PATENTS PROCURED
In Canada, Great Britain, United States and Foreign Countries.
PRELIMINARY ADVICE FREE.
C. H. RICHES
Canada Life Building, Toronto.

The Toronto World.

"CROWN" BRAND
BICYCLE CEMENT
Made From Pure Para Rubber
THE TORONTO RUBBER CO., LTD.
28 King-st. West, Manning Arcade.

Senate Reading Room
1 JAN 97
SENATE P O

SEVENTEENTH YEAR — SIX PAGES—WEDNESDAY MORNING MARCH 11 1896—SIX PAGES — ONE CENT

KATIE WAS POISONED

Tragic Death of a Young Lady at Gravenhurst.

MISS TOUGH'S SECRET MARRIAGE

Ended in Her Being Murdered by Her Husband.

So Said the Coroner's Jury at the Inquest Last Night—The Post Mortem Examination Showed Traces of Prussic Acid Which Had Been Purchased by the Prisoner to Poison a Dog — Shortly Afterwards the Poor Girl was Found Lying in the Snow and Dying—Admissions Made by the Accused—Career of the Prisoner William James Hammond in Toronto as a Drug Clerk and a Law Student.

Gravenhurst, March 10.—(Special)—The inquest on the death of the young woman, Kate Tough, who was found dead here Friday evening under suspicious curcumstances, was concluded this afternoon, and is the first stage of what promises to be a sensational murder trial.

The inquest opened yesterday afternoon before Coroner Bridgeland of Bracebridge. Several witnesses were examined, and found that the deceased had left her parents' home about 8 p. m. Friday, having first been up town for a few minutes.

Found Lying in the Snow.

Shortly after 9 o'clock she was found lying in the snow on the road between Mr. Hammond's residence and her own home. Life was nearly extinct, and she expired almost before she could be carried home.

The first testimony of a startling nature was elicited from Dr. Campbell, who swore that on Friday afternoon William James Hammond bought one ounce of prussic acid at his drug store, ostensibly to kill cats. Hammond on Saturday informed the witness that he had thrown away the poison without using it. It was brought out in evidence that two bottles were found secreted in the dead girl's bedroom, and that one was labelled and contained half an ounce of prussic acid.

There Was a Secret Marriage.

It was also shown that Hammond had been secretly married to Miss Tough last November, in Buffalo, and that since her stay at home of about three weeks they had been corresponding, he signing his letters with initials. Hammond was married under the assumed name of James and their relations had been kept a secret. Their marriage, however, had been suspected, but both parties denied the relation.

The medical men called in to see deceased were of the opinion that she had been in perfect health. This, coupled with the fact that a faint odor of prussic acid had been detected in her breath just before her death, pointed to poison as the cause of her sudden demise. The theory of suicide could not be made to fit the facts of her habitual cheerfulness and freedom from all morbid feeling.

Hammond Takes the Stand.

The Coroner, after hearing the available evidence called Hammond and informed him of the grave nature of the suspicions aroused against him by the evidence produced and asked if he wished to make a statement. Hammond replied that he was anxious to do so and after the usual caution was sworn.

Hammond told his story in a perfectly cool way and seemed not at all to realize his position. He related that he had known deceased for years and had paid her attentions off and on. Last November or December, he could not remember which, they were married in Buffalo under an assumed name. He simply dropped his surname and took his second Christian name instead. This was done to ensure secrecy, his parents and her parents being opposed to their union. For the same reason he had corresponded with her anonymously.

Lived Separately in Toronto.

After the wedding they spent a few weeks in Buffalo and New York, returning to Toronto, where they did not live together. His wife came to Gravenhurst three weeks ago, and he came here a week ago and met her secretely by appointment on Tuesday last. Their next meeting was accidental at 8 p.m. the day of her death, when they made an appointment to meet again in a few minutes, she meanwhile going to her home for a short time. The second interview lasted over half an hour and for the last 15 minutes they were alone together in his father's house. He had no idea of the cause of death and knew of nothing in their relations to make her despondent, as they had always been on the best of terms.

Admitted Buying the Prussic Acid.

He admitted buying the prussic acid from Dr. Campbell. It was in a small sealed bottle, which had never been opened. He wanted it to kill a dog which had greatly annoyed him by following him and his wife in their walks. Immediately after his wife's death he had thrown the unopened bottle of poison away. It never occurred to him that under the circumstances he should have kept it. He admitted that he suspected his wife had poisoned herself at the moment, however, of throwing away the poison. He attributed her death to apoplexy.

Result of the Post-Mortem.

An adjournment of the enquiry took place until to-day, the jury desiring a post-mortem examination. At 2 o'clock this afternoon the inquest was resumed, when Dr. Grant made his report on the condition of the corpse. a report fully concurred in by Dr. Cornell, who was present at the post-mortem. The medical testimony proved that the organs of the body were in a remarkably healthy and quite normal condition, excepting a patch of unusual redness in the stomach. An odor of prussic acid was detected. In the cavity of the chest the doctors testified that the drug would leave almost imperceptible traces, and that there was nothing to indicate death from natural causes.

Dr. Bridgeland summed up the evidence concisely and with a strong presumption against the innocence of Hammond. The jury deliberated over an hour, and brought in a verdict that deceased died from the effects of prussic acid, and that the evidence pointed to Hammond as the one who administered the drug.

Hammond Charged With Murder.

This evening Hammond was arrested by Chief Constable Sloan and brought before H. Castle, J.P., for a preliminary hearing on a charge of murder. After the putting in of the formal record of the inquest, the case was remanded for eight days to allow of further enquiries being made. Constable William Sloan conveyed the prisoner to the district jail at Bracebridge on the 11.45 train to-night.

The Town Greatly Excited

The town and neighborhood is greatly excited over the affair. The young woman whose life is thus so tragically ended was brought up here, and her parents are highly respected by all parts of the town. She bore a good character, and was a most amiable young person.

The scene at the funeral this afternoon was very affecting and the heartfelt grief of a large number who attended was plainly apparent. The bereaved mother, father, and family are almost heartbroken by the terrible event which has turned a happy home into a house of mourning. In another home, too, there is heartrending grief and Mr. and Mrs. Hammond, who have long lived in town, have the sympathy of a host of friends in the terrible ordeal through which they are passing.

Accused an Only Son.

The accused is their only son, a young man just past his majority. They have made sacrifices to give their boy a good education and a start in life and he had given promise of becoming an unusually intelligent man. For some time he was employed as a clerk in Hargreaves Bros'. drug store in Toronto, but of late has been studying law in the Queen City. In spite of the fact that he has exhibited at time undescribable traits of character, the hope is general that he may be able to establish his innocence. The immense number of people who attended the inquest are, however, almost unanimous in the opinion that he is in a most serious position.

Crown Attorney Johnson of Bracebridge has the case in hand for the Crown and further developments will be eagerly watched for. There is nothing so far to directly implicate the prisoner as guilty of administering the poison. Judging from the funeral cards issued to-day the parents of the dead girl ignore the alleged marriage, her maiden name only being used in the announcement.

YOUNG HAMMOND IN TORONTO.

He Attempted to Become a Druggist But Proved a Failure.

Mr. Hargreaves of the drug firm of Hargreaves Bros. was seen at his place of business, 174 Queen-street west, last evening, and asked to tell what he knew about the accused man. Hammond, he said, came from Gravenhurst, where his father was employed as yard foreman by a big lumber firm. He entered the drug store about two years ago, but never proved of much value to his employers. In the first place his appearance was greatly against him, for he was an undersized, scimpy, unhealthy-looking boy. He was, moreover, subject to intermittent attacks of sickness, which kept him away from work for days at a time, and certain actions of his about the store led those who noticed them to suspect him of being afflicted with some secret disease. Even when at work his mind seemed to be on other matters than his business, and finally about a year ago he was told that he was not cut out for a druggist, and then dismissed. He had not gone so far in the study of chemistry as to have been admitted to the School of Pharmacy.

He Drew $2 a Week.

While with this firm, Mr. Hargreaves says, Hammond drew a stipend of $2 a week, and his father, who seemed to be a fine, industrious man, evidently found it quite a tax on his resources to provide the funds necessary for the lad's education.

Mr. Hargreaves stated that the boy's habits seemed to be good. He did not appear to have much to do with women, and he professed strong temperance principles, admired temperance men, and took a great interest in temperance lectures. As regards religion, he seemed to be almost an infidel.

Shortly after leaving the drug store, Hammond dropped in on passing and made the remark that he was now articled as a student to a King-street law firm.

Denied That He Was Married.

Three weeks ago, having heard a rumor that Hammond was married, Mr. Hargreaves congratulated him in a half-joking sort of way, whereupon the lad laughed the story off as absurd. That was the last seen of the accused at the drug store.

Asked concerning the properties of prussic acid, Mr. Hargreaves said that it was just such a poison as one who knew the properties of drugs was likely to use. It was strong and quick in its effect, and in case of its use, the cause of death might easily be taken to be heart disease.

Where He Boarded.

At 39 Beverley-street, where Hammond boarded, Miss Alexander, the daughter of the landlady, was seen. She stated that Hammond boarded there from last spring till shortly before the end of the year, when he said he was going to New York. On Christmas day he returned, slept at the house over night, and then left. While at the place he enjoyed the reputation of being a steady, gentlemanly young fellow, who paid his board bill regularly.

Left the Law Office Suddenly.

After leaving Hargreaves Bros.' drug store Hammond articled himself as a law student to Mr. W. T. J. Lee, a member of the firm of Willoughby, Cameron & Lee of Equity Chambers. Mr. Lee, on being questioned by The World last evening, said that Hammond had been in his office for about a year past, but without offering any explanation had absented himself from his desk for a couple of weeks back. Mr. Lee added that the boy seemed generally hard up, and of a melancholy disposition.

GOSSIP OF THE WORLD.

Many Cable Despatches Cut Down for Busy Readers.

Mr. Gladstone arrived in London yesterday from his trip to the Riviera. He is in excellent health.

W. G. Watson, superintendent of the West Shore, who was shot last Friday evening by ex-Detective Gifford, whom he had discharged, died yesterday.

The Prime Minister, Marquis Di Rudini, has telegraphed to General Baldissera, commander of the Italian army in Abyssinia, giving him assurance that he will be furnished with all the troops that may be necessary to prosecute the campaign in Africa to a successful issue.

Most of the Liberal members of the Imperial House of Commons, excepting the leaders, met in a committee room of the House yesterday and debated the reorganization proposals of the Radical Committee. It was shown that a majority of the members were opposed to the proposals. The matter will be again discussed after the coming conference of the party at Huddersfield.

"Salada" Ceylon Tea is Cheap.

Parties desiring winter board should not overlook the Lakeview, corner Winchester and Parliament-streets. Just a few rooms left. J. H. Ayre, Proprietor. 135

How to Punch the Bag, illustrated; The Harold A. Wilson Co., Ltd., 35 King-street west.

Gems in Art

Are found in our plantinum-finished photographs. The Bryce Studio, 107 King-street west; telephone No. 1724 for sittings. ed

A household remedy, Gibbons' Toothache Gum; sold by all druggists. Price 10 cents.

Special Lines.

500 sheets 8 by 13 typewriting paper for 35 cents. 500 sheets 8 by 13 typewriting paper for 60 cents. Blight Bros., 65 Yonge-street.

Pember's hair dressing establishment, 127 and 129 Yonge.

NO EXPEDITION THIS YEAR

GOVERNMENT WON'T SEND A VESSEL TO HUDSON'S BAY.

But a Cruiser May be Maintained in the Bay for Customs Purposes—The Life of Parliament—Mr. Dickey May go to Confer With Premier Greenway—Ottawa Notes.

Ottawa, March 10.—(Special)—In the Senate to-day Sir Mackenzie Bowell said it was not the intention of the Government to send a vessel to Hudson's Bay this season. The Departments of Marine and Fisheries and Customs were considering the advisability of maintaining a vessel in the Bay continually for the protection of customs revenue and to prevent American fishermen from poaching in Canadian waters. That vessel would also make an investigation extending over years with a view to settling the question as to the navigability of the route. The Government in the past had sent vessels to Hudson's Bay with that object in view, but it was found that little reliable information could be obtained in a short visit, owing to the varying of the seasons.

This Parliament's Life.

The Premier stated to-night that there was every likelihood of the Supreme Court being asked to give an opinion as to the date of the expiration of the present Parliament.

To Aid Immigration.

The delegates of the Western Canadian Immigration Association who arrived in the city yesterday had interviews with some of the members of the Government to-day. They will confer with the Manitoba members to-morrow and then formulate their demand on the Government.

To Inspect Steamers in the Northwest.

Mr. George Phillips, shipbuilder of Rat Portage, has been appointed inspector of steamships and hulls for Manitoba, Northwest Territories and Keewatin, vice Robertson, who has been dismissed. It is said that the inspection of steamships has been very lax in the districts named, hence the change. Mr. Phillips has passed a highly satisfactory examination before the board.

Poultry Manager Gilbert on Deck.

Mr. Gilbert, poultry manager of Experimental Farm, appeared before the Agricultural Committee this morning and made an interesting statement in respect to experiments with different varieties of poultry on the farm.

An Unfortunate Slip.

There were two questions on the order paper in the House yesterday, one with reference to Thomas Sargeant, and the other with reference to Samuel Davison. In the confusion in the House the question regarding Mr. Sargeant was dropped and this was unnoticed by the reporter in the gallery who unfortunately took down answer to the question about Mr. Davison as the answer to the query regarding Mr. Sargeant. The matter came through by wire in the ordinary way and was printed in these columns. The statement, of course, had no reference to Mr. Thos. Sargeant. Accidents, however, will happen, even with A1 reporters. This explanation, which is made voluntarily to clear up the blunder, will, no doubt, be satisfactory to Mr. Sargeant, who perhaps has not even seen it.

Will Go to Greenway

Your correspondent hears to-night that it is as good as decided not to ask Mr. Greenway to come to Ottawa, but that, on the contrary, Mr. Dickey will proceed to Winnipeg and confer with the Manitoba Government. It is not unlikely that Sir Donald Smith will be asked by the Government to accompany the Minister of Justice to Winnipeg.

Political and Personal.

There was a meeting of the Senate Divorce Committee this morning, when the Pearson case was under consideration.

The Railway Committee made a pretty good sweep of the order paper this morning. About the only measures now remaining are ones to incorporate certain electric roads, in regard to which the Government is considering whether or not it will leave these roads entirely to the jurisdiction of the Provinces.

Sir Adolphe Caron is indisposed and was not in the House to-day.

Clarke Wallace will probably attend the meeting in Mr. Moncrieff's riding, East Lambton, on Thursday.

BRITISH WARSHIPS IN HAWAII.

H.M.S. Cosmus and Pheasant Have Been Sent to Honolulu—Is There Trouble?

Victoria, B.C., March 10.—(Special)—Her Majesty's ships Comus, which only arrived here from England last week, and Pheasant, which was preparing for the Behring Sea service, have been ordered to Honolulu. It is supposed this is in consequence of the anticipated trouble in Hawaii.

Whist, pedro and progressive euchre markers. The Harold A. Wilson Co., Ltd., 35 King-street west.

A $100,000 Blaze.

Indianapolis, March 10.—The Atkins Saw Works were burned this morning by an incendiary. Loss, $100,000; insured.

Play poker, Fin de Siecle Rules. The Harold A. Wilson Co., Ltd., 35 King-street west.

Lace Factory at Port Hope Destroyed.

Port Hope, March 10.—Buckle & Sons' lace factory, with contents, was completely destroyed by fire at 6 o'clock this evening. Total loss, $6000. Building was insured for $800 in the Hartford, stock and machinery for $1500, same company. Cause of fire, coal oil stove exploded.

Pember's Turkish Baths 75c, evening 50c 129 Yonge.

Why Not Have the Best?

There is no reason why you should not enjoy the best of ale. East Kent, the finest brand produced in Canada, is sold by all wine merchants of repute at the same prices as ordinary ales; that is $1.20 a dozen for quarts and 75 cents a dozen for pints.

If you drink ale you should drink East Kent. Doctors and analysts recommend it—so do all good judges.

The Science of Boxing, by Mike Donovan. The Harold A. Wilson Co., Ltd., 35 King-street West.

No Income Tax in Winnipeg.

Winnipeg, March 10.—(Special.)—The Law Amendments Committee of the Legislature has thrown out the proposal of the City Council to impose an income tax.

To remove every trace of indigestion use Adams' Tutti Frutti. Beware of imitations being palmed off on you by some dealers who wish to make an exorbitant profit.

Sultan Stands in With Russia.

Constantinople, March 10.—It is announced that the Sultan intends to bestow upon Prince Lobanoff, Russian Minister of Foreign Affairs, the Order of Imtiaz, and upon M. Nelidoff, Russian Ambassador to Turkey, the Order Medjidieh. The decorations in both cases will be set in brilliants.

Consumption Sanitarium

Call any day from 12 to 3 p.m. and consult patients being treated by inhalation for asthma, catarrh, bronchitis and consumption, at Sanitarium, 1363 King-street west, Toronto. Particulars free on application. 3

GOOD ADVICE.

THE ELEVATOR BOY (very "English"): You cawn't possibly carry it, sir. 'Ave it go hup in the 'oist, sir.

BALLINGTON AND HIS FATHER.

The Salvation Army General Makes No Exceptions in Favor of Individuals, Not Even His Own Son.

London, March 10.—A representative of the United Press obtained an interview this morning with General Booth, commander of the Salvation Army, who has just arrived in London, from India. General Booth said that he was busily considering the policy of the army in America, but had not as yet been able to formulate a statement on the subject. The General handed the reporter an advance copy of the War Cry, which contained the announcement that immediately upon his arrival in London, General Booth had addressed a manifesto to the officers and soldiers of the Salvation Army in America, declaring that, although his heart was torn and he was sorely wounded, he was, nevertheless, determined to conduct the government of the army, irrespective of persons. If he had been willing to take an exception in favor of one person, in order to retain the loyality of that person, he would deservedly have lost forever the confidence and respect of all honest-hearted men, and the approval of his own conscience. The article also asks the prayers of the army for Eva Booth, the new commander of the army in America, and her comrades in the United States.

Cook's Turkish Baths, 204 King W., day 75c

THAT CATTLE EXCLUSION BILL.

Dr. Montague is Working Hard in England to Prevent Its Passage.

London, March 10.—Mr. J. C. Colmer, temporarily in charge of the Canadian High Commissioner's Office here, with the approval of Dr. Montague, Canadian Minister of Agriculture, has submitted a strong despatch to the Colonial Office against the permanent exclusion of cattle proposed in the bill. On behalf of the Canadian Government, Messrs. Colmer and Montague will interview Right Hon. Joseph Chamberlain on Thursday. The exclusion bill is delayed in the Commons, and it is suggested that the Canadian House of Commons pass a strong resolution against it. The Liberal Opposition in the Imperial Commons, and that of the press, increases, on the ground that the step is an infraction of free trade principles.

"Salada" Ceylon Tea is restful.

BOGUS CHARTERS WERE ISSUED.

An Important Arrest in New York—Wholesale Fraud in Insurance.

New York, March 10.—Detectives of the District Attorney's office this afternoon arrested Graham McAdam, who was indicted several days ago for larceny in connection with the Lloyds Fire Insurance Company. McAdam is charged with issuing bogus charters for Lloyds fire insurance companies and selling them. Indictments were also found against two other men, but these have not yet been arrested. It is said that the premiums of the fraudulent companies in one year amounted to $5,000,000, and that there were 120 bogus companies organized. The attorneys declare McAdam is interested in 15 or 20 of them.

Montreal Jottings.

Montreal, March 10.—(Special.)—Mr. Robt. Meighen received a letter from Lord Mount-Stephen to-day, saying that Sir Stafford Northcote would be in Montreal in a few days.

The Ontario Government will soon open up for sale a number of islands on the north shore of Lake Huron, north of St. Joseph Islands, surveyors being at work preparing charts of the same.

At a meeting held under the presidency of the Mayor to-day, it was decided that the British Empire exhibition would not take place this year.

A number of leading citizens are moving in the matter of a memorial to Madame Mance, the founder of the Hotel Dieu Hospital, and perhaps the most noble figure in the early history of French Canada.

Now is the Time 136
To use Cerol High Polish Waterproof Dressing on your shoes. Price 15c.

ANOTHER TROLLEY PITCH-IN.

Belt Line Car Smashes Into the Overhead Repair Wagon—Two Workmen Injured.

At 10 o'clock last night the "overhead" wagon of the Toronto Railway Company was standing on the tracks at Washington and Spadina-avenues when it was struck by Belt Line motor No. 504 manned by Motorman R. S. Hall and Conductor Cochran. An employe of the company named R. F. Pollard was standing on the top of the ladder on the wagon and was fixing the wires when the accident occurred. Pollard was thrown heavily to the ground and sustained injury to his back. The vestibule of the car was badly wrecked and Motorman Hall had his arm cut and was otherwise injured. The horse attached to the wagon was terribly cut. The horse was facing the oncoming car when the collision occurred and received the full force of the blow. The street was dark at the point where the accident occurred and the motorman did not see the wagon in time to avoid a smash. The injured men are very seriously hurt. Both were taken to their homes. Pollard lives at 11 Afton-avenue and Hall at 332 Delaware-avenue.

WANTS A QUID PRO QUO.

Lord Salisbury Says Before Treaties are Terminated an Increased Trade With the Colonies Must be Possible

London, March 10.—Lord Salisbury has addressed a letter to Col. H. Vincent, M.P., in which he says that the Government is in entire sympathy with the idea of securing the largest possible share of the neutral trade of the United Kingdom and the colonies for British producers and manufacturers whether they may be located in the United Kingdom or the colonies. Since his accession to office, Lord Salisbury writes, the trade relations of the United Kingdom and the colonies have been seriously considered. He is aware that there are treaty hindrances, but the Government is not prepared to give notice of the termination of these treaties which are otherwise valuable until a definite scheme is produced promising such an increase in trade within the Empire as will compensate for the risk involved.

VERY LIKE WHITECHAPEL.

San Francisco is Becoming Notorious for Its Mysterious Stranglings.

San Francisco, March 10.—Another woman of the town, the third within a month, was strangled to death early this morning under circumstances almost identical with the atrocious murder of her consorts on Morton-street. At 2.30 this morning, Bertha Paradis, of 27 St. Mary-street, was found dead in her bed by Caesar Chabert, her lover. She had been strangled, a handkerchief having been thrust down her throat. Nothing in the room had been disturbed, and the woman's purse was not molested. There were no marks of violence on her neck. She was last seen alive about 1.30 o'clock. A search of the premises revealed no evidences of a struggle.

Cook's Turkish Baths, 204 King W., ev'g. 50c

Vin D'Ete Champagne.

This popular light and moderately dry wine is sold at $14.50 per case, quarts, $16 per case, pints, at Mara's, 79 and 81 Yonge street. 'Phone 1708.

Fair Weather.

Minimum and maximum temperatures: Calgary, 12—40; Battleford, 12—16; Qu'Appelle, 14 below—12; Winnipeg, 4 below—10; Parry Sound, 8 below—24; Toronto, 12—25; Ottawa, 2 below—14; Montreal, 4—16; Quebec, 2 below—12; Halifax, 16—32.

PROBS: Fair weather; no decided change in temperature.

DR. JAMESON AGAIN IN COURT.

Major Coventry and Captain Gosling Added to the List of the Accused —Important Evidence.

London, March 10.—Dr. Jameson and the officers who accompanied him in the Transvaal raid were again arraigned in the Bow-street Police Court this morning. Major Coventry and Captain Gosling were added to the list of accused.

Sir Richard Webster, Attorney-General, and Sir R. B. Finlay, Solicitor-General, conducted the prosecution, and Sir Edward Clarke, E. H. Carson, M. P., and Sir Frank Lockwood, M.P., appeared for the defence.

Sir Richard Webster said that Jameson's expedition into the Transvaal had long been planned, but the rank and file of his party were led to believe that they were to proceed against a native chief. Major Coventry informed the men that they were not going to fight the chief, but were going straight to Johannesburg. Dr. Jameson said to his followers that they were going to the assistance of the English women and children in Johannesburg, whose lives and property were in danger.

Sergeant Hay testified that several of his comrades in the Bechuanaland police at first refused to join the expedition, not knowing its object or destination, and asked their superiors whether the movement was in obedience to the orders of the Queen or the British South Africa Company. To these questions Col. Grey replied: "I cannot say that we are going by the orders of Her Majesty the Queen, but I will say that we are going to fight for the supremacy of the British flag in South Africa." Further hearing was adjourned for a week.

WHAT IS TALKED ABOUT.

Things of Which It is Not True; "O, No, They Never Mention It."

News crowds fast and thick in these eventful days. There is no dearth of topics for conversation; yet, amidst them all, citizens find time for interested talk on Dineens' three special lines of hats on sale this week. They are the popular Derby hats, manufactured in New York specially for Dineens on the blocks of Dunlap, Knox and Miller. These are stamped, "Dineens' special" on the leather. They are known as one X, two XX, three XXX, and are stamped as such. The prices are respectively $2, $2.50, $3. They are warranted not only in quality but as the newest style for wear this spring. Dineens have adopted this stamping system as a protection to the public against inferior goods. With this guarantee, the prices are so low that cash payments must in every case be insisted on. Dineens give their word that the $3 hat is equal to any other sold at $4 elsewhere; the $2.50 equal to $3, the $2 equal to $2.50. These are the three special lines on which a run is expected at King and Yonge streets this week. The firm also recommends the two best hats in the city at the price. Good felts at $1; capital silks at $4. The hat trade is busy at Dineens, and, although the packing-up process has begun, ladies are, morning, noon and night, dropping in at King and Yonge streets and picking up bargains in furs fashionable for next fall.

DEATHS.

ANKETELL—On Tuesday, March 10, William Anketell.

Funeral on Thursday at 2 o'clock p.m. sharp, from the residence of his brother-in-law, William Benson, 228 Manning avenue.

GORDON—At 92 Gladstone avenue, on the 9th inst., Sarah, beloved wife of William Gordon.

Funeral from her late residence to C.P.R. Depot, Parkdale, at 8 a.m., Thursday, for interment at Nobleton, Ont.

Steamship Arrivals.

March. 10.	At	From.
Werra	Gibraltar	New York.

HOW VIEWED IN MANITOBA

MR. GREENWAY AND COLLEAGUES ARE INDIGNANT

Because Sir Charles Tupper Used a Private Telegram to Sir Donald Smith as One Which Had Been Addressed to the Government—Manitoba Will Never Yield, Says the Greenwayite Organ.

Winnipeg, March 10.—(Special)—Although the announcement by Sir Charles Tupper in the Commons on Monday that Premier Greenway would be invited to a conference with the Federal Government on the school question, after the second reading of the Remedial bill, caused a good deal of talk here, there is, on second thought, not much importance attached to the matter. Indeed, it is generally regarded as a petty political trick.

It Was a Private Telegram.

A strong supporter of the Greenway Government in the Legislature pointed out to your correspondent that Mr. Greenway's private telegram to Sir Donald Smith does not mean anything, nor does it indicate any change of opinion by the Manitoba Government; and for Sir Donald Smith to betray confidence in the manner he did is most discreditable to him. Sir Donald has all along asserted that his mission to Winnipeg was purely personal and assured Mr. Greenway so when here. Sir Chas. Tupper made the same statements for publication, but now Sir Charles parades Sir Donald as an agent of the Federal Government and produces a private telegram to Sir Donald as though it were sent to the Government. Mr. Greenway and his colleagues are indignant at the noble knight's action towards them, but, of course, they will not allow this feeling to interfere with any negotiations the Federal Government may open for the settlement of the school difficulty. Sir Charles Tupper's announcement in the Commons cannot be regarded as an official invitation to a conference and as yet there is no other intimation to that effect.

How the Greenwayite Organ Puts It.

The Tribune, the Greenway organ, in an editorial to-night, says the whole proceeding has trickery stamped on its face, and it is predoomed to failure. It concludes: "It has been suggested that the request for the conference after the second reading is passed is designed for the purpose of bringing unusual pressure upon the Greenway Government and forcing it to compromise. It is hinted that the Dominion Government see in the second reading of the bill a most potent argument to compel Mr. Greenway to capitulate. They evidently think that the Parliament of Canada, having passed the second reading of the bill and thereby affirmed the principle of Separate schools, will never hesitate a moment to go the full length and pass the third reading if the Greenway Government does not capitulate. If the Ottawa Government had desired to inspire public confidence in its proposition and had in reality at heart an earnest desire to reach an amicable settlement, it would have acted in such a way as to place its motives far above suspicion.

Manitoba Will Not Yield.

"That the Greenway Government will see through the trick it is impossible to doubt. It is difficult for its members not to recognize that Sir Charles has at the very outset placed an almost insuperable obstacle in the path which might have led to a settlement. Manitoba will never consent to yield at the point of the pistol what she is not willing to concede for the purpose of solving a knotty problem.

"In speaking as it does The Tribune is not influenced by any brief from the Local Government. It believes that it represents the views of nine-tenths of the peole of Manitoba, and it is confident in asserting that whatever may come of the proposed conference, our Government will never consent to the establishment of Separate schools in the province, and will never sacrifice the great principles of national schools as embodied in the school act of 1890."

It is pointed out that Hon. Messrs. Greenway and Sifton were once in Ottawa, and came away again without having yielded, and it is more than likely that the same result will follow any further visit.

MULVEY WOULD NOT TAKE IT BACK.

Mr. Prendergast Takes Him to Task in the Manitoba Legislature.

Winnipeg, March 10.—(Special.)—In the Legislature yesterday Mr. Prendergast, rising to a question of privilege, called attention to the construction placed upon Mr. Mulvey's recent speech on the school question by The Orange Sentinel of Toronto. Mr. Mulvey had said he was prepared to shoulder his rifle in defence of the rights of the province, as he did on four former occasions in defence of the country. The Orange Sentinel said this was no idle threat, as Mr. Mulvey knew by experience what civil war was. Mr. Prendergast asked Mr. Mulvey to repudiate the sentiments attributed to him by The Orange Sentinel. Mr. Mulvey declined, and Mr. Prendergast said Mr. Mulvey's conduct was unprecedented and scandalous. Other members joined in the controversy, but Mr. Mulvey was true to his principles of "No Surrender!" and the matter dropped.

THE NEW ITALIAN MINISTRY.

President Di Rudini Has Completed and Officially Announced His Cabinet.

Rome, March 10.—The composition of the new Italian Ministry is officially announced as follows: Marquis Di Rudini, President of the Council and Minister of the Interior; Gen. Ricotti, Minister of War; Admiral Brin, Minister of Marine; Signor Sermoneta, Minister of Foreign Affairs; Signor Branca, Minister of Finance; Signor Colombo, Minister of the Treasury; Signor Pergami, Minister of Public Works; Signor Guicciardini, Minister of Agriculture; Signor Costa, Minister of Justice; Signor Gianturco, Minister of Public Instruction; Signor Carmine, Minister of Posts and Telegraphs. The new Ministry has decided Conservative leanings. The Ministers were sworn into office at the Quirinal this afternoon, after which ceremony Parliament was convoked.

THEY WILL NOT ARREST RHODES.

Hon. Joseph Chamberlain Says There is No Truth in the Rumor.

London, March 10.—In the House of Commons to-day Right Hon. Joseph Chamberlain, Secretary of State for the Colonies, said in reply to a question on the subject that there was no truth in the report of the intended arrest of Cecil Rhodes by the authorities of Cape Colony, nor had he any information that any other authorities contemplated such action. The question was brought out by the report circulated yesterday that Mr. Rhodes would be arrested on his arrival at Beira, East Africa, which caused a decided fall in the prices of South African mining securities at the London Stock Exchange.

My Dear Sir:—Don't waste your time and money on useless remedies for indigestion. Try Adams' Tutti Frutti Gum. It will put you right.

Against American Tontine Societies.

Vienna, March 10.—New regulations exercising a severe control over assurance societies doing business in Austria-Hungary have been published. Included in the new regulations is a measure against American tontine societies.

Cook's Turkish Baths, 204 King W., ev'g. 50c

Three Thousand a Day.

Dunlop is now cutting from his 20,000 rose trees nearly 3000 roses a day. They are delivered at his Yonge and King-street stores three times every day. d

Fetherstonhaugh & Co., patent solicitors and experts, Bank Commerce Building, Toronto