

riculum. Surgical pathology is a delightful study, and every one ought to be up to date in its newest and latest advances. For this purpose we can recommend no better work, which reflects unusual credit upon its eminent and talented author. The old appendix has been eliminated and a new one added. The aim of the author in this has been to present in a practical manner the resources of surgical pathology. "In addition to an enumeration of the scientific aids to surgical diagnosis, there is presented a series of sections on what may be termed regional bacteriology," and in this is given the general principles of treating the affections as well as the flora of the affected parts, which produce these affections. Altogether, the work will meet with the demand its merits deserve.

Progressive Medicine—Volume I., 1900. A Quarterly Digest of Advances, Discoveries and Improvements in the Medical and Surgical Sciences. Edited by HOBART AMORY HARE, M.D., Professor of Therapeutics and Materia Medica in Jefferson Medical College of Philadelphia. Octavo, handsomely bound in cloth, 404 pages, 36 engravings and a colored plate. Philadelphia and New York: Lea Brothers & Co. Issued quarterly. Price, \$10.00 per year.

A year's experience with "Progressive Medicine" seems to show that no more helpful enterprise has ever been presented to the medical profession. Useful as Year Books have been, this publication eliminates their faults by presenting its matter in a digested and readily assimilable narrative form.

As in the older method, every available source is culled for material, but in *Progressive Medicine* only the gist is given, and statements are modified, weighed, and their true value suggested by the author in charge of each department.

The scheme of *Progressive Medicine* as carried out last year has proved to be so excellent that no material alteration has this year been found necessary. In a few minor matters some changes have been made, for instance, greater attention has been paid to Therapeutics—prescriptions have been quoted when necessary, etc.

It may be invidious to refer to special portions of the present volume (Vol. I., March, 1900), but the reader will not fail to be struck with the excellence of Dr. DaCosta's references to diseases of the mammary gland (page 67); Dr. Packard's careful investigation into serum-therapy in diphtheria, and his authoritative