

43RD YEAR

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**QUAKER CITY BANK
SHORN 7 MILLIONS****Real Estate Trust Co. Looted
by Dead President.****PRESBYTERIAN CHURCH A LOSER****Vast Sum Loaned on Doubtful Collateral—General Assembly Funds Involved.**

Philadelphia, Aug. 28.—So great was the confidence reposed in Frank K. Hipple, late president of the Real Estate Trust Company, which was yesterday forced to the wall because of the secret business transactions of Mr. Hipple, that the institution was virtually the bank of the Presbyterian Church. Not only the General Assembly, which was a large depositor, but even the smallest Sunday school organizations, and hundreds of individuals, with abiding faith in the integrity of the late president, had entrusted their funds and savings to the institution.

"It almost destroys a person's faith in human nature," said H. P. Ford, private secretary to Dr. Alex. Henry, secretary of the board of publication and Sabbath school work of the Presbyterian Church. "As treasurer of the trustees of the General Assembly, Mr. Hipple had control over \$1,000,000, and as treasurer of the permanent committee on home missions and sustentation, in the Synod of Pennsylvania, and the Presbyterian Hospital of this city, other large amounts were at his command."

Lost On Soo Stock.
Hipple was not known to have been a stock speculator, although financiers say he was one of the many who lost heavily in Consolidated Lake Superior Company stock several months ago. Real estate investments seem to have engaged his attention almost exclusively. This is borne out through his connections with Adolph Segal and the latter's enterprises.

Bankers believe that the Real Estate Trust Company failure does not involve any other banking house in the city. According to John H. Milner, president of the Clearing House Association, that body stood ready to advance all the money required by the trust company, provided the proper security was offered. The directors of the trust company are severely criticized by the members of the Clearing House Association for their laxity in allowing themselves to be deceived by the condition of the company and the transactions of President Hipple.

Philadelphia, Aug. 28.—Unable to meet its obligations, because of the large amount of money loaned on insufficient security by its president, now dead, the Real Estate Trust Company, of Philadelphia, which up to last Saturday was considered one of the strongest financial institutions in the city, closed its doors today, and George H. Earle, jun., a prominent financier, was appointed receiver.

The liabilities of the company are placed at \$10,000,000, against which there are quick assets of about \$3,500,000, and collateral of about \$8,000,000, which is not negotiable or readily convertible. The doubtful collateral is held mostly as security for loans of about \$5,300,000 made to Adolph Segal, a promoter of this city.

The man responsible for the failure was Frank K. Hipple, one of Philadelphia's best known citizens, who died suddenly last Friday morning in his country home at Bryn Mawr, where, under circumstances which, in the light of today's developments, lead to the suspicion that he may have committed suicide.

Mr. Hipple, in addition to being president of the Real Estate Trust Company, was treasurer of the board.

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**Up Goes Price of Shoes
Not Later Than Oct. 1****Manufacturers Claim They Are
Driven to It—Leather Short,
Findings Dearer.**

Owing to the comparatively small number of cattle killed this year, and to the increased demand for leather to be used in upholstering automobiles, leather belting for machinery, automobile coats, etc., the manufacturers of boots and shoes find themselves face to face with a very serious shortage of leather.

Findings and the price of labor have also combined to make the manufacture of footwear much more expensive, and at the same time really less profitable for the manufacturer, jobber and retailer, than during the time of low prices.

Recent reports indicate that leather has not yet reached the top notch in price. Leading tanners claim that there will be a further advance in hides this fall.

Prices Must Go Up.

It was stated by a local shoe manufacturer today that the prices of shoes must go up.

"The manufacturers for a couple of

STANDARD OIL DENIES**Company Has No Intentions of Forming an Alcohol Trust.**

New York, Aug. 28.—M. F. Elliott, general counsel for the Standard Oil Company, was shown the telegram from Peoria, Ill., to the effect that the Standard Oil Company had taken steps to acquire all of the principal distilleries in the United States as a result of the passage of alcohol law by Congress.

"Nothing could be more absurd," said Mr. Elliott. "The Standard Oil Company has taken no steps in this direction whatever, nor will it. We have no interest whatever in buying up distilleries or in the manufacture of denatured alcohol. There have been no negotiations to that end and no talk of any."

**ENGLISH LABOR
WILL ASK MUCH****Success at Elections Spurs the
Party to Demand Sweep-
ing Reforms.**

Liverpool, Eng., Aug. 29.—Representatives of organized labor of Great Britain will assemble here Sept. 3 for the 39th annual trades union congress, and will continue in session for five days. The wonderful success of the candidates of organized labor at the national elections and the number of problems, for which solution must be sought along political lines, that are to come before the congress, give special importance to the session. The advance programme contains 27 sections, and the subjects run from the deeply serious to the highly novel.

A proposal interesting to Americans favors "the passage in Great Britain of a homestead act, such as exists in the United States exempting a reasonable amount of household goods from seizure. The dockers will protest against the passage of theological acts in the place of educational measures, and the gas workers will seek the passage of resolutions covering the following seven proposals:

1. The state maintenance of school children.
2. Scientific physical education, with medical inspection and review of the physical development of all children attending the state schools; and skilled medical attendance for any child requiring same.
3. The complete dissolution of reforms 1 and 2 from poor law administration.
4. A national system of education under full popular control, free and secular from the primary school to the university.
5. That secondary and technical education be an essential part of every child's education.
6. That the best intellectual and technical training be provided for the teachers of the children of the people.
7. That the best of education shall be met by grants from the imperial exchequer, and by the restoration of misappropriated educational endowments.

It is believed that the resolution declaring for the secularization of the schools will be carried by a heavy majority. There will be resolutions against militarism and welcoming international arbitration, recognizing May 1 as labor day, favoring universal old age pensions, applying to both sexes at the age of 60 years, and to be at the rate of at least five shillings per week.

There will also be action on the amendment of the aliens act which will probably be roundly scored. It is also expected that the Russian situation will be considered and that the congress will put itself on record in favor of responsible government in the disturbed empire.

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**NO CLUES YET
IN DYNES CASE****Slayer of Windsor Man Still
Uncaught.****IS THERE WOMAN IN CASE?****Detectives Divided as to the Motive for
Murder and Case Seems Far
from Solution.**

Gallen, Mich., Aug. 28.—No crime committed in Michigan in many years has presented such a tangled and hopeless mystery as the murder of Lloyd Dynes, night telegraph operator, in his office here, early Monday morning. It promises to be added to the long list of mysteries that have proved too much for the police.

That the murderer drew his inspiration from jealousy or vengeance arising out of one of the many love affairs in which Dynes was involved everyone now seems satisfied. The removing of a few worthless tools from the buildings near the station and the hiding of them under a nearby bridge seems obviously to be a mere ruse on the part of the murderer.

Had the crime been committed by thieves they would surely have taken the gold watch the young man carried and have secured the \$75 in money which was in his pocket. Then, too, if they had been robbers, a fight would have resulted before they found it necessary to put Dynes out of the way, but no evidence of struggle was to be seen about the room.

Enemies Suspected.
The fact that Dynes expected to be attacked and kept his revolver constantly with him also lends probability to the belief that enemies, robbers, took the young man's life. Yet there is one serious difficulty in the way of this theory.

If the foe whom Dynes had been expecting fired the shot, how did it happen that when he saw him coming through the door, he allowed him to approach near enough to seize his own revolver and fire it with the barrel so close to him that powder burned his face? Instantly on seeing the approach of the murderer would he not have seized his gun and prepared to defend himself?

These questions have given birth to another of the many theories that have gathered about the case. It is to the effect that one of the many young women with whom Dynes had been intimate in Gallen came to his office in the middle of the night, and during a conversation got the drop on him and fired.

This theory is looked upon as weak, however, as it furnished no means of explaining the removal of the tools from the trunk, and the two mysterious footprints near John Vinton's granary, where the bag, in which some of the stolen plunder was put, was taken. It is true, though, that a number of small robberies have been taking place in Gallen lately and it might have happened that two parties bent on mischief were out on the same night.

Love Affair Suspected.
Dolan, the Michigan Canadian detective, says he thinks the crime grew, not out of robbery, but from one of Dynes' love affairs. But he also says he thinks the perpetrator of it lives in or about Gallen. In this he disagrees with Sheriff Tenny's men, who seem to be of the opinion that someone in Detroit is at the bottom of the shooting.

The fight with a strange man in Palmer Park, of which Dynes told H. Anson, the day dispatcher, is regarded as of much importance. The authorities here are anxiously waiting results of the investigation being made by the Detroit police.

The officers have until Sept. 5 to make their case, but they must either produce the guilty party or confess their failure to the adjourned session of the coroner's jury which will be held on that day.

Miss Cleo Dennison, the young woman to whom Dynes paid a great deal of attention while he was in this town, is inclined to make light of her relations with him.

"He was just a friend," she said. "We went walking a few times and he took me over to Hudson's, a summer resort on the lake near here. We were not engaged. He never told me anything about his troubles or about any enemies he had in Detroit or elsewhere."

It is certain that Dynes expected to be attacked. He was never without his revolver. When he was at work the gun lay on the desk before him. When he stepped out on the platform to flag a train he took it with him. When he slept in the day time the weapon lay on a chair beside his bed where he could place his hand upon it. For an operator who handled no money these precautions were unusual.

Besides, Dynes told some of his friends here that he expected trouble which might lead to his death. After the murder his room was searched by officers, and letters, which are said to furnish a valuable clue, were found. They were not threatening, but were in the nature of a warning from a friend that his life was in danger.

About two weeks ago the Gallen Advocate printed a story declaring that Dynes was a married man with a wife and child in Detroit. Someone from here is said to have seen him there with a woman who had a little child that is said to have resembled Dynes. He declared that the child was his sister's. He denied in the Advocate that he was married.

AN ACTRESS-ANGEL**How She Helped the Poor Fellows
Scalded in St. Thomas Wreck.**

Woodstock, Aug. 28.—Conductor Stewart, who was injured in the C. P. R. Wabash collision at St. Thomas, was able to bring his train here yesterday.

A story of pathetic interest is told by Conductor Stewart of a scene he witnessed at the wreck. One of the young lady members of the theatrical company aboard the special, who was evidently experienced in nursing, produced a bottle of oil from her traveling bag, and covering fireman Patterson's badly scalded body with it, she took off her silk undershirt, and ripping it into bandages, bound up the man's wounds.

In the same way she gave relief to Engineer McKay, who had been frightfully burned.

**GRATEFUL CON
GREW OSCULATORY****Showers Kisses on P. M.'s
Hands, But Hasn't Any
for Clerk Moulie.**

Con Brown appeared at the police court this morning to answer to a charge of pushing a push-cart on one of the city sidewalks. Brown had just started in the fruit business, and did not know that it was against the law to push a cart on the sidewalk, so the magistrate allowed him to go on the condition that he refrain from pushing his cart on the sidewalk in future.

Brown went fairly wild with joy when he was liberated, and after assuring Magistrate Love that he had purchased a horse and had done away with the push-cart, which had brought him such grievous trouble, he grabbed the magistrate's hand and kissed it.

Just at this stage of the performance Clerk Moulie commenced to look a little nervous, as it was apparent that if Brown pursued lavishing any more kisses upon the court, his turn was coming next. But there was no show for the clerk; he was left out in the cold. Brown's gratitude and affection was all for the magistrate. Anyway, the clerk says himself he is not at all partial towards the male sex.

John Murray was to have appeared this morning to answer to a charge of using abusive language toward John Smith, but he did not appear, and a warrant for his arrest has been issued. The Thos. Kelly vs. Daniel Thompson abusive language case was settled out of court.

The Charles Laing vs. E. Predham non-payment of wages case was also settled out of court.

Edward Flannagan was fined \$5 or 20 days for being drunk.

RAILROAD TO HUDSON'S BAY**Canadian Northern and G. T. Pacific
Join Hands in the Enterprise.**

Winnipeg, Aug. 29.—A prominent citizen, well versed in railway matters, informed the Tribune today that a deal has been closed between the Canadian Northern Railway and the G. T. Pacific Railway for the construction of a line of railway to Hudson's Bay.

The starting point of the proposed new line is in Saskatchewan, and Regina is spoken of as the western terminus, although representatives of the companies are not absolutely agreed.

The fact is that both the C. N. R. and the G. T. P. R. heads were glad to get together in this matter, as they both fear that James J. Hill has his eye on the Hudson's Bay outlet," said the Tribune's informant. "The cost of the line," he added, "will not be a serious matter to the corporations, as the Government land grants will go a long way to paying practically the entire cost of construction."

THE WEATHER**TOMORROW—FAIR.**

Local showers have occurred today in Alberta, Saskatchewan and British Columbia, while elsewhere in the Dominion it has been fine. The cool weather continues in all districts, with the exception of the Maritime Provinces, where it has been moderately warm.

Minimum and maximum temperatures: Dawson, 38-62; Victoria, 54-72; Kamloops, 56-84; Calgary, 48-64; Edmonton, 48-64; Winnipeg, 48-64; St. Paul, 46-70; Toronto, 64-74; Ottawa, 62-74; Montreal, 56-70; Quebec, 50-65; St. John, 52-75; Halifax, 54-80.

FORECASTS.

Wednesday, Aug. 29.—8 a.m. Today—South and west winds, fine over the Bad Lands of South Dakota.

Thursday—Westerly winds and fair.

TEMPERATURES.

Stations.	8 a.m.	Min.	Max.	Weather.
Calgary	46	42	54	Fair
Port Arthur	54	42	64	Fair
St. Paul	54	42	64	Fair
Toronto	60	52	68	Fair
Ottawa	60	52	68	Fair
Quebec	56	48	64	Fair
Father Point	62	48	68	Cloudy

WEATHER NOTES.

A barometric depression of some little importance is passing across Northern Ontario, and will cause strong southwest winds on the great lakes. The weather continues cool in the Northwest Provinces, but there has been no frost.

LOCAL TEMPERATURES.

The highest and lowest readings of the thermometer at the local observatory for the 24 hours ended at 8 p.m. Tuesday were: Highest, 57.2; lowest, 46° above.

PUBLIC PRINTER HIDES**Has Been Driven Half Daffy by "Sim-
plified" Spelling Order.**

Washington, D. C., Aug. 29.—Public Printer Stillings has been driven into deep retirement by the simplified spelling order of President Roosevelt. There have been so many inquiries as to what he will do under the new system that he has had no time to do anything but answer questions.

When he came here he had two telephones put into his apartments. Now he has none that can be worked by an outsider. The apartment exchange has strict orders not to ring the Stillings family. The public telephone exchange avers that the other telephone has been disconnected. The large number of calls caused the fiction to be invented to keep Printer Stillings from the annoyance of answering questions.

**ONE PIER AT COVE;
WIDER CHANNEL****G. T. R. Engineer Assures the
City That River Traffic
Will Be Helped.**

Engineer Crampton, of the Grand Trunk Railway, had a conference today with City Engineer Graydon regarding the improvements to the cove bridge.

Mr. P. J. Watt and one or two other citizens have expressed fears that the company would not remedy the present channel of the river, but Mr. Crampton says these fears are unwarranted.

The Grand Trunk intends to take out the present piers and have but one pier, and that in the center of the river. The bridge will, however, not be any higher than the present one from the water.

Mr. Graydon, under instruction from the mayor, has informed the company that the old piers must be taken down to the bed of the river, and that the new pier must not run at an angle with the current, as do the old ones, but must be built with the flow of the water.

THE CUBAN REVOLT**Large Band of Insurgents Said to Have
Captured Cabañas.**

Havana, Aug. 29.—The Insurgents have removed the rails from parts of the Cuban Central Railroad, in the northern part of the Province of Santa Clara.

REV. DR. HARRIS HURT**Well-Known Baptist Divine Meets With
Accident in Muskoka.**

Toronto, Aug. 29.—Dr. Herbert Bruce, the well-known Toronto surgeon, left Toronto last evening on an emergency call to attend Rev. Elmore Harris, D. D., the well-known Baptist clergyman, at the Royal Muskegon Hotel, in the Muskoka Lakes. From the meagre information obtained it seems that Rev. Dr. Harris had sustained a fracture of the skull, and Dr. Bruce was directed by the local physician to be in readiness to perform an operation. Brain surgery has been a special study with Dr. Bruce.

Telegraph inquiries failed to elicit any information as to what accident had befallen Dr. Harris. Neither Mr. J. N. Shenstone, his brother-in-law, nor Mr. McNeill, pastor of Walmers Road Baptist Church, which was erected largely by the personal contributions of Rev. Dr. Harris, had heard anything of the matter.

GOOD MEAT 30 YEARS OLD**Westerners Feed on Buffalo Steak,
Jerked Three Decades Ago.**

Sioux City, Ia., Aug. 29.—Buffalo meat, guaranteed to have been killed 30 years ago, was the piece de resistance of a dinner enjoyed here by R. E. Easton, of Anthony, Ia.; A. F. Anderson, of Little Sioux, Ia.; and Jesse James, of the Sioux City police force. Easton and James had just returned from a land seeking tramp over the Bad Lands of South Dakota.

While in the Bad Lands they were the guests of G. R. Patterson, a pioneer, famous through South Dakota, who had lived on his present ranch for 40 years. As a souvenir of their trip he gave them a six-pound piece of buffalo meat. Thirty years ago he killed a number of buffaloes on his ranch, jerked the meat and hung it up on trees where the climate cured it perfectly.

"I admit the meat was a little dry," said Easton, in speaking of the repast, "but it had a peculiar flavor which I suppose is characteristic of buffalo meat. It was good enough to be called a delicacy in my opinion."

**HEAD OF WATERWORKS OFFICIAL
HANGING BY A SLENDER THREAD****Report of a Frame-Up to Dismiss Supt. Moore and
Appoint H. B. Ashplant as Auditor.**

According to the stories which now fill the city hall, the official head of John M. Moore, for many years superintendent of the London waterworks department, hangs upon a slender thread, which the appointment of an auditor may sever at any time.

How there can be any connection between Superintendent Moore's position and an auditorship may seem puzzling to the average citizen, but it is nevertheless simple enough. If Mayor Judd votes to appoint anybody but Mr. H. B. Ashplant, auditor for the water commission, Chairman Bert Sorenson to the vacancy caused by the death of the present city auditor's father, Mr. George F. Jewell.

Lately another vacancy occurred on the commission's auditing staff, when Mr. Blandford resigned. Mr. Darch again put up Mr. Ashplant as a candidate, but Mayor Judd took the stand that the city should not have two new men on the commission, and that the city auditor, Mr. Frank Jewell, should be appointed to the vacancy. In the past Mr. G. F. Jewell, by reason of the fact that he was auditor of all the civic bodies, had a grasp of city affairs which made him invaluable to the city. And it is hoped to train the present auditor along the same lines, so that the city may be kept on a sound financial basis. Mr. Darch is standing out for his nominee, however.

And unless the wind changes, it is said, that Superintendent Moore, who is no party to this quarrel, will be decapitated. He is at the mercy of Mr. Darch (who has no grievance against him), unless the mayor chooses to vote for Mr. Ashplant.

It is said the mayor intends to stand firm, and to put the whole affair to an issue before the people.

**TORONTO DEALERS
BOOST COAL PRICE****Hoist It from \$6 to \$6.50
and Predict a Further
Advance.**

Toronto, Aug. 28.—The price of hard coal was boosted today from \$6 to \$6.50 per ton, with a further raise almost in sight.

"What's the reason of the raise?" was asked of one of the principal firms.

"Simply that we were losing money at \$6," was the reply. "Hard coal has not been below \$6.50 for four or five years until this spring. On April 1 it is the custom to commence raising the price at the mines at the rate of 10 cents a ton per month till the end of the year, so that it has already gone up 50 cents a ton to us on Sept. 1. Of course, we cannot raise it 90 cents a month to our customers, but just do it in a lump once in a while."

"Is it likely to go higher?" was asked.

"Yes, it is almost sure to go up another 50 cents at least before the end of the year, but probably the advance will not be made for some time."

JESUIT ELECTIONS.

Rome, Aug. 29.—Although all the delegates have not yet arrived here, it is considered certain that the first meeting of the congregation for the election of a new general of the Jesuits will occur Sept. 1.

**THE IRON AND STEEL OUTPUT
NEARLY DOUBLE LAST YEAR****Pig Iron Increase Was Over 200,000 Tons and Steel Ingots
290,000 Tons—Bounty Totaled Over Two Millions,
But Ceases Next Year.**

Ottawa, Aug. 29.—The iron and steel bounty payments paid by the Dominion Government for the financial year up to July 1 amount to \$2,094,339, as compared with \$1,540,203 in 1905. The payments indicate a very large increase in the output of the Canadian iron and steel industries.

Bounty amounting to \$687,631 was paid on a total output of 551,585 tons of pig iron, of which \$6,523 tons was made from Canadian ore. The bounty on this was at the rate of \$1.65, and totaled \$142,263; 495,335 tons were made from foreign ore. The bounty on this was at the rate of \$1.10, and totaled \$544,868.

Last year's output of pig iron was 366,719 tons, of which 327,267 tons were made from foreign and 59,452 from Canadian ore. The rates of bounty were higher, however, last year, viz.: \$1.60 on foreign and \$2.25 on Canadian ore, so the total amount paid as pig iron bounty was \$624,167, of which \$480,401 was on foreign and \$143,766 on Canadian ore.

Of steel ingots, 569,237 tons were made in the Canadian mills during the past year, as compared with 272,916 tons in 1905. The bounty in 1906 at the rate of \$1.65 per ton, was \$941,000. In 1905, at the rate of \$2.25 per ton, it was \$614,433. Of puddled bars, 3,564 tons were made in 1906, as compared with 3,509 tons the year before. The bounty, at \$1.65 per ton, this year, was \$5,875. The payments last year at \$2.25 per ton were \$7,895.

The Government paid a bounty in 1906 of \$369,832 on 72,875 tons of rolled angles, wire, rods, plates, etc. In 1905 the payments were \$293,208, and the output 59,842 tons.

These iron and steel bounties expire next year unless they are renewed by Parliament. The bounty rate on pig iron from Canadian ore and on puddled bars and steel ingots this year is \$1.65 per ton. The rate on pig made from foreign ore is 79 cents a ton.

The lead bounty in 1906 totaled \$50,197, as compared with \$320,645 the year before, the rate of bounty being much lower on account of the higher price of lead in the world's markets.

The petroleum bounty, at the rate of 1 1/2 cents per gallon, showed payments amounting to \$281,157, as compared with \$350,947 in 1905.

There was also paid a bounty amounting to \$15,079 in manila used in the manufacture of binder twine, as compared with \$13,789. In 1906 the bounty was allowed on 4,423,000 pounds of manila used in the manufacture of binder twine, at the rate of \$3.50 per ton, it was \$15,487.