

MALES OF ADVERTISING
Tri-Weekly Star.

Table with 3 columns: SPACE, LENGTH OF TIME, RATES. Includes rates for columns, half columns, and various other ad types.

Of the above spaces, half the amount set opposite for six months, one fourth the amount for three months. Special arrangements for terms shorter than three months.

TRANSIENT ADVERTISEMENTS. Single insertion not more than one inch. Subsequent insertions (each for same space) 25 cents.

THE TRI-WEEKLY STAR. The advertising rates in the WEEKLY STAR are the same as those of the Tri-Weekly.

THE EVENING STAR. J. E. COLLINS, Editor. FREDERICTON, JANUARY 20, 1880.

Suppose some of those people who have been reading the STAR for nearly two years without paying for it were to bring us a load of wood!

THE LOCAL LEGISLATURE—AND ECONOMY.

From present indications the Local Legislature of New Brunswick is likely to open some time next month; if not then we can assure our readers it will open at least before next summer.

Let us take an example or so to prove our case. We have a thoroughly equipped, and well organized School system; but we are paying tremendous figures for it.

But the government, aided by the best educational advice in the province should take the matter in hand; there should be more frequent meetings of the Board of Education; freer discussion by teachers through the columns of the press.

who are dissatisfied with anything they are obliged to pay for; but when intelligent men, friends of the Free Schools, tell you that they would to-morrow go back to the dingy school houses, to the parrot recitations, to the rule and figure marale system, then you really feel that something is wrong; that a remedy is in order.

Can't Dr. Rand suggest some way of putting on brakes without undermining the system which he has so zealously striven to build up; can't he confer with some of the best educational minds and prepare a scheme for the Government? If he does not do this, then others not so well able shall have to take it in hand and make some change.

THE "NEWS" AND THE NEW DENMARK CROPS.

We have no desire at all to get into discussions, for goodness only knows, we have enough besides to torment us and take up our time. Even though this were not the case, we might well tremble, beardless as we are, before venturing to contradict the venerable editor of such a paper as the St. John News: a paper that is known and feared in the land, that is as firmly rooted as the mountains; that is as true and as straight in its course as the arrow; that has always stood firmly on its principles, prepared to die rather than to live and repudiate what it had before preached.

What the critic in the News really wants to know is, why there should be so great a difference in the statement of the yield of potatoes, wheat, etc., in New Denmark, where the soil is known to be superior and where farming is skillfully conducted, and in the Scotch and other settlements, where the soil is admittedly not nearly so good, to the prejudice of the farmer.

The News can't be enlightened we fear; for there is "none so blind as those who will not see." It will be observed that in addition to the News keeping its eyes shut, it has shifted, and not the Stars—on one leg to the other. It first found fault with the Surveyor General's statement that wheat brought \$2.00 in Madawaska and but 80 cents in New Denmark.

It is evidently out on a kind of scientific search, and not arrayed perhaps either against the harmless pamphlet or the Surveyor General. It does not pretend to say the statements are incorrect, but merely wants to know why the facts stated are so.

Did it ever occur to the News that one acre of land in New Denmark contains more stumps than an acre in Kincardinshire? Well, if it hasn't, then we beg to enlighten it. Has it ever occurred to the News that "there is all the difference in the world" in the way seeds are planted? It hasn't, probably; but we beg to tell it there is: that the Danes are not nearly so good farmers as the Scotch people; that they cannot get as much of a yield out of an acre as the Scotchman can? It doesn't know this.

We are ashamed of the ex-leader of the Opposition, of a veteran journalist of a man of Mr. Willis' standing to waste ten words in trying to sustain the absurd censure of the person whom he is pleased to call a "critic."

THE FIRST STEP TAKEN.

We are glad to notice that the Star's suggestion relative to the city asking the Legislature for a representative for the City of Fredericton has been adopted. On motion of Mr. Alderman Stanmonds last evening, as will be seen by our report in another column, it was resolved that the Council make out the necessary document and lay the same before the Legislature asking for this representative. We may say that while this is the proper step so far, much yet remains to be done.

and receive the signature of our citizens in a body. To such a document as this the House cannot turn a deaf ear; of such a document the hirelings of the County will have to be dumb. Outside of Fredericton and unworthy advocates to be gained by one portion of the city over another, by a continuation of our present relations, it is the interest of every citizen of Fredericton that the separation we have favored shall take place, and at an early date be possible. Let the present session be availed of.

THAT APPEAL CASE.

SOME of the Reform newspapers have been censuring the Government pretty roundly for retaining Mr. Robinson, Q. C. of Quebec, to conduct the appeal by Barker from the Canada Temperance Act.

They try to show that our New Brunswick lawyers have been ignored in the matter, and that out of favoritism to Quebec Mr. Robinson was selected to conduct the case. There is no element worth speaking of, except misrepresentation and malice in the statement. Mr. Robinson has been retained because he is an "appeal lawyer"—one of the staff who conducts both sides of appeal cases at the Supreme Court. We could well have wished to see Mr. Wetmore, Mr. Rainford, or Mr. Kaye called to conduct the case; but as Mr. Robinson has, up to this time, been retained in such cases, and as it is a matter of economy (without injustice to the cause) or prouph to the New Brunswick Bar) there is little for which the Government can be blamed.

Prince William.

The following extract is from the Berlin correspondent of the New York World:

A few days ago the young Prince Wilhelm, on graduating from his school, sent to his father, the Crown Prince, asking permission to bring home with him during vacation a classmate with whom he had been intimate throughout the year, and who was very desirous of seeing Berlin. Wilhelm to satisfy himself that the boy was a suitable candidate for a future Emperor of Germany, the Crown Prince sent to the director of the school, where the boys had attended, making inquiries concerning the proposed court favorite. The director replied that the boy was the first in his class, but that he was a Jew, and therefore so prejudiced in the opinion of the Emperor that he would make his appearance at court in Berlin out of the question. Permission was given at once to bring his classmate with him. But a difficulty now arose on the other side. The young Jew had promised his mother that he would never parake of food which was prohibited by the Jewish laws, and he feared that if he should accept the invitation he must find it difficult to keep his promise. The royal family, however, did not think it beneath its dignity to respect the scruples of a poor boy who belonged to a race which the laws of the country frowned upon not more than the other side. The royal family, therefore, made arrangements to be made by which the young visitor could take his meals with people of his own faith. The young Prince came to Berlin with his humble guest; they walked the streets together arm in arm, enjoying a friendship which can exist only between minds of the same order, though society would place the one at the top, the other at the bottom of its scale.

A Romantic Incident of Orchardton Tower.

A book entitled "Rambles in Galway," by Malcolm Harper has lately been published, and contains some delightful reading. In a description of the timeworn Orchardton Round Tower, the ground work of Walter Scott's "Guy Mannering," we find the following romantic piece, which is, however, strictly true:

"Soon after the battle of Culloden a number of prisoners were once brought in by a party of the military before Mr. Goldie, then Commissioner of Dumfries, who had, alas! no alternative but to order military execution, to be done upon them, after it was proved that they had formed part of the rebel army. They had contrived to hide themselves, and get to the Galloway coast, nearest to the Isle of Man, where they were skulking in hopes of some smuggler, or foreign vessel, enabling them to escape. As they were just about to be led out to execution, Mr. Goldie observed a young man of superior and interesting appearance, attempting to destroy a written paper, when he immediately called out to the officer who guarded him: 'Seize that paper,' which was immediately done. Upon reading it, Mr. Goldie said, 'Why, young man, you were attempting to destroy yourself. This paper is your commission from the King of France as an officer in his army; and I now detain you as a prisoner of war instead of sending you off to be shot as a rebel.' The young man was accordingly put in a place of confinement, and not a very severe one considering what prisons then were, as he afterward related that his chief occupation consisted in, counting the large stones, with which his room was flagged, in every possible direction, and thus trying what their number could be raised to. But he did not continue long thus employed. A rumor speedily rose in the town that this was the long lost heir of the House of Orchardton, an old Ragan Catholic family. An old female domestic, hearing the surmises, made her way to his place of confinement when a little conversation left no doubt that he was indeed the only son of the late Sir Robert Maxwell, who had sent him at an early age to the college of St. Douay, the usual place of education at that time for young men of family or fortune of the Catholic religion. Sir Robert himself being superannuated, his brother, who then took the management of him and his son and his estate, wrote desiring that he should be educated for the priesthood. The young man, not liking his destiny, made his escape from college, and enlisted in the army of Louis XV., and was one of that party of it that was sent to Scotland to assist in the enterprise of Prince Charles Edward.

Young Maxwell had thus naturally been taken wandering as an outcast, and in danger of forfeiting his life, on the confines of his own estate, unconscious of his rights, while his uncle was equally unconscious of the danger to his unjust possession which lurked so near him. The whole of the facts were, however, so recent and could be so easily proved, that Mr. Goldie immediately proceeded to take all necessary steps for the security of the young Sir Robert, and also to put him in possession of his estate, when the death of his uncle removing the formidable obstacle, the usual legal formalities, after proving the identity of the heir, put him in possession of his father's fortune and title. Sir Robert soon married Miss McClulloch, a niece or near relation of Lord Kirkebright; and took up his residence at Orchardton, where he continued while he lived, the ornament and delight of the country, uniting all the gentlemanly dignity of the old school with the bland and graceful gaiety of foreign manners.

THE above Hotel has been furnished with every modern and every necessary convenience. Terms reasonable. For Fairfield, Dec. 25, 1879—1y.

WILEY'S DRUG STORE. COUGH REMEDIES. Ayer's Cherry Pectoral, Sharp's Balsam, Allen's Lung Balsam, Cherry Balsam, Syrup of Spruce Gum, Brown's Troches, Warren's Cough Balsam, British Cough Balsam, Fellow's Liverwort and Colicfoot, &c., &c., &c. JOHN A. WILEY, Proprietor, Fredericton, N. B.

ASH and DOOR FACTORY! THE undersigned desire to inform the proprietors, Fredericton and the public generally, that they have constantly on hand and operate FURNITURE OF ALL DESCRIPTIONS, TABLES, BUREAUS, WARDROBES, CHAIRS, AND CASES, OF ALL KINDS, OR VALUABLE, AT THE HEAD OF QUEEN STREET.

J. O. RISTEEN & CO. NOTICE. I HAVE this day admitted into partnership my son, MR. CHARLES L. RISTEEN. The Insurance and Railway Ticket business will hereafter be continued under the name of JOHN RICHARDS & SON, for whom a continuance of the large patronage hitherto so kindly bestowed upon this firm is most respectfully solicited for the new firm.

CIGAR & TOBACCO THE BEST IN THE CITY. AT GEO. H. DAVIS, Cor. Queen and Regent Sts. May 17-1f

Potatoes WANTED. 1000 OR MORE BARRELS OF GOOD Rose, Susies and Profishes, CASH AND HIGHEST MARKET PRICES ALWAYS PAID. ROBERT S. BAILLEY, Railway Crossing, ST. MARY'S. Jan 9 1880.—6mos.

COLLINS HOUSE FORT FAIRFIELD, N.B. H. C. COLLINS, Proprietor. THE above Hotel has been furnished with every modern and every necessary convenience. Terms reasonable. For Fairfield, Dec. 25, 1879—1y.

FOR SALE! THE Subscriber offers for sale his farm, situate in Hammonds, (Middletown), Kings Co., on the New Brunswick Road leading to Sussex. It is just ten miles from Sussex, 9 miles from Newton Station, and 7 miles from Saint Martins Railroad. It contains 60 acres, on which are a well stocked orchard, a comfortable dwelling house with wood shed attached, a barn and a workshop; besides a first class water privilege. The whole can be bought for Six Hundred Dollars.

JAMES D. HANLON, Cabinet Making and Undertaking. Furniture of all kinds made and repaired with neatness and despatch. I have in stock a lot of Blind Made Wood Suits of hair, very low for Cash. UNDERTAKING ORDERS From town or country promptly attended to at all hours. King Street, Fredericton N. B., between Carlton and Regent Streets. nov 4, 1879.—3mos.

THOMAS' Electric Oil! JOHNSON'S ANODYNE LINIMENT! WILSON'S CHERRY BALSAM. DAVID'S BALMATIC COUGH MIXTURE! GREEN'S AUGUST FLOWER, BOGHEE'S GERMAN SYRUP, DOW'S STURGEON OIL LINIMENT, PERRY DAVIS' PAIN KILLER, PENDELTON'S PANACEA, PACKER'S TAR SOAP, GLEN'S SULPHURIC SOAP, AYER'S HAIR VIGOR, RADWAY'S READY RELIEF, Carboline and Vegetine, AYER'S CATHARTIC PILLS, Fellow's Dyepeps's Bitters, PERUVIAN SYRUP, AYER'S SASSAPARILLA, BURNETT'S COCAINE, BEEF, IRON AND WINE, BEZODONT AND TRAPADONT.

FOR Sale by GEORGE H. DAVIS, COR. QUEEN and REGENT STS. FREDERICTON. November 8, 1879.

JOHN RICHARDS & SON, for whom a continuance of the large patronage hitherto so kindly bestowed upon this firm is most respectfully solicited for the new firm. JOHN RICHARDS. Jan. 8—3mos. CIGAR & TOBACCO THE BEST IN THE CITY. AT GEO. H. DAVIS, Cor. Queen and Regent Sts. May 17-1f

JANUARY 20th, 1880.

F. B. EDGECOMBE

Will commence his Annual Clearance Sale of WINTER DRY GOODS, FROM DATE.

The Whole Stock will be offered at Greatly Reduced Prices, in order to make room for spring importations. GENUINE BARGAINS CHEAP FOR CASH. ALBION HOUSE, QUEEN STREET, FREDERICTON.

January 20, 1880. JANUARY 15, 1880.

FOR THE NEXT 30 DAYS A. A. MILLER & CO.,

Will Offer their whole Stock of DRY GOODS AT BANKRUPT PRICES, —FOR CASH ONLY.—

Great Bargains may be Expected. Fredericton, January 15, 1880.

New Christmas Goods.



We have just received our new Holiday Goods. Everything Clean and Fresh. Personally selected within the last few days, and have now opened: 28 CASES Choice Books and Fancy Goods, 7018 OF ALL KINDS, In Wood, Tin and Rubber. All so some nice.

Nickel-Plated Ware, Photograph and Autograph Albums, Work Boxes, Writing Desks, And a Fine Assortment of HAZ DOLLS, which we have marked at prices never offered before in this city. Call and see them.

Miscellaneous Books, Poems, Church and Catholic Prayer Books, Wesley's Hymns, &c. Our stock of Stationery is now complete. CHRISTMAS AND NEW YEAR'S CARDS IN ENDLESS VARIETY. 126 Pieces New Music just received.

M'MURRAY & FENETY. P. S.—Our stock of School Books will be sold, in future as in the past, at the lowest prices. Fredericton, December 9, 1879.

CONTEMPLATED CHANGE IN BUSINESS!

Absolute and Final Sale!

The subscriber has decided to make a change in his Business and in order to accomplish that object he has commenced a Clearance Sale of HIS WHOLE STOCK OF DRY GOODS,

and will continue the same until the whole stock of Woollens, Silks, Velvets, Dress Goods, Cottons, Shawls, Jackets, Furs, Millinery, &c., IS DISPOSED OF. ALSO,

Ready-Made Clothing, Heavy Ulsters, Reefers, Pants, Vests, &c.

People who want Cheap Goods will do well to call and examine.

CUSTOM TAILORING! This department is thoroughly stocked with cloths of the very best quality and will receive special care and attention.

A Perfect Fitting Garment is made here at once.

GOODS CHARGED AT REDUCED PRICES.

Catalogues of Bazar, Glove Fitting & patterns free on application.

P. McPEAKE. Fredericton, November 6, 1879.