

REAL BOYS--Their Proper Clothing.

A MATTER THAT CALLS FOR SOUND JUDGEMENT.

EVERY PARENT DESERVING OF A REAL LIVE BOY cherishes the fact--secretly it may be--that he is lusty, noisy perhaps, romping and frolicsome. But his apparel may be a problem, it usually is. If so, bring him to us, or send him in; we make it a particular hobby to fit him out smartly and durably. No M. R. A. garment is for show purposes only; it always possesses the two-fold merit of attractiveness and reliability. The styles this spring are winners, the materials wearproof, the general effect boyish, but tailored with mannish thoroughness.



Models to suit all ages of Boys.
Cut on Roomy lines, no skimping.
Coats, full-chested, shoulders athletic.
Lots of cloth in hips and legs.
Lining 3. Buttons, etc., of best quality.

Norfolks, \$2 to \$8, for Boys 6 to 16.

Single-Breasted Norfolk Suits, with Bloomer Pants.
Single-Breasted Norfolk Suits, with Straight Pants.
Double-Breasted Norfolk Suits, with Bloomer Pants.
Double-Breasted Norfolk Suits, with Straight Pants.
Single or Double-Breasted Norfolk Suits, with inverted Pleats, Straight or Bloomer Pants.

Three-Piece Suits. \$3.75 to \$12.00, for Bigger Boys.

In Double-Breasted Style, with Bloomer Pants.
In Double-Breasted Style, with Straight Pants.
In Single-Breasted Style, with Bloomer Pants.
In Single-Breasted Style, with Straight Pants.

Something New--A Two-Piece Suit in 3-Piece Style.

To satisfy the small boy who refuses to wear a belted coat, and to meet the ideas of the economical parent who does care to pay for a 3-piece Suit, we offer an excellent compromise, namely a 3-piece Suit, minus the vest!

In Double-Breasted Style, with Bloomer Pants.
In Double-Breasted Style, with Straight Pants.

EASTER EXHIBIT NOW--YOU'RE WELCOME.

Unsurpassed Range of Styles, Colors and Sizes.

Manchester Robertson Allison, Limited

GAVE ADDRESS ON KINDERGARTEN WORK AND ITS METHODS

Last evening those residents of the West Side who are interested in kindergarten work held a meeting in the vestry of the Carleton Methodist Church to confer with the Free Kindergarten Finance Committee. Rev. H. Read occupied the chair, and among those present were Rev. W. H. Sampson, Rev. G. E. Scott and Rev. H. D. Marr. Miss May Burditt addressed the meeting on the subject, "Kindergarten Work and Methods." Miss Burditt especially referred to work done in New York City, where she has recently been.

Discussion followed the address and its general trend was to show that Carleton people were very much interested in the proposal to establish a kindergarten in West End. The feeling, however, seemed to be that a school for which a small fee would be charged would be preferable to a free kindergarten. It is understood that W. E. Earle has offered to pay half the cost of such school. The meeting adjourned to meet at some future date to be announced.

MILK FLOWED OVER STREET

The face of many a consumer was wreathed in smiles yesterday when it was learned that a sled belonging to Mr. out-of-town milkman had upset and the lactical fluid had split over the street. Many a householder hoped that such an occurrence would teach others following the milky way that the milk of the gods, while they grind slowly, usually rope in every siner. The occasion for the mirth on the part of many and discomfiture on the part of one was when a milk delivery team, entangled in the car tracks and was upset. Except for the split milk there was little damage done.

FORCE OF EXAMPLE.

"Talk about the instinct of the lower orders! I built a little two story house for our parrot not long ago, and the very next morning after I put her in it she looked out of the window and greeted me in a very profane fashion." "Why should she do that?" "Complaining about the house, I fancy." "But why should she swear at you?" "Took me for the janitor, no doubt."--Cleveland Plain Dealer.

CURZON DEFEATS ROSEBURY FOR THE OXFORD CHANCELLORSHIP

LONDON, Mar. 14--Lord Curzon of Kedleston, ex-Viceroy of India, was elected Chancellor of Oxford University today by 1111 votes against 430 cast for Lord Rosebury. Hitherto in the history of the University chancellors had always been chosen without a contest. Although much influential pressure was exerted to persuade Lord Rosebury to accept the nomination, there was some adverse criticism of his acceptance in the face of the most certain election of Lord Curzon, who is a Conservative on the ground that it gave the contest a political aspect, Lord Rosebury being a Liberal.

SALVATION ARMY COLONIZATION PLANS

TORONTO, Ont., March 14--The Salvation Army presented to the provincial government a scheme today to purchase two hundred and fifty thousand acres in Northern Ontario for their colonization enterprises. They want the government to grant easy terms of payment and to appoint experienced men to assist the army in clearing land and teaching the immigrants necessary things about the country and practice of agriculture.

WOMEN IN MEDICINE.

First Lady Doctor--He is sleeping now and is certainly recovering. He proposed to me this morning. Second Lady Doctor--Indeed! He was probably delirious.--Boston Transcript.

RHEUMATISM

Price 25c. Murray's Rheumatism Cure seldom fails to relieve pain in legs, arms, back, stiff or swollen joints in a few hours. Positively cures in a few days. It does not put the disease to sleep, but drives it out the system.

COURT OF APPEAL SAYS MAGISTRATE DENNISON WAS WRONG

TORONTO, March 14--In giving judgment today on the conviction of Charles M. Hays for failure to provide third class carriages and a two cent fare throughout the length of the Grand Trunk, Justice Meredith says: "This case presents upon its face extraordinary and unusual position, the company, and company only, have been found guilty, and yet individual, and individual only, has been convicted. If the company have committed a crime the company should be prosecuted, and on due proof of it be convicted and punished. If the defendant be guilty his guilt must be proved and punished upon conviction. There is no excuse for his conviction for an offense found to have been committed by a company. The servant is not answerable for the crimes of the master. He is answerable only for those to which he is proved to have been a party." Magistrate Denison submitted to the court of appeal the question whether, upon the facts as found, his conviction of General Manager Hays was right. The court of appeal says "no."

MRS. W. H. EATON IS DEAD IN MONTREAL

Early this morning a telegram from Montreal was received announcing the death of Mrs. W. H. Eaton in her sixty-sixth year, which occurred between nine and ten o'clock last evening. The deceased lady was a sister of Robert A. and James J. Johnston of this city. Besides a husband, five sons and a daughter are left. The children are William H. Jr., Alfred, Ernest, Harry, Frederick and Annie, all of Montreal. Mrs. W. H. Eaton of North End is a sister of Mr. W. H. Eaton. Mr. Eaton was the first foreman of The Sun printing office, and left this city to take a similar position with the Montreal Herald some years ago. Mr. Eaton himself has been in a delicate state of health for some time past, which fact makes the death of his wife the more difficult to bear.

ASK FOR AMENDMENT TO THE B. N. A. ACT

Sir Wilfrid Gave Notice Last Night--Fix Scale of Payments to Provinces By Dominion.

OTTAWA, March 14--Sir Wilfrid Laurier tonight gave notice of an address to His Majesty asking for an amendment to the B. N. A. act fixing the scale of payments to be made by the Dominion to the several provinces. The amendments asked for are as follows:

- (1)--Instead of the amounts now paid the sums hereafter payable yearly by Canada to the several provinces for the support of their governments and legislatures to be according to population and as follows:
 - (a)--Where the population of the province is 120,000, \$100,000.
 - (b)--Where the population of the province is 150,000, but does not exceed 200,000, \$150,000.
 - (c)--Where the population of the province is 200,000, but does not exceed 400,000, \$200,000.
 - (d)--Where the population of the province is 400,000, but does not exceed 800,000, \$300,000.
 - (e)--Where the population is 800,000, but does not exceed a million and a half, \$320,000.
 - (f)--Where the population of the province exceeds a million and a half, \$240,000.
- (2)--Instead of an annual grant per head of population now allowed, the annual payment hereafter to be at the same rate of eighty cents per head but on the population of each province as ascertained from time to time by the bi-censal census until such population exceeds two millions five hundred thousand and at the rate of 60 cents per head for so much of said population as may exceed two million five hundred thousand.
- (3)--An additional allowance to the extent of \$100,000 annually for ten years to the province of British Columbia.

JUSTICE AT LAST.

At last a poet has come to his own. Toronto has sent one to jail.

TITLES IN THE AIR.

This is the kind of weather that makes people feel good--starts them on building land titles in the air.

CITY IS SADDLED WITH NINETEEN ALDERMEN

Old Ward System With Six Aldermen-at-large

Bill Recommended by the Municipalities Committee Yesterday--New Paving Bill and Others Considered.

FREDERICTON, March 14--The municipalities committee of the legislature today decided to recommend to the house the bill relating to civic elections in St. John as amended so as to increase the number of aldermen-at-large from two to six at present. Under the present system St. John has two aldermen-at-large, and the new arrangement will saddle the city with four more aldermen-at-large. It is said this evening that the budget will not be delivered until the first of next week. The Premier is suffering from a severe cold and though somewhat better this evening, it is not thought that he will be in condition to undertake the speech tomorrow. Up to the present time there have been 15 bills presented to the House and 16 petitions for others. The average number for a session is 100 so at the present rate, those in position to know say that the House cannot possibly prorogue much inside of four weeks. W. T. Whitehead, chairman of the public accounts committee, entertained the members of the committee and representatives of the press at a dinner at his residence last evening. Tomorrow morning the municipalities committee will take up the Fredericton assessment bill when the taxation of church property and the section dealing with insurance will be taken up.

The St. John civic elections bill came up for consideration this morning. Mr. Lantaulm could not say very much more than was said yesterday. It was the wish of the council that the bill should pass and he thought that was sufficient. Mr. Lowell agreed. The council represented the city and they were responsible. He considered a plebiscite was highly unnecessary. He thought the bill should have a trial and if it was not satisfactory it could be amended. Mr. Maxwell said there was a very strong feeling in the city against the bill as shown by the petition he presented yesterday. The bill as it then stood had been before the council and as it proposed such an entire change in the manner of electing the council, it certainly should go before the people for their expression of approval or otherwise.

The attorney general asked what would be the additional expense incurred by the extra number of aldermen. Mr. Maxwell replied about \$200 per man--\$800 altogether. He said that he had been opposed to the change from the ward system to the present one and had voted against it, but found himself in the minority. But as the present system had been brought about by a plebiscite, he thought that it should be allowed to stand. He thought that this might be done at the next civic elections and that the people should have an opportunity of saying which of the three systems they preferred, the present system, the old ward system, or the proposed district system. He was entirely opposed to any increase in the number of members of the common council.

Mr. Robertson said that he had always made it a rule that any request coming from the council of the city of St. John ought to be supported by the representatives of that house. The council had the right to speak for the city and they were the responsible parties. He saw nothing objectionable in the bill and should therefore support it.

After some other business had been attended to the committee again resumed the consideration of the bill relating to civic election, and it was agreed that the bill should be amended by altering the number of aldermen-at-large from four to six and be recommended to the house for third reading. The committee agreed to the bill to amend the acts incorporated and relating to the town of Woodstock, and also the bill to amend the act to incorporate the village of Perth Centre for water and fire purposes was ordered to stand over for further consideration.

The committee on corporations this morning recommended the bill relating to the Imperial Coal Company with the addition of a section specifying the manner in which the addition of a section specifying the manner in which the money arising from the sale of debentures is to be disposed of, fifty per cent, for working capital and the balance for development.

The law committee met and recommended the dental bill with some slight verbal amendments. The principal feature of this bill is that it requires a dentist to be a student for three years at a college of dentistry. The Municipal police bill was also taken up. Mr. Chandler explained that its object was to take the control of the police out of the hands of the city council and place it in the Board of Commissioners. Mr. Robinson said he had petitions both for and against the bill. He read a telegram from J. E. Baras stating that the temperance Federation at a special meeting expressed strong opposition to the bill also one from J. E. Brown that the Evangelical Alliance were opposed to the bill. He also read a telegram from J. T. Hawke, president of the Board

40,000,000 ACRES MORE LAND FOR SETTLERS; PROFITS TO BUILD HUDSON BAY ROUTE

OTTAWA, March 14--In the house today Mr. Bourassa drew attention to a newspaper dispatch stating that the prime minister had been in correspondence with the Premier of New Zealand and that as a result the question of treaty making rights would be considered at the colonial conference.

The prime minister said that he had had no correspondence with Sir Joseph Ward on the subject. In moving the second reading of a bill to consolidate and amend the Dominion lands act the minister of interior said that various changes were proposed in order that new conditions might be met. The bill did away with the lien on homesteads, would permit homesteaders to reside with other relatives than parents, and made provision for dealing with water powers.

Perhaps the most important section of the bill was that which dealt with pre-emption. The government believed that settlers coming from the United States and eastern Canada had been attracted by the right to acquire a second quarter section next to their free homestead at a reasonable price. The effect of these rights of pre-emption had been to attract a large number of the most desirable class of immigrants to land in the railway belt. The bill proposed to assist in maintaining those conditions and attracting a similar class of immigrants to take lands outside the railway belt and other lands which had hitherto been under reservation.

For this purpose the bill proposed to withdraw the reservation on about 40,000,000 acres of land in upper Saskatchewan and Alberta. Referring to the Hudson's Bay railway project, Mr. Oliver said the government was fully convinced of the propriety of giving the Northwest an additional railway outlet by way of Hudson's Bay at the earliest possible date. At the same time it was realized that public opinion throughout Canada could scarcely be expected, at the moment, in view of the great obligations already incurred in connection with railway enterprises, to sanction the additional obligation that would be incurred by providing immediately for the construction of a railway to Hudson's Bay unless special provision were made to meet that obligation.

Heaved, however, that there would be no objection from any quarter if funds accruing from the disposal of pre-

of Trade, that the council of the board unanimously endorsed the bill and that it was supported by the overwhelming majority of business men.

Mr. Sweeney said he had telegrams to the same purport, and also a petition by leading citizens in favor of it. Mr. Copp thought that the bill should seriously be considered and he wished to have an opportunity of consulting with his colleagues. The bill stands over until tomorrow.

The committee then took up the consideration of the bill relating to paving of the streets in St. John. Mr. Maxwell explained that although he introduced the bill he was opposed to it altogether. He did not consider that it was in the interests of the citizens, and he would like to see it withdrawn.

Mr. Baxter then fully explained the object of the bill, which he said had caused considerable difficulty to the council, as they had to face a good many different interests. But he certainly thought that where a better class of paving was put down at the request of the owners of the property fronting on the streets they should be called upon to contribute to the extra cost of the same.

Col. McLean said his opposition was confined to clause 4 under the agreement which was made to last year and which was sanctioned by the legislature. The Street Railway's obligation was defined and the bill now under consideration sought to alter that without their consent. Under it they would be expected to repair all the streets up to sixty feet in width, and this he contended they ought not to be called on to do.

The attorney general said that the bill should not apply to any street where no burden would be laid on the owners of the property on either side, nor to any street where the liability was on the Street Railway, but that right should remain under the law as it at present exists.

Mr. Hazen was opposed to the bill entirely when he first read it, but after hearing what had been said he came to the conclusion that there was a good deal to be said for it at any rate as far as residential streets were concerned.

The attorney general suggested that as it was not intended to increase the obligations of the Street Railway, would it not be as well to insert a clause to that effect.

Mr. Hill remarked that persons living in the premises adjoining to where the repaving was done got the benefit of it without any cost to themselves. The obligations of the Street Railway, would it not be as well to insert a clause to that effect.

The committee having deliberated in private, the bill was agreed to and ordered to be recommended to the house.

emptions in the three prairie provinces under the terms of the proposed land bill, should be considered as a provision in place of the land grant stated in the act to meet the burden of the credit of the Dominion as a whole, that must be assumed at an early date if not immediately if a railway was to be in operation to Hudson's Bay to meet the urgent need that was now in plain sight for an additional and shorter railway route from the prairies to tide water.

Hon. Thomas Greenway asked the government not to pass the bill this session. He estimated the number of homesteaders was 220,000, and the Minister of Interior proposed to give more land than was available. He predicted the stampede for new lands would be so great that in a year there would not be a desirable quarter section to offer a settler.

Mr. Foster and Mr. Borden opposed the bill on the ground that it gave the minister too much discretion. The bill was given its second reading. Progress was reported in committee and the house adjourned at 1 a. m.

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SEPARATE FEDERAL DEPARTMENT OF MINES

OTTAWA, March 14--Hon. Mr. Templeman has given notice of a bill to create a separate federal department of mines. The mines branch is now under Dr. Haanel in connection with the geological survey and the creation of a separate department under a minister and deputy minister, will facilitate and enlarge the general educational and supervisory work of the federal government in regard to mines in the same manner as fisheries and agriculture are now administered, without conflicting with the provincial jurisdiction. The creation of department does not mean the addition of a new minister to the cabinet, but its administration will be assigned to one of the present ministers by order of the governor general in council.

It is understood that Mr. Templeman will be placed in charge of the new department, which will comprise two branches, a geological and a mining branch, each of which there will be a director and a deputy minister over both.

In the provinces of Manitoba, Saskatchewan and Alberta and in the territories the Dominion owns the crown lands and enacts mining laws and regulations. In the other provinces there will be large scope for the federal department in connection with exploration, publication of accurate information regarding mineral resources, metallurgical investigation, etc.

The output of the mines of Canada is now about \$75,000,000, and the possibilities of future development are so great that it is not unreasonable to expect that Canada will take rank as one of the two or three leading mining countries of the world.

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