atmosphere which would develop a high type of the American woman, being an honor graduate of Vassar College and a member of the Phi Beta Kappa Society, admission to which is by scholarship only. In spite of a serious student life, she made an indefatigable study of music and languages. After graduating, she supplemented her knowledge by a journey to Europe for further musical study.

Mrs. Hughes' idea of the cultivation of a civic musical taste was to present year after year the best obtainable musical art. She has encountered obstacles and criticism and opposition of course, but with a singleness of purpose, and with a sense of her own ability to overcome, she has advanced the high standard she has so masterfully sought to maintain, until Cleveland has a concert course under all conditions that is not duplicated anywhere on the continent.

Only the splendid generosity of a large and growing list of guarantors makes it possible to present the brilliant offerings to the public, but there has never been any prohibitive deficit. No city but sustains some loss in symphony concerts, and Cleveland has suffered the least.

In addition to her ability as a creator and promoter of a business enterprise, Mrs. Hughes has an artistic side that is a vital factor in the success of her undertakings. Her greatest recompense must consist in her own consciousness of disinterested endeavor in a self-imposed trust, whost artistry she has so worthily conserved.

A.E.S.S.

DR. A. W. CHASE'S CATARRH POWDER 25c.
is sent direct to the diseased parts by the Improved Blower. Heals the ulcers, clears the air passages, stops droppings in the throat and permanently cures Catarrh and Hay Fever. 25c. blower free. Accept no substitutes. All dealers or Edmanson, Bates & Co., Toronto.

EATON'S DAILY STORE NEWS

Continuing the Big Special Selling of Women's High-Grade Footwear, $2.50

THE FEATURE that makes this occasion so important is the excellent qualities. It's the biggest special purchase of Women's Footwear we have made in a long time. You've had ample opportunity to judge the splendid values. We'll keep up these "special selling" prices while the lot lasts, but the way the buying started and the way it has kept up there's every indication of a quick break in the ranks of sizes. Those who come Tuesday will find plenty of assortments, and every satisfaction in choosing.

Boots of the most desirable Spring styles—patent colt, calfskin, vici kid, box calf—some with plain toe—the new style—others with small toecap—shoes for evening and street wear—Oxfords, strap slippers, pumps, etc., in many styles. Come Tuesday and come early.

It's a great chance to get your new Spring footwear at specially low prices. Some almost half usual price. All sizes. Price..... **2.50**

Women's Shoes for House Wear

Plain soft kid, wide style, buskin, with elastic at instep, warm fleece lining, flexible leather soles and low heels, sizes 3 to 8. Price $1.25.

Walkeasy Boots for Men

No better value. This boot is made specially for us. We wouldn't have it unless it was right in every way. We can recommend it for good serviceable general wear. Excellent quality of box calf leather, winter weight, Blucher tops, sizes 6 to 11. Price $2.00.

—SECOND FLOOR—QUEEN ST.

February Silverware Sale

THE T. EATON CO LIMITED TORONTO, - - - - CANADA

The EATON Sewing Machine $18.90

O'K

Extra Mild, Remember

Many people would drink ale, in preference to all other malt beverages, if ale did not make them bilious.

This O'K brew is brewed especially for those people. It is extra mild and extra light, and lets you enjoy the creamy deliciousness of real old English ale without the heaviness and excessive bitterness. In easily—opened seal stoppered bottles. No broken cork or tinfoil in the glass.

O'Keefe's Special Extra Mild ALE

"The Beer that is always O.K."

132

MICHIE'S Extra Old Rye Whiskey is always of the same even quality and mellow flavor—none better.

Michie & Co., Ltd.
ed7 7 King St. West

GETS NO IMMUNITY

Mr. Taft Forces Confiding Friend to Obey Law.

WASHINGTON, D.C., Feb. 20.—President Taft recently had a curious experience in connection with the Sherman law. A manufacturer who stands high in the ranks of the Republican party called at the White House and appealed to the president to advise him about his business as a friend rather than as chief executive of the nation.

He laid bare to the inspection of the president all the secrets by which he has made his extensive business remarkably successful. When he had finished his explanation the president said to him:

"My friend, my advice to you is to go home as fast as a train will carry you and to cancel all the agreements of which you have been telling me. You are a flagrant violator of the anti-trust law, and had this knowledge come to me officially I should be obliged to order your immediate prosecution. If you will promise me to dissolve those agreements I will grant you the time necessary to do it, but at the end of a reasonable period I shall expect to find you in a position to establish beyond question to the satisfaction of the officials of the department of justice the fact that you are no longer conducting a trust."

The manufacturer took Mr. Taft's advice, but he now writes to his friends in Washington, with many lamentations, that his business is "totally disorganized."

Jaw Fractured by Kick.

"Cockneys" were too numerous in the bar of the National Hotel Saturday afternoon to suit a strenuous individual, so he tried to clean out the place. He started in on Joseph Davies, aged 39, married, of 50 Randolph-street. After he floored Davies he booted him in the jaw, fracturing it. The injured man went to the General Hospital. The pugnacious one made his escape before he could be apprehended.

U.S. Steel Corporation Enlarges Plant.

SOUTH BETHLEHEM, Pa., Feb. 20.—Announcement was made here today that Chas. M. Schwab, as president of the Bethlehem Steel Co., has awarded a contract to German firms in Berlin and Stettin for the erection of 400 coke ovens at the Saucon plant of the Bethlehem Steel Co., at a cost of nearly $5,000,000. The capacity of the ovens will be 3000 tons a day.

Could Not Sleep.

DOCTOR SAID HEART AND NERVES WERE RESPONSIBLE.

There is many a man and woman tossing night after night upon a sleepless bed.

Their eyes do not close in the sweet and refreshing repose that comes to those whose heart and nerves are right. Some constitutional disturbance, worry or disease has so debilitated and irritated the nervous system, that it cannot be quieted and causes nightmare, bad dreams, starting in the sleep, twitching of the muscles, restlessness, etc.

Milburn's Heart and Nerve Pills are a specific for all people troubled in this way. They have a soothing and calming effect on the nervous system.

Mrs. Calvin Stark, Rossmore, Ont., writes:—"About two years ago I began to be troubled with a smothering sensation at night when I would lie down. I got so bad I could not sleep in the dark, and would have to sit up and rub my limbs, they would become so numb. My doctor said my heart and nerves were responsible. I saw Milburn's Heart and Nerve Pills advertised and got a box to try them. I took three boxes and can now lie down and sleep without the light burning and can rest well. I can recommend them highly to all nervous and run down women."

Price, 50 cents per box or 3 boxes for $1.25, at all dealers or mailed direct on receipt of price by The T. Milburn Co., Limited, Tortonto, Ont.