

Dineen's Fur Selling Event



There is always a reason for every bargain at Dineen's. For the past week we have been selling at greatly reduced prices to quicken selling and convert what we consider an overstock into ready money. Very superior values are offered in sets of Black Fox, Persian Lamb, Mink, Pointed Fox, Moleskin, Marmot, Hudson Seal, Raccoon.

Selected glossy, close curl Persian Lamb coats, 36 to 38 inches. Unquestionable value for \$300. **\$250.**

Reduced to..... **\$250.**

Full length Hudson Cooney coats, plain, stylish, and strikingly **\$98.**

Trimmed Hudson Cooney coats, with black sable **\$125.**

Stylish short length near seal **\$22.50 to \$30.**

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W. & D. Dineen Company
Manufacturing Furriers
Established 1864
140 Yonge St. - Cor. Temperance

BERLIN TO HAVE FURNITURE SHOW

Thirteen Towns Will Be Represented at the Second Annual Exhibit Opening on Monday.

BERLIN, Ont., Jan. 9.—(Special.)—The second annual furniture exhibition will be held in the market buildings here, opening next Monday, and will continue for five days. It promises to be a successful one, as up to date forty-one manufacturers from thirteen furniture towns will exhibit. There are eighteen from Berlin, five from Waterloo and eighteen from outside points, including five from Toronto and others from Hespeler, Elora, Durham, Lucknow, Goderich, New Hamburg, Woodstock, Elmira, Preston and Mull.

On the evening of Thursday, the 10th, there will be a banquet tendered to the buyers and exhibitors. It is hoped that the exhibition will lead to an annual event and a permanent furniture men's building, for which several sites are available.

There is a movement on foot here to have a special factory inspector appointed for Waterloo County only to look after the varied interests of employer and employee in the three hundred factories in the county with headquarters at Berlin.

BROWN COMMITTED TO TOMBS.

NEW YORK, Jan. 9.—(Can. Press.)—Frederick Brown, who is wanted in Montreal on a charge of transferring and concealing his assets with intent to defraud his creditors in bankruptcy and of having by false pretences obtained \$1000 from the Bank of Montreal, was committed to the Tombs prison today to await examination in extradition proceedings on Jan. 17.

3rd Instalment of Correct Answers In The Toronto World's GREAT PROVERB CONTEST

The examining and checking of the Proverb sets submitted in The Toronto World's Proverb Contest was begun on Monday last, and the work is progressing rapidly. During the examination of the Proverbs The World will publish, each day, instalments of the correct Proverb answers. The third instalment is published today.

CORRECT PROVERB ANSWERS Nine to Twelve.

9. Jack-of-all-trades and master of none. —Pg. 61
10. When poverty comes in at the door love leaps out at the window. —Pg. 48
11. He burns his candle at both ends. —Pg. 20
12. Straws show which way the wind blows. —Pg. 45

The fourth instalment of correct answers will appear in tomorrow's World, and contestants who desire to compare the correct answers with their duplicate copies must

Watch The World Closely

SWEEPING TARIFF REDUCTION IN U.S.

Every Article Should Be Subject to Competition, Is the View of Democratic Leader Underwood.

TALK OF CAMERA TRUST

Earthenware and Glassware Schedules Up For Consideration — England Supplies Only Competition.

WASHINGTON, Jan. 9.—(Can. Press.)—"I would like to see a competitive tariff all along the line," announced Chairman Underwood of the ways and means committee, Democratic leader of the house, at the final hearing on the earth, earthenware and glassware schedules today.

Mr. Underwood has been hearing arguments aimed at securing a lowering of the tariff of 55 and 60 per cent. to 40 and 45 per cent. on china, earthenware, porcelain, stone and crockery ware.

He looks to me, Mr. Underwood continued, "as if schedules 58 and 59 are more competitive than most of the paragraphs we have dealt with. That is my judgment, subject to reservation. If any information is brought out that might develop to the contrary."

Disagreed With Importers. This view was radically divergent from the presentation of the importers' case by Mr. S. Pitcairn of New York City, whose protest against the "exorbitance of the present tariff," and portrayal of the details of the business of bringing in English and other earthenware and other products led to sharp colloquies with Representative Payne of New York and Longworth of Ohio.

Mr. Pitcairn said that under the present tariff the whole attitude of those at present responsible for the leadership and management of the Republican party shows that it would be fully in a position to combine with them.

Replies to Taft. Mr. Roosevelt referred to a recent speech by President Taft, in which he said that the result of the Chicago convention was "a triumph for the permanence of Republican institutions."

Mr. Roosevelt then reviewed the elections in Arizona, Michigan, Indiana, Washington, California and some other states where the Progressives received heavy votes, and added: "The triumph for the permanence of Republican institutions of which Mr. Taft speaks is the triumph of fraud and theft, and it was rebuked by the figures given in the various districts in which it was perpetrated."

"Until the managers of the Republican party learn that fraud and swindling the people and imposing the will of the bosses, when they decide by a two-to-one majority at the primaries in the reverse way, is not the method in which to achieve the triumph of the permanence of Republican institutions, it is idle to discuss getting together with them."

Mr. Roosevelt then stated that Mr. Taft asserted that the Republican party "shows that under the present management of the party they cannot be trusted not to cheat, not to swindle."

Mr. Pitcairn said that 90 per cent. of the import of earthenware was English. "Eliminate the English earthenware," he contended, "and you will have no competition in earthenware in this country." He suggested a 25 and 30 per cent. ad valorem on these products and changes in the classification.

Mr. Pitcairn said he had heard of undervaluations at New York, but knew nothing of them, that he had no knowledge of any association of French importers, and that the importers had to sell their goods here at 50 per cent. higher prices than American products. Several other importers of other products urged lower tariffs, while retention of the present rates was the slogan of representatives of American manufacturers.

J. N. Neenan of Cleveland, president of an association of window-glass workers, pleaded for the present tariff protection on window-glass to guard against the Belgian products. He told of conditions among Belgian workmen have to sign. Some of the committee were true. The importers were sent to Washington by the National Window-Glass Association, the employees, but he came at the expense of his workmen's organization.

"The association didn't pay your expenses," he was asked. "Absolutely not," he replied. "The association in this country was made in the testimony of William O. and G. C. Genet, New York City, who contended that the Eastman Kodak Company controlled seven-eighths of the business in every branch of the industry in this country. William O. Genet said that present companies here could not successfully compete with the Eastman Company."

"Would the removal of the 45 per cent. duty open the American market to the foreign commerce?" asked Representative Harrison of New York. "It would enable us to compete," said the witness. "The profits of the Eastman Company are enormous. It is not hard to see how the people at the point at which it could not afford to sell a camera at a profit."

The witness said that putting cameras on the free list would benefit everybody.

The coupon below must be presented with each order. See announcement on page 2.

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ROOSEVELT AGAINST FUSION WITH G.O.P.

Progressives Have No More in Common With Republicans Than Democrats, He Replies to Munsey.

NEW YORK, Jan. 9.—(Can. Press.)—Theodore Roosevelt replied today to a proposal advanced by Frank A. Munsey yesterday to bring the Progressives and Republican parties together. He said:

"I am simply speaking as one of the men in the ranks of the Progressive party. Personally, I strongly feel that we should no more enter into a combination with the Republican machine than with the Democratic machine. I firmly believe that all good Progressives, who may happen yet to assume to either the Republican party or the Democratic party will in the end see a chance for their government, and the practical achievement of social and political reforms, only in the Progressive party."

"We welcome all honest men who believe in our principles. If they come in with us they shall have exactly the share that any other people have in the party management. I hold that we are under the same obligations to ex-Democrats as to any ex-Republicans."

To my mind, the whole attitude of those at present responsible for the leadership and management of the Republican party shows that it would be fully in a position to combine with them."

Mr. Roosevelt then reviewed the elections in Arizona, Michigan, Indiana, Washington, California and some other states where the Progressives received heavy votes, and added: "The triumph for the permanence of Republican institutions of which Mr. Taft speaks is the triumph of fraud and theft, and it was rebuked by the figures given in the various districts in which it was perpetrated."

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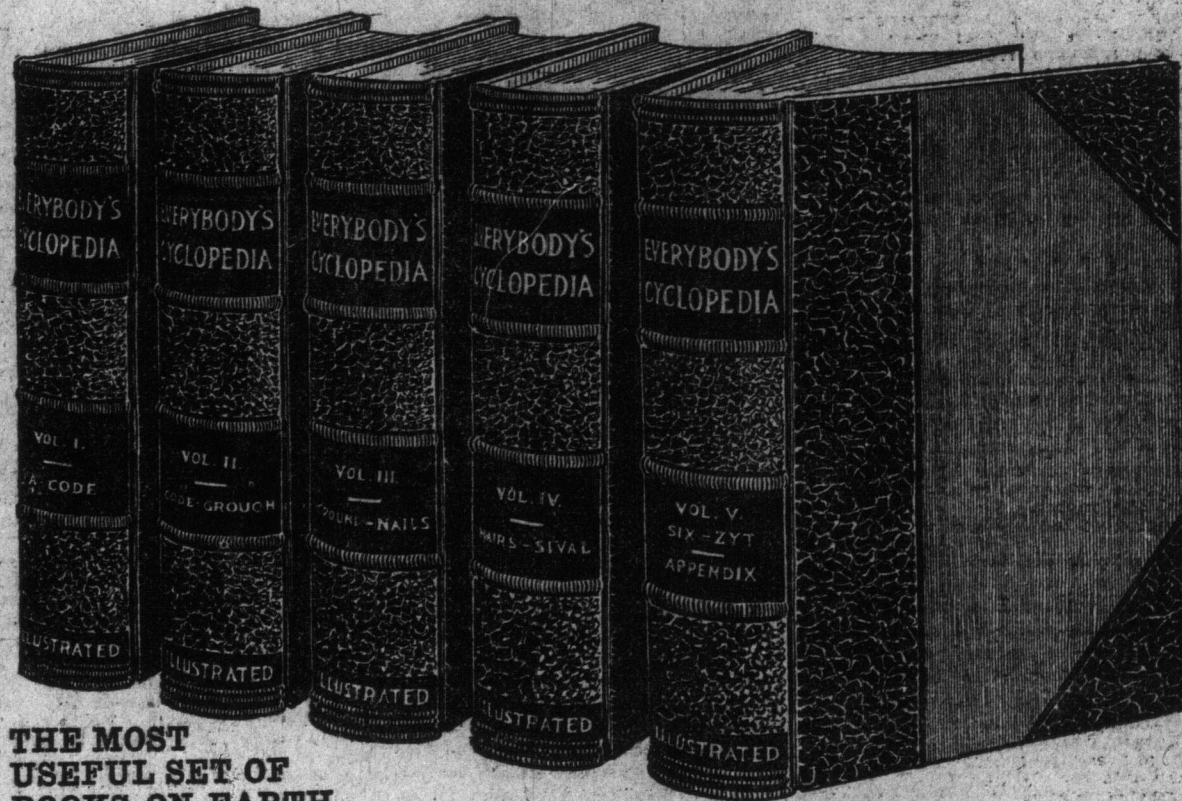
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THE TORONTO WORLD

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SALESMEN'S CONVENTION.

In accordance with their usual custom, the annual convention of the salesmen of the E. W. Gillett Company, Limited, is being held at the head office of the company during the present week.

Representatives from every province and also Newfoundland, numbering about forty, are in attendance. For the purpose of mutual advantage and to further the interests of the company, the representatives of the company have their own organization and follow out a pre-arranged program at each of their annual conventions. Matters of general interest in connection with their work is discussed at regular sessions, which are held both morning and afternoon.

The following have been elected for the next annual convention to be held in January, 1914: Chairman, J. W. Powell; vice chairman, A. E. Pott; secretary, J. E. Holden; Messrs. J. E. Holden, William Menzies and S. D. White.

The conventions are always interspersed with attendance at the local theatres as guests of the company. After the performance at the Hotel Theatre last evening a banquet was given by the company at the Hotel Mossop. After the cravings of the inner man had been amply satisfied and the remnants of the fray removed, William Doble, the president of the company, proposed the toast to the king, which was enthusiastically received and which brought forth a strong volume of almost melody. From the toasts and speeches which followed a strong feeling of fellowship and loyalty to the company was evidenced.

At the close of a very pleasant evening they all clasped hands, and the familiar strains of "Auld Lang Syne" floated out on the still night to the wonderment of the late wayfarers.

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Largest, best-appointed and most centrally located. \$3 and up per day. American plan.

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Two first-class non-union working stove plate moulders for apprentice instructors. Highest wages paid and steady work. Apply D. Moore Co., Limited, Hamilton.

OTHER GENEROUS GIFTS.

King Edward Memorial Fund Grows Daily and Should Soon Reach the Million Dollar Mark.

Contributions to the King Edward Memorial Fund received by the National Sanitarium Association yesterday include \$1000 from Purdy, Mansell, Limited, Toronto, and \$500 from Mr. John Northway, Jr. This follows a cheque of \$2000 already contributed by Mr. John Northway, the father. Fifty dollars comes from a friend who does not wish his name published. He says: "This amount is sent in generous remembrance of the many kindnesses shown my daughter who had been a patient in the Muskoka Sanitarium by the nurses of that institution."

TO ABOLISH ICEBERGS.

Jetty Across Grand Banks of Newfoundland Proposed.

NEW YORK, Jan. 9.—(Can. Press.)—A plan for abolishing icebergs is to be laid before congress. The New York board of trade and transportation announces its endorsement of a bill which Congressman Calder of Brooklyn will submit at Washington, calling for a government commission

\$1,000 REWARD

For information that will lead to the discovery of whereabouts of the person or persons suffering from Nervous Debility, Fits, Skin Disease, Blood Poison, Genito Urinary Troubles, and Chronic or Special Complaints that cannot be cured at The Ontario Medical Institute, 233-265 Yonge Street, Toronto.

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Hotel Cecil, Hamilton, last Saturday of month.

to study the feasibility of constructing a huge jetty across the Grand Banks of Newfoundland.

The idea, at which the members of the board were at first inclined to leer, but later adopted, was explained by its originator, C. L. Ricker, a Brooklyn engineer.

Mr. Ricker declared that, however wild this project might seem at first, it had received the endorsement of many engineers, and even the United States Hydrographic Office, had considered it feasible. He estimated the cost at \$20,000,000.