ALLEGED MUTINY ON GERMAN CRUISER

THREATENED TO THROW CAPTAIN OVERBOARD

Sailors Complained That Food Was Not Satisfactory—Chinese Court Has Promised to Introduce Reforms.

Berlin, Oct. 5.—The most lively topics of the week here have been the question of the return of the Chinese astronomical instruments taken from Pekin; the proposed crossing of Unter der Linden by an electric railroad; the reported protest of the Hungarian premier, Loloman Shell, against the proposed German tariff, and the cruiser Gazelle incident.

The whole press practically agrees that the astronomical instruments were illegally carried off. Even the Kreuz Zeitung criticizes the action of the Germans as follows: "The instruments were manifestly taken unlawfully. The perpetrators undoubtedly acted in good faith, but that does not settle the affair. The least that can be done is to deduct the value of the instruments from the Chinese indemnity." The statement that the instruments were purchased and not booked for some three weeks ago is not officially refuted. The Neuste Nachrichten says it is not sufficient to offer to transport them back to China and replace them at Germany's expense, on the spot from which they were taken. If China is unwilling to do so, and deduct the amount from the indemnity. The Vorwartes triumphantly explains that China intends to leave the illegally acquired goods in Germany as a continual remembrance of how Germany respects international law, and says that the honor of Germany demands that the instruments be taken back to China.

General satisfaction is expressed at the reports that Prince Ching has given assurances that the Dowager Empress and the Emperor agree as to the necessity for a change in the Chinese systems of government and that reform edicts will be enforced upon the return of the court.

Prince Chun, the Chinese special envoy, and his retinue lived three weeks here at the expense of Emperor William and the empire. Even the excursions were paid for.

Referring to the proposal to run an electric road line across the Unter den Linden, the Neuste Nachrichten says: "The waves will recede and no victim is required. The Democrats vainly hoped to make capital out of the conflict. In view of the fact that legal right is with the crown, as chief burgomaster, only those who strive to displace the centre of gravity, the crown, speak of the power and right of self-government, and urge an enlargement of the powers of the Berlin government."

Regarding the alleged objection of Austria to the German tariff, the Munich Allegemine Zeitung says it can announce upon reliable authority that neither confidential nor official representations have been made on the subject to Berlin.

Cases of insubordination which have occurred on board the German cruiser Gazelle recently have been much ventilated in the press. Secretiveness of the officials on the subject is condemned and the natural result is that there has been considerable exaggeration. The Hallueches Volksblatt (Social Democrat) claims there was a mutiny on board the vessel, which is commanded by Captain Neitske, a severe disciplinarian. The sailors, who had served in China, were called upon to perform the strictest service, and they complained that their food was not satisfactory. The captain one day found a letter in his cabinet requesting that a change be made and notifying him that otherwise he would be thrown overboard. The moderate newspapers ask for the publication of all the details connected with the alleged mutiny.

BREAD GOES UP.

French Wheat Harvest is Poor and Price Has Risen.

Washington, D.C., Oct. 5.—France is disturbed at present over a deficit and an inferior wheat harvest, according to a report received at the state department from United States Consul Haynes at Rouen. The price of wheat, he says, already has risen in France 48 cents on every 100 kilograms (220.46 pounds) and the price of bread has advanced one cent on each loaf. The amount of wheat which France must have for home consumption between now and this time next year is reckoned at 317,850,000 bushels. How much of this the present harvest will supply is uncertain.

Some of the authorities state that on a pinch this year's harvest will suffice, but that next year, unless there is a wonderful harvest, France will have to apply abroad for food stuffs. Others place this year's yield at but 446,906,000 bushels, leaving a deficit to come from abroad this year of 99,330,000 bushels. About the same conditions as prevailed in 1897.

RUN DOWN BY A TRAIN.

Mrs. C. Simmons and Her Daughter Killed on Railway Crossing.

Lancaster, N. B., Oct. 5.—The International Limited, running at a speed of 50 to 60 miles an hour, struck a vehicle in which were seated Mrs. Geo. Simmons and her daughter Annie, of Charlotte, N. B., at the railway crossing a mile west of here, this morning. The occupants of the buggy were both instantly killed.

TO DISPERSE REBELS.

Berlin, Oct. 5.—It is announced in a dispatch received here from Canton that, according to communications from the Governor-General, troops have been ordered to proceed against the rebels. The local authorities have been ordered to protect the missionaries, and regulars and militia have already relieved the local capital, which was besieged by rebels.

THE CORONATION.

Rules and Regulations as to What Is to Be Worn.

London, Oct. 5.—There is a flutter in high society to-day owing to the fact that the Earl Marshal has issued the rules and regulations governing what is to be worn at the coronation of King Edward next year. The whole document breathes of the middle ages when distinctions in dress were considered so essential, and the quaintness of the phraseology in which the attendance of the nobility of the United Kingdom is required "at the solemnity of the Royal coronation of their most sacred Majesties," and describing regulations in regard to dresses and head-dresses, is distinctly mediaeval. There is a curious gradation in the fur trimmings of the robes which emphasizes the fine distinction existing in the ranks of the aristocracy. The Peers have been notified that their robes must be of "crimson velvet edged with minivera, the cap furred with minivera pure and powdered with bars or rows of ermine, according to their degree." Following are the numerical graduations distinguishing between the ranks: Barons are allowed two rows of ermine, Viscounts two and a half rows, Earls three rows, Marquises three and a half rows, Dukes four rows. All the mantles and robes must be worn over full court dress uniform or regimentals.

The Earl Marshal's order banishes forfeit pearls and all jewels from coronets, which are to be "silver gilt, the caps of crimson velvet turned up with ermine with gold tassels on top. No jewels or precious stones are to be set or used on coronets, nor counterfeits or pearls instead of silver balls."

The number of the latter permitted revives a nice sense of distinction. A Baron's coronet bears six silver balls, a Viscount's sixteen, and Earl's eighteen with gold strawberry leaves between, a Marquis four balls and four leaves alternately. A Duke's coronet has no balls, and has eight gold strawberry leaves.

The Earl Marshal next describes the robes, mantles and coronets to be worn by the Peeresses. These are of the same materials as the men's, with similar graduations in the numbers of bars of ermine and balls. The length of the trains mark the difference in rank. A Baroness is only allowed a train of three feet, a Viscountess has one and a quarter yards, Countesses have one and a half yards, a Marchioness has one and three-quarters yards and a Duchess two yards.

Then follows a curt notification as to who shall be excluded. Peeresses in their own right and widows of Peers are allowed to come, but widows who have remarried beneath their rank in the peerage are "not entitled to a summons to attend the coronation."

DANISH RIGSDAG

Opened By King Christian—Did Not Mention West Indian Islands.

Copenhagen, Oct. 5.—For the first time in many years King Christian today opened the Rigsdag. The speech from the throne, which the King read noted that an interval of many years had elapsed since he last personally conveyed the Royal greetings to the Rigsdag in its opening session. His Majesty proceeded:

"In appointing the new ministry we have responded to the wish of the majority of the people by entrusting the conduct of the government to men who are in possession of the confidence of the nation, and we cherish the strong hope that it will be vouchsafed to us to see fruitful co-operation between the government and the Rigsdag. We confidently hope that it will thus be possible to come nearer to our great goal, namely, the preservation of the independence of the country, friendly relations with the powers, the development of civil and political freedom and the advancement of the intellectual and economist life of the people."

The speech concluded with an enumeration of the proposed bills, but the King did not mention the Danish West Indian Islands. The president of the Folkething led three cheers for the King and constitutional law.

JEWELRY STOLEN.

Lord Angelesey Has Lost Forty Thousand Pounds Worth of Jewels.

London, Oct. 5.—The theft of Lord Angelesey's £40,000 worth of jewelry, used in his personal adornment alone, has brought out much talk in ultra-fashionable society regarding men who wear unseen jewels. Investigations among west end jewellers disclose the fact that there is an extensive trade in curios and costly articles worn beneath ordinary clothing, such as snakes around waists, necks and legs, bangles, chains and amulets of various and singular designs. The fashion among men of wearing jewelry increased enormously this year, many using two pairs of links in each cuff and jewelled buttons with evening waist coats. It is recalled in this connections that King Edward occasionally wears a bangle on his wrist, that the late Duke of Saxe-Coburg and Gotha wore a heavy gold bracelet for years, and that Lord Brampton (better known as Justice Hawkins of the Queens bench division of the High court of justice) even when sitting on the bench wore a number of such ornaments.

NOT YET OVER.

Schley Court of Inquiry Held One Session on Saturday.

Washington, Oct. 5.—Only one session of the Schley court of inquiry was held to-day. An adjournment until Monday was taken at 1 o'clock in order to allow court and counsel to recuperate after an arduous week's labor.

Practically the only witness of the day was Lieut.-Commander Albon Hodgson, who was navigator of the flagship Brooklyn during the campaign of 1898, and almost his entire time was taken up with the reading of correspondence between himself and Admiral Schley concerning an alleged colloquy between them during the battle of Santiago, which the witness was reported to have detailed to a newspaper correspondent. The correspondence has been published and this fact rendered the proceedings of comparatively little interest. Lieut. Doyle was also on the stand again, but only for the purpose of correcting his former testimony.

THE DUKE IS OUT SHOOTING TO-DAY

WEATHER FAVORABLE AND DUCKS PLENTIFUL

His Royal Highness and Party Were Early Astir—Prospects Are Good for Excellent Sport.

Crane Lake, N. W. T., Oct. 7.—The special train carrying the Duchess of Cornwall from Banff to Poplar Point, where she is to rejoin the Duke, left the Rocky Mountains behind at midnight, and when the day came was well down on the plains. Calgary was dark and asleep when the Royal special pulled through and Medicine Hat was just stirring when the special halted at its depot. On through the day there were crowds at all of the frontier towns anxious to again see and cheer the Princess, who will some day be Queen of England. The special will be put through to Poplar Point with only such stops as are necessary to supply fuel and water.

Duck Shooting.

Poplar Point, Man. Oct. 7.—The first dispatch rider arrived here from the shooting grounds at 10 o'clock this morning. He reports the safe arrival of the Duke of Cornwall and York and party at the lodge at Lake Manitoba last evening. Dinner was served shortly after arrival, and all hands retired early.

This morning the weather was very favorable for good sport. His Royal Highness and party were up before the sun and shooting became general as soon as there was sufficient light. Ducks are reported plentiful, and from continuous firing heard in the distance a good bag may safely be predicted. Members of the Northwest Mounted Police are acting as dispatch riders between the shooting ground and depot.

Review May Be Abandoned.

Ottawa, Oct. 7.—It is likely that the Royal military review at Halifax will be declared off on account of smallpox in the province.

THE KING'S BIRTHDAY.

November 9th Will Be Observed as a Public Holiday.

Ottawa Oct. 7.—The 9th of November, King Edward's birthday, will be a public holiday. Under the interpretation act, among holidays, is "The birthday, or day fixed by proclamation for the celebration of the birthday of the reigning sovereign."

There is no intention, so far, to issue any proclamation fixing another day, so that November 9th will be observed as a public holiday.

FISHING BOATS WRECKED.

Twelve Vessels, With Seventy-four Men Aboard, Are Missing.

Tacoma, Wn., Oct. 7.—Steamer advices are that the coast of Kazukaz, Northern Japan, has been visited by severe gales, wrecking four hundred fishing boats. Twelve boats, with a total crew of 74, are missing. Heavy rains caused an overflow of the rivers at Hokkaedo, washing away six hundred houses and submerging many villages.

WORK RESUMED.

Tunnel at Extension Reported Free From Damp or Gas.

Nanaimo, Oct. 7.—The men's gas committee reported no damp or gas in the tunnel at Extension this morning, and work was started. No distinction was shown between the Ladysmith and Extension men in giving places. The stopings are burning, the slopes are tight, and there is no leakage.

THE KING HAS RECOVERED.

London, Oct. 5.—No intimation of any change in the King's condition has been received at Marlborough House, though special advices from Aberdeen say that dispatches received from Balmoral at 2:50 o'clock this afternoon announce that His Majesty has completely recovered and has arranged to attend services in the Crathie church to-morrow.

The court circular issued to-night does not mention the King's movements as the weather at Balmoral is understood to be very bad.

STRIKE RIOTS IN BELGIUM.

Liege, Belgium, Oct. 5.—Out of 22,883 coal miners employed in the district, 15,640 are now idle. Scenes between the strikers and the gendarmes are becoming more frequent. The strikers are trying to forcibly prevent the non-strikers from working.

BOUGHT TIMBER LIMITS.

Ottawa, Oct. 7.—Robt. Herman, of Ottawa, has bought Kippewa limits of Messrs. R. H. Klock & Co. for about $385,000. The limits are 228 miles in extent and are on the Kaskana river in the Kippewa

A MAGICAL LIFE SAVER is Dr. Agnew's Cure for the Heart. After years of pain and agony with distressing Heart Disease, it gives relief in 30 minutes. Thos. Petry, of Aylmer, Que., writes: "I had suffered for five years with a severe form of Heart Disease. The slightest exertion produced fatigue. Dr. Agnew's Cure for the Heart gave me instant relief, four bottles entirely cured me." Sold by Jackson & Co. and Hall & Co.—115.

BOARD OF TRADE RETURNS.

Liverpool, Oct. 7.—The statement of the board of trade for the month of September shows decreases of £3,024,100 in imports and £2,588,500 in exports.

ONE FACT IS BETTER THAN TEN HEARSAYS. Ask Doctor Burgess, Supt. Hospital for Insane, Montreal, where they have used it for years, for his opinion of "The D. & L." Menthol Plaster. Get the genuine made by Davis & Lawrence Co., Ltd.

ARRESTED IN AFRICA.

Deserter From United States Army Dishonorably Discharged From Service.

Washington, D. C., Oct. 5.—Copies of general orders from the department of Cuba just received at the war department contain the records of an interesting court martial trial.

Loys Darrell, a private in troop "G," 10th Cavalry, was tried on a charge of desertion, found guilty, and sentenced to be dishonorably discharged from the service.

The reviewing authority found much fault with the finding of the court, holding that the penalty imposed for the offence committed was "scandalously inadequate," and all the testimony presented to the court was that of the accused in his own behalf. Darrell pleaded "guilty," with extenuating circumstances to the charge. The extenuating circumstances, says General Wood, the reviewing authority, were that Darrell was suspected of murder by the majority of his troop.

On the morning of April 16th, 1900, Henry L. Crouch, a private in troop "C," Seventh Cavalry, was found murdered in an ordnance store house tent, adjoining the barracks of his troop at Pinar del Rio, Cuba. The stripes around his neck plainly showing that he had been strangled and his skull was crushed, evidently by a hatchet or other blunt instrument. He was known to have money on his person. His pockets were turned inside out, indicating the object of the crime. Circumstances pointed to Darrell as one of the perpetrators of the deed, and while an investigation was being made Darrell deserted his post, went to Havana, then to New Orleans, and there took passage for South Africa. On the 25th of the following July he was apprehended at Beira, South Africa, and returned to Cuba for trial. He was tried before the Audencia of Pinar del Rio on a charge of murder and acquitted. He immediately went to Columbia barracks and surrendered himself to the commanding officer, and was then tried and sentenced on a charge of desertion.

THE ROYAL TOUR.

Shooting Party Will Stay Over at Poplar Point.

Winnipeg, Oct. 5.—The Royal train, with the Duke of Cornwall and party on board, will reach Poplar Point tomorrow morning, where the shooting party will disembark. The train then comes to Winnipeg with Sir Wilfrid Laurer and others, who remain here until the departure of the entire party on Tuesday for Toronto. Lord Minto arrived to-day to join the hunting party.

Through the Mountains.

Field, B. C., Oct. 6.—The second day of the eastward journey of the Royal party dawned bright and clear in the mountains, another ideal day for viewing the magnificent scenery of British Columbia. Both sections of the train met at Donald about breakfast time.

At Agassiz a party composed of the Duke and Duchess and Prince Alexander of Teck, Lord Wenlock, Commander Fausset and Hon. Derek Keppel, took seats on the front of the locomotive, and made the trip through the wonderful scenery of the great canyon of the Fraser river, alighting from the engine at North Bend. As the train emerged from one of the numerous tunnels on this part of the line, a cinematograph was taken. At North Bend the Royal party inspected the C. P. R. hotel there, which was tastefully decorated for the occasion.

SUGAR CONFLICT.

Cut in Prices Will Not Be Recognized by Beat Sugar Concern.

New York, Oct. 5.—The Journal of Commerce says: "As a result of the misunderstanding existing between American Sugar Refining Company's interests and the beet sugar people, it is understood that the beet sugar interests, whose profits have been affected by the reduction of 1½ cents in the price of granulated sugar in their territory, will not recognize the cut of price of 3½ cents per pound as the basis for their own dealings with customers. The beet people will retaliate by offering their supplies in competition in the Eastern markets."

PALACE WALLS SINKING.

Tunnel Beneath the Quirinal at Rome is Weakening Foundations.

London, Oct. 5.—A special dispatch from Rome says that the construction of the new tunnel beneath the Quirinal has so seriously weakened the foundations that the palace is endangered. The walls of the building have sunk and have become cracked, and what is known as the Emperor's chamber has been greatly damaged, a wide split having appeared in the walls.

QUARREL ENDED IN DEATH.

Carbondale, Ills., Oct. 5.—A tragedy was enacted here to-day at a time when the streets were crowded with people. John C. Brown was shot by Rev. Jos. McGammish, dying 40 minutes later. The two men had been bitter enemies for nearly a year owing to Brown being jealous of the relations between his wife and the minister. During the early morning hours, Brown told several citizens that he would kill McGammish before sundown. The word reached the minister, and he armed himself. McGammish had gone into a store to transact some business and Brown seeing him, went to him with an open knife in his hand. He opened a quarrel and raised his hand to strike McGammish, when the latter drew his revolver and fired, the ball passing through Brown's lung. Brown leaves a widow and child.

GRAIN COMPANY ASSIGNS.

Minneapolis Minn., Oct. 5.—J. Q. Adams & Company, of this city, who have conducted one of the largest grain receiving and exporting houses in the Northwest under the name of the St. Paul & Kansas City Grain Co., have made an assignment to Fred. Vandusett and P. B. Smith. The company owns or controls seventy country elevators. The J. Q. Adams Company proper is capitalized at $250,000, and the St. Paul & Kansas City Grain Co. at $250,000.

CHARGES AGAINST LEGATION GUARDS

THEY ARE ACCUSED OF MALTREATING CHINESE

Preparations Being Made to Receive the Court on Its Return to the Capital.

Pekin, Oct. 7.—The officials have not been informed as to whether the court has started for Kai Feng Fu. Previous advices lead up to the belief that the court did start. The temporary palaces at Kai Feng Fu and Pac Ting Fu are being prepared like permanent dwelling, although they will be occupied only for a few days. The requisitions for the travelling expenses already amount to 13,000,000 taels, in spite of the edict enjoining economy in this respect. The scale of preparations may be judged from a single item, 30,000 taels will be expended on table ware.

Several local officials along the route have resigned because they are unable to meet the expenses of entertaining the court. The latter's journey is particularly unfortunate, because the regions traversed have been improverished by the summer famine.

The Chinese officials are considering the desirability of protesting to the foreign ministers against the conduct of the legation guards. The soldiers continue to treat the Chinese like conquered people. Groups of soldiers roam about the city, wearing their side arms, often intoxicated, maltreating the natives and committing petty robberies. A party of Americans recently looted a silversmith's store, securing several hundred taels' worth of property. The whole garrison was confined to barracks until the guilty men were detected.

The governor of Pekin has protested because foreign storekeepers continue to occupy buildings which they seized in 1900, regardless of their owners' wishes. The ministers will evict the storekeepers from these places.

Correspondence has been exchanged between the Chinese officials and the ministers regarding the complaints made by Chinese that they have been compelled, against their will, to take part in the work of building the new legations.

It is becoming evidence that some modus vivendi must be established or the conditions here will become intolerable. Notwithstanding the ministers' policy of moderation in erecting defences, the legation quarters present the appearance of a fortified city. The British defences opposite the imperial city are particularly formidable. The Italian defences adjoining the British have embrazures for cannon. A deep moat protects the German section, and across the city wall the Germans have erected a stone fortification for artillery.

Prince Su, collector of taxes, has adopted the policy of taxing goods brought into Pekin for foreign merchants. Heretofore such goods have not been taxed, and the merchants protested to the ministers who have held that the goods shall remain untaxed on the ground that they are intended for the use of the legations.

Traffic in Human Flesh.

Tacoma, Oct. 7.—The steamer Glenogle brings news of human flesh being freely sold in the famine district of Shansi, China. Babes and young children are being butchered. The Empress Dowager has commanded that the practice be stopped, but is able to enforce her orders only around Hsian Fu. The money collected by the Christian Herald, of New York, has been distributed, saving many from starvation.

VANCOUVER NOTES.

Chinese Cook Stole Jewelry But Was Forced to Give It Up—Mate Drowned.

Vancouver, Oct. 7.—Two thousand dollars' worth of jewelry was stolen from Mrs. Chas. Stimson on Saturday. The police placed the Chinese cook under surveillance, and this morning he was forced to give up the diamonds and jewels intact.

Mate Tooley, of the steamer Transfer, fell overboard on Saturday and was drowned.

A big strike has been made on Texada Island on the property of C. Miller. Miller opened a pocket on his claim similar to the one recently found on the Planta claim, and from one hundred pounds of quartz is taking about three thousand dollars.

Dr. Hart, veterinary surgeon, was thrown from a rig on Sunday and probably fatally injured.

Immigration Inspector White, of the United States office here, has just made a capture of four Chinese opium smugglers, operating between Ladner and Whatcom. They will be deported.

REPORTED DEATH OF AMEER.

Dispatch Published in London States That He Died Last Thursday.

London, Oct. 7.—A news agency this evening publishes the following dispatch from Simla, dated this evening: "Habib Oullah Khan, eldest son of the Ameer of Afghanistan, has reported to the British agent at Cabul that the Ameer died last Thursday after a brief illness."

A BUILDER—ARE YOU LOSING WEIGHT?—"The D. & L." Emulsion will always help and build you up. Restores proper digestion and brings back health. Manufactured by the Davis & Lawrence Co., Ltd.

Mrs. C. F. Bittercourt, of Salt Spring Island, is undergoing an operation for appendicitis at the St. Joseph's hospital.

SOUTH AMERICAN NERVINE tones the nerves, stimulates digestion, all essentials to perfect health. In no case has its potency been put to severer test than that of W. H. Sherman, of Morrisburg, Ont. He says: "I was completely run down, nerves all agog, stomach rebelled at sight of food, constant distress and generally debilitated. Four bottles made me a well man. Sold by Jackson & Co. and Hall & Co.—116.

THE GOLDEN NORTH.

Mrs. Hitchcock Lectures on Her Travels in the Sub-Arctics.

There was a good attendance at the lecture given by Mrs. M. E. Hitchcock in the Driard hotel on Saturday evening on the topic "A Tour to the Golden North." The lecture was a most enjoyable one, even to those who have visited the great gold-bearing region within the Arctic circle, illustrating as it did the impressions of a woman of culture, cast into the somewhat crude conditions to be found in the Klondike and in Atlin, a few years ago.

Mrs. Hitchcock was a pioneer in the North, and underwent her share of the hardships incidental to travel in that country before the construction of the White Pass railway and other improved means of transportation had robbed the journey to Dawson of its dangers and terrors. In her remarks the lecturer shows a quick sympathy with the aspirations and purposes of the miner, and a just appreciation of his heroism. She went to the gold regions looking for adventure, and as her remarks on Saturday evening disclosed she found sufficient for the most eager seeker after excitement. Her description of a stampede and other incidents in her stay there were drawn with a firm and graphic hand.

Her lecture was illustrated by a number of excellent photographs, which lent additional spice and interest to the text.

Miss Merrington during the evening recited an original poem, "A Common Dog," which betrayed the true poetic spirit and which was much enjoyed.

It is understood that Mrs. Hitchcock intends delivering her lecture at different points. The delivery of it cannot fail to excite a livelier interest in the mysterious land of which the talented lecturer treats.

MANY CLAIMS RECORDED.

Mining Activity in Klondike Camp—Big Atlin Property Changes Hands.

Three hundred quartz claims have been represented in the Klondike camp, within a radius of fifty miles of Dawson, since the 1st of last April, and thirty applications have been made for crown grants.

This important evidence of activity in the quartz development of the camp is shown by the records on the books of the quartz recorder.

The properties which have been worked and recorded as represented are in nearly every part of what is the Klondike placer camp. There are many on the conglomerates of Indian river, some in the gulches off Eldorado, some on Rock creek, and other streams and gulches.

The application for the thirty crown grants show an even greater confidence in the properties than in the mere representation of property. To obtain a crown grant, which is is fact a permanent title to the property, one must first have spent $500 on the property, advertise it sixty days, make a certificate of the improvements, and finally upon getting the ground pay $1 an acre for it.

The bringing of the first free milling quartz crusher into the camp a few weeks ago is looked upon as another good indication of the confidence held in quartz properties of the district. The mill is to be put up on the Klondike near the Ogilvie bridge. It will cost, it is said, placed in running condition, probably $15,000 to $20,000. It will afford the opportunity of making quick milling tests. The capacity of the mill is thirty tons of rock in 24 hours.

A report comes from Atlin that the first actual transfer of any magnitude to occur in the district has just been made whereby Capt. Martin has sold all of his interests on Spruce creek to the Consolidated Spruce Placers Co., Ltd. The cost price is said to be $25,000. The property consists of a hydraulic bench lease and claims on that creek, in the neighborhood of 140 below, together with the most valuable water concession on the creek, which consists of the finest water right—2,000 inches—granted on Spruce.

ANOTHER STRIKE SETTLED.

Chain Makers at York, Pa., Receive an Advance in Wages.

York, Pa., Oct. 7.—The strike of the chain makers in the local factories of the Standard Chain Company was settled today, and the men returned to work. A settlement was effected on a wage advance of 10 per cent. on traces and 7 per cent. on cart chains.

How many mothers realize that when the baby's advent is expected they need strength for two instead of one. Women, weak, nervous, "just able to drag around," find themselves confronted with coming maternity. They have not strength enough for themselves, how can they have strength to give a child? We don't look for the birth of strong ideas from a weak mind. Why should we expect the birth of strong children from weak mothers?

The way to ensure health and strength to mother and child is to use Dr. Pierce's Favorite Prescription as a preparative for motherhood. It brings the mother's strength up to the requirements of nature, so that she has strength to give her child. It nourishes the nerves and so quiets them. It encourages a natural appetite and induces refreshing sleep.

"Favorite Prescription" makes weak women strong and sick women well.

There is no alcohol in "Favorite Prescription" and it is free from opium, cocaine and all other narcotics.

"I wish to let you know the great benefit my wife derived through taking your 'Favorite Prescription,'" writes Mr. Robert Harden, of Brandon, Manitoba, Box 235. "It was when her baby came. We had heard so much of your medicine that my wife decided to try it (I may say my wife's age was thirty-three and this was her first child). She commenced to take 'Favorite Prescription' five months before her child was born. We have a fine healthy girl, and we believe that this was mainly owing to the 'Favorite Prescription,' taken faithfully according to directions. We shall certainly recommend it wherever we can."

Dr. Pierce's Common Sense Medical Adviser, paper covers, is sent *free* on receipt of 31 one-cent stamps to pay expense of customs and mailing *only*. Address Dr. R. V. Pierce, Buffalo, N. Y.

THE EXTENSION FUND.

List of Contributions to the Relief of Miners' Families.

The committee of Extension miners who have been canvassing for subscriptions to the Extension relief fund are highly gratified by the generous response of the citizens of Victoria to their appeal. The full list of contributors to date is as follows:

Chas. Hayward	$20 00
Bank of British North America	25 00
Bank of Montreal	25 00
Canadian Bank of Commerce	25 00
R. P. Rithet & Co., Ltd.	20 00
Hamilton Powder Co.	40 00
Henderson Bros.	20 00
Victoria-Phoenix Brewing Co.	20 00
Capt. John Irving	20 00
Pither & Leiser	10 00
J. Piercy & Co.	10 00
Thomas Earle	10 00
Peter McQuade & Son	10 00
E. B. Marvin & Co.	10 00
J. H. Todd & Son	10 00
Turner, Beeton & Co.	10 00
Lenz & Leiser	10 00
Wm. Munsie	10 00
Robert Ward & Co., Ltd.	20 00
B. C. Land & Inv'st Agency, Ltd.	10 00
B. Gordon	5 00
C. S. Baxter	5 00
Dr. T. J. Jones	5 00
H. M. Grahame	5 00
John Bell	5 00
Thorp & Co.	5 00
Lemon, Gonnason & Co.	5 00
A. W. von Rhein	5 00
Harry Morton	5 00
Victoria Book & Stationery Co., Ltd.	5 00
D. Spencer	5 00
H. Young & Co.	2 50
Thos. Garvin	3 00
H. E. M.	2 50
B. & Co.	2 00
Dixi H. Ross & Co.	2 00
L. Goodacre	2 50
A. J. Morley	2 50
E. E. Leason	5 00
Wm. Whittaker	2 00
J. Hope	2 50
G. McGregor, "Sadie"	2 50
Cash	2 50
Andrew Gray	2 50
J. Wenger	2 50
Gideon Hicks & Co.	2 50
A. W. More & Co., Ltd.	2 50
Dodwell & Co.	5 00
C. F.	2 00
B. C. Pettingell	2 50
Bay View Saloon	1 50
Sidney Shore	2 00
J. Heaney	1 00
S. & B. Wilson	2 00
Jos. Lammer	1 50
D. H. Macdonall	1 00
H. H. Walker	50
Cash	50
Cash	1 00
F. Rochon	1 00
Geo. H. Wolfe	1 00
Cash	50
Friend	1 00
C. Cooper	1 00
C. W. Westwood	2 50
Erskine, Wall & Co.	2 50
L. J. Seymour	2 00
Geo. Powell & Co.	2 00
Gilbert D. Christie	2 00
Adelphi	2 00
Mrs. G. Phillips	2 00
Cyrus H. Bowes	2 50
C. W. Ruckhaber	1 00
J. J. Wood	1 00
J. H. Baker	1 00
L. Hafer	1 00
George Robertson	1 00
S. N. Reid	1 00
Cash	50
Weller Bros.	10 00
M. W. Waitt & Co.	5 00
T. Soupal & Co.	1 00
Benj. Lewis	50
W. Douglas	50
Cash	1 00
Cash	50
Cash	1 00
K. C.	1 00
T. Young	1 00
C. E. Lacy	1 00
Friend	1 00
J. Sehl	1 00
John Berryman	5 00
Thomas & Grant	5 00
G. T. Fox	2 50
J. S. S.	2 50
Hinton Electric Co.	5 00
W. W. Bullock	5 00
A. E. Allan, Fit Reform Co.	2 50
J. Hastie	2 50
W. & J. Wilson	10 00
Wilson Bros.	10 00
E. Crow Baker	10 00
E. G. Prior & Co.	10 00
K. Metro	2 50
J. Fullerton	1 00
Cash	1 00
Friend	1 00
Friend	1 00
Jas. Bell	1 00
T. N. Hibben & Co.	5 00
A. C. Beach	1 00
Wm. Christie	1 00
H. E. Levy	1 50
C. Wurtele	2 50
Patterson Shoe Co.	5 00
M. Wilebeck	2 00
Brackman & Ker Milling Co.	20 00
Hall & Walker	20 00
Cash	50
Friend	1 00
Cash	1 00
Friend	50
W. Stewart	50
Mr. Clark	1 00
W. Fox	50

MISSION WORK IN INDIA.

Interesting Addresses by Dr. Agnes Turnbull and Miss White.

A large congregation assembled last evening at First Presbyterian church to hear Dr. Agnes Turnbull, of Neemuch, India, and Miss White, of Indore. The addresses were exceedingly interesting and instructive. They gave an intelligent outline of how mission work was conducted in central India, showing both the discouragements and encouragements with which missionaries meet. The work of these women is among the women and children. Their word picture of the terrible famine that began four years ago drew tears to the eyes of not a few in the audience. These good women told their story in a plain, simple, unostentatious manner, and the impression made will not be soon forgotten.

Dr. Turnbull leaves by the Empress today for India, but Miss White will remain for some time yet in Canada. They are the guests of Dr. and Mrs. Campbell.

ITCHING, BURNING SKIN DISEASES relieved in a day. Eczema, Salt Rheum, Barber's Itch, and all eruptions of the skin quickly relieved and speedily cured by Dr. Agnew's Ointment. It will give instant comfort in cases of Itching, Bleeding or Blind Piles, and will cure in from three to six nights. 35 cents. Sold by Jackson & Co. and Hall & Co.—119.

EXHIBITION CLOSE SATURDAY

LARGE ATTENDANCE AT THE HORSE

Spirited Contests During the A —Protests Considered at M of the Directors.

(From Monday's Daily.)

The exhibition of the B. C. tural Association is now no an existence profitable, educa pleasurable, the doors of the building have been closed and which was a scene of so much for nearly a week is now almos sive in its solitude.

This city's great agricultura dustrial event was terminated day night about 10 o'clock a strains of "Home, Sweet Home Fifth Regiment band in the m ing. It had lived a life brief b usefulness, and is bound to pr most beneficial results commerc educationally.

From the commencement a standard was set which the ma were compelled to sustain to end. Royalty presided at the and gave the event an impet sent it whirling along the cours to the last post. Their Royal H by their august presence crow distinction the result of tireles and much self-sacrifice, gave to first day all the glow of a page made it stand out in industri prise the most distinguished of

At times there may have b fusion; there were circumstanc the management now see mi been avoided; some of the arra were not as satisfactory as des the directors themselves are the sparing in their criticism, and t mise that the next exhibition, w be next year, shall be happily fr such defects.

In point of attendance the very successful, while financially ing to the secretary treasurer' published in these columns a fe ing's ago, exceeded expectation correct figures of the attendance various gates during the five day exhibition are as follows:

No. 1 Gate.

Tuesday	
Wednesday	
Thursday	
Friday	
Saturday	
Total	

No. 2 Gate.

Tuesday	
Wednesday	
Thursday	
Friday	
Saturday	
Total	
Pass gate for directors, manager exhibitors and others engaged o the fair grounds	
Grand total	

ABOUT DISTRICT EXHIBI

Protests Lodged at Meeting of Di on Saturday Morning.

At the next exhibition it is alt probable that more prominence given the district exhibits. The districts were admirably represent complaint was made at a meeting directors on Saturday morning by Agassiz of insufficiency of spac fact Mr. Agassiz, on behalf of trict, lodged several protests to the that other districts had received space than his, mentioning spec Victoria, also that a written ent the Saanich or Victoria exhibit been mailed, according to the ru September 1st, and that he pr against the judges' decision on and arrangement.

Considerable discussion follow which the consensus of opinion w the districts had responded to t retary's invitation very creditab was pointed out that Agassiz had variety that Victoria had or other would have probably captured first Messrs. Hayward, Agassiz and spoke of the great value of distr hibits and finally the question of ing $100 to Agassiz and Victori left in the hands of the secretar president.

Mr. Agassiz withdrew his pr while several others which were in other departments were disallo

Miss Agnes Deans Cameron w powered to examine the Kuper St. Ann's Academy and Manual Tr exhibit, and award diplomas merited.

SECOND DAY'S RACING.

Great Improvement Over Frid Fannie Putnam in the Trot.

Another large crowd witnessed races in the driving park on Sat afternoon. These were a great imp ment on those of the previous day though it was generally regretted the trotting and pacing event for tlemen's driving horses could no completed owing to darkness. judges awarded the race to Holly owned by H. G. Wilson, who had the greatest number of heats. The gramme for the second day's races all that could be desired. The en description, colors, and owners plainly noted and the spectators wer abled to follow their various co without confusion.

There is nothing like experience a educational factor, and probably at next exhibition, as far as the races concerned, one unsatisfactory fea which was strikingly apparent on days will be conspicuous in its abse This is the gate arrangement, which responsible for a continuous stream invective from early in the afternoon til the end of the races. The ch to the exhibition grounds was 25 ce