clory, in Christ crucified; and to cherish in do not permit him (or her) to hunger any longer; the Canticle of Canticles; shewing the powerful our hearts its remembrance; the priest signs the of the cross, saying: Receive the sign of the cross, on thy forehead, and in thy heart. Take to thee the faith of the heavenly precepts; and be such in thy morals, as to be able now to be the temple of God.

The prayers, which are addressed only to God, are in latin; and all for the same sanctitying purpose. Indeed, to prevent in the administration of the sacrament the possibility of altering the sense church, as it is directed to God alone, is every where preserved unchangeably the same in the Catholic, or universal and unchangeable language, the latin. However, for the satisfaction of those who understand not that language, we shall give these prayers translated into English.

After the ceremony just mentioned, the priest says: Let as pray; for in all her solemn prayers 'he church supposes her children to join in suppliation to their common heavenly father.

"We beseech thee, O Lord, graciously to hear ear prayers; and by thy continual protection guard this, thy elect, (N.) signed with the sign of the gross of our Lord: that observing the rudiments that is, the beginnings,) of the greatness of thy g'ory, by keeping thy commandments; he (or she) may deserve to attain to the glory of regeneration; 'hrough Christ our Lord." Auswer, amen.

Then laying his hand on the head of the Neophyte, he says:

Let us pray .- Almighty and eternal God, father of our Lord Jesus Christ, vouchsafe to behold this thy servant (N.) whom thou wast pleased to all to the rudiments of faith; take from him(or her) al blindness of heart. Break all the bands of satan ...herewith he(or she) was tied: open to him(or her) the gate of thy mercy: that being endowed with he sign of thy wisdom, he (or she) may be free from he guilt of all concupisences and, follow the weet odour of thy precepts, may joyfully serve thee n thy church; and daily increase in perfection; hrough Christ our Lord."-Amen.

He then puts some particles of blessed salt into he mouth of the Neophyte, with these words:

"(N.) receive the salt of wisdom, May it be to thee a propitiation unto life everlasting." Amen. The salt of wisdom, is the virtue of christian prudence, which preserves us, and others by our example, from the corruption of sin. For it is the property of salt to preserve substances from corruption. In this sense did our Saviour say to his apostles and disciples: ye are the salt of the earth. Without that salt, we cannot be preserved uncorrupted unto life everlasting; much less can we so, by our example, preserve others.

Then he adds : "peace be with thee!" Answer, 'and with thy spirit!" For the peace of the Saviour is the portion of those who have this salt.

The prayer that follows is:

"O God the author of all truth! we humbly be-

are heneforth as christians, and like Saint Paul. toll servant (N.) and tasting this salt, the first food : | tity. This is an emblematical expression used in so as not to be replenished with heavenly food; enticements of grace: draw me, and I will run Neophyte on the forchead and breast with the sign to the end that he (or she) may always be lervent after the odour of thine ointments. "But thou be in spirit; joyful in hope; always obedient to thy gone, O devil; for the judgment of God is at name! Bring him, (or her) O Lord, we beseech hand." thee, to the laver of regeneration; that, with thy faithful, he (or she) may deserte the eternal re- self, or by the molithe of his sponsor: (N.) " Dost wards, which thou hast promised: through Christ thou renounce satan? Ans. I renounce him." our Lord. Amen."

The priest then commands, in the name of the living God, father, son and holy ghost, the devil to in translation, the whole liturgy of the Catholic be gone, and give up all his claim to the human creature, about to be baptized; and who, till baptized, is justly under his dominion, as an unregenerated child of the sintul Adam; but whom our God and Lord Jesus Christ has designed to call to his holy grace, benediction and the baptismal font. "And this sign, says he, of the holy cross, (signing it on the Neophyte's forchead) dure thou not to violate, O wicked spirit, through Christ our Lord.

> Then, laying his hand on the head of the Neophyte, the priest prays thus:

> "O Lord, most holy Father Almighty, eternal God; the author of light and truth: I besecch thy eternal and most just piety in behalf of this thy servant, (N.) that thou would'st vouchsafe to enlighten him(or her) with the light of thy understand ing. Cleanse and sanctify him, (or her) give him (her) true knowledge; that, being made worthy of thy baptism, he (or she) may persevere in firm hope, righteous council, and holy doctrine, through Christ our Lord .-- Amen."

> The priest then lays upon the one to be baptized the extremity of his stole: (the distinctive ornament of the priestly office) and with it introduces him (or he linto the church, saying: "enter into the church of God; that thou mayest have part with Christ unto life everlasting." This is the first connection that takes place between the church of Christ, represented by her minister, (the redeemers legitimate deputy;) and the carnal child of Adam: on thus entering the church, the Neophyte repeats, or the god-father and god-mother in his name, repeat first the apostle's creed; for that is the sum of the faith of the church, into which the one to be baptized, is admitted a member: then the Lord's prayer, to shew, that on our becoming a christian, we can then, and not till then, call God our Father, who art in heaven; or address him as his children.

The priest then adjures the unclean spirit in the name of God the Father Almighty; in the name of Jesus Christ, his Son, our Lord and judge; and in the virtue of the holy ghost, to depart from (N.) the creature of God, which our Lord has designed to call to become the temple of the living God; that the Holy Ghost may dwell in it.-Amen.

Neophyte with his spittle; (a ceremony partly used by Christ himself, when he healed the deaf and dumb; which every one is, in the spiritual and dumb; which every one is, in the spiritual Mext a lighted candle is given him, or those, sense, till baptized) repeating the very word of who represent him, with these words: "receive

Then the Neophyte is asked, and answers him-

"And all his works? Ans. I renounce them." "And all his pomps? Ans. I renounce them."

This indicates that the acceptance of the Redeemer's covenant of mercy; and the renounciation of our vassalage to Satan, under which we had fallen by our sinful and voluntary obedience to him, rather than to God, our creator and rightful Lord; must be equally free and voluntary, when we come to the use of reason, and capable of judging for ourselves; and on this condition is the saving grace imparted to us; signified, as we have abundantly shown, by the blessed oil, with which the priest then anoints the Neophyte on the breast and between the shoulders; saying: "I anoint thee with the oil of salvation in Christ Jesus our Lord, that thou mayest have eternal life."

On the breust, to signify that the divine grace may soften and make pliant our heart and will to the will of God; and on the shoulders, that he may strengthen us to bear manfully on our neck and shoulders the yoke and cross of Christ; and follow him through passing tribulation to eternal bliss.

After this the Neophyte is particularly asked thus, if he believes the chief articles of the christian faith: "Dost thou believe in God, the Father Almighty, creator of heaven and earth? Ans. I believe." "Dost thou believe in Jesus Christ, his only son, our Lord; who was born and suffered tor us? Ans. I believe. "Dost thou believe in the holy ghost; the holy Catholic church; the communion of saints; the forgiveness of sins; the resurrection of the body, and life everlasting? Ans. I believe." "(N.) wilt thou be baptized? Ans. I will." For baptism, like all the other benefits of Christ's dispensation, must be ficely sought for; not forced upon any.

Then is he baptized in the manner already described.

The preparatory ceremonies just detailed, shew what he is to become by baptism; the subsequent ones what by it he is now become: a royal heir of God, the king of kings; and therefore, during the recital of the following prayer, is he anointed on the head by the priest with the holy chrism; the same as that with which sovereigns are anointed; and bishops consecrated. "The Almighty God, Father of our Lord Jesus Christ; who has regenera ted thee by water and the holy ghost; John iii. 5, and who has given thee the remission of all thy sins: may be anoint thee with the chrism of salva-Ans. And with thy spirit,"

A white liner --tion in the same Jesus Christ, our Lord, unto life everlasting. Amen." "Peace be with thee!—

A white linen robe, or covering is then put over He then touches the ears and nostrils of the the newly baptized, as an emblem of his spoiless innocence; which he is desired to carry unstained before the tribunal of our Lord Jesus Christ, that he may have life everlasting. Amen.!

esech thee, graciously vouchafe to behold this thy Christ: Er ara, be opened: in the odopr of sone- this burning light; and keep thy baptism without