MISCELLANEOUS.

expenditure of the Government for the ensuing year.

domestic or home manufacture, as tobacco and

29. Excise is a tax levied on certain articles of

30. Customs is a duty levied on goods coming

31. Free Trade is the free interchange (that is, without paying duty) of commodities between

32. Protection is a system by which high duties

 \mathbf{the} He

emlay een

 \mathbf{the}

ver

are levied on the imports of a country for the purpose of protecting home industries by shutting out to some extent foreign goods. 33. A Tariff is a list or table of goods with a

into or going out of a country.

statement of the amount of customs or duties to be paid on the same when imported or exported.

34. A Revenue Tariff is one in which the customs or duties are sufficiently high to supply a revenue to pay the expenses of government.

35. A Protective Tariff is one in which the customs are placed high enough to protect home industries. Such a tariff is, of course, higher than a revenue tariff.

36. The Journals of the House (Hansard) are the books in which are kept the minutes, or records, of the work done each day by the House.

37. A Bill is a statement of a proposed law.

38. An Act of Parliament is a Bill that has passed both Houses of Parliament and has received the signature of the Sovereign (or representative). It is then a law or statute.

39. The Mover is the one who proposes or introduces a Bill in Parliament.

40. The Seconder is the one who supports the mover in his proposal.

liquors.

countries.

ing the

lisits

adnt. ork the ichthe

its is at-

anis-

de

ion

ent

nd

