We don't imagine you will buy of us simply because you read this advertisement,

but we do believe that it may induce you to examine our stock, after which we are almost certain you will buy.

CHILDREN'S CLOTHING

Boys' suits, all wool, of course. While all this talk of the high price of woolen fabrics and the substitution of cotton mixtures has been going on—we have no occasion to worry. This business is so thoroughly established in the confidence of parents who BUY and KNOW, that we don't have to further assure them that cotton mixtures can never get into OAK Hall's under any pretext, while sheep grow and are sheared. Our record stands.

OAK HALL
—CLOTHIERS—
Right Opposite the "Chimes"
—115 King St. E.
J. Coombes, Manager

ALEXANDER COCKBURN BURIED.

Large Gathering Pays Last Respects—Passenger Men Send Resolution.

The funeral of the late Alexander P. Cockburn, M.P., which took place yesterday afternoon to Mount Pleasant Cemetery, was very largely attended, and many were present from various parts of Muskoka. They were brought to the city by a special train starting at Huntsville. The drawing-room at the family home on North Sherbourne-street contained very many beautiful floral tributes, among which were offerings from the Muskoka Lakes Association, Muskoka Navigation Company employes, Gravenhurst Reform Association and numerous private friends. Rev. Dr. Neil of Westminster Church officiated, and eulogies of the deceased were delivered by Rev. Dr. R. N. Grant of Orillia, Rev. James Brown of Agincourt, Rev. James Dow of Gravenhurst. The honorary pall-bearers were: J. S. Playfair, George Gordon (Tottenham), G. A. Jones, G. T. Bell, Capt. George Bailey and Capt. McAlpine. The cortege to the cemetery was an exceedingly large one.

These resolutions were passed at the Eastern Canadian Passenger Association meeting at the King Edward Hotel:

Whereas the Angel of Death has suddenly yet quickly and gently, as fitly became his character, called to duties elsewhere our respected friend and member, Alexander P. Cockburn, thus making the first breach in our membership, and causing an irreparable loss in our young association, it is

Resolved, that the afternoon session of this meeting be postponed until 4.00 p.m. to afford all an opportunity of marking their sense of personal loss and sincere sympathy for the family of our departed associate by attending the funeral service, and it is further

Resolved, that our secretary is hereby instructed to forward copy of these resolutions to the bereaved family.

CAN NOW COOK.

Nine Young Ladies Now Expert in Chef's Art.

The second annual commencement exercises of the Lillian Massey school, held at the Normal School yesterday, were a gratifying success, a very large number being present, including Premier Whitney, who presented certificates of graduation to the following students: Jeanie Arbuthnott Doane, Mabel Jane Govenlock, Jeanette Catherine Gunn, Ada Ameline Barker, Edna Lucas, Amelia Maye MacNaughton, Mary Mabel Matthews, Edith Thomson Rogers, Alice Boyer Rust.

Speaking on the subject of domestic science Mr. Whitney expressed his hearty endorsation and appreciation of that valuable branch of education, and dwelt upon the need for it. He would be glad to give it all the support he could. Chancellor Burwash and Prof. A. B. Macallum expressed similar sentiments and support. The address of the afternoon was delivered, however, by Inspector J. L. Hughes, who gave an interesting and instructive review of work accomplished, pointing out the necessity of encouraging domestic science in the future. The work accomplished at the Lillian Massey School was complimented, and hopes were expressed for increased success in the future.

Vocal selections were given by Grace Carter Murray.

Hog Notes.

Sweet food is best for growing pigs. There is no advantage in souring slops.

Hogs, especially sows and growing pigs, should have access to the ground.

If the pigs have scours, give them burnt corncr charcoal.

A good brood sow is about the most productive property a farmer can have.

When a hog is at a standstill there is a loss of food given, and a loss of time.

Feed the brood sows that have litters of pigs liberally on warm, sloppy food.

There is no better bed for growing pigs than a clean earth floor in a partly underground pen.

Many breeds of swine degenerate because the sows are used for breeding purposes too young.

Make the hog house roomy, and construct it in such a way as to admit the light.

Lift Up Your Voice Unto the Cook When Your **POSTUM** is not Black and Rich with a Good COFFEE SNAP

HAVE COLONIES PROTESTED? CHRONICLE IMAGINES SO

Objections Probably Made Against Being Used as Means to End in English Politics.

(Canadian Associated Press Cable.)

London, June 6.—The Daily Chronicle says Lord Lansdowne's cautious reference to the next colonial conference and Mr. Chamberlain's statement at St. Helen's that "I cannot say until the conference meets what its proposals will be" are thought to indicate that polite representations have been made to the government by some of the colonial premiers on the impolicy of dragging the colonies into the party arena in this country.

The Morning Leader says: "The colonies, we are certain, regard with as much detestation as Lord Rosebery or any other Liberal the attempt to use them as 'pawns' in our party politics. Let them have no hesitation in making themselves heard thru their chosen ministers, and let their response to this appeal be such that Messrs. Balfour and Chamberlain must find some ignobler instruments than the colonies, which are reserved for nigher things."

The Glasgow Herald says the colonial conference cannot meet without being summoned, and if the general election is to stand over for another year it had better not meet at all.

LOTS OF NOISE AT LONDON

Continued From Page 1.

Northwest schoo legislation for fourteen years he claimed some authority to speak. It was an unfortunate thing that the government did not take the most direct way, by applying the constitution to the new provinces. "All we want is that the constitution be applied, and if by the constitution the minority is entitled to separate schools we will grant them loyally, fairly and impartially," said Mr. Haultain. No. The B. N. A. Act provided that in each province the legislature should have the exclusive right to provide for education. But it provided certain limitations, one of which was that if a province when it entered confederation had a system of separate schools, then the minority were guaranteed the rights they enjoyed. But the Northwest had never the right to say what kind of a school system is desired. Ontario and Quebec decided what system they should have before they came into confederation. Nova Scotia, New Brunswick and other provinces decided what system they should have. When the territories act was passed in 1875 the territories had no representatives in parliament. For eleven years after 1875 the majority of the Northwest council were appointed by the crown, not elected by the people, and Mr. Oliver, the minister of the interior, was one of the elected members who were voted down by the appointed members of the council. Could it be said the territories had ever been free to pass such legislation as they pleased?

No Regard for It.

A great deal had been said about the love borne by the territories for their school system, but he assured the audience that they never had much regard for the system. In 1889 a resolution was adopted by the territories legislature asking that the educational restrictions be removed, and this was voted for by Mr. Oliver and Mr. Turriff, now telling the electors what a beautiful system the territories had. The following year a similar resolution was sent to Ottawa, but the answer came back that when the territories were created into provinces they would have the power to deal with the question themselves. He was willing to admit that the Northwest had a very good system of education, but it was not due to the exceptional part of the system which provided for separate schools. The autonomy bill merely perpetuated separate schools. Mr. Hyman had asked: "Could the Dominion government do better than enact the school bill that is acceptable to the Northwest?" The Dominion government did not enact the school law, but simply provided that separate schools be guaranteed. A number of inaccuracies in the speeches of Messrs. Mulock, Fielding and others were dealt with and Premier Haultain challenged a statement that the separate schools of the Northwest would not come under the control of the bishops.

Premier Haultain then dealt with the Dominion government for autonomy. Two days after the writs had been issued for the general election he received a letter from Sir Wilfrid Laurier in reply to a letter Mr. Haultain had written in May. After the government was sustained Mr. Haultain went down to Ottawa and for two months was in almost daily conference with Laurier. The discussion of the school question was deferred from day to day until the day Sir Wilfrid introduced the bill in the house, when Mr. Haultain was handed a typewritten copy of the additional clauses. There was design, said Mr. Haultain, in all this in order to prevent the west being heard. Referring to Mons. Sbarretti, he did not object to that ecclesiastic doing what he could for his church. But he did object to being ignored when an eminent ecclesiastic was consulted.

A Deliberate Intent.

Sir Wilfrid had glorified the separate school system and vilified the national school system. There was a deliberate intention to impose a separate school system on the territories. Why did Sifton resign? He could not accept a salary of $7000 a year and support the bill, but he could accept a salary of $1500 a year and support it; so that Mr. Sifton's objections were a matter of $5500. The original and amended clauses were equal in effect, r. Haultain contended. At this point Mr. Haultain read a telegram from Mr. Borden, as follows: "Please correct Mr. Fielding's statement that I have just discovered that the original and amended clauses are identical. I made the statement in my speech of the 22nd March." But even of they were not identical, Mr. Haultain went on, there were still objections to the question being taken away from the Northwest. "I like a little coercion just as I like a lot of coercion," he said. If the pressure that had been laid on the government was responsible for the change, keep the pressure up and the best way to exercise pressure was to defeat the government in London.

Mr. Haultain had put the clauses in the Northwest ordinances, and could speak with authority. He had endeavored to get the worst features regulated away, and had run counter to the bishops, who claimed the regulations were ultra vires, and if they were passed they would appeal to Ottawa for remedial legislation, which Sir Wilfrid could not refuse. It was rank impertinence for Dr. Bryce to attempt to speak for the territories. With regard to Dr. Carmichael, who had been quoted, The Globe had left out the most important part of his interview, to this effect, that he had not looked into the constitutional aspect of the situation, but believed that the west should have all it was entitled to under the constitution. It was Sir Wilfrid who had introduced race and creed cries.

Never.

Proceeding he said: "We will never accept the interpretation of the Dominion government on those clauses. This is not a question of separate schools, but of the right of the provinces to manage their own affairs. It is a question for the territories to decide. It is not for parliament nor for Sir Wilfrid, nor for the papal ablegate. There will be no peace as long as there is a slight violation of the principle of provincial rights. We will resort to every constitutional and legitimate means to fight this measure. This is your fight; it is the fight of every province, and if you are tenacious of your rights, if you enjoy your privileges, you must assist us in this fight for our rights."

The last speaker was W. F. Cockshutt, M.P. of Brantford. He pointed out that during the recent discussion of the autonomy bill in the house there were six members of the government from Quebec watching the legislation and only two from the Province of Ontario. They had been taunted by Mr. Paterson with the fact that only one member from the Province of Quebec had supported the Conservatives, but, said Mr. Cockshutt, the greatest difficulty Sir Wilfrid has in this question is a solid Quebec.

For Weddings

As to the Quality of Ryrie Bros.' Diamonds

¶ It is well worth while dealing with a firm that stakes its reputation of over half a century on the quality of every diamond it sells.

Nor does better quality mean higher prices in this instance. Diamond Hall's permanent buying staff in Amsterdam enables the store to offer values unequalled on this continent.

¶ Note references to Glass and Silverware in in these columns.

Ryrie Bros.
118-124 Yonge St.

HEALTH DEPARTMENT GROWS TOO MUCH FOR SECRETARY

Dr. Hodgetts Before Medical Association Says Health Department Should Stand Alone.

At the evening session of the Ontario Medical Association yesterday Dr. C. A. Hodgetts gave "A Plea for a Provincial board of Health." He said:

"Of the present ministers of the crown, the hon. the provincial secretary is the one upon whom chiefly rests the responsibility of those branches which appertain to the health of the people. They are as follows: (1) Hospital and jail inspection; (2) hospitals for the mentally diseased; (3) provincial board of health; (4) vital statistics (registrar-general); (5) neglected children. In addition to these the following might be placed in the same category, viz., factory inspection, which is delegated to the care of the minister of agriculture, the just what relationship can be claimed officially to exist between the tilling of the ground or the breeding of cattle and the supervision of factories, their general sanitary arrangements and the methods adopted to protect the life of the artisan I have endeavored to ascertain, but without success.

"The provincial secretary, in addition to performing the functions of a minister of health, is called upon to administer the license branch, which of itself calls for a considerable portion of his time. He is also the minister to supervise the registration and inspection of incorporated companies, the issuance of marriage and automobile licenses and other duties incidental to the office of a secretary of state.

"In 1867 there were only two hospitals for the mentally diseased, with 951 patients; but in four decades there has been expansion in this particular branch. The hospitals referred to have increased to nine, with a population of 5581, and since 1867 over 200,000 patients have been admitted.

"More than one-fifth of the total expenditures of the province since confederation have been in branches which have to do with the health of the people of Ontario.

"The minister of health should be in the same postion as the minister of militia of the Dominion, who discusses with his council composed of the heads of most of its branches. Given a minister, with his medical inspector, his sanitary engineer, sanitary inspector, bacteriologist and chemist, all matters could be dealt with with the minimum amount of delay.

"Reasons why the portfolio should be created are: That the future will make greater demands on the provincial authorities than in the past; the problem of sewage disposal in rural municipalities as well as cities could be inquired into; the questions of sanitation for consumptives and the allocation of work to be done by charity require consideration. The providing of preventiment treatment for those neuroses which are a prelude to chronic mental diseases is a great question; the study of cancer, too, is one that might be taken up by the department; the factory inspection would be placed in a much better position and the public would get a better service without any additional expenditure of money."

The president, Dr. Burt of Paris, in his annual report said that in medicine much research is needed to fight the deadly microbe.

Rich Men Should Help.

He thought it would be well if money kings would study medicine or establish schools in which research would be carried on untrammeled by want of finances. H. T. Machell spoke on "Modified Milk and Whey Mixtures." H. A. Bruce gave "Some conclusions based on over 400 operations for appendicitis." R. W. Bruce Smith spoke on "Preludes of Insanity," and J. Biggar, Tillsonburg on "Broncho pneumonia, a contrast between urban and rural results." Teawas served in the library building and the visitors had an opportunity of inspecting the library's new home.

The officers elected were: President, George A. Bingham, Toronto; first vice-president, Ingersoll Olmstead, Hamilton; second vice-president, E. B. Echlin, London; third vice-president, A. Gillespie, London; fourth vice-president, Hadley Williams, London; general secretary, Charles P. Lusk, Toronto; assistant general secretary, Samuel Johnston; trsasurer, Frederick Fenton.

New Hamburg Races Postponed.

New Hamburg, Ont., June 6.—The opening day of the New Hamburg Trotting Association's three-days' meeting was postponed until to-morrow on account of rain.

Ask your Grocer for **Windsor Salt** Best for Table Use.

FLORENCE NIGHTINGALE EIGHTY-FIVE YEARS OLD

Most Famous of Nurses Longs to Take Part in Red Cross Work in Manchuria.

Florence Nightingale, heroine of many bloody battlefields, and the most famous nurse in the world, has just celebrated her 85th birthday. Old as she is, she has an intense longing to go to Manchuria and take part in the Red Cross work there.

The Russian guns that roared fifty years ago while she was gaining a world-wide fame, are roaring still. When she witnessed the fall of Sebastopool half a century ago, she little thought she would live to see the czar's empire engaged in another great war.

Miss Nightingale is taking a deep interest in the struggle in the Far East. She watches every development there, and is a close student of the methods of the Red Cross to-day. She sees much in the way of improvement since the day when she started out with her band of heroic nurses to tend wounded and help the dying in the Crimean War.

The queen of nurses lives now in a quiet little house in London, the house that has been her home for forty years. She is a beautiful old lady, and it seems almost wrong to call her old, so smooth is her white brow and so few the wrinkles that have come to furrow her placid face.

This woman, the pioneer of battlefield nurses, loves to have visits from nurses in the old uniform she knows so well. She begs them all to come attired in the nursing uniform.

It is natural that in the evening of life Miss Nightingale's mind turns from the battlefield to home nursing. Not long ago she expressed the peculiar interest which she felt in the progress of district nursing. No class of work appeals to her more strongly. It was in the homes of the poor that some of her earliest efforts in sick nursing were made, when as a young woman of leisure she visited the cottages of her father's estates in Derbyshire and Hampshire. At the institution of Kaiserswerth, too, where she graduated as a nurse, her attention was chiefly directed toward the care of the sick poor. Her earliest writings dealt with the same theme. The appalling condition of the wounded in the hospitals of the east during the Crimean War summoned her to the care of the soldier, and for many years afterwards she made military hospitals her chief concern. But now she turns again to her earlier work, and the sick poor are in these later years much on her mind.

Need of the Age.

Miss Nightingale, looking upon the "home" as the great unit of the nation, feels that the chief need of the age is the intelligently managed, pure, clean home in which the men and women of the future may be reared, and regards the district nurse as an important factor in bringing about this condition. The district nurse meets the family on their own ground, shows them in their own home how they can be clean and orderly, how they can help in nursing their sick ones, the way to obtain official sanitary help, how to improvise appliances, and often how to tide over difficulties and prevent their home being broken up. To use one of Miss Nightingale's expressive phrases, the district nurse can teach "without seeming to teach, which is the ideal of teaching." When she hears about the erection of model municipal dwellings for the poor, Miss Nightingale invariably inquires what effect they have on the habits of the people. She urges that the district nurse may be the medium for teaching the disorderly how to use improved dwellings, an important factor in the struggle with what she calls "pauperized poverty."

In the early stages of her career Miss Nightingale laid great stress on the maxim trat a "nurse is born and not made" and she has never flinched from that position. She holds that of all occupations, nursing least lends itself to a "formula," as it deals "with living bodies and spirits and cannot be formulated like engineering, or numbered and registered like arithmetic and population. It must be sympathetic." The nurse's art cannot be made a formula any more than the painter's. "When the great painter, Fuseli," as Miss Nightingale has instanced, "was examined as to how he mixed his colors, he replied: 'with brains, sir,' and the good nurse, if she is asked how she nurses can only answer: 'with brains and heart, sir, and with training and practice.'"

Treats the Person.

Miss Nightingale's view of the matter may be illustrated by one of her own characteristic examples. "A great physician was heard to say, when asked how he treated pneumonia, 'I don't treat pneumonia. I treat the person who has pneumonia.' If this is true in medicine, in which there is much that can be tested by examinations, how much more true is it of medicine's servant—nursing? Training—silent thing training, as well as word training; long years of training, moral and sympathetic, as well as physical; training in tact and sympathy; conduct-training is necessary, and progress in training can never end but with a nurse's life. A good nurse must be a good woman with sympathetic insight. She cannot be a good nurse without."

Miss Nightingale has always feared a danger that the office of nurse may be magnified until the proper line of demarcation between nurses and the medical faculty is lost. To use her own terse phrase, "a nurse should be a nurse, not a medical woman," and any test of study which loses sight of this seems antagonistic to her conception of a nurse's vocation. "The most important practical lesson that can be given to nurses," says Miss Nightingale, "is to teach them what to observe, how to observe and how accurately to state the result of observation." A patient's life may hang on the report which the nurse gives to the doctor, and while text-books may help with knowledge they cannot supply the place of the observant eye, and the quality of observation cannot be adequately tested by ability to pass a technical examination. In a message sent some little time ago to a garden party of nurses at her old home, Lea Hurst, Derbyshire, Miss Nightingale touched indirectly on this question. "We hear a great deal nowadays about nursing as a profession," she said, "but the question of each nurse is, 'Am I living up to my profession?' The nurse's life is, above all, a moral and practical life—a life not of show, but of practical action."

To Prevent Horns Growing.

A simple method to prevent the growth of horns in calves, which is practised to some extent by stockkeepers in this country, is also being followed abroad. The English board of agriculture gives the following directions for the use of caustic potash: Clip the hair from the top of the horn when the calf is from two to five days old. Slightly moisten the end of a stick of caustic potash with water, or moisten the top of the horn bud, and rub the tip of each horn firmly with the potash for about a quarter of a minute or until a slight impression has been made on the centre of the horn. The horns should be treated in this way from two to four times at intervals of five minutes. If during the interval of five minutes after one or more applications a little blood appears in the centre of the horn it will then only be necessary to give another very slight rubbing with the potash.

The following directions should be carefully observed: The operation is best performed when the calf is under five days old, and should not be attempted after the ninth day. Caustic potash can be obtained from any druggist in the form of a white stick. When not in use, it should be kept in a stoppered glass bottle in a dry place, as it rapidly deteriorates when exposed to the air. One man should hold the calf while an assistant uses the caustic.

Roll a piece of tinfoil or brown paper around the end of the stick of potash, which is held by the fingers so as not to injure the hand of the operator. Do not moisten the stick too much or the caustic may spread to the skin around the horn and destroy the flesh. For the same reason, keep the calf from getting wet for some days after the operation. Be careful to rub on the centre of the horn and not around the side of it. Caustic potash is poisonous and must therefore be kept in a safe place.

Dairy Notes.

A complete and quick separation of the buttermilk from butter is important to secure the best per cent.

Filling the churn too full is a very common course of trouble.

Bad ventilation in the dairy cellar will cause the butters to be pale.

Care should be taken always not to excite the cow by kicking or scolding, which will make them hold back their milk.

Feed the calf skim-milk when a couple of weeks old, and with it some grain ration, fed separately.

When cows drink heartily and largely the milk is less charged with albumen, and there is a better cream that rises, and a better and easier churner.

By salting the butter in granular form all working is avoided, and the grain is preserved perfectly, and it is only necessary to press into a form to send to the market.

Wood's Phosphodine, *The Great English Remedy.* A positive cure for all forms of Sexual Weakness, Mental and Brain Worry, *Emissions, Spermatorrhoea, Impotency,* Effects of Abuse or Excess, all of which lead to Consumption, Infirmity, Insanity and an early grave. Price $1 per pkg., six for $5. One will please, six will cure. Sold by all druggists or mailed in plain package on receipt of price. Write for Pamphlet. The Wood Medicine Co., Windsor, Ontario. SEXUAL WEAKNESS AND AFTER

"BUY OF THE MAKER"

What could be more seasonable to talk about this week than

Umbrellas

And there are no better umbrellas to talk about than East-made umbrellas.

Here's a specially good value—plain and natural wood handles—gold or silver mountings—fine silk wool cover—paragon frame—at..... **1.50**

Trunks—if this is the month you leave town—remember, we sell trunks from 1.25 to 50.00

Open evenings

EAST & CO.
300 Yonge St.

AMUSEMENTS.

MUNRO PARK.

A GREAT SERIES OF

MAGNIFIGENT BAND CONCERTS

SOLOS, CHORUSES and SPECIAL FEATURES

EVERY CONCERT NEW

The Best that can be given.

CADETS BAND.....TO-NIGHT
G. G. B. G.....THURSDAY
LIGHT HORSE.....FRIDAY
HIGHLANDERS.....SATURDAY

Commencing each evening, weather permitting, at 8

Great Vaudeville Show Next Week

Come every night and be happy.

SPLENDID CAR SERVICE.

GRAND ONLY THEATRE NOW OPEN
EUGENIE **BLAIR** MATINEE TO-DAY AT 2 DICKENS' FAMOUS STORY "OLIVER TWIST."
NEXT WEEK (By Request) "EAST LYNNE"

HAMILTON JOCKEY CLUB SPRING MEETING **TO-DAY**
ALL THIS WEEK
Not Less Than 6 Races Each Day, Including a
STEEPLECHASE
REDUCED FARES ON ALL RAILROADS.

HANLAN'S POINT AFTERNOON-EVENING
FREE SHOW
ALL THE BIG FEATURES RUNNING
SONS OF ENGLAND
4th annual demonstration, Exhibition Grounds, Dominion Day, July 1st, wanted tenders for REFRESHMENTS and other privileges. Apply A. W. Portch, secretary, S.O.E. offices, Yonge-street Arcade.

Phone Junction 90. Phone Park 722.

A. E. Melhuish
Veterinary Surgeon and Dentist
Treats Diseases of all Domesticated Animals on Scientific Principles.
OFFICES 3 Keele St. South, Toronto Junction; 680 King St. West, Toronto.

W. H. STONE
Undertaker
New address on and after April 17th
CARLTON 32 ELTFEET

WALL PAPERS
Newest designs in English and Foreign Lines.
THE ELLIOTT & SON CO., LIMITED.
Importers. 79 King St. West, TORONTO

DODGE STANDARD

WOOD SPLIT PULLEYS
Acknowledged the "Best" the world over. All sizes for immediate deliveries.
SOLE MAKERS
Dodge Manufacturing Co.
116 BAY STREET - - - TORONTO

ELECTRIC CHANDELIERS.

There are many beautiful designs in electric chandeliers shown in our show-rooms for electric fittings.

New importations from England are now on view.

THE TORONTO ELECTRIC LIGHT COMPANY, LIMITED
12 Adelaide-st. East.

Three Months Skilful Valet Service $5.00!

And my valet service means that your entire wardrobe is kept cleaned, pressed and repaired—weekly calls—expert workmanship and such a little cost. You'll save the latter a dozen times over in the longer wear of the garments.

FOUNTAIN, "My Valet,"
30 ADELAIDE W.
Telephone—:—:—Main 3074.

EDUCATIONAL.

ONTARIO LADIES' COLLEGE And Conservatory of Music and Art, Whitby, Ont.
COMMENCEMENT:
Monday afternoon and evening, June 19th.
A special train will leave the Union Station at 2.15 p.m., going direct to the College Grounds; returning at 9.30 p.m. An invitation is extended to friends of the College to attend. For railway tickets and tickets of admission apply to Mr. R. C. Hamilton, 45 Scott-st.; Mr. R. J. Score, 77 King-st. West, or Inspector James L. Hughes, City Hall, Toronto.

KENNEDY SHORTHAND SCHOOL—Ambitious boys have a good opportunity to get ahead of the crowd by attending our school during the summer. 9 Adelaide East.

"Not how cheap, but how good."
NEW YORK DENTISTS REAL PAINLESS
COR. YONGE AND ADELAIDE STS. TORONTO
DR. C. F. KNIGHT, Prop.
Early Closing—May, June, July, Aug. Saturdays at 1 p.m.

FOR SALE
Fifty fine western horses at the Union Stock Yards, Toronto Junction.
J. H. BAIRD
Telephone Junction 114.

SUMMER RESORTS.

HOTEL BRANT, BURLINGTON, NOW OPEN
Best equipped summer hotel in Ontario. Special rates for June. Special inducements to conventions and banquets. Cottage to let. Wm. P. Kenney, Mgr.

DRY CLEANING, STEAM CLEANING, DYEING

Fine work—quick work is what we stand for. We dye a beautiful black for mourning. Fast color—won't fade. Phone and our wagon will call for your order. Express paid one way on goods from a distance.

STOCKWELL, HENDERSON & CO.,
103 King-st. West, Toronto

C. A. RISK
DENTIST
Yonge and Richmond Sts.
HOURS—9 to 6.

WEAK MEN.
Instant relief—and a positive cure for lost vitality, sexual weakness, nervous debility, emissions and varicocele, use Hazelton's Vitalizer. Only $2 for one month's treatment. Makes men strong, vigorous, ambitious.
J. E. Hazelton, M.D., 308 Yonge-street, Toronto.

VETERINARY.

F. A. CAMPBELL, VETERINARY SURGEON, 97 Bay-street. Specialist in diseases of dogs. Telephone Main 141.

THE ONTARIO VETERINARY COLLEGE, Limited, Temperance-street, Toronto. Infirmary open day and night. Session begins in October. Tel. Main 861.

FARMS FOR SALE.

100 ACRE FARM—GOOD FARM, Lot 22, Con. 5, Markham. Apply to John Trudgeon, Markham P.O.

BUILDERS AND CONTRACTORS.

RICHARD G. KIRBY, 559 YONGE ST., contractor for carpenter, joiner work and general jobbing. 'Phone North 904.

SITUATIONS VACANT.

CLERK FOR BRITISH FIRE OFfice, must be a neat writer and have had some insurance or business training. Apply in own handwriting, stating experience and qualifications, also salary required, Box 56, World Office.

MOULDERS WANTED—FIRST-CLASS floor moulders on general machine work, married men preferred. Apply, giving full particulars as to ability, Box 71, World.

RELIABLE MEN WANTED TO REpresent an established real estate firm thruout Ontario. Salary and expenses for the right men. Apply in person, Winnipeg Realty Company, eleventh floor, Temple Building.

TELEGRAPHERS HAVE STEADY work at good pay the whole year round, with unexcelled opportunities for advancement. We can qualify you for a superior position in a few months. Our fine new illustrated telegraph book giving Morse alphabet and full information mailed free. Write to-day. Dominion School of Telegraphy, 9 East Adelaide-street, Toronto.

WANTED — TRAVELER FOR ONTARio, shoe trade specialties. Box 80, World.

WANTED — TWO CHAMBERMAIDS—Apply Rossin House, Toronto.

WANTED—LADY BOOKKEEPER AND typewriter. 40 Yonge-street Arcade. Apply from 12 to 1.

WANTED IMMEDIATELY, DRUG clerk, city store, telegraph operator preferred. Apply giving experience and salary expected, Box 79, World.

MECHANICS WANTED.

WANTED — TWO MACHINISTS—THE Pedlar People, 50 Yonge-street.

SITUATION WANTED.

YOUNG MAN — UNIVERSITY STUdent, would like situation in business or broker's office, where there is opportunity of advancement. Box 81, World.

ARTICLES FOR SALE.

FOR SALE — VALUABLE FURNIture (by private sale), on Saturday and Monday evening, at residence, 152 Bloor East, no dealers.

COMMON SENSE KILLS AND DEstroys rats, mice, bedbugs; no smell. All druggists.

SECOND-HAND BICYCLES, 200 TO choose from. Bicycle Munson, 211 Yonge-street. ed

FARMS WANTED.

FARM WANTED—WOULD PREFER near railway or street car line. Apply Box 82, World.

HOTELS.

ROSSIN HOUSE PENSION—CENTRAL—Select, moderate. 17 Endsleigh-street, Tavistock-square, London, Eng. ed

HOTEL DEL MONTE, PRESTON Springs, Ont., under new management; renovated throughout; mineral baths open winter and summer. J. W. Hirst & Sons, late of Elliott House, props. ed7

IROQUOIS HOTEL, TORONTO, CANada, Centrally situated, corner King and York-streets; steam-heated; electric-lighted; elevator. Rooms with bath and en suite. Rates $3 and $2.50 per day. G. A. Graham.

HOTEL GLADSTONE — QUEEN-ST. west, opposite G. T. R. and C. P. R. station; electric cars pass door. Turnbull Smith, prop.

MONEY TO LOAN.

ADVANCES ON HOUSEHOLD GOODS, pianos, organs, horses and wagons. Call and get our instalment plan of lending. Money can be paid in small monthly or weekly payments. All business confidential. D. R. McNaught & Co., 10 Lawlor Building, 6 King West.

MONEY LOANED SALARIED PEOple, retail merchants, teamsters, boarding-houses, etc., without security, easy payments. Offices in 40 principal cities. Tolman, 306 Manning Chambers, 72 West Queen-street.

ASK FOR OUR RATES BEFORE BORrowing; we loan on furniture, pianos, horses, wagons, etc., without removal; our aim is to give quick service and privacy. Keller & Co., 144 Yonge-street, first floor.

£75,000—4½ PER CENT. city, farm, building loans; houses built for parties; any terms. Don't pay rent. No fees. Call on Reynolds, 34 Victoria-street, Toronto.

LEGAL CARDS.

FRANK W. MACLEAN, BARRISTER, solicitor, notary public, 34 Victoria street; money to loan at 4½ per cent. ed

JAMES BAIRD, BARRISTER, SOLICItor, Patent Attorney, etc., 9 Quebec Bank Chambers, King-street east, corner Toronto-street, Toronto. Money to loan.

LENNOX & LENNOX, BARRISTERS, etc. T. Herbert Lennox, J. F. Lennox. Phone Main 5252. 34 Victoria-street, Toronto.

OTTAWA LEGAL CARDS.

SMITH & JOHNSTON, BARRISTERS, Solicitors, etc.: Supreme Court, Parliamentary and Departmental Agents, Ottawa, Canada. Alexander Smith, William Johnston.

STORAGE.

STORAGE FOR FURNITURE AND pianos; double and single furniture vans for moving; the oldest and most reliable firm. Lester Storage and Cartage, 360 Spadina-avenue.

ART.

J. W. L. FORSTER — PORTRAIT Painting. Rooms, 24 West King-street, Toronto.

LOST.

FIVE DOLLARS REWARD FOR REturn of watch and charm, monogram on case, lost between York and Wexford, on Saturday, to H. F. Armstrong, 21 Hayter-street, Toronto.

RUSS—LOST ABOUT FOUR WEEKS ago, cocker spaniel. Answers to name of "Russ." (A few white hairs on breast.) Reward at enquiry wicket, postoffice, Adelaide street.

HELP WANTED—MALE.

RELIABLE MEN WANTED TO REPresent an established real estate firm through Ontario; salary and expenses for the right men. Apply in person, Winnipeg Realty Company, eleventh floor, Temple Building.

BUSINESS CHANCES.

$3000 WANTED, TO PAY INdebtedness on 22 years' work of International Colportage Mission, or entire stock for sale at $5000. Address Geo. Buskin, 202 King-street East, Toronto, Ont.

STOCK COMPANIES INCORPORATED; if you have stocks or bonds for sale, offer them through me to investors. George M. Kellogg, Broker, 345 Ellicott-square, Buffalo.

FOR SALE.

FOR SALE—IMPROVED YORKSHIRE boar, with pedigree. Apply J. Haybould, Murray-avenue, Toronto Junction.

FIFTY-FIVE HUNDRED FOR GOOD brick hotel property; eighteen bedrooms; leading house; doing commercial trade; in smart railroad village; western Ontario; with livery in connection; all included, with license; immediate possession and decided bargain; two thousand down. Coote & Son, Hamilton.

CLAIRVOYANT.

WONDERFUL TRIAL READING—The only dead trance medium; his startling revelations the wonder of all; past, present, future, told correctly; own writing, birth date, clime, stamped envelope. Prof. George Hall, 1310a Olive-street, St. Louis, Mo. ed