27-Inch Embroidery Flouncing
Regular 65c value, January Sale Price 39c

500 yards of Embroidery Flouncings, 27 inches wide, nice variety of patterns, one of the sensational bargains of this sale. Regular 65c value, January Sale Price...39¢

12½c Embroidery, Sale Price 7c—Ten cartons of Embroidery Edgings and Insertions, values up to 12½c, on sale at, per yard.....5¢

Ladies' Hose Supporters, 4 straps attached, regular 25c value, sale price ..... 19¢

Hair Nets (Red Cross), sold everywhere at 10c, January sale price ..... 5¢

Victoria Hose Supporters, in ladies', childs', maids' and misses', worth 15c to 25c, sale price, per pair ..... 10¢

DRESS SHIELDS (Shield Brand)
Washable, formerly 15c pair, sale price, per pair ..... 5¢

HOOKS AND BARS
Former price 5c card, sale price, 3 cards 5¢

PEARL BUTTONS
Assorted sizes; regular 12½c and 15c card. Sale price ..... 3 cards for 25¢

LADIES' FLANNELETTE GOWNS SPECIAL, 39¢
Ten dozen Flannelette Gowns, in white only, size 54, special sale price .....39¢

R. J. YOUNG & CO.

$1.00 and $1.25 Evening Wear Fabrics for 69c—A chance to secure at a great saving an evening dress for about one-half the regular price; materials comprise Striped Elaines, Plain Eoliennes, Striped Voiles and Embroidered Taffeta Cloths. Values from $1.00 to $1.25, sale price, 69¢

Black Beaver Cloth Fur-Collar Coats, special, $12.50—5 only Ladies' Coats, made of good quality black beaver, with fur collar; half-lined. January sale price $12.50

24 only Ladies' Umbrellas, regular 90c value, on sale Tuesday for, each ..... 49¢

THE LETTER 72 YEARS OLD IS DELIVERED

The Writer and Addressee Are Both Dead.

New York, Jan. 6.—Uncle Sam set a new record in postal service when he delivered today in Yonkers a letter sent from Geneva, N. Y., April 29, 1838. Yonkers is just 335 miles from Geneva. It took the letters 72 years to travel the distance, an average of five miles a year.

Both the sender of the letter and the man to whom it was addressed are dead, the latter 40 years ago. Mrs. Walter Paddock, of the old Paddock family, of Yonkers, received it. She is a grandniece of D. O. Paddock, to whom the letter was addressed.

No explanation of the delay appeared on it. There was no mark from the dead letter office. It probably had been mailed by the sender, who signed himself Whitney, and had been mislaid in the postoffice in Geneva.

POWER CUSTOMERS

Commissioner Stevenson and Manager Dark Has Secured Several.

Manager F. R. Dark and Water Commissioner H. A. Stevenson were out this morning looking up prospective power customers, and succeeded in getting several.

"Next Wednesday we will hook up three customers who will take 360 horsepower," declared Commissioner Stevenson. "They are ready and we will be able to supply the power on Wednesday next. We saw some light customers within an easy radius of the city, and I think we will have $2,000 in contracts before Monday or Tuesday. All we need to do is work hard, and we will be able to dispose of our power."

JESUITS EXPELLED FOR TWENTY YEARS

Portugal Takes Drastic Measures Against Religious Orders.

Lisbon, Jan. 7.—A Government decree issued on the subject of the property rights of the religious orders, contains a clause forbidding monks and nuns of the order to wear a distinctive dress and prohibits the return to the country of expelled Jesuits until twenty years have elapsed following their expulsion. The decree permits any person to arrest an offender against either provision of the law.

LOST IN LANDSLIDES.

Tashkent, Russian Turkestan, Jan. 9.—Further reports from the earthquake zone indicate that the damage to the town of Przhevalsk, in the territory of Semiryetchensk, was comparatively slight, but that many lives were lost through landslides on the roads to that place.

If you wish to have a good time, take your good time with you---and a box of PETERS' SWEETS

The Dominion Savings and Investment Society

NO. 1 MASONIC TEMPLE.

Highest rates of interest allowed on Deposits and Debentures.

MONEY TO LOAN

T. H. Purdom, K.C., President. **Nathaniel Mills, Managing Director**

CZAR SUBSCRIBES TO CAMPAIGN FUND

Russian Nationalist Party Programme Appeals to His Political Sympathies.

St. Petersburg, Jan. 7.—Czar Nicholas has joined the Russian Nationalist party. A note issued by the official intelligence bureau states that Premier Stolypin has informed the All Russian National Club "that the Czar, after acquainting himself with the nature of its propaganda, has subscribed $7,500 to its campaign fund.

The statement of accounts in the Government savings banks in 1909 should modify the accepted idea of the almost universal poverty and thriftlessness of the humblest classes in Russia. At the beginning of 1910 there were $781,000,000 in the banks in the names of over 17,000,000 depositors, of whom the peasants form 28 per cent, minor employees, such as railroad and public works employees, 15 per cent; factory workers only 5.4 per cent, and women 42.9. Finance Minister Kokortzeff states that these figures do not represent anything like the money savings of the people. There are only 6,792 branches of the Government banks in all Russia. The rural population is too scattered to use banks, and still keeps its cash in jars under cottage floors. The deposits in 1910 increased $8,000,000 and the withdrawals decreased $500,000.

ARBITRATION TREATY

Times Says Britain Approves of Taft's Proposal.

London, Jan. 9.—In an editorial review of the arbitration treaty negotiations, the Times says, "If, and when President Taft's suggestions take practical shape, it will be certain to meet with a favorable reception here, nothing has occurred to make Great Britain recede from the position taken up in 1898. On the contrary, our relations with the United States have been more cordial and intimate, and our devotion to the cause of peace stronger. Therefore if Mr. Taft is able to overcome the Senate's objections, he may rely upon the favorable reception here of any proposals."

The Standard thinks that unless President Taft has a reasonable hope of the Senate's approval, it would be advisable to delay the project.

Recent Washington dispatches indicated that President Taft was making inquiries among senators and the members of the committee on foreign relations looking to a general treaty of arbitration with Great Britain. It is believed that if the inquiries reveal a change in mind on the part of the Senate since 1908, the British Government will be approached on the question of beginning negotiations.

BANK ROBBED.

Wheeling, W. Va., Jan. 9.—The First National Bank of Elm Grove, W. Va., near here, was entered by robbers early today, the vault dynamited and all the money taken.

BUILDING STILL CONTINUES GOOD

Cold Weather No Longer Ties Up the Trade in Canada.

FIGURES SATISFACTORY

A Slight Decrease for London Is Noted—An Average Gain of 64 Per Cent Recorded in the Dominion.

The winter season let up in building operations held in anticipation by the more pessimistic, has as yet failed to put in its appearance. Judging from the present state of activities, the Canadian builder no longer cares the snap of his finger for the frost, the snow, or the sweep of the wind. Experience has taught him to meet weather conditions as they come, and his work is no longer confined to specific seasons, but one that keeps him busy from one end of the year to the other. Nothing more clearly demonstrates this than the comparative figures for the month of November, submitted to Construction from 24 important centres throughout the Dominion. These figures show a most gratifying state of progress on practically all sides, with individual gains in some cases such as has never before been attained in the history of the community they represent.

Average Gain.

An average gain of 64 per cent, representing an investment of $8,051,419, as against $4,719,564 in the corresponding year of 1909, tells them the story of the month's progress in brief, and while the amount noted is slightly less than that recorded in October, it nevertheless indicates a growth that is well in keeping with the remarkable development that has characterized the season throughout.

Possibly the most pronounced feature of the month was not so much the universal activity that obtained in general, as it was the heavy proportionate gains made in all parts. Toronto, as is its usual wont, stands well at the head of the list, with an amount of $2,040,030, a splendid total to top off the heavy successive gains already to her credit; while Vancouver registers an amount for permits issued of $1,897,895, which is a most remarkable showing in view of this city's past performance. These totals are the largest reported for the month, and the gains are 5 per cent and 211 per cent in order named.

More Cities Report.

Although three more losses are noted than in the previous month, it must be remembered that the number of cities reporting is again one-third as great. Apart from Halifax's loss of 76 per cent, and the decrease in Lethbridge of 27 per cent, the falling off, collectively, but little affects the exceedingly active conditions which otherwise prevailed. The highest increase for the month goes to Port Arthur, whose mighty development is reflected in a gain of 1,263 per cent, representing an investment of $182,016 as compared with $13,350 in the months of November, 1909. Ontario, in fact, turned itself to good account in practically every direction. Berlin recorded an increase of 365 per cent, Hamilton a gain of 44 per cent, and Brantford is ahead by 162 per cent. A big advance is also noted in the case of Fort William, which registered 198 per cent, and this is equally true of St. Thomas, which annexed a gain of 432 per cent. Fort William's total amounts to $411,480, which is $273,515 in excess of her previous corresponding figures. Again, Ottawa, which witnessed operations to the extent of $230,100, has an increase off 12 per cent; Windsor records a gain of 27 per cent; and Kingston, which does not submit comparative figures, reports operations to the extent of $23,965. The only two reversals noted in this province occur in the case of London and Peterboro, but considering the investment in either cases these declines are of very small proportions.

In the West.

In the western section of the Dominion the headway made was equally pronounced. Aside from Vancouver's phenomenal upturn previously mentioned, many of the cities reporting forged ahead in a most substantial manner. Especially can this be said in the case of Calgary, which undertook new work amounting to $590,604, equal to a gain of 179 per cent. This total, which is slightly in excess of that noted in the previous month, speaks volumes for the wonderful development which this city is experiencing. Edmonton, where a falling off of 16 per cent is noted, was, however, less fortunate; as was also the city of Lethbridge, whose decrease has been previously stated. In Saskatchewan, both Regina and Moose Jaw slightly topped their figures for the same period of 1909, the investment in each case being approximately $50,000. Prince Albert sends in a stated amount of $240,000, without corresponding figures for the previous year; while Saskatoon, which issues permits aggregating $184,210, shows a gain of 647 per cent. Substantial strides were also made in Winnipeg and Victoria, which have to their credit gains of 27 and 94 per cent in the order named. Brandon, however, is in the arrear to some extent.

MARK ON VICTIM SYMBOL FOR SPY

Man Murdered in London Was Branded Like Others Slain in Russia.

London, Jan. 7.—Dr. Wayne Baxter, the East London coroner, opened the inquest today on "two persons unknown," who lost their lives in the burning of a house on Sidney street, Stepney, on Tuesday after the battle between the police and soldiers and the two supposed murderers, Fritz and "Peter the Painter."

Mr. Bodkins, counsel for the treasury, made a lengthy statement, which was largely occupied with a defence of the measures adopted by the authorities on that occasion. He pointed out that the bulk of the police who had been assembled in the vicinity of the building were employed in restraining the enormous crowd which had been attracted to the scene. Mr. Bodkins stated that comparatively few of the police were immediately concerned in overcoming armed resistance.

Counsel for the Government excused the employment of the military on the ground that the police were not armed with weapons as powerful as those of the men who were in the house, and it is known the latter had used. Bodkins also claimed that the police were unacquainted with the use of such weapons, and for this reason the Scots Guards were called on to deal with a wholly exceptionally and terribly dangerous state of affairs.

Wound Not Self-Inflicted.

The examination of the surgeon who performed the autopsies developed that one of the men was shot by the police or soldiers, while the other probably died from suffocation. One of the bodies showed a bullet hole through the skull, the bullet having entered back of the right ear.

"I believe," said the witness, "that this injury caused the man's death. I do not believe that the wound was self-inflicted."

After hearing the evidence of physicians and fireman who were present during the battle the inquiry was adjourned until next Monday. The theory that the "S"-shaped cuts discovered on the face of Berin, the murdered French Jew, landlord of some of the anarchists implicated in the Houndsditch murders, represents "szplon," the Polish word for "spy," gains support from the fact that the bodies of persons who have acted as informers on anarchists, and who have been found murdered on various occasions in Paris and St. Petersburg, have been similarly marked. The Russian and French secret police are familiar with the sign.

GREEKS HELD UP.

Columbus, Ohio, Jan. 9.—Held up at the muzzles of pistols, bound and chloroformed, four Greeks, employed in a construction gang, were robbed of $1,000 by two men at Westerville last night. The four laborers had just seated themselves for supper in the camp car at Festerville, when two men entered the car, and, pointing revolvers, ordered them to throw up their hands. Frightened into submission, the Greeks did as ordered, and while one of the held-up men held them at bay with two revolvers, the other bound them with ropes. Chloroform was then administered to the victims until they became unconscious. Then $800 was taken from their clothes and $200 from a trunk. The robbers escaped.

AVALANCHES IN ALPS.

Turin, Italy, Jan. 9.—Avalanches from the Alps of extraordinary extent are reported, particularly in the Province of Cuneo. Between the villages of Limone and Vernente two snowslides, estimated at 500,000 cubic feet, have obstructed the railway. In certain districts near Maddakena Hill many homes have been isolated. In one valley the only thing appearing above the snow are chimney-tops and the upper ends of telegraph poles.

REBEL CAPITAL FALLS IN MEXICO

Insurrecto Leader Paz Orozco Runs to the Hills Without Waiting to Fight.

GEN. NAVARRO MARCHES

Railway and Mail Movements Are Without Hindrance in the Affected District.

El Paso, Texas, Jan. 7.—Dispatches reaching here say the rebel capital of Mexico has fallen into the hands of the federals. Paz Orozco, leader of the rebels in the mountains of Western Chihuahua has without a fight withdrawn his men and supplies to the mountains, and Guerrero, the one town in that state that has been in rebel hands since Nov. 21, went back to the federals today. Gen. Navarro marched in without firing a shot.

The rebels have retreated to the mountains short of ammunition, although only yesterday their supply was replenished with 30 burro loads of cartridges.

Navarro had to fight to get from Pedernales to Guerrero, but the fighting was only desultory. It is said that Orozco was merely keeping his men out to harass Navarro to delay him so that the rebels could withdraw all their supplies to the mountains. Mexican federals say it was a rebel rout and that the rebels have been driven into Sonora and are broken up.

ASKS ANOTHER VOTE

Continued From Page One.

complishment of this task. All we require is to advance in unison with that public spirit, that optimism and that faith in our city, which is necessary for the accomplishment of all public enterprises. This spirit of unity and harmony is all the more necessary at the present time when the council must find a solution of several important problems with which they are confronted.

"The task before you is by no means a light one, but I feel confident that the council will not shirk its responsibility in the premises, and will find a practical solution of all the problems before them.

NEW REGISTRY OFFICE.

"Steps were taken (although not completed) by last year's council towards the erection of a new registry office, and as this is a pressing need and a step required of us by the Government, you will be asked early in the year to bring the actions of last year's council in the matter to a successful issue.

NIAGARA POWER.

"The past year was marked by the entry of Niagara power into the city, and it now rests not only with the ratepayers, but with us, as their representatives, to lend all the assistance in our power to make the undertaking a success, always remembering that its success spells the city's gain, and its failure the city's loss.

FIXED ASSESSMENTS.

"I think that, considering the amount of bonusing of factories which is being done by other municipalities, the citizens acted wisely in pronouncing favorably upon the plebiscites submitted to them regarding fixed assessment for a number of our industries. In this pronouncement of the ratepayers, I think I see the dawn of a brighter day for London as a manufacturing centre and the birth of a progressive movement which the city will never regret. We have now received the mandate of the people to give effect to their wishes in this regard, and it will be your duty to take the necessary steps to procure legislation authorizing the fixed assessments approved of by the ratepayers.

THE NEW CITY HALL.

"The ratepayers, having by a very large majority, sanctioned the passing of the bylaw providing for the raising of the sum of $75,000 for the erection of a new city hall, you will at once be asked to give such bylaw the final reading. Then the question of disposing of the present city hall and police station, acquiring a site for a new city hall, and having prepared plans and specifications for a new building, will present itself to you for consideration.

NORTH MIDLAND RAILWAY.

"The ratepayers having, by a plebiscite, expressed themselves to be in favor of guaranteeing bonds of the North Midland Railway Company to the extent of $200,000, I would suggest that efforts should at once be made to arrive at a satisfactory agreement with the company, such agreement to be submitted to the property-owners for their approval before being executed.

FIRE INSURANCE RATES.

"Now that the new wells are in operation by Niagara power, I would advise the purchase of an additional fire engine, as required by the underwriters, and that then an effort be made to get the insurance rates for the congested portions of the city reduced.

MUNICIPAL PAVING PLANT.

"As London is the only one of the four leading cities in Ontario which has not its own paving plant, and, as reports which I have obtained from the three other leading cities show that their paving plants are the means not only of greatly reducing the cost of their permanent pavements, but also of insuring the putting in of the material paid for, I would suggest that you consider the advisability of procuring a plant of our own, for I fail to see why, when private corporations can lay pavements and make a profit, the municipality cannot lay its own at cost and save money for the citizens.

LONDON AND PORT STANLEY RAILWAY.

"In my inaugural address to the council of last year, I advised that steps be taken to inquire into the advisability of electrifying the London and Port Stanley Railway, but, owing to the press of business in the engineering department, due to the introduction of Niagara power, the matter had to be laid over. Consequently, I now bring it to your attention and suggest that it be considered at an early date. Owing to the fact that the city buys its power on the peak load basis, and has, for the full twenty-four hour day, to pay for power on the twenty-minute peak basis, and further, that as the bulk of the house lighting and power will probably not be in use say from 12 p.m. to 6 a.m., but will have to be paid for all the same, it seems to me that it might, if the railway were electrified, be utilized for hauling freight and that in that way the motive power of the railway might, during those hours really be acquired for nothing, and that, therefore, the cost of forwarding freight would be reduced to a minimum.

A LOWER PASSENGER FARE.

"Furthermore, by using the surplus current for passenger service during the day time at hours off the peak it seems to me that it would be possible to give a passenger fare to Port Stanley and intermediate stations much lower than that now in vogue, and lower than that which any other road, radial or otherwise, could give to the same points. In this way I think the people's power scheme might be much benefitted, and as this is a very important matter and one deserving of much careful thought and consideration from all points of view, before any change is made, I now bring it to your attention, bearing in mind that the present lease of the road has only three more years to run.

LOOKING FORWARD.

"As in the past, it has been my duty, as well as my pleasure, with the assistance of the council, to conserve the financial position of the city to the best of my ability, so in the future my influence will always be towards the maintenance of the high credit which, I am pleased to say, it enjoys in the money markets of the world.

"In conclusion, I can only repeat my warmest thanks to the citizens of London and give them the assurance that my one desire is to devote myself to their interests and forward the progress of the city in every way. Very truly yours,

"J. H. A. BEATTIE,
"Mayor."

DID ANYBODY SEE HYDRO?

Continued From Page One.

There was a similar wind last night and the power was cut off

This seems to bear out the statement made in The Advertiser some days ago that the method of construction is wrong; in other words, that the towers are too far apart—462 feet—and every time there is more than an ordinry breeze the wires, which sag in many places over twenty feet, strike together, short circuiting the line, and preventing the transmission of power.

The only remedy is to double the number of towers, or in any event, largely increase the number in order to get the towers closer together.

Lightning Arrestors Blamed.

It is also claimed that the lightning arrestors along the line are not right—that they are the cause of much of the trouble. No positive information could be learned on this subject, as many of the men questioned were not sufficiently acquainted with the line to tell. However, they did state that defective arrestors might cause a great deal of loss as well as inconvenience.

Chief Engineer Sothman of the hydro-electric commission denies that the trouble is due to any engineering faults. He lays the blame altogether on the work of enemies of the project.

"I know what I am talking about," he informed The Advertiser. "We have found more than once wires with hooks thrown over the transmission line. These cause a short circuit, and stop the power. You cannot argue me out of that—I know that to be the case. We find the footprints in the snow. We have information that one man did do this thing, and we tried to have him arrested, but he went to the United States.

Watching the Line.

"We can stand criticism if it is founded on right theories, but this sordt of work is very difficult to combat. We will stop it if we have to put a man at every tower along the line. It always happens between 7 and 8 o'clock. We have no trouble in the daytime—as soon as darkness comes we do have it. It is causing us a great deal of worry, but we will catch the culprits yet, and then we will be all right."

PAID TWO DOLLARS FOR BROKEN WINDOW

Ada Le Dare Was Allowed To Go in Police Court Today.

Ada Le Dare, the young woman who on Friday night went celebrating all alone, and under the influence of too much alcohol smashed a window on Dundas street, was allowed to go this morning on condition that she pay $2 to cover the cost of the damage. A window was not the only thing Ada broke on her little jaunt to joyland, for the watch fob of the police officer who arrested her caught on her sleeve, pulling the timepiece out of his pocket and smashing the face of the watch on the sidewalk. She was very apologetic, however, and the little incident was forgotten.

Acting Magistrate Beattie gave her some good advice, and she promised to be good in the future.

THEATRE CONSTABLE CHARGED WITH ASSAULT

Case Was, However, Dismissed in Police Court Today.

Constable T. Parkes, of the Majestic Theatre, was haled into the police court this morning for ejecting some boys from the theatre on Saturday night. The case was dismissed, as it was clearly shown that Parkes had simply performed his duty in putting the boys out when they became disorderly and unruly in the theatre. Magistrate Beattie, in dismissing the charge, gave the boys some unexpected advice in regard to their future behavior in places of public amusement.

They were warned that disorderly actions in theatres and meeting-places would not be tolerated in this city, and if they cannot behave themselves seemly and properly, it will be well for them to stay away altogether.

A PITTSBURG MYSTERY.

Pittsburg, Jan. 9.—Mrs. C. M. Strobaker, wife of the grain elevator superintendent, who was poisoned with strychnine under peculiar circumstances Saturday, is a patient in the same hospital, and according to physicians, is suffering from the same poison. Mrs. Strobaker was yeterday "detained" by the police pending an investigation of her husband's case, and at midnight was found to be suffering from what appeared to be a nervous collapse. She was in a cell at the south side police station, and Dr. D. E. Sable, a police surgeon, was summoned.

"The woman is suffering from stychnine poisoning," said Dr. Sable. "Her right arm has been paralyzed, and it failed to respond to pin pricks."

Strobaker, who regained consciousness yesterday, is recovering from the effects of the poison administered to him, and it is expected he will be discharged within a few days.

BALM-ZOIN KEEPS CHAPS AWAY

If your hands or face are chapped use Balm-Zoin, and find how quickly it heals. Better yet, use it to prevent chapping and roughening.

Apply it regularly after bathing the hands and face, or before exposure to the cold, and there will be no chaps to bother you.

Not greasy or sticky. Gloves can be worn immediately after using. Price, 25c.

Strong's Drugstore
184 DUNDAS STREET.
Call for a copy of our new Cook Book.

CLEARING SALE NOW ON

Special prices on all our Ladies' and Gents' Ready-made Clothing and Furs in order to reduce our stock previous to stock-taking. It will pay you to call and get our prices.

CASH OR CREDIT.

M. Fishbein & Co.
638 DUNDAS STREET.
Open Evenings.

Olive Oil---A Liquid Food

The physician will tell you that there is nothing better than pure Olive Oil to help reconstruct the system and build up worn-out tissue. We sell the purest and best Olive Oil.

16-ounce bottle, 50c.

OMOND.
THE LITTLE DRUG STORE,
465 Dundas Street. Phone 1429.

GOTHAM DEPOSITORS SHOW SIGNS OF "NERVES"

Failure of Carnegie Trust Causes Several Runs On Banks.

New York, Jan. 9.—There was some excitement at the savings department of the Nineteenth Ward Bank at Fifty-seventh street and Third avenue, where there were about 200 people in line, and when the bank opened and at the branch on East Sixty-eighth street were four hundred depositors were in line. At the Seventy-second street branch there were about 100 people in line.

The business departments of the main bank and the branches were a little more active than usual on Monday morning, the business people having accounts there being more confident than the patrons of the savings department.

Inside the Eighty-sixth street branch the officers were on hand early, and there was a large amount of cash in sight with which to pay off the timid depositors.

Frank B. French, president of the Twelfth Ward bank, having headquarters in Harlem, was on hand early, and remained in the institution to interview those depositors who seemed nervous.

There was a group of perhaps fifty people in line early in the day, but many went away satisfied after Mr. French had explained that the institution was backed, and had the assurance of all the financial aid necessary by the power of the financial interests of the city.

Personal Mention

The many friends of Mr. Arthur Boug will be sorry to hear he is very seriously ill at his home, 572 Adelaide street.

Mr. and Mrs. G. A. Templeman, of Winnipeg, are visiting their brother, H. Templeman, 266 Hamilton road.

Mrs. W. R. Jobb, of Windsor, who has been visiting relatives in Wingham, and her parents, Mr. and Mrs. Thomas Armstrong, Regina street, returned home on Wednesday.

Mr. Frank Lortie, a former Londoner, now of Regina, Sask., with a friend, Mr. C. H. Smith, of that city is visiting in London, and will remain for a couple of months.

Mrs. (Dr.) Johnston and daughter Nora, of Montreal, are visiting Mrs. McMillan, 361 Dufferin avenue.

Metz, Germany, Jan. 9. — Troops were called out last night to disperse crowds who were parading through the streets, singing the Marseillais and cheering for the Republic of France.

The demonstrations were made by Socialists and Radicals in protest against the new constitution proposed for Alsac-Lorraine. There were similar gatherings in other cities.

Dr. McNiven, of Comber, paid a flying visit to his sister, Mrs. Duckworth, Bathurst street, and also to his brother, J. C. McNiven, Dorchester.

Mr. Arnold Hodder, of Port Arthur, who has been here for a couple of months with his brother, Mr. Leslie G. Hodder, of the Medical School, went to Woodstock today to attend the boys' college there.

Mr. Fred Fiddes has returned to resume his studies of science in Toronto, after spending the holidays with his parents, Mr. and Mrs. James Fiddes, 428 Piccadilly street.

Miss Josephine Leith, of Manistique, Mich., has returned home after spending a pleasant holiday with her grandmother, Mrs. A. Leith, of 22 Dundas street.

CORN FLAKES LIGHT

A London Company Wants Minimum Weight of Carload Reduced.

Ottawa, Jan. 8.—The Toasted Corn Flakes Company, of London, is before the board of railway commissioners with an application to have the minimum weight of a carload reduced. The product of the company fills a freight car without any way coming into the weight prescribed. The company wants to pay by weight.

GREAT FIRE IN CHILE.

Santiago, Chile, Jan. 9.—The central station of the entire electric and telephone plant of the city was burned today. Ten dining, Pullman and presidential cars were also destroyed. The loss is estimated at $2,000,000.

ELKINS' BIG FORTUNE.

Elkins, W. Va., Jan. 9.—It was learned here today that the will of the late Senator Stephen B. Elkins was filed here for probate on Saturday. While the value of the estate or its disposition has not been learned, it is said to be between $15,000,000 and $20,000,000.