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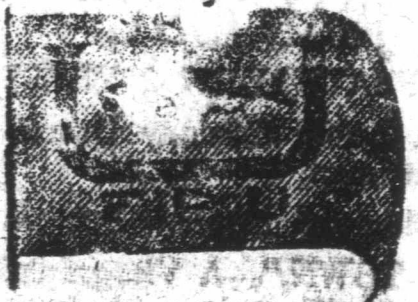
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Real Estate Agent

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("To Every Man His Own.")

The Mail and Advocate

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OUT OF HIS OWN MOUTH

It is a foregone conclusion that under Coaker's leadership the Fishermen's Protective Union will eventually become the governing power of the land; and thus in elevating the toilers to this dignified position which is theirs by every right of mankind, W. F. Coaker has written his name largely on the page of Newfoundland's history.

The above words were written by Mosdell in The Advocate of December 20, 1913. They were written by Mosdell before he sold himself body and soul to the gang of greedy capitalists who furnished Mosdell with the money to establish a newspaper in which he could wage war for them on President Coaker and the F.P.U. These capitalists grew alarmed at the success of the Union at the late election and the ballots were hardly counted before they looked around for some one who would be useful to them to try and stem the fast growing tide of public sentiment surging through the country in favour of the Union and Coaker.

The then Government organs were known by the monied men to be useless for the task; for they had earned for themselves the deep mistrust of the toilers and the fishermen would not even read their "paid so much per line" editorial utterances.

A new man was necessary for the task. The "get rich quicks" quickly realized that the only chance of success was to put forth a new paper with a new management and in seeking these elements of destruction they decided to secure at any cost some one who had connections with Coaker and the F.P.U. and accidentally, or otherwise, they discovered Mosdell.

On making further enquiries they found out Mosdell was not as happy as he would wish to be in his then place of employment. Not happy because he could not run matters to suit himself.

On being approached Mosdell, ever anxious to occupy a large place in the world of local affairs, fairly fell over his tempers and was not long in making up his mind to quit the Union and Coaker. Here, said the mighty one, is my chance to reorganize the Union

MOSDELL'S BOOMERANGS!

HE (COAKER) comes from the backwoods, they said, and alleged this accident of birth as a reason for his failure, forgetting that such a one as Lincoln had his upbringing in a log-cabin. He (COAKER) is of the Toilers, alleged his enemies, a mere fisherman-farmer, overlooking the fact that most of the great enterprises that have benefitted and uplifted humanity have been fathered by Sons of the so-called Common Folk. Birth and breeding and inexperience of public affairs seemed to the scoffers insuperable obstacles for the man COAKER to surmount, but their estimates were ill-calculated. For birth and breeding gave him an intimate knowledge of the life and needs of the men he set out to benefit and genius knows and admits no handicap from obscurity. — MOSDELL, in The Advocate, Dec. 20, 1913.

A PHILOSOPHER has said that the truly great man is him whose genius leads him to attempt and accomplish the apparently impossible and to act irrespective of contemporary opinion inasmuch as his ideas and plans are so much in advance of his age as to outrun sympathy. Such a man was W. F. COAKER—solitary, but confident; despised but determined.—MOSDELL, in The Advocate, Dec. 20, 1913.

and send this man Coaker back to the woods in Green Bay.

After a few months of painful suspense on the part of the general public the new daily journalistic star was issued but quite contrary to the expectation of its all wise parents, the newest "newsie" failed to set the town afire, and instead of being proclaimed from the house tops as having filled "that long felt want in local journalism," which its owners claimed it would, it was received by a disappointed public with unmeasured terms of wrath.

On account of the overestimated reputation of the master mind behind it the public were led to expect the paper to be something never before attempted in journalism in this country; and sorry and sore were they when the expensive "funny paper of the 'interested' ones made its debut to the public, since the birth of The Star, Mosdell has cut some funny pictures in the public eye. He announced some months ago that the policy of him and his friends would be an unceasing warfare on Coakerism.

Filled up with the greatness of its own importance he thought he could succeed here where others ailed. But he too like them has ailed and failed ignominiously.

His war on Coakerism has not affected Coaker or the Union one iota. The Union is to-day stronger than ever. Thousands of men who were opposed to the F.P.U. in 913 are now with the Union. They have since realized how they were odded with catch cries in the late election but they are determined now they will not be caught again.

Mosdell's mission has failed and so will similar missions to kill Coaker and the Union.

The Catalina project is one which must appeal to every toiler in the country. Mosdell once said they (the toilers) were mere hewers of wood and drawers of water until Coaker launched his humane enterprise. The Catalina project forms a part—a large part—of this humane enterprise and the toilers are with it to a man.

The Union is here to stay. It will expand and grow despite all the hired literary assassins the monied interests may purchase, such as Mosdell the "learned" player of the Adelaide Street organ.

Probably once in about 4,000 years a man who is licked in a fair-fight has no excuse to offer.

As a rule we don't care to have people tell us their troubles unless we happen to be lawyers.

Wealth men not bring happiness, but it saves the bill collector many steps.

IT IS given to but few to see the accomplishment of the work they initiate but COAKER has lived to see his great movement start, gather way, sweep aside the many obstacles in its path and give promise of a future of wonderful success and incalculable benefit to Newfoundland's Forty Thousand Toilers of the Sea.—MOSDELL, in The Advocate, Dec. 20, 1913.

MOSDELL'S PROPHECY!

MOSDELL some time ago in speaking of Coaker and the F.P.U. said that "Newfoundland toilers awaited a champion, an organizer and a leader. Men there were plenty to pose, he said, as champions of the cause of the fishermen; but it generally transpired, said Mosdell, that they were politicians at heart and not true friends of the fishermen."

In order to leave no doubt on the minds of his readers at the time of just what he meant when he wrote the above, he went on further to say "that Coaker is gifted with the useful knowledge of how to approach and handle the masses, and Mosdell contended here that this was in a great measure the secret of Coaker's great success.

But again so as to leave no room for doubt of his opinion of Coaker at the time he stated as well that "it is a foregone conclusion that under Coaker's leadership the Fishermen's Protective Union will eventually become the governing power of the land; and said Mosdell; in elevating the toilers to his dignified position, which is theirs by every right of manhood, W. F. Coaker has written his name largely on the page of Newfoundland history."

Now the fishermen have every reason to believe the truth of what Mosdell said when he wrote the above tributes to Mr. Coaker. Day after day the toilers of this country see something and hear something from Mr. Coaker that tells them they have made no mistake in acknowledging him as their leader. They have had many examples during the past five years of how Coaker is bound up in their welfare. He is constantly on the alert for their interests and the unanimous support given him so far by the fishermen is taken by him as an indication that his labours are appreciated.

In 1908 the fishermen toilers of this country sent forth their edict. They made up their minds there and then that the era of privilege must pass. They proclaimed from the council chambers of their Union that no more "to him that bath shall be given, while from him that hath not shall be taken that which he hath."

The voice of the fishermen toilers at the late election was indeed a new declaration of independence. It was a mighty voice of a people born for freedom. It was a warning to the pitiless Pharaohs of the present a hammer laid at the galling shackles of the slave. It was a declaration backed by tremendous power of a mighty

GLEANINGS OF GONE BY DAYS

FEBRUARY 11.

THOMAS A. EDISON, the great American inventor, born, 1847. Peter W. Carter, ex-central district court judge, died, 1871.

Sealing steamer Neptune first arrived, 1873.

Steamer City of Halifax took fire, at Baine, Johnston's wharf, 1873.

Newfoundland Brewing Co.'s brewery burnt, 1894.

Bennett's Government took reins of power, 1870.

Mrs. Henry Wood, novelist, died, 1887.

John Egan, hairdresser, died, 1889.

Meeting in Court House to form volunteer corps; R. J. Kent, chairman, 1888.

Three-mile skating race in City Rink, won by Frank Simms; time 11m. 13s., 1890.

Tribune newspaper registered; P. R. Bowers, proprietor, 1893.

Council decided to import steam roller for use on city streets, 1890.

Rev. Father Sears received title of Monsignor, 1882.

A fire broke out this day at the King's Beach and destroyed 120 houses, and rendered one thousand persons homeless. The total loss was \$100,000. Two printing offices and the newly-erected Wesleyan chapel were destroyed. The Custom House was on fire but was extinguished without much damage, 1816.

Monster meeting in favor of responsible government and free trade, 1852.

John T. Furlong married at St. Pierre by Catholic priest, Church of England priest, and magistrate, 1887.

Stephen Habberlin, tailor and clothier, died, 1877.

Robert Prose, sr., died, aged 74, 1873.

Charles Hutchings, dry goods clerk, died, 1887.

House of Assembly opened by Sir Terrence O'Brien, 1891.

Deceased wives' sisters bill passed by House of Commons, 1891.

Late Hon. John Harris elected for No. 1 ward in municipal election—unopposed, 1894.

Supreme Court opened for first time in Star of the Sea Hall, 1894.

Two boys who insulted Rev. Mr. Bond and A. W. Martin, sentenced to thirty and sixty days' imprisonment, 1889.

John F. McCradden, police officer, died, 1892.

DYES.

Ma wants a package of dye and she wants a fashionable color," said the little girl of a druggist.

"A fashionable color!" echoed the pharmacist. "What does she want it for, eggs or clothes?"

"Well," replied the girl, "the doctor says Ma has stomach trouble and ought to diet. And Ma says if she has to dye it she might as well dye it a fashionable color."

army of fishermen, the wealth producers of this country, that the rotten rule of political rings must pass and this become in truth a government of the people, by the people, for the people.

Its voice was heard throughout the land and whilst not successful in accomplishing its main object, had the satisfaction of knowing that it made the monied interests—who used the fishermen of this country as hewers of wood and drawers of water—stand appalled.

The fishermen of this country when they rallied to the various polling booths on the 31st of October, 1913, showed that they determined that "no more would the high priests of Mammon press the crown of thorns to their beaded brow."

It was the first time in the history of the Colony that a united fishermen stood determined for battle in a political contest. It showed that a new spirit was abroad and it clearly proved that the seed planted by Coaker in 1908 had not been planted in vain.

FISHERMEN, ATTENTION!

FIRST CLASS INVESTMENT.

38 per cent. Dividends in Four Years.

THE new issue of Shares in the Fishermen's Union Trading Company, Limited, are now offered to the members of the F.P.U. Those Shares represent the additional Capital of \$150,000 recently authorized. The Shares are \$10 each. The new capital is to be used to extend the Company's business. A dividend of 10 per cent. has been declared for 1915. Thirty-eight per cent. dividends has been paid during the four years the Company has been in operation. The Company also possess a Reserve Fund equal to 40 per cent. of its capital and if it was possible to place the Trading Company's shares on the stock market, one share would easily fetch \$15. No better or safer investment exist in the Colony. Why bank your earnings at 3 per cent. when such a first-class investment is obtainable? Apply to Agents of the Trading Company where stores are operated or to the

Fishermen's Union Trading Co. Ltd.

Water Street, St. John's.

THE TURK, AS SEEN BY WESTERN EYES

Beggars and Idlers by Instinct, with the Dignity of a Potentate Fighter—But Shirker—at the Same Time the cleanest and Dirtiest Man in Europe.

Whether or not the Turk is as "unspeakable" as he is pictured, he is certainly the most amusing bundle of contradictions in Europe, an unconscious humorist in spite of his grave and dignified airs.

One year he may be begging alms in the street, receiving them with an air of a prince who confers favors; the next you may see him holding some high Government post, with his hand behind his back for the backsheesh he expects in return for his patronage. In both roles alike he is the beggar, but a beggar with the respect of a potentate.

He thinks nothing of beating his wife if she displeases him; he may even, if she goes too far, drop her into the Bosphorus, tied up in a sack, on a dark night; but he would no more dream of overworking his horse or kicking a dog than of denying Allah's existence.

Even for the pariah dogs which swarm in the streets of every town, the Turk provides kennels to shelter in and food to eat; although he will look on indifferently while a relative

SAYS VON PAGEN ORGANIZED PLAN TO BLOW UP WELLAND CANAL

LONDON, Feb. 6.—According to a statement made by the authorities here to-day, Bridgman Taylor, detained here on the charge of having failed to register as an alien enemy, has made a confession to the effect that Captain Franz von Pagen, recalled German military attaché at Washington, organized the plan for blowing up the Welland Canal.

little more than scrap-iron.

Lazy and Happy-go-lucky. He is, in fact, the laziest and most happy-go-lucky man in the world, trusting to Allah to take care of him while he indulges his love of ease and luxury; and getting others to do his work—Greeks to act as bankers, Jews and Armenians as merchants—while he skims their profits for his own exchequer.

His laws are a model to other nations, but he only makes them to break them. He plans wonderful schemes for the good of his country—raising large sums of money for such laudable objects as railway extension and education, but all that happens is that the gold finds its way into the pockets of countless boys and pashas.

And although his country, in spite of potential wealth, is always drifting to bankruptcy, he never allows the knowledge to give him a moment's worry, so long as his own purse is comfortably lined, which, after all, is all that matters.

Reid-Newfoundland Co.

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Good, real No. 1 Leather Belting Specially prepared Belt Dressing Belt Lacing, Clipper Belt Lacers Clipper Laces and Pins

Bristol Steel Lacing, Rubber Belting

Also on hand good supply of Peavies & Peavie Stocks.

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