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THIRTEENTH YEAR. MONDAY MORNING, JULY 18 1892 ONE CENT.

HODGE AND MR. GLADSTONE.

THE TWO HEROES OF THE HOUR IN BRITAIN FOR THE NONCE.

Mr. Gladstone's Majority—Forecasting the Work of the New Parliament—The House of Lords Expected to Reject Any Home Rule Measure—The Vote in Midlothian.

[G. W. Smalley's cable to N. Y. Sunday Tribune.]

LONDON, July 16.—There has been a very considerable change of scene since the end of last week. The English boroughs had been declared by a large majority for Lord Salisbury and Union; and, though it was not believed that this preponderance could be maintained, the best judges on both sides still thought that the final majority for Mr. Gladstone and Home Rule would be small. It now promises to be towards 50, the actual known majority this morning being 40. The ancient antagonism between the counties and the boroughs has once more declared itself. The counties have in one sense reversed the verdict of the boroughs. In other words, though Mr. Gladstone has gained not many more seats in the counties than he did in the boroughs, he has gained enough to insure him, when they are combined with the seats held and gained elsewhere, an actual numerical majority in the new House of Commons. The net Gladstonian gains in the English counties up to this morning are no less than 29. The net gain in the English boroughs was 24. The total net Gladstonian gains are 53. The Unionist majority in England, including counties and boroughs, is 75. The Gladstonian majority in Wales is 20; in Scotland 29; the Unionist majority in the whole of Great Britain, 26; the Home Rule majority in Ireland, 46. These figures bring out clearly the true nature of the contest and its result. Ireland gives the casting vote in her own favor, which she has a clear constitutional right to do. The total votes throughout the Kingdom thus far show an anti-Unionist majority of nearly 200,000 votes. This would perhaps disappear if the votes in uncontested constituencies should be counted.

No feature in the election is more remarkable than the vitality of those Liberal-Unionists who were to have been extinguished. They now number 43.

Liberal-Unionist Vitality.

The returns for the House as a whole are now in for all but 22 seats. Not more than six of the remaining seats are thought doubtful. It is, therefore, possible to consider the general result of the election as pretty well settled. It is settled in Ireland also, where the anti-Parnellites have made good their predictions and beaten the Parnellites handsomely. They stand 59 to 8. The changes in Ireland, Scotland and Wales during the week have not been numerous. They would not of themselves have given Mr. Gladstone a majority. His return to office is, having regard to the state of matters last Saturday, the work of the agricultural laborer. It is Hodge who has made him for the fourth time Prime Minister. It is the bucolic constituencies which have overruled the urban. The plowman and the hedger are for the moment the arbiters of the destinies of Great Britain. The two heroes of the hour are Hodge and Mr. Gladstone. Neither could have won without the other. It is not alleged that Hodge knows or cares much about Home Rule. He has builded better than he knew; or, as the Unionists think, worse.

Wholly Dependent on Irish Support.

The net result of this long struggle is, as shown above, to leave Mr. Gladstone wholly dependent on Irish support.

The coming bill must now be such as Archbishop Walsh and the other real leaders of the Irish Home Rulers will accept. Should he agree with them upon the main lines of it, even then his difficulties will only have begun. He cannot now hope to be absolute master in his own house. Never was a more heterogeneous majority than that which will group itself around and behind him. The Irish themselves will accept no party nor personal label. They are not Liberals and they are not Gladstonians. They are Irish. It is not to be supposed that the two wings, Parnellite and anti-Parnellite, which are just emerging from the fires of a hot contest, will act cordially together. Each will act with reference to what it believes to be the interests of Ireland. The beliefs of the two sections are considerably divergent. Neither can afford to be outbid by the other. Supposing they agree, there remain other elements of the majority to be considered. The 7 Labor members, now numbering seven, admittedly put labor before Home Rule, and their numerical strength in the House of Commons bears no proportion to their real strength in the country. They do not think that they have been fairly treated. Some of them are hostile to Mr. Gladstone, Mr. John Burns most of all. Their demands for immediate attention will be peremptory.

The Scotch and Welsh Supporters.

A great portion of Mr. Gladstone's most zealous followers are Scotch and Welsh. Among both these are symptoms, not of revolt, but of discontent, at the probable order in which the great questions will be taken. Both are keen for disestablishment. There was, indeed, an actual Welsh revolt against Mr. Gladstone's authority last session, and the leader of that revolt is again elected. The London Progressives have an equally clear view of the urgent necessity of municipal reform, and first of all giving a free hand to the London County Council. Lastly, there is Hodge and the large number of county members who owe their seats to him, in virtue of very express and sweeping pledges on rural, economical and social questions.

All these sections have to be satisfied, and behind all is a great body of settled English opinion which still regards any scheme for a Dublin Parliament with unaltered and unalterable hostility. Whatever Mr. Gladstone may propose the Unionists will refuse to accept, and the Unionists will be a compact body well led, numbering more than 300 in a House of 670 members. In no conceivable event will it be an easy matter to force any Home Rule Bill whatever through the House of Commons, in the face of such an opposition. Nobody can have forgotten what happened in 1886. Mr. Gladstone's Home Rule scheme was wrecked before it came to a vote on the second reading. The land-purchase half of it melted away under the hot breath of almost universal detestation. Now, as then, members have to reckon with their constituents; and if anything in the long-drawn agony of these elections be plain, it is that with a large proportion of Gladstonian constituents, it is not Home Rule which holds the first place in their affections. That is what the Unionists will urge, and that is the view on which the House of Lords are almost certain to act. It is pretty generally assumed that Mr. Gladstone will be able to carry some sort of a Home Rule bill through the Commons, and that the Lords will throw it out.

In view of the distribution of political forces which I have briefly indicated, you can judge for yourselves in America what the chances are in the Commons as to the Lords.

In Midlothian.

Mr. Gladstone, in a curt letter, "gratefully thanks" the electors of Midlothian for having chosen him for the sixth time, this time "under circumstances of special stress and difficulty," to be their representative in Parliament. He may well be grateful, for he stood upon the ragged edge of defeat. No incident of the whole election throughout the Kingdom has so much impressed the public as the narrowness of his majority and the extraordinary change in votes in Midlothian. He had in 1885 in round numbers 8000 votes, his opponent 3000. His total has now fallen to under 6000, his Unionist opponent's rising to over 5000. Mr. Gladstone's majority of nearly 5000 is reduced to under 700. Nobody seems to have expected so enormous a decrease. It was thought on both sides that his majority would be nearly or quite 3000. There are more reasons than one for this overturn. The Scotsman, once his supporter, now his opponent, but just as much as ever the leading journal of Scotland, said before the polling that in no campaign had any great party leader ever made so many melancholy mistakes. G. W. S.

A YOUNG BORGIA.

A 14-Year-Old Girl Poisons Four Small Children.

TONAWANDA, N. Y., July 17.—Ella Holdridge, a 14-year-old girl, is charged with having given several of her playmates Rough on Rats. A week ago the little daughter of Mr. and Mrs. Steiner was taken sick and died three hours later. It was then thought she had cholera morbus. Wednesday Mrs. Eggleston, who lives near by in Morgan-street, went to Buffalo, leaving her little girls, Susie, aged 10, and Jennie, aged 5, at home. Ella Holdridge came over to play with the children, and while there coaxed the children into the house and forced them to take the deadly poison, which she had mixed with chocolate. She told them it was good and her mamma used it in coffee. The children were very soon taken ill and Dr. Edmunds was sent for. He said they had been poisoned. The Holdridge girl was sent for and questioned. She finally confessed to have given them the poison. Mrs. Gallack's little boy is very ill and his recovery is doubtful. He, too, had been given the deadly poison.

ARRESTED FOR MURDER.

Two Jewish Peddlers Taken Into Custody at Montreal.

MONTREAL, July 17.—New York detectives to-day arrested in this city two Jewish peddlers named Charles Rosencrank and Harris Blank for the brutal murder of another peddler named Joseph Marks, near Towanda, Pa., on March 18 last. The murderers had been traced over half the continent. They have been remanded to Montreal jail to await extradition.

A Weird Ceremony.

CHICAGO, July 17. — A strange and weirdly dramatic scene was enacted last night on the south shore of Lake Michigan. At the base of a quiet ridge of glistening white sand near the water's edge there was lighted a funeral pyre, and all that was mortal of Morris Allen Collins, President of the Dallas (Tex.) Suicide Club was by his written request reduced to ashes. The Whitechapel club of this city had charge of the strange ceremony. The torch was applied to the pile of pitch-soaked wood at 10.50 o'clock and during the five hours that the body burned impressive ceremonies were performed, consisting of music, recitations and addresses. Collins committed suicide July 8 by shooting himself through the head on Madison-street. He left a letter to his closest friend, Honore Joseph Jackson, directing that his body be turned over to the Whitechapel Club for inceneration.

The Mansion House, Parry Sound.

The Mansion House, Parry Sound, has been reopened for tourists and the traveling public by Mr. W. F. Thomson, formerly of the Rosseau Hotel. The house is being entirely refurnished and has accommodation for a large number of guests. Mr. Thomson's reputation for keeping a first-class house will be sustained and every effort made to ensure visitors thorough comfort and enjoyment. Boats run daily from Midland and Penetanguishene through a district unsurpassed for beauty. Attentive porter and bus meet each boat to convey passengers and baggage to the hotel. Sportsmen can find abundance of game in this vicinity, and one visit will ensure a return to the Mansion House the following season.

Sea Serpent in Lake Erie.

TOLEDO, Ohio, July 17.—Early on Wednesday morning, while the schooner Madeline Dowing, on its way from Buffalo to this city, was passing the Danning, about 150 miles east of here, in Lake Erie, Captain Patrick Woods saw about half a mile ahead the waters of the lake lashed into a foam. Drawing near, to the surprise of the captain and all on board, a huge sea serpent wrestling about in the waters, as if fighting with an unseen enemy, was seen. It soon quieted down and lay at full length on the surface of the water. Captain Woods estimates it to be about 50 feet in length, and not less than 4 feet in circumference of body. Its head was projecting from the water about four feet. He says it was a terrible looking object. It had viciously sparkling eyes and a large head. Fins were plainly seen, seemingly sufficiently large to assist the snake in propelling itself through the water. The body was dark brown in color, which was uniform all along.

Passenger Boats On the Upper Lakes.

Enchanting as are the summer resorts within the boundaries of the Dominion, many of them would be of little use to us were it not for the admirable system of steamboat connection between these places and the centres of population. One of the most popular of these lines is the North Shore Navigation Company of Ontario. Its steamers are the City of Midland, City of London, Favorite and Manitou. A few days ago one of The World's Young Men was a passenger on one of these boats, the Manitou, and if the arrangements for the safety and comfort of passengers are the same on the other boats of this line too much praise can scarcely be extended. Captain T. A. Bassett and Purser D. McQuade were assiduous in their attention to the passengers, and The World's Young Man was sorry to part company with them. The boats of the North Shore Navigation Company sail from Collingwood, touching among other places at Meaford, Wiarton, Little Current, Gore Bay, Sault Ste. Marie, Parry Sound, French River and Midland.

A Big Reward for Train Robbers.

KANSAS CITY, Mo., July 16.—A despatch to The Times from Parsons, Kan., says that the officials of the Missouri, Kansas and Texas road have offered a reward of $40,000 for the arrest and conviction of the robbers who held up the train in the Indian Territory last night, and a reward of $5000 for the arrest and conviction of any one of them.

Eureka Cotton Garden Hose. It is the best. It is the best. Every length branded "Eureka." Toronto Rubber Co., 28 King-street west. e

Millions of feet sold! Of what? Of Eureka Cotton Garden Hose. Look for the brand "Eureka." Toronto Rubber Co., 28 King-street west.

"Eschnedragakerue" was the name which a bewildered reader found in the columns of an issue of The World. Upon investigation he found that it was Eureka Garden Hose spelt backwards. e

GLADSTONE MAY HAVE 40.

BUT EIGHTEEN SEATS MORE TO BE CONTESTED.

Justin McCarthy Re-Elected From Longford—Sir Wilfrid Lawson Returned—Home Rule to Be Expedited and Not Postponed for Other Measures—General Gossip of the Election.

Total members elected	652
Liberals	268
Anti-Parnellites	65
Parnellites	9—342
Conservatives	266
Liberal-Unionists	44—310
Liberal Majority to Date	32
Elections yet to be held	18

LONDON, July 17.—Six hundred and fifty two out of the 670 members who constitute the House of Commons have now been elected and the parties this evening stand as follows: Liberals 268, Anti-Parnellites 65, Parnellites 9, Conservatives 266, Liberal-Unionists 44.

Out of the 18 seats remaining to complete the House 14 are likely to fall to the Opposition and five to the Unionists. The House of Commons will thus finally consist of 315 Unionists, against 355 members of the Liberal sections. The motley composition of this majority as opposed to a compact body of Unionists does not dismay the official Liberals, who are confronting the fact that a considerable majority of the British members are still Unionists. They contend that Mr. Gladstone has the absolute right by law and precedent to carry his Home Rule measure by Irish votes alone.

The tone of the Liberal executive is entirely altered regarding the proposed delay in the Home Rule bill, probably inspired by communications they have received. They now assert that Mr. Gladstone will have the full approval of the party in expediting Home Rule.

McCarthy and Lawson Elected.

Justin McCarthy, the leader of the anti-Parnellites, who was defeated in Londonderry a few days ago, much to the delight of the Parnellites, was elected yesterday in the North Division of Longford, beating his Conservative opponent, J. M. Wilson, by a majority of 2468.

Sir Wilfrid Lawson, an advanced Radical, who favors the disestablishment of the church, the abolition of the House of Lords, and the doing away with standing armies, has been elected in the Cockermouth Division of Cumberland, which he lost in the election of 1885, by a majority of 10 votes, but which, standing as a Gladstonian Liberal, he carried in 1886. Sir Wilfrid is well known for his devotion to the temperance cause, and as leader of the United Kingdom Alliance. He has been in Parliament, off and on, since 1859. In March, 1864, he asked for permission to introduce the measure now so well known as the Permissive bill, the main principle of which was the giving to two-thirds of any parish or township an absolute vote upon all licenses for the sale of intoxicating liquors granted within their districts. This bill was supported by 40 members of the House. On June 18, 1880, Sir Wilfrid succeeded in carrying his "Local Option" resolution by a majority of 26.

Strong Temperance Following.

The new House will have 167 members pledged to local veto and Sunday closing—the strongest temperance party Parliament has ever seen. Mr. Woods, member for Ince Division of Lancashire, joins the Independent Liberals.

When Sir Charles Russell's early elevation to the bench occurs he will be succeeded in the Attorney-Generalship by Mr. Rigby and Mr. Herbert H. Asquith will become Solicitor-General.

The most important change in the inner administration of the Liberal party will be a clean sweep of the whip offices. The present whips, Arnold, Morley and Cyril Flower, will receive peerages. Herbert Gladstone will become chief whip.

The Country Will Not Tolerate Dilke.

A leading subject of gossip is the question whether Mr. Gladstone will venture to offer a seat in the cabinet to Sir Charles Dilke. In the face of almost inevitable elections in 1893, it is believed that he will not take this risk of offending the religious feeling of the country.

The Times says the country not will tolerate Dilke's admission to the cabinet.

When the result of the election in the Forest of Dean division was announced the supporters of Sir Charles Dilke wanted to place him in a chair and carry him in triumph to his hotel. Sir Charles refused to allow this, however, and an enthusiastic crowd escorted him to the hotel. Sir Charles' wife, her face beaming with smiles, met him on the steps, from which Sir Charles delivered an address, thanking his supporters.

A seat will be found for Lord Salisbury's son, Viscount Cranborne, in Kensington, by conferring a peerage on Sir Algernon Borthwick.

Davitt's Victory.

The Chronicle is jubilant over Davitt's victory. It says: "He is the only Irishman who recalls to us the touch of genius of personal magnetism which was so supremely attractive in Parnell. He and his Canadian colleague, Mr. Blake, will form invaluable lines between the Irish people and British democracy at home and abroad."

The Daily Telegraph's Navan correspondent states that Michael Davitt's victory in the North division of Meath, as an anti-Parnellite candidate, will not prevent the Parnellites from contesting the seat at the next election. He also says: "Parnellite resentment against the priests is growing in virulence. The statement is made that it would be well to collect and remit Peter's pence contributions direct to Rome instead of through priests."

Figuring on the Program.

All the cabinet ministers have been summoned to London for Thursday next.

Mr. Balfour, arriving in town yesterday, proceeded to Hatfield House to see Lord Salisbury.

Lord Salisbury went to Windsor to-day to meet the Duke of Devonshire, who has been staying at the castle for some time. Here he had a conference with Her Majesty and returned to London this evening accompanied by the Duke of Devonshire. It is expected that some developments of an unwonted character are impending. The Liberal leaders are prepared to take office immediately or await the defeat of the Government on the amendment to the address.

A conference of Mr. Gladstone and his colleagues is expected to take place on Thursday.

Regarding the coming crisis in Parliament a month must elapse before the actual business of the House begins. The swearing in of members takes a fortnight. Then the election of Speaker and of the chairman of committees proceeds, involving possibly a debate, and next comes the discussion of the amendment to the address in reply to speech from the throne. If this is followed by a change of Government, Gladstone may take a fortnight to form a ministry, a number of members of which may require re-election. The Liberals thus calculate that it will be October before the new Government can be called upon to present to Parliament its program. The import of this estimate of progress is that it is probable that Mr. Gladstone will not begin work of legislation in the winter session, but will postpone it until next spring.

GLADSTONE'S MINISTRY.

Harcourt Will Be Leader in the House of Commons.

LONDON, July 17.—Mr. Gladstone's first conference on the formation of the new Ministry occurred at Dalmeny Park, the residence of Lord Rosebery. Before he started for Braemar he summoned Mr. John Morley to meet Lord Rosebery and the Right Hon. Sir George O. Trevelyan. The deliberations proceeded on the understanding that Sir William Vernon Harcourt will be First Lord of the Treasury and Government leader in the House of Commons under Mr. Gladstone's direction, and that Henry Fowler will be Chancellor of the Exchequer.

The best informed Liberal forecasts of the Ministry assign Lord Herschel to be Lord Chancellor; Earl Spencer, Viceroy of Ireland; the Right Hon. George Shaw-Lefevre, Chief Secretary of Ireland; the Right Hon. George O. Trevelyan, Secretary of the Home Office; the Right Hon. Henry Campbell-Bannerman, Secretary of State for War; Lord Ripon, First Lord of the Admiralty; Mr. John Morley, Secretary of the Colonies; Lord Rosebery, Secretary of the Foreign Office; the Earl of Kimberley, President of the Council, and the Right Hon. A. J. Mundella, President of the Board of Trade, while Mr. Gladstone will take the sinecure of the Chancellorship of the Duchy of Lancaster. These constitute the Cabinet. The leading posts outside the Cabinet are assigned as follows: Mr. Francis A. Channing as President of the Board of Agriculture; Mr. Sydney C. Buxton, President of the Local Government Board; Mr. Henry Labouchere, Postmaster-General; Mr. William A. Hope, Secretary for Scotland; Sir Charles Russell, Attorney-General, and Mr. Rigby, Solicitor-General.

BALFOUR SPEAKS.

"Home Rule Is Not Likely to Be Passed in Our Time," He Says.

LONDON, July 17.—Mr. Balfour, in a speech at Glossop, said that to the various disasters to the Conservative cause that have recently occurred must be added the fact that the Separatists seem certain to obtain a majority in Parliament, but he did not think that this misfortune would bring serious evil to the cause of the Union.

The ejection of the present Government was in great measure due to the circulation of gross calumnies.

The fact that the Gladstonians had not secured the majority they expected showed that Home Rule was not acceptable to the mass of the nation.

He did not regard the present situation with alarm, except as regards foreign affairs. He had much misgiving as to the course that would be taken in Egypt and in other parts of Africa.

He had no fear in regard to the Home Rule Bill for Ireland, "which," he said, "is not likely to be passed in our time."

He held that the Unionists would be strong enough to control the legislative folly of their successors.

MR. MORLEY TO BE OPPOSED.

Labor Will Run a Candidate Against Gladstone's Lieutenant.

LONDON, July 17.—At a meeting of the Labor party in Newcastle, Mr. Hardie said that it was the duty of Laborists to try their utmost to oust Mr. Morley in the event of his being selected to enter the Liberal Cabinet.

He proposed that Mr. Cunningham Grahame be chosen to contest the seat for which Mr. Morley would stand after his appointment to a Ministerial position.

A resolution was passed by the meeting to the effect that the Labor party would run a candidate in opposition to Mr. Morley.

An Election Row.

DUBLIN, July 18.—Two hundred persons, including a number of women, were arraigned at Limerick yesterday on a charge of throwing stones and wrecking houses during the election riots. During the proceedings a chairman of the sessions accused the Government of officially allowing Parnellite bands to play in the streets. A scene occurred between the chairman and the magistrate and the latter left the bench. Ultimately harmony was restored. A number of the prisoners were fined.

A Strange Gallows Scene.

ATLANTA, Ga., July 17.—Peter Daniels, a negro, was hung here yesterday for the murder of Silvia Lyle, his paramour, one year ago. The scene at the gallows was a remarkable one. Perhaps a 100 negroes were gathered around the scaffold and joined in singing weird plantation songs, led by the condemned negro. He protested his innocence of the crime until the end, but there is no doubt of his guilt. The evidence on which he was convicted was circumstantial. His paramour was shot down in the dark while in company with another negro, and Daniel's hat was found near by.

The Cave of the Winds.

This week marks the 58th anniversary of the discovery of the Cave of the Winds. The Cave of the Winds was discovered by Major S. M. N. Whitney of Niagara Falls, N.Y., on July 15, 1834. Major Whitney was the proprietor of the famous old Cataract hotel, and together with George Sims, now deceased, descended from Goat Island and crossed over to below Luna Island. They could not enter from the Goat Island side on account of the solid wall of rock, but in a roundabout way wandered into the present cave from the Luna Island side. Major Whitney has made the trip each year since, and, although an old man, still enjoys the excitement of the venture.

Try Goody-Goody Chewing Gum. You will like it and use it again.

Against Sunday Excursions in Kingston.

KINGSTON, Ont., July 17.—The Evangelical Alliance has laid information against the owners of certain steamers for infringing the law against leaving port on Sunday with excursion parties.

Pipe Smokers.

You may be satisfied with the brands of tobaccos you have been using for years. Grant it that you are satisfied. As there is always room for improvement, we ask you to try our OLD CHUM PLUG, or CUT smoking tobacco; we believe you will be BETTER satisfied. In any case a trial won't hurt you. 126

Killed His Brother.

CHARLOTTETOWN, P. E. I., July 17.—George and Arthur Carr, brothers, aged respectively 10 and 16, were out shooting with a rifle. George aimed at a dog, but shot his brother Arthur through the head, killing him instantly.

What this warm weather suggests is something that will boil the kettle, cook an egg, or fry a beefsteak in a hurry. Harvies kindling wood is just the thing. Try 6 crates for a dollar delivered c.o.d. Harvie & Co., 20 Sheppard-street. Tel. 1570. 136

Taps from the Telegraph.

Train No. 27 ran into a washout on the Northern Railroad about five miles south of Florence, N.C., last night. The news agent and a colored employe were killed.

The collision on the steamer Jim Wood with a natural gas main in the Ohio River, near East Liverpool, Saturday, resulted in an explosion which caused the death of the engineer and one deck hand and the injury of several others.

AN ISLAND WIPED OUT.

And all the Inhabitants, Comprising 12,000 Souls, Perish—Awful Results of a Volcanic Eruption.

LONDON, July 17.—The steamer Catterthun, which has arrived at Sydney, N.S.W., reports that when she touched at the Island of Timor there was a rumor current that the Island of Sangir in the Malay archipelago had been destroyed by a volcanic eruption and that the whole population, comprising 12,000 souls, had perished.

The Catterthun steamed for miles through masses of volcanic debris.

MANITOBA ELECTIONS.

Four of the Members Elected by Acclamation on Saturday.

WINNIPEG, Man., July 17.—Nominations for the Manitoba general elections took place on Saturday and polling will take place next Saturday. In four constituencies of the 40 the members are elected by acclamation, West Bourne electing T. L. Morton (Government), Woodlands H. Armstrong (Opposition), Lorne R. G. O'Malley (Opposition), and Robsell James Fisher (Independent-Liberal.)

ALL SUPPOSED TO BE LOST.

A Kingsville Party Have Been Missing Since Friday Night's Storm.

KINGSVILLE, Ont., July 17.—Rudolph Blaser, second cook, George Boitard, fireman, Maggie Meecham, vegetable cook, and Anna Dillon, kitchen girl, all employes of the Mellawusa Hotel here, are supposed to have been lost upon Lake Erie in Friday night's storm. The party insisted upon going out despite the protests of the boat house keeper.

RUN DOWN AND SUNK.

The Steam Yacht Dixie Sent to the Bottom by the Pilgrim.

BUFFALO, July 17.—The little steam yacht Dixie, valued at about $3000, which ran from Ferry-street to Navy Island, was run down by the river steamer Pilgrim shortly after leaving her dock, and sank in a few minutes. There were about 20 passengers on board, all of whom were rescued.

BELIEVED TO HAVE FOUNDERED.

A Tug and Barges With Crews of 35 Men Missing.

OSWEGO, N.Y., July 17.—Nothing has been heard here of the tug Booth and her tow of four coal-laden barges that left Oswego Friday night before the big storm, bound to Montreal. The tow carried crews aggregating 32 persons. The barges were small and heavily laden, and the tug could not tow them more than four miles an hour in fair weather. Sailors here fear they are lost.

REV. MR. WALLACE'S SENSATION.

He Takes Exception to a Prohibition Candidate's Mode of Expressing Himself.

DETROIT, July 17.—At 2 o'clock this afternoon a praise meeting was held in connection with the National Convention of the Baptist Young People's Union, at the conclusion of which a discussion was had on "New Century of Missions." Rev. Dr. Thomas of Toronto, Ont., spoke on "Young People and Systematic Benevolence."

J. B. Cranfell of Texas, who is Vice-President candidate on the national prohibition ticket, made an eloquent appeal for $10,000, for founding the fund of the Baptist Young People's Union of America. His talk was interspersed with witty remarks and drollness, which helped to bring in over $2000 of the amount with more to hear from.

Rev. O.C.S. Wallace of Toronto caused a sensation by protesting against doing such work on the Lord's Day.

Another Canadian Divorce Case.

OTTAWA, July 17.—Another divorce case has been entered for consideration by the Senate next session. Edmund H. Heward of St. Johns, Que., district of Iberville, manager of the Merchants' Bank of Canada, will apply to Parliament at the session for a bill of divorce from his wife, Dame Marie Louise Elwes of the city of Chicago.

'Tis a Holiday Seeker's Paradise.

Nature has blessed Canada with a large and varied assortment of summer resorts. They nestle on the shores of the ocean and crowd around the magnificent chain of inland lakes. They can be found on the mountain side or in the fertile valley. One of the most salubrious and inviting spots is to be found at Parry Sound in the Belvidere Hotel. For the tired business man, overwrought clerk or dejected invalid, there is none that can surpass it, the air being pure and the scenery delightful. The hotel overlooks the waters and numerous islands of the Sound, and first-class facilities for fishing, boating and bathing are afforded. The hotel rates are reasonable, the table excellent and the management good. In a word at Belvidere Hotel, Parry Sound, is to be found the holiday-seekers' paradise. Mr. R. F. Kirkman is manager.

Stayner Fire Swept.

STAYNER, Ont., July 17.—About 12.30 this morning fire broke out in the rear of a block of frame stores south side of Main-street. All the business places between the Cameron House and Sanders, brick block are burned down. The suffer ers are: John Petrie, grocery store; W. B. Henderson, harness; C. Newton, photographer; D. Gillespie, groceries; C. Livingstone, implements; A. Swallow, jeweler; Miss Sanderson, dressmaker.

You gain strength and vigor by using Adams' Tutti Frutti Gum. A delightful aid to digestion. Highly recommended by the best physicians.

Playing With Fire.

THOROLD, Ont., July 17.—Nellie, the 6-year-old child of Mr. Thomas Conlon, was burned so badly here to-day that she lived only about four hours after the accident. The child was playing with fire when her clothing caught and was burned off her body before assistance could reach her.

Beware of the trashy imitations of the Eureka Garden Hose now on the market. Look for the brand "Eureka." Toronto Rubber Co., 28 King-street west. e

Broke Her Neck.

BELLEVILLE, July 17.—Friday's storm wrecked a barn on Huff's Island owned by Richard Delong, whose sister-in-law, Miss Zulfolt was struck by a beam, which broke her neck, killing her instantly.

The manufacture and sale of the Eureka Garden House (cotton rubber-lined) for the entire Dominion is controlled by Toronto Rubber Co., 28 King-street west. Note the brand "Eureka." In durability and strength it is unequalled. e

Loss to the Rathbuns.

KINGSTON, July 17.—Fire broke out Saturday evening in McCarey's stables, adjoining Rathbun's lumber yard, foot of Queen-street, and spread to the lumber piles. The loss will be several thousand dollars; insured.

Hon. Edward Blake.

Recently-made photographs in both cabinet and large size to be had at Herbert E. Simpson's, 143 College-street. 136

Sir Daniel's Condition.

Sir Daniel Wilson passed a quiet day yesterday, his condition being much the same as heretofore.

CANADA ONLY A GOOD SECOND

ENGLISH MARKSMEN CAPTURE THE KOLAPORE CUP.

The Elcho Shield Again Goes to Scotland—Pasteur Thought to Be Dying—Death of a Celebrated Chartist Leader—The Queen's Equerry Killed in an Accident.

LONDON, July 17.—In the contest for the Elcho Shield which took place yesterday at Bisley Camp only four points separated the two leading teams when the shooting closed. The Shield was captured by Scotland, the scores being as follows:

Scotland	1696
England	1692
Ireland	1665

In the shooting for the Kolapore Cup, the team representing England secured the trophy, leading the Canadian team, the next highest competitor by 22 points. The scores were:

England	684
Canada	662
Guernsey	659
Jersey	658

The prize is competed for by teams of eight, the team from Great Britain being chosen from the whole of the United Kingdom, eight from the Canadian twenty, eight from the retired Indian civil servants, and eight from any other British colony, the Channel Islands being accounted colonies for this purpose. The winning team, when colonial, gets £80 sterling in addition to the cups, which are held for a year.

The trophy consists of two large magnificent golden cups of superb Indian workmanship, presented by the Rajah of Kolapore in 1871 to the National Rifle Association of Great Britain to be competed for by teams as indicated above. It has been won 14 times by Great Britain and five times by Canada, viz., in 1872, 1875, 1881, 1884 and 1889. The winning Canadian score in 1884 was 665. Last year the Canadian score was 674, against the winning score of 687. The highest Kolapore score ever made was 710 by Great Britain in 1887.

ENGLAND'S LEARNED SHOEMAKER.

Death of Thomas Cooper, Chartist, Author and Lecturer.

LONDON, July 17.—Thomas Cooper, the Chartist, is dead.

He was born in Leicester in 1805. While apprenticed to a shoemaker he taught himself Latin, Greek, Hebrew and French. When a young man he taught school and afterwards became a reporter.

At the age of 36 he assumed the leadership of the Leicester Chartists. He lectured in the potteries during the riots of 1842 and was sentenced to two years in prison. In his cell he wrote an epic, "The Purgatory of Suicides," and a series of stories, "Wise Saws and Modern Instances."

After his release he published "Baron's Yeule Feast," and in Douglass Jerrold's paper articles on the working classes. Later there appeared "Triumphs of Perseverance" and "Triumphs of Enterprise."

She Saw the Queen.

LONDON, July 17.—The old woman named Rix, whose life-long desire to see the Queen has been so pathetically related in recent publications, was presented to Her Majesty at Windsor yesterday. The aged negress was overwhelmed by the realization of her hopes and burst into tears and fell on her knees, sobbing her thanks as she was brought into the royal presence. "Thank God, I see the Queen mother," she exclaimed. The Queen talked kindly with the old woman, asking her history and seemed much interested in the story. She also examined critically the quilt which the old negress had made with so much pains and which was now presented. The Queen expressed her admiration for tee quilt, and gave her autograph and photograph in return, after which the aged visitor was dismissed. Rix partook of luncheon at the castle and departed praising the Lord for the honor which had befallen her.

Mount Etna Growing Dangerous.

CATANIA, July 17.—The situation at Mount Etna is steadily growing worse, and fears are entertained that unless the violent upheaval is soon to come to an end the various villages nestling on the declivities of the mount will be in a very dangerous position. The main crater is gradually extending and the mass of hot stones, lava and scoria which it is vomiting is increasing in volume and violence.

The Switchman Suicided.

MUNICH, July 17.—A goods train was derailed to-day near Windsfeld and three train hands were killed. A switchman who was blamed for the accident committed suicide.

Chat From Over the Sea.

Pasteur's illness is thought to be fatal.

Abundant rains have at last fallen in South Australia.

They call the bicycle the devil's chariot in Turkey, and the Sultan has forbidden its use.

Gen. Sir Arthur Edward Hardinge, K.C.B., equerry to the Queen, has died from the effects of injuries received in a carriage accident at Weymouth.

The Parnellites are much surprised that Mr. Morley has not given his endorsement for the liberation of the men now in penal servitude for the dynamite conspiracy of 10 years ago.

The chess champion of England, the champion of the world, and the ex-champion of the world are all Jews. Indeed, it is stated that, were a list of the 20 best players in the world drawn up, at least half of it would consist of Jews' names.

M. De Giers, the Russian Foreign Minister, who has been ill for a long time, but who, it was thought, was recovering, has suffered a relapse and is obliged to keep to his bed. He is in Finland.

Sir Arthur Sullivan, who was making satisfactory progress toward recovery from the attack of renal calculus with which he suffered, had a slight relapse during the week. He has recovered, however, and has resumed the work of completing the opera which is to be produced at the Savoy Theatre.

Beware of the trashy imitations of the Eureka Garden Hose now on the market. Look for the brand "Eureka." Toronto Rubber Co., 28 King-street west. e

Fatal Stabbing in Detroit.

DETROIT, Mich., July 17.—William Knack was stabbed to death last night by George Bossenberger, a neighbor. The families of both men have been on bad terms for some months, and a quarrel between their boys resulted in the stabbing.

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A Floater Found.

LEWISTON, July 17.—A body was found floating in the Niagara River yesterday. It is thought to be the body of a man named Anderson of International Bridge who on Saturday night fell into the river while fishing.

Ask for the Toronto Rubber Company's Tennis Shoes. Finest in the market. For sale everywhere. e

THE FETTERS WERE STEEL.

A Bridegroom Arrested for a Forgery Committed in Toronto.

NIAGARA FALLS, Ont., July 17.—Louis Levenger, aged 28, fled from Toronto two years ago with the proceeds of a forged note for $2000. At the time he was engaged to be married to a young Toronto lady. The police watched the young woman and yesterday she and her mother boarded a train for Suspension Bridge, N.Y. The police of that town were notified and when Levenger met the train he was arrested. He agreed to return to Toronto voluntarily and was sent there in charge of an officer.

Levenger and the young lady were to have been married as soon as she alighted from the train.

OPIUM SANDWICHED WITH EGGS.

An Ingenious Smuggling Scheme Discovered at Buffalo.

BUFFALO, N. Y., July 17.—William Watts, a well-known produce dealer in the market, who brings most of his goods from Canada, was arrested this afternoon by the United States officials on a charge of smuggling opium.

He had been under suspicion some time and had been watched. The officials learned that he was in the habit of bringing over about $3000 worth of opium each trip.

His scheme was ingenious. He lined the bottom of his wagon with eggs and in the centre put a quantity of opium. The bottom layer of the egg crates was usually filled with opium.

Watts made about $3 a can on the stuff. He bought it in Canada for $5 a can and sold it for $8. There are a dozen Chinamen implicated in the smuggling scheme and they will be arrested to-morrow. The Canadian end of the gang will also be taken in to-morrow.

SKIPPED TO TORONTO.

Frank Mumm Deserted His Family for a Bleached Blonde.

BUFFALO, July 17.—Frank Mumm was a barber who kept tonsorial parlors at the corner of Niagara and George-streets. He was very successful at his business, had a thrifty and comely wife and two pretty little children. His home was at 140 Best-street.

But a bleached blonde fairy crossed Mumm's path less than a year ago, and from that time on he became reckless and neglected his family and his work. He lavished his money and his time upon the fair siren, and finally they brought matters to an issue by eloping, going to Toronto.

HE WAS ILL AND POOR.

"Help My Poor Family" the Last Plea of a Canadian Suicide.

BUFFALO, July 17.—Henry Rothert of No. 37 Sycamore, whose mother lives at International Bridge, Ont., despondent because of illness and poverty, drew a razor across his throat and passed into eternity. The deed was done on the Pine Hill road just beyond the Polish cemetery some time yesterday