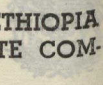


CANADA



**EXCHANGE OF NOTES (JUNE 3, 1955) BETWEEN CANADA AND ETHIOPIA
CONSTITUTING A COMMERCIAL MODUS VIVENDI TO REGULATE COM-
MERCIAL RELATIONS BETWEEN THE TWO COUNTRIES.**

I

*The Canadian Government Trade Commissioner to the
Vice Minister of Foreign Affairs of Ethiopia.*

TRADE

ADDIS ABABA, June 3rd, 1955.

EXCELLENCY,

Agreement between CANADA

I have the honour to inform Your Excellency that, with a view to strengthening the trading relations between our two countries, I have been authorized by the Government of Canada to conclude the following commercial Modus Vivendi to regulate commercial relations between Canada and the Empire of Ethiopia.

ARTICLE I

Signed at Addis Ababa June 3, 1955

Articles, the growth, produce or manufacture of either country imported in the other shall in no case be subject in matters concerning customs duties and subsidiary charges, or as regards the methods of levying such duties and the rules and formalities connected with importation and with respect to the laws and regulations affecting the taxation, sale, distribution or use of imported goods, to any duties, taxes or charges other or higher, or to any rules or formalities other or more burdensome than those to which the like articles the growth, produce or manufacture of any third foreign country are or may hereafter be subject.

ARTICLE II

COMMERCE

The advantages now accorded, or which may hereafter be accorded by Canada, exclusively to members of the British Commonwealth of Nations, including their dependent overseas territories, and to the Republic of Ireland shall be excepted from the operation of this agreement.

ARTICLE III

Intervenu par Ech. Notes

Each country undertakes not to establish discriminatory practices with respect to the products of the other country in the application of any import or exchange restrictions which it may impose, except for the purpose of safeguarding its external financial position and balance of payments.

Should either country, under the exception provided above, impose discriminatory import and exchange restrictions, such restrictions shall be applied in such a way:

- (a) as to avoid unnecessary damage to the commercial economic interests of the other country;
 - (b) as not to result, directly or indirectly, in discrimination as between countries whose currencies are or become convertible into dollars.
- Price: 35 cents