

wood, satin-wood, ebony, bird's-eye maple, madrona, black-walnut veneers, and other fancy woods, suitable for and used for ornamental purposes.

CLASS 133.—TIMBER PREPARED IN VARIOUS WAYS TO RESIST DECAY; kyanized timber.

CLASS 134.—DYEING, TANNING AND COLORING.—Dyewoods, barks, and various vegetable substances in their raw state, used for dyeing and coloring.

a. Logwood, Brazil-wood, peach-wood, fustic, sumac.

b. Barks of various kinds, Brazilian, accacias, oak, hemlock, muriei, bicida, gordonia.

c. Galls, excrescences, and abnormal woody products.

d. Mosses used for dyeing and coloring.

CLASS 135.—CELLULAR SUBSTANCES.—Corks and substitutes for corks, of vegetable growth; porous woods for special uses; pith, rice, paper, &c.

CLASS 136.—LICHENS, MOSSES, PULU, FERNS, and vegetable substances used for bedding, for upholstery, or for mechanical purposes, as teazels, Dutch rushes, scouring grass, &c.

CLASS 137.—GUMS, RESINS, VEGEABLE WAX OR TALLOW WAX, HONEY, including caoutchouc, senegal, tagacanth, Arabic, myrrh, copal, &c.

CLASS 138.—SEEDS AND FRUITS, for ornamental purposes; vegetable ivory, coquilla nuts, cocoa-nut shells, gunitrus beads, bottle gourds, &c.

CLASS 139.—MISCELLANEOUS PRODUCTS.

#### GROUP 14.

AROMATIC, OLEAGINOUS, SAPONAGEOUS, STIMULATING, AND NARCOTIC SUBSTANCES OF VEGETABLE GROWTH. VEGETABLE DRUGS AND PERFUMES.

CLASS 140.—TOBACCO OF ALL VARIETIES, and in its various stages of growth and curing, in the leaf and crude or manufactured.

CLASS 141.—SEEDS FROM WHICH OIL IS EXPRESSED.—Cotton seed, mustard seed, rape seed, linseed, sun-flower seed, olives, palm-nuts, castor beans, oil-cake, and residues of the oil manufacture.

CLASS 142.—SPICES AND CONDIMENTS.—Pepper, cinnamon, mace, nutmegs, cloves, capsicum, vanilla, pimento, cardamons, ginger, mustard.

CLASS 143.—TEA AND THE VARIOUS SUBSTITUTES FOR TEA USED IN DIFFERENT COUNTRIES.—Of teas, all varieties, and in the various stages of preparation for the market, and in the various styles and modes of packing.

CLASS 144.—COFFEE, CHOCOLATE, COCOA, CHICORY, AND THE VARIOUS SUBSTITUTES FOR COFFEE.

CLASS 145.—PLANTS, FLOWERS, ROOTS, LEAVES, AND HERBS, USED IN BEER-MAKING AND IN PHARMACY.—Hops, sarsaparilla, winter-green, spruce-leaves, cinchona, cascarilla, cusparia, and other barks.

CLASS 146.—SAPONAGEOUS PLANTS, LEAVES, ROOTS, SEEDS, BARKS, &c.

CLASS 147.—VEGETABLE DRUGS AND PERFUMES.

CLASS 148.

CLASS 149.

#### GROUP 15.

FIBROUS SUBSTANCES OF VEGETABLE OR OF ANIMAL ORIGIN USED IN THE ARTS.

CLASS 150.—COTTON IN THE BOLL, and cleansed from seeds, as ready for the market, and of all grades and varieties—uplands, low middling, sea island, Chinese, Indian, &c.

CLASS 151.—FLAX, HEMP, JUTE, RAMIE, &c., in their various stages of