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Sorus (plu. sori) (Gr. σωρός, a heap or cluster), the clusters of fruit in the POLYPODIACEÆ.

Spatulate (Lat. spatula, a little spoon), shaped like a spatula.

Species, 43.—How to determine, 68. Specific Names, 41.

Spermaphyta (Gr. σπέρμα, a seed and φυτόκ, a plant), 50.-Literature of, 59.

Spinulose (Lat. spina, a thorn), thorny.

Spleenwort. Vide Asplenium.

Sporangium (plu. sporangia) (Gr. σπορός, a seed, and άγγος, a vessel), the case or capsule enclosing the

Spore (Gr. σπορός, a seed), the fruit of the higher cryptogams, produced asexually, 10, 18.

Sporocarp (Gr. σπορός, seed, and καρπός, fruit), the fruit-bearing receptacle in Marsilia, etc.

Squamous (Lat. squama, a scale), with appressed scales.

Stellate (Lat. stella, a star), starshaped.

Stipe (Lat. stipes, a stock), the stem of a frond, 8, 25.

Stoma (plu. stomata) (Gr. a mouth), the breathing pores of plants, 26, 33.

Stramineous (Lat. stramen straw), straw-colored.

Vide Ono-Struthiopteris. clea.

Sub- (as a prefix), about, nearly, somewhat.

Sub-Orders, 44.

Subulate (Lat. subula, a shoemaker's awl), awl-shaped.

Superior, higher, applied to indusia that are attached above the sorus as in Aspidium.

Synonymy, 43.

Tænitis, 88; also 6, 13, 76.

Ternate (Lat. terni, three each), branching into three nearly equal divisions.

Tertiary Age, Pteridophytes of,

Thallophyte (Gr. θαλλός, a young shoot, and φυτόν, a plant), a group of plants including the lichens, fungi, and algæ.

Thalloid (Gr. θαλλός, a young shoot, and eilos, form), having the form of a thallus, i.e., no leafy axis.

Thalloid Phase, 19.

Tissues, 24.

Tissue Systems, 25.

Tomentose (Lat. tomentum, a stuffing of wool), covered with matted woolly hairs.

Tomentum (Lat. a stuffing of wool), the dense matted woolly hair found on some ferns as many species of Cheilanthes.

Tri- (Lat. tris, three), (as a prefix) three, thrice.

Tribes, 44.

Trichomanes, 122; also 6, 11, 17,

Trichomes (Gr. θρίξ, hair), hairs, variously modified as scales, indusia, sporangia, etc., produced from the epidermal cells, 26.

Triquetrous (Lat. triquetrus), three-angled.

Truncate (Lat. truncare, to cut short), cut off abruptly.

Tufted, growing in clusters.

Undulate (Lat. undula, a little wave), wavy-margined.

Uredineæ, 50.-Literature of, 55.

Vallecuia (plu. vallecula), the grooves on the stems of Equisetum.

Variation among species, 2.

Varieties, 44.

Vascular (Lat. vasculum, diminutive of vas, a vessel), containing vessels, as ducts, etc.

Velum (Lat. a curtain), the membranous margin of the fovea in Isoëtes.

Venation (Lat. vena, a vein), the veining of the frond, 10.