

1896

## Dorsets and Oxfords

**Shropshires** 

One hundred shearling imported ewes, twenty imported rams, one and two years old, and ram lambs my own breeding; also

Cotswold

ewes one and two years old, Canadian-bred-

W. A. DRYDEN

-

Ontario

Brooklin

I have at present a choice offering in shear-ling and ram lambs (both breeds). We were unable to show this year, but these rams are the choicest lot we ever bred. Also have four two-year-old stock rams, as well as a limited number of shearling and two-shear Dorset ewes. Prices right.

S. J. Robertson (C.P.R.) Hornby, Ont.

## SHROPSHIRES

Fifty Shearling Ewes Fifteen Shearling Rams Twenty-five Ewe Lambs Twenty-five ram Lambs Twenty Ewes of different ages WM. D. BURTCH, BRANTFORD R.R. No. 2 Bell Phone 239, ring 1 and 2

Shropshires and Clydesdales For Sale Ram Lambs for sale—A first class lot of rams, good growthy fellows, good size and well covered with fine wool; also one 3-year-old ram, a sure stock ram, and two Clydesdale Stallions, one Imported and one Canadian, bred right, every way geldings and mares,

W. F. Somerset, - Port Sydney, Ont. Long Distance 'Phone.

## Kent or Romney Marsh Sheep

The hardiest and best grazing mutton and wool sheep of Great Britain. Successfully acclimated wherever grazing sheep are required. Descriptive pamphlet, list of breeders, and all information from

A. J. BURROWS, Ashford, Kent And 16 Bedford Square, London, England

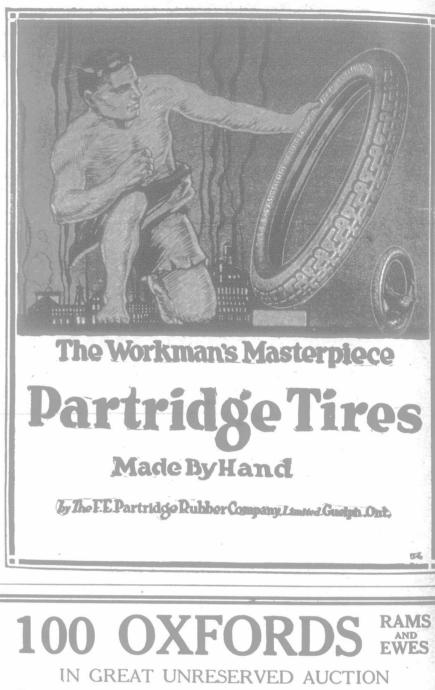
## THE FARMER'S ADVOCATE.

only nicely beginning. Only in the large cities and older municipalities is it being done thoroughly, and in these it is not needed so much as in our rural communities, because greater care is observed in these homes, diseases are treated on their first appearance and medical aid and advice is more convenient and less costly. There is need of stricter legislative requirements covering health supervision, based on the observations of medical science. This might be along these lines: (1) Compulsory health inspection of structure times of all rural inspection at regular times of all rural schools; (2) Co-operation of school officials and medical authorities to secure general and regular vaccination; (3) Physicians to inpsect for contagious diseases, defects of a more serious nature and malformations, which might send a boy or girl into life as a misfit and a dependent; (4). Regular tasts for sight dependent; (4) Regular tests for sight and hearing, which in a measure might be conducted by the teachers; (5) Examination of buildings, premises and drinking water with health only in view; (6) Teachers in training to have these matters explained to them by doctors lecturing at the normal schools.

Popular discussions of health topics in the public press, by qualified physicians is very valuable indeed. These articles are more widely read than people sometimes suppose. Some time ago in one of our weatern towns the health officer contributed to the local paper a number of articles on the matter of health, and they were very closely read and I believe had beneficial results. People after all are really concerned with the matter of health, and quite often unhealthy conditions arise through ignorance.

Then, actual examples of typical upto-date schools should be placed where people might see them; say at the ex-hibition. At the Panama Pacific exposition, two models of school-houses were shown; one was marked "A.D. 1914" and showed a sanitary country school, the other was marked "A.D. 1890" and proved to be the unsanitary kind and proved to be the unsanitary kind still too common, having little or no regard to lighting or other environment, no provision for physical exercise or pure water, or-for a proper lunch. The former building had proper lighting, ventilation and seating arrangements, a good privy, good water, well-drained and convenient grounds, provisions for a hot lunch and many other devices for health and convenience. This part of the exhibition proved to be very attractive indeed.

This problem of health in the rural school has only been recently discovered. A decade or so ago it was unknown. We A decade or so ago it was unknown. we took it for granted that on the farm and in the country schools nothing but health could prevail. But opinion in recent years has been changing. Re-search in other countries and the extreme care observed in the older lands, leads us to hesitate in accepting the trite statement that all rural schools were healthy and the pupils comparatively from the ills discovered in city



Fergus, Ontario, Wednesday, October 22nd

20 Shearling Ewes 40 Ram Lambs 11 Shearling Ewes 7 Two-shear Ewes

20 Ewe Lambs 2 Two-shear Ewes

Fifty per cent. of the lambs are sired by the imported Hobbs-bred ram, Kelems Scotonia (452) of 17. This offering is a choice one throughout, and

TERMS.—Cash, or 6 months' credit will be given on bankable paper bearing interest at rate of 7% per annum. Sale held in village, 300 yards from C.P.R. and G.T.R. stations.

WRITE FOR CATALOGUE

ADAM A. ARMSTRONG -----Fergus, Ontario Auctioneers: WOOD & HEFFERNAN

OCTOBE

FOUNDED 1866

tractive, they will to the p welt bei own then Some defective are: (1) the requ Educatio tors; (2) social ar arrangen ing scho Lack of

(5) Gro citizenswhich c resources

We m but our

point ou could pr campaig condition sible in r and expe strate m the farm and stoc schools? as preci Competi schools change. societies much an past fev remarka extensio health a to do w to be in ities. Th warded consider campaig several teachers matter change pupils. As a that we in the are bus with pro the peo physical basic r our oth abortive

Shorthe

In the Jas. R. I ton, Ont hold his owing to states th lot of fer represent

opular

Secret's.

blean B

half doze

this num

are well

the good Last Con

thick fell Bandsma

dam was

The only

is a fou

imported

Lass, and

The dam outstand

the sire,

former h

The calf !

ing herd

includes

choice v

young lif

the sow h

Attent

Mitchell

on Octob

prising

bulls, w

of Blarn

Roan B1

range i

months Robert

trains wi

stations

