and relief also presents itself, viz: the want of a House of Industry. In a climate where for 6 months of the year, the want of shelter must endanger life, it is no little reproach to the laws, that their violation holds out to many, the only means of obtaining subsistence. It has already been stated, that no less than 235 of the committals in the 12 months referred to, were of this class, and it is hoped no more need be said to recommend the following resolutions and scheme of the establishment of a House of Industry to public and legislative support.

At a Special General Meeting of the Committee of Management of the Jail Association, held at Quebec, a

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on the 3d May, 1832.

It was Resolved—That it is highly expedient to establish a House of Industry, to receive and employ indigent persons who are able to work, but cannot obtain employment, and who are in consequence now compelled in great numbers to seek for support by

begging from door to door.

2. That an attempt should be made to obtain a suitable building, for which purpose it is believed that a sum of £600 would suffice, which, it is hoped might be raised by voluntary contribution in shares of £10 or £12 10 each. But that in the mean time, and for the purpose of establishing the practicability of the undertaking, a suitable house should be rented in an open airy situation in the Suburbs, in which poor people, and especially Emigrants and their wives or widows, may be supplied with work during the ensuing summer and winter.

3. That for the supply of materials and the immediate support of such an establishment (whether a house be erected or hired) reliance can only, in the first

instance be placed in voluntary contributions.

4. That an address and scheme for such an establishment be drawn up and circulated by the Jail Association, with their earnest recommendation to the attention of their fellow citizens to obtain subscriptions