23. Phyllosticta concentrica, Sace.

- Fungi Veneti Series V. 203. var. Sparsa, E. & E. in Ell. & Evrht. N. A. F. 2936.

On fallen leaves of *Hedera Helix*, Vineland, N. J.

Perithecia innate, scattered over large areas of the leaf, visible on both sides but more distinctly so below. Sporules subglobose $6-7 \mu$, ovate or elliptical, $6-7 \ge 5-6 \mu$. There are no definite spots as in the typical form.

24. Phyllosticta Rhododendri, West.

Bull. Acad. Brux. I, p. 399.

Phyllosticta maxima, E. & E. Journ. Mycol. 4: 128, 1888.

Exsiee. Ell. & Evrht. N. A. F. 2765.

On leaves of *Rhododendron Catawbiense*, Cult., Newfield, N. J.

Spots dark, rusty brown, zonate, mostly marginal or terminal and then occupying a large part of the upper half of the leaf. Perithecia not abundant, innate, small $(120-150 \mu)$, subprominent, pierced above. Sporules narrow-elliptical, often a little narrower at one end, 10-20 x 6-7 μ with 2-3 faint nuclei.

This description is from the Newfield spece. The shorter sporules are ovoid.

25. Phyllosticta Ulmi, West.

Bull. Acad. Belg. II, Ser. XII, Vol. 7.

Spots amphigenous, subcircular, scattered and confluent, becoming cinereous, immarginate, often sterile. Perithecia rare, very small, scattered, perforated. Sporules ovoid, 1-2 guttulate, hyaline, $10 \ge 5 \mu$.

Spece. on leaves of *Ulmus pubescens*, West Va. (Nuttall) are doubtfully referred to this species spor. 16 x 7.5μ .