

It'll be a wailin' time

For some reason, the rudeboys of the Kingston shanty-towns mixed the beat up. They whammed away on the second beat instead of the first, and Jamaica went reggae instead of rock'n'roll. Bob Marley and the Wailers grew up with this strange sounding music. They helped reggae along its evolutionary path, and in the middle seventies provided the kick in the ass that the sterile North American music scene desperately needed.

When Marley came to Kingston in the late fifties, he and thousands of other young Jamaicans were listening to the American radio stations of New Orleans and Miami. They all grew up with the soul and R and B sounds of artists like Fats Domino, Nat King Cole and Billy Eckstine. Marley and other aspiring musicians emulated this music and then added their own Jamaican and African in-fluences. The result was a musical form known as ska, which was popular in Jamaica and the West Indian sections of London during the early sixties.

Ska in turn grew into a slightly different form called rock steady which contributed the organ as one of its in-novations. In 1978, an important Jamaican group, Toots and the Maytals, scored with a hit called "Do the Reggay", and from then on, this music with the inverted beat was known as reggae.

Bob Marley helped form the Wailers 15 years ago. They had enjoyed success in Jamaica and England, but until the early seventies they were virtually unheard of in North America. This, in spite of the fact that Johnny Nash hit with "Stir it Up", and Eric Clapton sold a million copies of "I Shot the

Marley. However, it was their sold-out tour of the States in 1975 and the success of the album, Natty Dread, that es-tablished their popularity in North America.

Reggae and the herb are the lid that rests on the pressure streamer that is Jamaican society. Marley's songs vividly illustrate Jamaican ghetto life: the frustrations and tensions, the continual confrontations with

authority and the uninhibited sensuality. Ironically, the music and beat of reggae is infectious and upbeat.

This Saturday, Edmonton audiences will get a chance to hear Bob Marley and the Wailers live at the Kinsmen Field House. Despite this, and the rather high ticket price, it should be a show worth attending. Tickets are available at Mike's.



Sherriff" ; both songs written by Bob Marley's dreadlocks will be shaking Saturday at the Kinsmen Field House.

Employment survey, from page one

U of A Graduate Employment Survey		
Faculty	% graduates finding permanent, job related employment	Average starting salary (monthly)
Agriculture	49	\$1125
Arts	17	\$903
Commerce	76	\$1265
Engineering	85	\$1450
Forestry	23	\$1469
Home Economics	39	\$1064
Pharmacy	* 60	\$1401



This issue of National Lampoon contains some pretty spicy material. Some people unused to such spicy humor had to drink glass after glass of water while reading the love issue.

You can learn alot about all kinds of love from the November issue. If you're really ignorant, you can learn one hell of a lot.

But don't take our word for it. Pick up a copy at your bookstore or newsstand today. And if you get some kind of a disease, don't blame us. You picked up the magazine. It's your fault.

Physical Education and 10 **Recreation Administration** \$1021 Science 20 \$1202

Come and see us

Room 108 SUB

Block says the results of this year's survey are not much different from those of the one conducted last year. The information will be

used mainly in student and employment counselling and by concerned faculties.

representatives from the recently in the "COPYING CENTER" established national task force on student aid.

"Student organizations of all types should be able to make recommendations to the task force," he said. "There is no one organization that can really call itself the spokesman for all students.'

Page Twelve. Wednesday, November 14, 1979.

\$1.00 per page **Fast Service**

STUDENTS' UNION STUDENTS' UNIOE TYPING SERVICE