ground devoted to agricultural experiments in connection with each school. All these methods have been adopted with success in the introduction of agriculture into schools in other countries.

"The Normal school should be provided with abundant apparatus, models, specimens and books, so as to render the subject attractive, and adequately to represent its importance. If only space and cases were provided, a valuable agricultural museum could be accumulated in a short time at very little

"Competent persons might be appointed as inspectors of agricultural classes and to hold examinations and to convene institutes of teachers in the several counties with the view of aiding the work, of informing the people as to its value, and of insisting on the principle that the scientific education of the mind of the farmer is the initial step in agricultural improvement. This function might be entrusted to the Professors of Agriculture nience could result from being very strict, and making these in the several Normal Schools."

The introduction of agricultural instruction, into our Normal Schools, will certainly increase the efficiency of these institutions which have contributed so materially to elevate the standard of education generally throughout the Province.

The regulations which have been laid down for the guidance of the different Boards of Examiners, it is hoped, will have the same effect.

A statistical summary, which in virtue of the rules must be published annually, will be found annexed. in connection with which, I regret to have to state, as on former similar occasions. that a glance at the tabular statement will show that some of the Boards appear still to dispose a little too rapidly of the number

At present the competition between male and female Teachers furnished with Diplomas is so great that no practical inconveexaminations as efficient as possible.

of Candidates who present themselves for examination.

Annual Statistical Summary of the Boards of Examiners for the Province of Quebec for 1868.

BOARD	Number of days the meetings lasted.		Mean number of Teachers examined.	Number of Diplomas granted for Academics, 1st class.		Academies, 2nd class.		Model Schools.		Model Schools. 2nd class.		ry Schools.				Number of Candidates ad mitted and Class of Diploma.				Number of Candidates rejected.
		Number of Ca		Males	Femules	Males	Females	Males	Females	Males	Females	Males	Females	Males	Females	Academy.	Model School	Elementary School.	Grand Total.	Number of Cal
Charlevoix Montreal (Catholic). Id. (Protestant). Quebec (Catholic). Id. (Protestant). Three Rivers. Sherbrooke. Kamouraska. Gaspé. Stanstead Ottawa Beauce. Chicoutimi. Rimouski. Bonaventure Pontiac. Richmond. Waterloo & Sweetsburg (C.) Waterloo & Sweetsburg (P.)	4 5 4 5 3 4 1 3 3 3 5 4 3 3 5 4 3	12 202 51 88 21 100 33 36 11 29 20 39 4 10 7 11 19 9 48	25 13 17 5 20 11 9 1 10 5 13 1 3 2	1		2		2 1	2 1	3	5	1 3 3 5 5 1 6 3 3 6 6 3 3 5 3 5	6 123 23 12 2 5 5 5 4 4 4 5 5 5 2 2 311	1 1 1 1 2 2	2 45 16 47 7 8 8 18 12 11 6 18 8 8 4 2 2236	3	14 2 1 10 4	9 176 45 59 19 74 21 29 1 18 27 4 4 8 7 7 11 13 9 9 42 2	9 1900 499 600 200 844 288 299 11 299 188 77 111 133 9 422 638	3 12 2 28 1 16 5 7 2 12 6 6