Blue Ribbon Ceylon Tea

The Toronto World.

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HIGH PRESSURE PACKING
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TWENTY-SECOND YE

EIGHT PAGES—FRIDAY MORNING NOVEMBER 22 1901—EIGHT PAGES

ONE CENT

Senate Reading Room
1janoz
SENATE FO

REPUBLIC'S VERY LIFE MENACED BY STRIKERS

Anxiety Expressed That a General Mine Strike Migh Shatter the Constitutional Fabric.

Troops' Attitude is So Doubtful That it is a Question if They Could Be Trusted—All Miners Expected to Cease Work To-Day.

London, Nov. 21.—The question of a general strike of the French miners, says the Paris correspondent of The Times, is again causing anxiety. Since the re-opening of the Chambers the Premier, the Minister of Commerce and the Minister of Public Works have been kept busy with audiences in which they formulated their opinions. The labor exchanges ring nightly with speeches by stump orators.

The miners' three demands — shorter hours, more pay and pensions—would, if granted, says the correspondent, involve an annual expense to the State of 80,000,000f.

The despatch says it is evident that the leaders of the miners take no real interest in a complete settlement. The men's demands, if granted, would inevitably cause the ruin of the majority of mine proprietors and shareholders.

If, the correspondent declares, the general strike takes place it will prove a question of life or death to the Republic. The importation of foreign coal would result in violence on the part of the miners. What would be the conduct of the soldiers, so long the object of the incitations of the Reactionaries and Socialists?

The correspondent asks: Can the government count on the troops?

NEARING A CLIMAX.

Paris, Nov. 21.—(Associated Press.)—The situation in the mining centres of France is again approaching a climax. The next day or two will see a definitive decision upon the question of a general strike. The result of the recent referendum, which, while it gave a majority in favor of the actual number who voted, actually indicated that a very considerable number of the miners were either opposed to a strike or not enthusiastic, impelled the federation officials to put off a strike declaration, on the plea that it was advisable to await the decisions of the Commission of the Chamber of Deputies engaged in studying the demands of the miners. It now appears unlikely that the commission will satisfy these demands and the extreme partisans are endeavoring to force the hand of the federation officials in favor of a strike.

Already a partial strike has broken out in a coal field in the department of the Nord, where a general meeting of miners voted yesterday in favor of a strike and sent a despatch to M. Cotte, Secretary of the Federation, calling upon him to declare a strike immediately. M. Cotte declines to assume the responsibility, and announces the holding of a final consultation of delegates of the various mining centres and the publication of the decision in the course of a day or so. In the meantime, the committee of the important Pas De Calais district has published a manifesto against the declaration of a strike until the Commission of the Chamber of Deputies shall have concluded its labors, and a similar feeling is evinced in other districts. Indications, therefore, go to show that the strike, even if declared, will be only partial and not general, and that it is doomed in advance to failure.

The Belgian and British miners who have been consulted have refused to consent to reduce the output, altho they have promised to give financial aid. Consequently the opponents of the strike predict that the object of the French strikers will be defeated by the invasion of foreign coal, including American.

The situation at present is that 4300 out of the 15,000 miners in the department of the Nord have struck, and that about 1000 have gone on strike in the adjacent pits of the Pas De Calais district. The movement is spreading in the department of the Nord, and it is asserted that all miners there will cease work to-morrow.

Thus far complete order prevails, but an imposing force of gendarmes, infantry and cavalry has been billeted in every coal field to cope with any disorder.

COL. LYNCH THE MAN FOR GALWAY

PRO-BOER ELECTED TO COMMONS

Defeats Horace Plunkett by an Overwhelming Majority—Victor Fought Against the British in South Africa—Career of the Brilliant Author-Journalist.

Dublin, Nov. 21.—The voting to-day in the Parliamentary contest in Galway, between Colonel Arthur Lynch, who fought in the Boer army, and Horace Plunkett, Unionist, was very brisk, and the excitement was great. A large contingent of Lynch's supporters arrived from the country, and the police were kept busy averting serious collisions between the two factions.

The result of the voting was as follows: Lynch 1247, Plunkett 473.

On the whole, the polling was conducted with comparative orderliness. A large additional force of police prevented numerous street scrimmages, which were the outcome of drunkenness from developing seriously. Women were conspicuous in these affairs, and many of them were arrested.

In the event of Col. Lynch's election being quashed on the ground that he is a traitor, Mr. Plunkett says he will decline to take the seat thus reverting to him. He will be returned straight or not at all.

Col. Lynch's friends seem satisfied that he will attempt to take the seat.

Arthur Lynch, journalist and author, was born near Ballarat, Australia, in 1861, and was educated at Ballarat, Melbourne University, Berlin University and Paris. He practised some time as an engineer, and subsequently lectured on scientific subjects in Melbourne. After traveling in New Zealand he went to Berlin to study philosophical subjects. He was a candidate in Galway for Parliament, and being defeated, went to Paris to live. He went to London, published some books and began a journalistic career, afterwards making a voyage to America. Returning to London he became a war correspondent in Ashanti.

In Montreal Wednesday Nationalist Leader Redmond discussed the Galway election, and was asked what the legal position of Mr. Lynch was. Mr. Redmond said there was no bar to Lynch's election, but when the latter reaches the House of Commons there can be an enquiry as to his antecedents, and if he is guilty of a felony he would not be allowed to sit.

PRO-BOER RAISES STORM

Sir Patteson Nickalls, London Stock Broker, Denounces the War.

THEN ROWDIES STOP MEETING

Brokers Sing "God Save the King" and Make Other Opposing Demonstrations.

London, Nov. 21.—Sir Patteson Nickalls, J. P., a prominent member of the Stock Exchange, presided last night at a pro-Boer meetin, held at Maidstone, Kent. Several hundred Tories occupied the gallery for the express purpose of creating a disturbance.

Immediately after Sir Patteson Nickalls, who is a Liberal, had commenced to speak, he was interrupted by groans and songs. In the few intervals of silence, Sir Patteson managed to say that great numbers of thoughtful Englishmen were seeking for means to stay the terrible waste of life in South Africa, and the great peril now threatening the nation. In his opinion, it was an unnecessary and an unjust war. It was a war of false pretence and a war against civilization. He favored offering the Boers definite terms as an alternative for the subjugation and extermination policy of the Tory government.

At this point, the interruptions redoubled, and finally a lot of rowdies stormed the platform and the meeting broke up in great disorder.

On the Stock Exchange to-day the brokers were much stirred up by the utterances of Sir Patteson Nickalls, and, in the absence of business, they passed the time in singing "God Save the King," and in making various other demonstrations against the unpopular member.

UNCLE OF FAMOUS OARSMAN.

Sir Patteson Nickalls is an uncle of Guy Nickalls, the most successful amateur oarsman known in England for many years. He was knighted by the last Liberal administration, in return for staunch support in Kent, where he contested the Sevenoaks Division in 1885. He was again a candidate for Parliament in 1895, but once more, without success. Both he and his brother "Tom," father of the winner of the Diamond Sculls, came as young men to the United States in search of the proverbial fortune.

BITER BIT.

Commandant Buys Attacks a Patrol and is Captured.

London, Nov. 21.—A despatch from Lord Kitchener, dated from Pretoria, Nov. 21, says Commandant Buys has been captured after attacking a patrol of one hundred railroad pioneers on the Vaal River, near Villiersdorp.

NEW STEELMAKING PROCESS

Likely to Produce a Revolutionary Effect on the World's Metal Industry.

SUCCESSFULLY SUBMITTED TO TESTS

Gives Strength and Hardness Double That of Krupp or Harvey Method.

Berlin, Nov. 21.—Trials have been completed at the Royal Technical High School of a new mode of steel manufacture, declared by experts as likely to have a revolutionary effect on the world's metal industry and progress.

It is the invention of a Mecklenburg manufacturer named Giebeler, and consists in imparting to all grades of iron a strength and hardness surpassing nearly double that of the best known Harvey Krupp or Boehler steel, while cheapening production fifty per cent.

Projectiles hurled at armor plate, treated by the Giebeler process and 7¾ millimetres thick, made an impression of only 1 millimetre, while Kruppized armor, four millimetres thicker, was completely punctured.

Resistance experiments showed even more astonishing results. Attempts made by powerful machines proved the steel to possess a strength of 165 kilograms per square millimetre, when the testing apparatus collapsed.

Among the peculiar features of the process is the increasing strength accruing as the steel grows cold. It is claimed that the process permits the metal to be worked cold or hot. Blades of the new steel chop other steel or iron into splinters, as ordinary steel cuts into wood.

Next week the representatives of Herr Giebeler go to America with the intention of submitting the process to the great mills there.

ALMOST A HUNDRED.

Belleville, Nov. 21.—Mrs. McNeil, mother of Mr. J. A. McNeil of this city, died yesterday at Lansdowne, aged 99 years and 5 months.

Pember's Turkish Baths, 129 Yonge.

Valuable Water Colors By Auction To-Morrow.

Mr. Charles M. Henderson will sell tomorrow afternoon, at 2.30, at Roberts' art gallery, No. 51 West King-street (near Bay-street), a valuable collection of oil and water colors by Mr. William Armstrong. This sale offers a grand opportunity to art lovers, as some very choice pieces are to be found in the collection. The entire collection is now on view.

Edwards and Hart-Smith, Chartered Accountants, offices Canadian Bank of Commerce Building, Toronto.

Art Sale.

A valuable collection of paintings, by George E. Colby (Chicago Art Institute), and F. M. Bell-Smith, R.C.A., will be disposed of by auction by Messrs. C. J. Townsend & Co., on Wednesday, Nov. 27, at 3 o'clock p.m. ed

JOHN BEGINS TO FEEL SORE.

DAKOTA RANCHMAN DRYDEN (being trailed thru the political cacti): It was an evil day when I roped that steer.

CANADIAN VESSELS NEEDED

Absence of Tonnage Means Much of the Grain Will Be Lost to Canadian Ports.

SHIPPERS COMPLAIN OF BLOCKADE

Refusal of Government to Abrogate Coasting Laws Will Go Hard With Them.

Montreal, Nov. 21.—According to the Montreal grain men, the refusal of the government to abrogate the coasting law, so far as it refers to American bottoms not being allowed to transport grain between two Canadian ports, has placed them in a very bad position, and they are utterly unable to complete their contracts. On the other hand, Hon. Mr. Tarte's paper says:

"The government did not wish to create any uncertainty amongst the shipowners and builders on the lakes. This state of things cannot, however, last long. The grain carriers, the elevator companies and the large steamship companies which are interested in the St. Lawrence trade, as well as the railways, cannot look on with indifference and see the grain from the west go to American ports because of a lack of vessels on the lakes. We hope that this important question will be brought up before the house next session by someone competent to deal with it. The ports of Montreal, Quebec and St. John and the navigation and railway companies will lose this fall and winter the transportation of 2,000,000 bushels of grain because of the absence of this tonnage. The action of the government is, however, not only justifiable, but it could not have been otherwise this year. This development, however, must take place without delay. Paris was not built in a day. We have up to recent years neglected our means of transportation, but we are now going ahead."

NO OFFICIAL BLOCKADE.

Winnipeg, Nov. 21.—A prominent C.P.R. official, who has charge of the handling of grain for the road in the Northwest and Manitoba, in an interview with a reporter to-day, denied that any serious blockade exists in the country.

"Of course," he said, "an elevator here and there may get tied up for a couple of days or so, but the situation is soon relieved. We are practically hauling as much wheat out of the country as is being marketed, and there is no serious blockade."

Grain dealers and others interviewed in the matter were equally positive that blockade exists. It is expected, however, that the situation will be relieved shortly.

A BRILLIANT BARBER

But His Electrical Shaving Machine Colored Chins Blue.

Paris, Nov. 21.—A barber of the name of Bontemps recently patented an electric quick shaving machine, which consisted of revolving blades operated by a low current. The machine was very successful for a while and attracted many customers to the barber's shop, in the Rue de Courcelles. In the last few days, however, about a score of the barber's customers discovered that their chins had turned blue and the skin felt as if it had been scorched. The customers, who did not suspect the machine of having been the cause of the trouble, consulted their individual physicians, who diagnosed the cases as burns which had been produced by electricity. As a result 17 suits for damages against the barber are now pending.

The Elboner, 99 King St. West, rooms steam heated, electric lighted, $2.00 per week. Fine Bar and Buffet. Call.

Ten Cents Straight.

Just received from Havana, Cuba, the following well-known lines of Havana cigars: La Carolina, Rock, La Africana, La Antiguedad, Manuel Garcia and La Vencedora, which we are selling at ten cents straight. Importing direct alone enables us to offer such special values. A. Clubb & Sons, 49 King west.

Zoonen's Genuine Ebony Toilet Goods of every description; direct importations. Bingham's Pharmacy, 100 Yonge Street. ed

Where Quality Counts.

Every gas fixture in our show room is marked at a much lower price than you'd have to pay for the same goods elsewhere, and our 3-light chandelier at $2.75 is equal in material and finish to the most expensive fixture. We cut the prices, not the quality. We'd be glad to show you our line. Fred Armstrong, 277 Queen-street west.

Have supper at Thomas'—music from 6 to 8 p.m.

Get It at Your House.

The Sunday World is delivered all over the city at midnight, by regular carriers. The edition sent to the city subscribers is the last one printed, and contains the same foreign news as the Sunday papers of New York, and all the Canadian news up to the hour of going to press. You can be sure of having this edition reaching you by ordering from the office. ed

Patents — Fetherstonhaugh & Co., King-street West, Toronto, also Montreal, Ottawa and Washington. ed

General Superintendent McGuigan and General Traffic Manager Loud of the G.T.R. passed thru the city yesterday en route to Chicago.

JOHN SMITH AND JOHN MELLON ARE WANTED BY THEIR FRIENDS

Toronto Man Last Seen on Sept. 10 and His Wife Is Anxious.

Niagara Falls Man Left Home on Friday Last and Has Not Returned.

JOHN SMITH.

On the morning of Sept. 10 John Smith left his home at 125 Mutual-street with the intention, it was thought, of going to his work. Since then he has not been seen or heard of by his family or any of his friends. Where he has gone is a mystery. Since his disappearance not a trace of his whereabouts has been found.

For a number of years past he had been employed in Philip Jamieson's store as head salesman in the clothing department, a position he had occupied with great satisfaction to the firm. On the morning of his disappearance he left his home at 7 o'clock and told his wife he was going to his work. At that time he was apparently in the best of spirits, and was enjoying the best of health. Enquiry at the store revealed the fact that he had not gone to his department, and he could not be found at the home of any of his friends. Mr. Smith is 35 years of age, and has a wife and a little boy.

JOHN MELLON.

WHERE IS JOHN MELLON?

Niagara Falls, Nov. 21.—Last Friday John Mellon, foreman of the burnishing department of the Ontario Silver Works here, disappeared. He was at work last Friday, and left, complaining of being sick. He went home, got $50 in bills and headed for a doctor's. That was the last seen of him. The police have been making every effort to locate him, but so far without success. He is 35 years of age, nearly 6 feet tall, has brown hair and moustache, large blue eyes, pale complexion, and high forehead. He had worked for the Ontario Silver Co. for a number of years. He had no financial worries. His friends fear that in a fit of temporary insanity, brought on by brooding over his physical indisposition, he hurled himself into the river. His brother, Stephen Mellon, lives in Hamilton.

AFGHAN RULER BUSY.

Reassures the Afridis—Many Refugees Return to Cabul.

London, Nov. 21.—A despatch from Allahabad to The Times says Ameer Habib Ullah is busily engaged in state affairs, the period of forty days' mourning for his father having expired.

Replying to a message of condolence on the death of the late Ameer, and of congratulation on his own accession, Habib Ullah has informed the Afridis that he will follow in the footsteps of Abdur Rahman in all things relating to the Afridi position.

Afghan refugees from India are now journeying to Cabul in large numbers, the only those with passports are allowed to pass Jamrud (at the foot of the Khyber Pass).

NEW POWDER UNDER TEST.

Claims of Superiority Made for an Explosive in Belgium.

Brussels, Nov. 21.—The Ministry of War is experimenting with a new gunpowder which is said to remain unaffected by shock, damp or heat. Even fire only causes it to crackle harmlessly. The new powder is believed to be superior to all other explosives for use in mines, as its explosion produces a marked fall in temperature.

JOURNALIST ASSASSINATED.

Three Men Fired at Mim in Madrid —Is Dying.

London, Nov. 22.—According to a despatch to The Daily Express from Madrid, as Senor Romero, a journalist, was leaving the Chamber of Deputies yesterday, he was shot by three men. He received two bullets in the head, and is dying.

Patronize the new Local Restaurant—88 and 86 King-street east. Chas. Tay, lor, Prop.

FEDERAL BYE-ELECTIONS.

Ottawa, Nov. 21.—It is considered likely that the Dominion bye-elections will not take place before Jan. 15, 1902.

Cook's Turkish and Russian Baths Bath and bed, $1. 202 and 204 King W.

The Pan-American in Toronto.

A lively interest is being manifested by furniture critics in the Canadian furniture Manufacturers' Pan-American exhibit, purchased by the Robert Simpson Company. On the third floor of the Simpson warehouse the decorative Union Jack label, which adorned the exhibit in Buffalo, is displayed on about a hundred or more choice specimens of the cabinet maker's handiwork, as well as some beautiful samples of reed work. The Simpson Company announce that by taking the entire exhibit they secured it at a discount which enables them to sell much of it at one-half the prices usually paid. Such a chance may not come round again till the next World's Fair.

For Winter Overcoats we are showing a full range of choice greys. Order now. Harcourt & Son, 57 King St. West. 135

A Glimpse of Beauty.

Dunlop's windows give you an idea of the quality of flowers to be found within. You will always find the freshest of every kind of charming flowers at 5 King W. and 445 Yonge-street.

COL. MATHESON CHOSEN.

South Lanark Conservatives Held Their Convention Yesterday.

Perth, Nov. 21.—South Lanark Conservative convention met at Perth this afternoon, fully 250 delegates being present from all parts of the riding. Col. Matheson was unanimously elected candidate by a standing vote. Mr. Meaghen and Mr. J. M. Rogers were elected president and secretary, and motions passed endorsing Messrs. Borden and Whitney. Speeches were made by Hon. John Haggart, J. R. Lavell, M.P., and Col. Matheson.

JOHN DAVIDSON IN EAST KENT.

Ridgetown, Nov. 21.—The Conservatives of East Kent held their convention here to-day to nominate a candidate to contest this riding in their behalf at the coming election.

About 150 delegates were present, and after presenting credentials the election of officers of the Conservative Association was first taken up, and resulted as follows: President, W. B. Graham, Ridgetown; vice-president, Dr. S. Storey, Blenheim; secretary-treasurer, P. H. Bowyer, Ridgetown.

The selection of a candidate was then proceeded with, and the following names submitted: N. Watson, Mull; B. Willson, Ridgetown; J. F. Sharp, Dresden; T. Leverton, Zone; F. Gifford, Camden; John Davidson, Thamesville; P. H. Bowyer, Ridgetown; Thomas P. Watson, Ridgetown; H. Buller, Howard. All withdrew with the exception of P. H. Bowyer and John Davidson, and on a ballot being taken the result was found to be: Bowyer, 68; Davidson, 76.

Among those present were: F. Macdiarmid, M.L.A. of West Elgin; Mr. Fraser, Conservative nominee of West Kent; James Clancey, M.P. of Bothwell, Jabez Robinson, M.P.

Mr. Whitney and Mr. Foy addressed a public meeting in the Grand Opera House to-night.

MR. HARCOURT'S OPPONENT.

Wellandport, Nov. 21.—A meeting of the Liberal-Conservatives of Monck was held here to-day for the purpose of nominating a candidate for the approaching provincial election. There was a full attendance of delegates. Mr. Charles Henderson of Marshville was the unanimous choice of the meeting. Addresses were delivered by E. A. Lancaster, M.P., and others. The meeting closed with cheers for Whitney, Lancaster, Henderson and the King.

Cigars—La Arrow, clear Havana, 5c each my own manufacture. Alive Bollard.

SMALLPOX AT BUFFALO.

Twenty-Two Cases Have Developed Within Ten Days.

Buffalo, Nov. 21.—Twenty-two cases of smallpox have developed in this city during the last 10 days, and the Health Department officials are making strenuous efforts to stamp out the disease. All the cases are confined to a section of the East Side, occupied by Poles. The district is crowded, from two to ten families occupying a single house, thereby exposing a large number of persons to infection.

Cook's Turkish and Russian Baths, Bath and bed, $1. 202 and 204 King W

DUNSMUIR WILL NOT RESIGN

That Things Are Going Badly With the British Columbia Cabinet is Denied.

THE PROGRESSIVE RAILWAY POLICY

Line From Midway to New Westminster Will Be Built—Interest in Exclusion Law.

Montreal, Nov. 21.—"There is not a word of truth in the statement that the Premier of British Columbia contemplates resigning, and that things are going badly with the Dunsmuir cabinet," was the declaration made to-day by the Hon. W. C. Wells, Chief Commissioner of Lands and Works, who has been here during the week. The Premier, he adds, will have a substantial majority when the House meets in March, and the vacant portfolios caused by the resignation of Hon. Mr. McBride and the defeat of Hon. Mr. Brown, will be filled before the session.

The minister's visit here has something to do with the government's railway policy, which, he declares, will be a liberal and progressive one. A good pass has been discovered thru the Hope Mountains, and the railway, from Midway to New Westminster will certainly be built.

Mr. Wells says there is a good deal of interest just now on the Coast, in view of the fact that the American law, prohibiting the entry of Chinese into the United States, was about to expire, and the question is, "Will the law be renewed?" The British Columbians, he says, trust it will.

QUEEN DRAGA NOT DEAD.

Rumor That She Drank Poison But Her Life Was Saved.

Vienna, Nov. 21.—An official Servian statement, just issued, declares there is absolutely no foundation in the reports that Queen Draga has been shot at, or that she has committed suicide.

SHE DRANK POISON.

London, Nov. 21.—A special despatch from Buda-Pesth to-day says a newspaper there asserts that Queen Draga and King Alexander of Servia recently quarreled, and the King slapped the Queen's face. The latter thereupon drank poison, but her life was saved by physicians.

COUGH CAUSES MASSACRES.

New Guinea Natives Who Get Disease Wreak Vengeance.

London, Nov. 21.—Lieut.-Gov. George R. Le Hunte, in his annual report on British New Guinea, tells a curious story of native superstition which is causing the sacrifice of many lives.

Whooping-cough was introduced by two white children and spread with frightful rapidity. It first swept the coasts and is now ravaging the interior.

As the natives hold that death from whatsoever cause is always compassed by an unknown enemy, only discoverable thru witchcraft, whenever a village is attacked with whooping-cough a sorcerer is consulted. The latter invariably designates another village or tribe as the culprit, and a midnight massacre of innocent persons follows.

COUNT TOLSTOI NOT DEAD.

Letter From Odessa Reports That He is Quite Recovered.

London, Nov. 22.—There is no confirmation of the report circulated by a news agency in the United States of the death of Count Tolstoi. A letter to The Times from Odessa, dated Nov. 13, reports that he had quite recovered from his illness and resumed work.

ONE DEAD, ONE ILL.

Walter Tozer of Toronto Dangerously Sick in South Africa.

Ottawa, Nov. 21.—A cable received tonight at the Militia Department, says that Trooper W. Armsden of Melita, Man., died of enteric fever at Kimberley.

Walter Tozer of 215 Bleecker-street, Toronto, is dangerously ill.

TO-DAY IN TORONTO.

General Meeting Board of Trade, 12 o'clock; Council meeting, 3 p.m.

Annual meeting Working Boys' Home, Church and Gould-streets, 3.30 p.m.

Debate, Wycliffe v. Knox College, at Wycliffe College, 8 p.m.

Jameson-avenue Collegiate Institute graduates' at home, 8 p.m.

Cartwright Club, West End Y.M.C.A., 8 p.m.

Exhibition of paintings by Wm. Armstrong, Roberts' Art Gallery, all day.

Exhibition Directors and Parks and Gardens Civic Committee, joint meeting, City Hall, 8 p.m.

Mulock Club, Dominion Hall, Queen and Sumach-streets, 8 p.m.

Canadian Club dine at Webb's, 1 p.m.

Dr. Milligan lectures at Old St. Andrew's Church, 8 p.m.

Harbord Collegiate Institute commencement exercises, 2.30 p.m.

Debate at Osgoode Hall, 8 p.m.

Open meeting Cabinet Makers' Union, Richmond Hall, 8 p.m.

Princess Theatre, "Beside the Bonnie Brier Bush," 8 p.m.

Grand Opera House, Joe Murphy in "Kerry Gow," 8 p.m.

Toronto Opera House, "Human Hearts," 2 and 8 p.m.

Shea's Theatre, vaudeville, 2 and 8 p.m.

Star Theatre, "Innocent Maids" Burlesque Company, 2 and 8 p.m.

GREEK STUDENTS' RIOT KILLS SEVEN PERSONS

Twenty Thousand Took Part in the Demonstration Around the Ruins of the Temple of Jupiter Olympius.

Eight Hundred Marines Landed to Aid Troops—Heart-Rending Scenes When the Bodies of the Dead Were Handed Over to Their Relatives—Several Officials Resign.

Athens, Nov. 21.—The agitation against the proposal to translate the Gospels into modern Greek was continued to-day.

Twenty thousand persons assembled around the ruins of the Temple of Jupiter Olympius, and took part in a demonstration organized by the students.

A resolution was passed calling on the Holy Synod to excommunicate any person who translated the Gospels into Greek as now spoken.

Eight hundred marines were landed and co-operated with the troops in patrolling the locality. Several collisions occurred and occasional shots were fired.

The students still hold the university buildings.

Great excitement prevails to-night. Strong military detachments guard the palace and the residence of the Premier. Everywhere anxious groups are discussing the situation.

Heart-rending scenes occurred when the bodies of the dead were handed over to their relatives.

It is rumored that armed men have arrived at the university, but the building is still guarded by the students, who are adopting military discipline. Opposition Deputies paraded the streets during the day, exciting the rioters by violent language.

There were no further disturbances during the evening, but it is feared that there will be a renewal of disorder to-morrow.

Among those slightly injured are the Prefect of Police of Athens and the Prefect of Attica.

A force of 800 marines has been landed to help maintain order.

As a result of the demonstrations of the day, the Metropolitan has resigned office.

During the demonstration following the assemblage several shots were fired at M. Theotokis, the Greek Premier, but without effect.

During the encounters between the military and the turbulent demonstrators, 7 persons were killed, 30 were severely, and many others slightly, wounded.

The commander of the gendarmes and the Prefect of Police have resigned. Gen. Vassous has been placed in command of the armed forces.

SEATTLE MAN TELLS OF THE PLOT TO OVERTHROW CANADIAN RULE

Order of the Midnight Sun, With a Membership of 1500, Organized to Promote Revolution—Raid Planned After Season of Navigation, Taking Authorities Unawares.

Seattle, Wash., Nov. 21.—The Evening Times of Seattle publishes to-day a story, which is offered as confirmation of a story published in The San Francisco Call, to the effect that a conspiracy had been planned, covering the entire Northwest Territory, for the overthrow of the Canadian rule and the establishment of an independent republic.

The Times, in its article, lays great stress on the story obtained from Fred Clark, formerly a stage driver in this city, but who has been in the Yukon for some time, who admits a knowledge of the Order of the Midnight Sun, which is supposed to have been organized for the sole purpose of the rebellion.

It is claimed that the order was originally organized in strict secresy in Dawson in 1900, and from there spread along the Yukon, with branches as far as Circle City, on one hand, and the Skaguay and Atlin, in the other direction. It is claimed that men came to Seattle in the interests of the uprising, and solicited support in the way of financial contributions. The Times says that no arms were bought. The total membership of the Order of the Midnight Sun is placed at 1500, altho the members confidently expected outside assistance that would bring the total of the army of the insurrection up to almost 5000.

The Times said that in the early days of the organization a circular was issued and secretly distributed to disaffected miners on the Upper Yukon, in which 10 different clauses were given as being the reasons for an uprising. These dealt with defective mining laws, corruption of officials, royalty, liquor traffic and gambling, delays in the court, British Columbia Alien Act duties, miners' and loggers' license, according fees and boundary disputes.

A similar circular was handed to business men of Skagway, in which they were solicited for aid in support of the enterprise and for a time Clark made his headquarters at the latter place, conducting a junta in the order.

The plotters, according to The Times, anticipated no trouble in accomplishing their purpose.

They thought they could get men enough to overpower the Mounted Police at different towns of the interior. The raid was to be started on the border, and as fast as a town was overpowered a revolutionary government was to be installed. Local officials were to be seized and held as hostages.

The raid was to be started immediately after the close of navigation, and the telegraph lines to Dawson were to be cut in a dozen different places. The leaders are said to have believed that the Canadian government would be months in getting in men, and that at last it would have been compelled to make terms with the insurgents before they laid down their arms.

The conspiracy is said to be dead, owing to the publication of its secrets.

SPEECH MAKES HIM ENEMIES

Semi-Official North German Gazette Expresses Approval of Anti-Chamberlain Agitation.

SITUATION BECOMING SERIOUS.

London Papers Taking Trouble to Explained That No Offence Was Intended.

London, Nov. 22.—The fact that the anti-Chamberlain agitation in Germany has at last extracted a semi-official expression of approval from The North German Gazette has had the effect of convincing the British press that the situation is becoming serious. Heretofore there had been a disposition to disregard and belittle the influence of the agitation. Now the papers are taking trouble to explain that Mr. Chamberlain's words were not intended to insult or offend Germany.

All the papers publish the long specials from Berlin, describing the public feeling and agreeing that the article in The North German Gazette is a proof that the German government is altogether powerless to stem the agitation, which is intended, if possible, to force Count Von Buelow into some anti-British pronouncement.

IMPURE VACCINE.

Jury Finds Child's Death Caused By Vaccination.

St. John, Nov. 21.—Coroner Berryman and a jury held an inquest to-night into the death of Lily Causton, who died from lockjaw, following vaccination. The jury found that the child's death was due to lockjaw, and that impure vaccine was used by the druggist who vaccinated her.

Turkish and Russian Baths, 129 Yonge

KILLED NEAR WHITBY.

Whitby, Nov. 21.—Another fatality occurred this afternoon three miles west on the G.T.R. tracks, where work at the double tracking is going on. One, W. Davis, who was one of the construction crew, was struck and killed by a passing engine. Coroner Carson will hold an inquest.

MARRIAGES.

HAGERMAN—HELLEMS—At 312 East Gerrard-street, on Wednesday, Nov. 20, 1901, Lieut. Wm. D. Hagerman to Florence, only daughter of Chas. Hellems of St. Catharines.

DEATHS.

BADDET—At Western Hospital, on Thursday, Nov. 21, 1901, Mrs. Frank Baddet, in her 38th year.
Funeral on Saturday, Nov. 23, at 10 a.m., to Adford Cemetery, Markham.

DEFOE—At the Toronto General Hospital, on the 21st inst., Clayton Defoe, youngest son of the late John N. Defoe, Esq., of Georgina Township, in his 23rd year.
Funeral at Sutton, Ont., Sunday, 24th inst.

DUGGAN—At Hamilton, on Nov. 20, 1901, at the residence of her son-in-law, G. S. Papps, Caroline Duggan, widow of the late Richard Oliver Duggan, barrister, in her 83rd year.
Funeral on Saturday at 2.30. Services at Christ Church Cathedral.

ROBINSON—Samuel Musgrave Robinson, born at Tealby, Lincolnshire, Eng., April 5, 1830, died at Toronto, Nov. 20, 1901.
Funeral private, from his late residence, 168 Huron-street, Saturday, Nov. 23, at 2.30 p.m.
Georgetown papers please copy.

GRIEVANCE ODDLY AIRED.

Cashiered Officer Bombards Parliament With Hundreds of Pamphlets

Buda-Pesth, Nov. 21.—There was an exciting incident in the Lower House of the Diet this morning. A cashiered officer of the army suddenly arose in the gallery, commenced shrieking "Traitors!" and bombarded the House with hundreds of pamphlets. The man was arrested and explained that he took this means of airing his grievances.

FOR A NEW PRESIDENT.

Mexico City, Mex., Nov. 21.—Gen. Pedro Ospina and George Holguin, the former Minister of War of Colombia, and the latter formerly Finance Minister, have arrived here to confer with Gen. Reyes, a member of the Pan-American Congress. It is understood they will offer him the Presidency of Colombia, assuring him that his taking office will bring peace to his country.

SHOT HIMSELF.

Kingston, Nov. 21.—Jacob Steel, jr., of Kennebec Township went out yesterday to hunt partridge, and, in some manner, accidentally shot himself in the breast, causing death. His body was found this morning.

An Excuse for the Canadian Boy.

The New York Tribune has a very invigorating story of a Canadian boy who insisted that "New York was the largest city in the world," notwithstanding the teacher's remonstrances. Probably the Canadian boy should be excused, because of the fact that everything good he gets to wear in the last line is marked "New York." London is a big city, no doubt, and has very paternal influences, but it is a long distance away, with a heavy freight tariff, and New York is close by with a "glad hand" and your money's worth. So, probably, that's why the Canadian boy said New York was the largest city in the world. Dineen Company have all the Broadway fashions, as well as those of London town, but they admit it's a shorter call to New York. Store open until 10 o'clock Saturday night.

UNSETTLED AND SHOWERY.

Meteorological Office, Toronto, Nov. 21.—(8 p.m.)—Decidedly cold weather now prevails from the Rocky Mountains to Lake Superior, with temperatures below zero in Saskatchewan. A depression appears to be forming in the Missouri Valley, and the indications are in favor of stormy conditions in the lake region.

Minimum and maximum temperatures: Victoria, 46—50; Calgary, 12—20; Qu'Appelle, 6—10; Winnipeg, 10—18; Port Arthur, 18—34; Parry Sound, 24—42; Toronto, 34—43; Ottawa, 20—34; Montreal, 20—30; Quebec, 18—28; Halifax, 28—44.

Probabilities.

Lower Lakes and Georgian Bay—Winds increasing to strong breezes and moderate gales at first from the south and southwest, becoming unsettled and showery.

Ottawa Valley, Upper and Lower St. Lawrence—Fair to cloudy to-day, becoming showery during the night.

Gulf—Generally fair and not much change in temperature.

Maritime Provinces—Westerly to southerly winds; fair, and not much change in temperature.

Lake Superior—Strong winds and gales; northeasterly to northerly; cold with snow.

Manitoba—Mostly fair and decidedly cold.

STEAMSHIP MOVEMENTS.

Nov. 21.	At.	From.
Empress Japan	Yokohama	Vancouver
Germanic	New York	Liverpool
Lombardia	New York	Genoa
Hekla	New York	Copenhagen
La Savoie	Havre	New York