NOTICE

reby given that 60 days after date I i to make application to the Honorable thief Commissioner of Lands and s for permission to purchase 160 of unsurveyed, unoccupied and unreit crown lands, situate in Cassiar disclescribed as follows: Commencing F. Fell's northwest stake; thence 40 chains south to J. ''s corner post; thence east 40. ost; thence east 40 chains northwest post; thence o place of commencement. 40 chains to place of commencement ed this 29th day of July, 1883. THORNTON FELL.

NOTICE.

reby given that two months date I intend to apply to the Chief ssioner of Lands and Works to purissioner of Lands and Works to purone hundred and sixty acres, more or
of land situate in the District of Casprovince of Brit'sh Columbia, describfollows: Commencing at a post markrman W. F. Rant, on the east shore
lin Lake; thence twenty (20) chains south;
thence eighty (80) chains south;
to twenty (20) chains west to shore of
Lake; thence eighty (80) chains north
the shore of said Lake Atlin to place
mencement; containing ome hundred
ixty (160) acres, more or less. accement; containing one hundred 160) acres, more or less.

Lake Rennett, this 5th day of NORMAN W. F. RANT.

NOTICE.

is hereby given that sixty days I intend to apply to the Chief oner of Lands and Works for perpendicular that it is presented and: Commencing at a a post . W. Davis, west of Discovery Pine Creek, Atlin Lake, Cassiar; ast 40 chains: thence, parth 40 east 40 chains; thence north 40 thence west 40 chains; thence south chains; containing 160 acres, more of S. W. DAVIS.

NOTICE.

ce is hereby given that I intend to to the Honorable Chief Commissioner and Works for a special license and remove timber and trees from tract of land situate in Cassiar Dis-more particularly described as fol-Commencement post on the north-corner at the end of a little bay te on the east shore of Taku Arm of sh Lake; thence runs east (½) one half mile; runs west (½) one half of a mile; follows the shore of the east side of Arm north (1½) one mile and a half the commencement post commencement post. C. RACINE.

NOTICE.

cty days after date I intend to apply to Chief Commissioner of Lands and s for a special license to cut and the timber and tress off a tract of land, the in Renfrew district, Vancouver Is-more particularly described as fol-

mencing at a post about 50 chains the Corbett mineral claim, on the river; thence 50 chains stuth; thence ains west; thence 50 chains north; 50 chains west; thence 50 chains thence 50 chains east to the river; down the river to the place of com-ment comprising one thousand acres. nt, comprising one thousand acres, WILLIAM PARNELL EMERY,

Ird August, 1898.

NOTICE

ce is hereby given that 60 days after I intend to apply to the Chief Come I intend to apply to the Chief Com-sioner of Lands and Works for permis-to purchase 160 acres of land in Cassiar rict, described as follows: mmencing at L. Goodacre's northeast thence west 40 chains; thence south hains to T. Tugwell's northwest post; ce east 40 chains; thence north 40 ted this 16th day of June, 1898.

JAS. F. FELL.

NOTICE

dice is hereby given that sixty days date I intend to apply to the Chief missioner of Lands and Works to purone one hundred and sixty acres of land, ted in Cassiar District, Province of se one hundred and sixty acres of land, ated in Cassiar District, Province of tish Columbia: Commencing at a post on shore of Atlin Lake, marked "T. H. rsnop," N. E. corner, about one and a f miles northly of Atlintoo river; thence terly 20 chains; thence 50 chains north; noce 20 chains easterly; thence following lake shore in a northly direction back point of commencement; containing in ne hundred and sixty acres (more or this the twenty-seventh day 1898. T. H. WORSNOP.

NOTICE.

ty days after date I intend to apply the Chief Commissioner of Lands and its for permission to purchase the folg described land, situate at the head itamaat Arm, Coast District.

In a post 20 chains south D. Mun's northwest corner; thence 40 chains; west 40 chains; south 40 chains; containing 160 acres. ent, containing 160 acres. LEWIS LUKES.

NOTICE.

the Chief Commissioner of Lands and rks for permission to purchase 160 es of land in Cassiar District, commencabout midway on the Southern bound-of William Field's land; thence south chains; thence west 40 chains; thence th 40 chains; thence east 40 chains, to it of commencement. of commencement.
THOMAS TUGWELL

... 50 ANNUM \$1.50

Mictoria Times.

NO. 60.

VOL. 17.

VICTORIA, B. C., TUESDAY, OCTOBER 4, 1898.

Columbia. Eastern Press Opinions on the Result

Plebiscite. Not Thought That Governmental Action Would Be Warranted

of the Vote at the

Montreal, Sept. 30.—Principal Grant, terviewed at Kingston to-day, said he did not think the majority given prohibi-

as Yet.

will warrant the government inoducing a bill providing for a prohibi-Sept. 30.-The Globe, editor-

ally discussing the plebiscipe, after com-menting on the changed attitude of On-tario from '94 in the marked reduction of majority for prohibition, says:"With a ority of over 35,000 for prohibition Maritime Provinces, we have ebec at the other extremity with bout that number against. It would be futile to shut our eyes to the difficulty these two facts present. They constitute almost irreconcilable situation. With respect to the size of the vote, the genopinion must be that it is fairly satisfactory. There are variations which are difficult to account for, but from a comparison of such completed figures as to hand with the vote in the Domin-elections of 1896, it looks as if the ote is entitled to be considered as a test of public opinion. We would like to have seen as full a vote as at he general election, for no more im-portant question could come up for de-It seems, however, impossible create the same excitement and inter-There are no multiplied agencies to oring out the vote, and there is a feeling, hat even the press shares to some extent, that it is a case for each man's ence rather than for argument. The Mail and I mpire says at the close a short editorial on the subject:

interesting feature of the returns is the attitude of the province of Quebec. The campaign there against prohibition bore-fruit at the ballot box. On the whole seems probable that over the whole untry there will be a small prohibition majority. A good many people have imgined this would mean the enactment f a law. This is a mistake. A majority million would enact nothing. Th scite was really an order upon the ohibitionists to show up or shut up, nd we rather think the government will

toll them to "shut up."

London, Sept. 30. — The officials of the United Kingdom Alliance who were seen to-day express the keenest satisfaction at the result of the pleb scite in Canada yes-

THE ALBERNI MYSTERY.

The Opinion is Entertained that the Skull is That of an Indian. committed, although the mystery surrounding the find is as great as ever. The disvery as previously recorded, was made a newspaper, said to be a Birmingham dector's opinion, a steady growth of a lost, dated July 2nd last. The Indian better public feeling and should incite the upon examining his find soon became fright- friends of temperance to still more energiated and there it into the content of the conte

tide washed out. THE RAILWAY SITUATION.

ific Railway, and W. E. Davis, general pssenger agent of the Grand Trunk Railway, have returned to the city from New lork, where they were attending the meeting of the trunk lines passenger comm'ttee which had under consideration a number of important railway matters. A great eal of curlosity has been aroused as to the intentions of the C. P. R. with regard to local cut rates, which were not crecy surround all the official ac's of the ored at the time of the transcontinental rates. Mr. McNicoll states that the natter stands just where It did when the evidence now as it was then. He gave nto the hands of the American railways, as gainst the interests of the Canadian Northvest by diverting traffic to the United punishment for the Grand Trunk be main

received here from Gen. Rios, Spanish gov-Thor of the Visayas Islands, who it was press upon the secrecy of the proceedings eported, recently proclaimed himself gov- and asked whether it would not be auernor-general of the Spanish dominions in the Philippines, that an insurgent expedition had arrived at Visayas. The rebellion, it is reported, is spreading, and several provinces in the Island of Luzon have the chief of police to limit himself exclusively to the chief of police to limit himself exclusively to the list of guests which had een invaded, and some of the officers of the gendarme and their families were massacred. The governor and officials of loilo, Island of Panay, have flet to man-

La Correspondencia blames the Americans for tolerating the new rising of the actly the same condition as when they

THE CATHOLIC CHURCH Washington, Sept. 30.-The condition of he Catholic church throughout the country will be considered at the annual meeting the archbishops of the United States, which will be held at the Catholic univerwill deal with little outside of the routine to the ceremonies because a cable disgrains of the church, as there are no large patch received here reported that General Torol had been rejudered in Malrid

questions pending. A CYCLONE SIGHTED.

Kingston, Jamaica, Sept. 30. - The numbers. eather bureau reports that a cyclone is north east of Jamaica and rapidly aproaching. The weather at this port is fair, but there is an ominous sen swell on north and east coasts.

THE BAPTIST CHURCH. A Chat with Rev. Dr. Spencer, the Superintendent of Missions in British

A Times reporter to-day had a very interesting talk with a gentleman who is known far and wide throughout the Dominion as a leading member of the Baptist denomination, Rev. Dr. Spencer, of the First Baptist church of Brantford, Out. Dr. Spencer is visiting British Columbia for the first time, although he has been A closely in touch with the province for some years as chairman of the Manitoba and British Columbia missionary board, and therefore knows the province, it might be said, from hearsay. He is here now consequent upon the appointment of superintendent of missions in British Columb's having been tendered to him, and in order to make a thorough study of the situation and to acquaint himself, with the needs and possibilities of the province. He has spent some week or ten days in Vancouver and when he leaves here on Sunday will visit the lower Fraser and afterwards proceed to the interior, calling at all the principal points in the Kootenays and Slocan, returning to the coast later in the fall to attend a special meeting to be called for the purpose of hearing from him a report as to his inspection of the field of work. Dr. Spencer has not accepted the position yet, this visit being in the nature of a inary inspection. Should he finally decide to undertake the duties of superintendent it will be necessary for him to take up his residence in the province, and judging from what the reverend doctor said this morning of the beauties of Victoria, it is likely he will select this city as his future home. That he will be warmly welcomed needs not to be said. Speaking of the church generally Lr Spencer says the calls made for men and financial assistance by the growing Western country are very great, although the congregations assist very l'berally in maintuining their churches. The demand for men of ability is as marked in the Bap-

large and wealthy congregation in the East come to a smaller church, congregation and salary in the West. In regard to a possible successor to Rev. O. E. Kendall, Dr. Spencer says there is nothing to say for publication at present. The names of two gentlemen have been mentioned in this connection, but as yet no decision has been reached. The selection rests with the congregation although

the board has a right of veto.

tist denomination as elsewhere, but it is

not to be expected that the pastor of a

Dr. Spencer is of course an ardent prohibitionist, and is somewhat astonished and still more disappointed by the smallness of the majority reported to have been cast throughout the Dominion, as he had estimated it would have been at least 100,000; Brantford is said to be the only town in Ohtario which has given a majority for prohibition, a fact which is a source of ongratulation in one way to the doctor. although the failure of the other cities in that province to do what he thinks was their duty is very regrettable, he considers. Farther enquiry regarding the finding of the whote, though, 77. Spending the a skull in the Alberni canal tends to disconstitution to the probability that the dea that a tragedy has been congratulate themselves upon and given in congratulate themselves upon and given in the spending that a large a vote Victoria he considers that so large a vote in favor of prohibition is remarkable, espe-cially if it be borne in mnd that half a by an Indian near the new townsite in dozen years ago such an expression in the caual, the head being contained in a favor of temperance legislation would have small box with a drawer and wrapped in been impossible. All this indicates, in the

riends of temperative to still more energed and threw it into the casal again. The opinion seems to be held in Alberni that the head is that of an Indian child which had been thrown on the land where the natives inter their dead and in a high life weeked out the matter than the morning; in the afternoon at 4 o'clock he will address a discovered out to the morning. men's meeting in the Y. M. C. A. rooms, and in the evening will preach in Emman-uel church. He leaves on Sunday night Toronto, Sept. 30 .- Mr. McNicoll, passen- for New Westminster where he will do all ger traffic manager of the Canadian Pa- possible to assist in the rebuilding of the church unfortunately destroyed in the recent fire. As stated, he will return to

> Victoria early in November. MYSTERY AND SECRECY Surrounded the Removal of the Bones

Havana, Sept. 29.-Mystery and se

Spanish government. Especial y was this the case in exhuming the remains of grave rumors, which, although uncom-firmed, appear to have some foundation, Grand Trink showed a disposition to play as there has been no attempt at demai from any source. The removal of the remains, which should certainly have been a public ceremony, was veiled in the west by diverting traffic to the United deepest mystery, and was effected be-states, so long would the present form of hind the closed doors of the cathedral. A number of the authorities were p.esent, the names of those who attended being handed to the chief of police the night before in General Blanco's hand-Madrid, Sept. 30.—A telegram has been writing. The chief of police suggested belief from Gen. Rios, Spanish govvisable to allow representatives of

sively to the list of guests which had been handed him.

No official account of the ceremony or statement regarding the condition of the remains has been made public, but it has leaked out from an almost authorinsurgents and urges the government to were placed in the niche. When the represent a protest to the Paris comm's mains were placed in the mausoleum a small casket was enclosed containing coins, gold and silver medals, precious and rolls of parchment, as was then the custom upon the occasion of

It appears that this casket has been tampered with and rifled of its contents. and further rumor says that only porwhich will be held at the Catholic university beginning on October 11th. A full attendance of the leaders of the church is expected. The directors of the university will hold their annual meeting at the same time. It is understood the archbishops is to the effect that secreey was given to the communication of the remains are left.

Gossip of scandal and speculation is rife, the truth of which the authorities make no effort to confirm or contradict.

A quasi official explanation, however, is to the effect that secreey was given to the communication of the remains are left. eral Toral had been murdered in Madrid

Mrs. Chas .Smith, of Jimes, Ohio, writes: I have used every remedy for sick head-ache I could hear of for the past afteen years, but Carter's Little Liver Pills did me more good than all the rest.

the day before, and fears were enter

tained that disorders might occur if the

public and militia came together in great

McKinley Too.

Immense Damage Has Been Done in Parts of Wisconsin and Minnesota.

Mountain in Colorado a Mass of Flames and the Fire Spreading.

St. Paul, Minn., Sept. 30.-A Rice Lake special to the Pioneer Press says: Forest fires are doing great damage in this section. Sixteen farm houses are reported to have been burned yesterday afternoon. The wind was blowing a gale and served to fan the flames. At Cedar Lake fire destroyed considerable property owned by the Empp. Stout Lumber Co. 'A large portion of Cedar Lake, a town of 600, is reported destroyed, Almena, a town of 300, and Postory. Almena, a town of 300, both on the Son Rus. special to the Pioneer Press says: Forest fires are doing great damage in this sec-

rain began to fall yesterday evening and Chippenwa Falls, Wis., Sept. 30.—Forest a modification of plans.

fires are doing enormous damage along the "This is true of the embarkation of

are coming into town with whatever house the president as they were to the secre-hold goods could be saved. Telegraph and tary of war. The president knew as telephone wires are down and many railway bridges have been destroyed.

Cumberland, Wis., Sept. 30.—A fire, supposed to have originated and many railto work. The president knew as
much about the men who were selected
for the work as did the secretary. General Corbin was often present when these

About 25 femilies are homeless. Five the situation at Santiago. He knew the children are reported burned to death. As difficulties as to landing and knew the large saw mill is among the buildings that brouble that was in store. Most of the were burned, throwing many out of emus unbers of the cabinet were acquainted ployment. Rain saved the entire city from being burned. The wires are down and being burned. The wires are down and particulars hard to get.

Carbondale, Col., Sept. 30.—Bald mountain, above Cattle Creek, to the east of this place, is aflame. The heavy west wind prevailing the last three days is driving it up along the mountain to the east. At present the fire extends a distance of five miles southeast. For miles around to the northwest of Haystack mountain and extending across to the Muddy country another large fire is burning, while in the west above Spring gulch, large timber contracts, covering hundreds of acres are being destroyed. The men of Tucker's lumber camp; which furnishes timber for the mines are hard at work protecting the timber, plowing to stop the advance of the

SAGASTA'S CLEVER PLAN. the Philippines,

Madrid, Sept. 29.-Nothing better 114 lustrates Senor Sagasta's absolute cons than the alacrity, like that of a well trained orches tra, which the newspapers of Madrid and the provinces responded to his mwhich the newspapers of Madrid structions by declaring that the Spanish peace commissioners at Paris will oppose any abandonment of Spanish sover-eignty in the Philippines by the cession

eighty in the Philippines by the cession of coaling stations.

Meanwhile the two legal luminaries, Commissioner Monteno Rios and his faithful attorney Garmica, have been ransacking law libraries and archives to find some precedents proving that the alleged American psns to annex Luzon outright are not warranted by Luzon outright are not warranted by the extent of the Philippine ferritory actually in the possession of the muntary and naval forces of the United

This unexpected championship Spanish sovereignty in the Philippines, indicating what will be the first great question to be discussed in Paris, causes considerable surprise in Madrid, for 11 is now known that the popular opinion throughout Spain emphatically favors getting rid of all the Philippine islands in the most profitables way possible, so so as to avoid sacrifices involved in recut rates were put into effect. The excuse Columbus and this fact has caused much taining sovereignty and quelling the nation action is considered to be just as much unfavorable comment and given rise to tive, rebellions, now considered inevi-

Sagasta's clever press manipulation should not, however, be taken too serrously in the United States, for it is an open secret in diplomatic circles here that his real anxiety is to save what he can of the Philippine wreck and not to keep the islands for Spain, but to sell the latter to the highest bidder for a block sum in ready money, Moreover, it is Sagasta's firm hope that the highest bidder may eventually turn out to be the United States.

It may consequently be regarded as pretty certain that his declaration about the inviolability of the Spanish sover-eignty in the Philippines are merely nade with a view of enhancing the price to be asked for parting with the is ands, for there is no longer any possibility of concealing the fact that the financial straits resulting from the liquidation or the war expenses at the present mo-ment dominate all other considerations. Efforts to contract a loan with the Rothschilds on security of the Almaden silver mines have not, so far, been successful. The strain is so severe on the Bank of Spain that in financial the increase of the note issue is already

being discounted and the eventual reduc-tion of the interest on the national debt 50 per cent, seems inevitable, CABLE NEWS

Cairo, Oct. 1.—The Cameron High-landers, which, it was reported General Kitchener had left at Fashoda, are re-Paris, Oct. 1.—Madame Carnot, the widow of President Carnot, who was assassinated at Lyons on June 24, 1894, died yesterday at Chateau de Prosie. Berlin, Oct. 1.—Advices received from northern Damaral report that German

settlers there have been compelled by the rebellion of the natives to form defensive encampments.
London, Oct. 1.—Dr. Nancy Guildford, a midwife of Bridgeport, Conn., wanted by the American police on a charge in connection with the death of Emma Gill, has been arrested.

RELIES ON THE PRESIDENT. Alger's Friends Claim Criticism Hits

Washington Sept. 29.—Secretary Alger relies entirely on the president for pro-tection in the forthcoming investigation. This was said by a confidential subcr-dinate when it was explained that the republican congressional committee was rapidly placing itself in the position of prosecuting attorney with Secretary Alger regarded as the guilty one. In addition to this the close friendship of Secretary Alger explained:

"The republican party cannot attack the war department on charges of bad conduct of the war without definitely attacking the administration. Secretary Alger made no important moves with-

Alger made no important moves with-out consulting the president. All the im-

kin, a town of 200, both on the Seo line, sisted upon being acquainted with all in this county, are said to have been wiped portant facts and movements. He kept No loss of life is reported. A slight in touch with everything that was being began to fall vesterday evening and dome, and when he did not approve of it is believed the fires will be checked.

Chippenwa Falls, Wis., Sept. 30.—Forest

things he had no hesitancy in saying so.

His disapproval was always followed by

Soo & W/sconsin Central railways. Nearly every section on Pine Woods, in northern Wisconsin, is in a blaze. Barron, a small town on the Soo line, is entirely surrounded by fire, and farmers and their families. This is true of the embarkation of troops at Earnpa, by add considered the greatest blunder in the Santiago campaign. The reasons that industries the selection of different officers for special work at Tampa were as well known to Cumberland, Wis., Sept. 30.—A fire, supposed to have originated with forest fires, burned half of th's city yesterday, causing a property loss estimated at \$215,000, his knowledge of the men under consideration. The president was informed of the property loss of the president was informed to the president

> has had with the secretary concerning the popular criticisms, I think the presi-dent feels that any criticism of the war department is a criticism of the admin-istration. He has said to a number of public men who have discussed the mat-ter with him that he was willing to discuss the success of his administration upon the success of the war victoriously

terminated in such a short time."

This explanation was given by General Alger's intimate friend only after it publican congressional committee was re presenting to the president that the secretary of war was the official the people were criticising. There have been rumors for some days to the effect that the rethe responsibility for the blunders of the war be so clearly located that it might be amounced before the November elections. These rumors come from congress men who visited Washington to Hopes to Get United States to Pay for see what was being done in the matter.

WORKING IN SECRECY.

Quebec, Sept. 29.-The members of the international joint high commission have withdrawn themselves more completely from public scrutiny that at any previous ime, and are evidently working with determination to reach an agreement or all questions if possible, before the early part of next month. During the past two days information has come from reliable sources to the effect that the question of setting the boundary line of Alaska is making no end of trouble for the com-

nissioners. The contention of the American missioners is that the treaty of 1825 be-tween Russia and Great Britain determined the southern boundary and that the eastern line is established through the surveys of 1892. The American commis surveys of 1882. The American commissioners hold that under the treaty of 1825 the south line starts at the southern point of Prince of Wales islands, thence to the mouth of the Portland channel, or canal, and then north up the channel, and along the mainland to the 56th degree of latitude ad easterly on the mainland following the crest of the mainland following the crest of the mountains and never more than 10 marine leagues from the coast, until it reaches the 141st degree of longitude in the vicinity of Mount St. Elias.

It is known that the Canadian commissioners do not hold the same views as to the boundaries. The whole subject may be referred to an entitle com-

ct may be referred to an outside com-The Atlantic fisheries question has een under discusion again during the past two days, and it is said that no fur-ther effort will be made to change the The commissioners have amounced that they positively will not hear any more delegations. They say they have all the information necessary on all the questions before them and will give no time to reports of various interests. The Canadian lumber men say that no settlement will be made upon the proposition of the Americans to admit high grade nine free for logs. They say Canada will be the loser by such an arrangement and they prefer the laws to remain

as they are. INROADS ON THE SEALS. The Regular Catch This Year Only One Fifth the Average.

San Francisco, Sept 29. An author-tic report regarding the pelagic sealing fleet has just been received in this city. Among the schooners that have made the largest catches were the following: Enterprise, 573 skins; Minnie, 400; San Diego, 573; Theresa, 320; Otto, 722. These skins, being excluded from the United States, are shipped to England, where they are disposed of at reduced where they are disposed of at reduced

In consequence of the persistent work of the poachers, who are fast exter-minating the seals, the North American Commercial Company's catch this season is only 18,000 skins, as against 100,-000 annually for 20 years, up to within the last eight years, when pelagic seal-The same inroads have been made in

the seal herd on the Japan side of the ocean, where the rookeries on Comislands, leased to the Russian Company, are located. This Sealskin 16,000 Mr. and Mrs. J. Hylands were passengers seals annually for 20 consecutive years, from San Francisco by the steamer Walla, up to the time of the beginning of pelwalls. company has taken this year

GOSSIP OF LONDON

Week of Congresses Distributed Among the Various Provincial Towns.

Plucky Conduct of the Duke of Connaught-David Christie Murray's Suggestion.

London, Oct. 1.-This has been a week of congresses distributed among various provincial towns, the chief of them being the church congress at Bradford, whose proceedings are looked forward to s expected on the great question of ritu-film, which threatens to bring about a serious split in Anglican circles. The recent upcoarious proceedings of Agitator Kensit in London churches, followed by Sir William Vernon Harcourt's letter in the Times denouncing "illegal ritualist practices," brought matters to a head, and then the hierarchy admit that the Church of England is passing through a momentous crisis. The Archbishop of Canterbury proved somewhat disappointing at the congress, as, while he declared the church must put a stop to a great deal which was going on, and expressed confidence that the bishops will be able to stop it, get he able not give the slightest indication as to how this is to be done. A definite pronouncement, how-ever, is expected next week in the Archbish p's charges to the clergy of his dio-cese, when decisive instructions are fully inficipated.

The conference of the Miners' Confederatis I London came to an important decision to accept the employers terms for regulating wages until 1901. The miners will get an immediate advance of 2½ per cent. This decision wards off the threatened strikes, involving 317,500

The Duke of Connaught, after interesting experiences at the French army manoeuvres, where he displayed admirable horsemenship, and took the greatest interest in the outfits and food of the interest in the outrits and food of the soldiers, has again attracted attention by his plucky conduct at Aldenshot camp when in command. A bush fire, due to drought, burst out near Aldershot and the Duke of Communt, who was riding a bicycle, in a light checked suit, was the first to perceive it. He jumped off his wheel, called some laborers to help him and beat out the first himself. He chose the buttest parts, wielding a branch of the hottest parts, wielding a branch of a fir tree and stamping out the flames with his feet. His efforts were success-ful, but the duke got away with his clothes ruined and his face as grimy as

clothes ruined and his lace as grinly as a chimney sweep.

Officials of the American trains Ahantic steamers intend making extensive alterations in their vessels. The New York will be sent to Belfast or Glasgow to be lengthened.

David Christic Murray in a newspaper

here revives the suggestion that a mon-nment to George Washington be erected in England. He was that the Auglo-American league take the matter up. The yachting World discusses the quesica's cun races and points out that ec-cording to the rules, the regatta commit-tee has the right to declare the race estponed if not started by 1:30 p.m. The paper then suggests that if the crowd of excursion steamers is at all unruly the committee should simply declare the race postponed, adding that if this is done twice or thrice the sightsows will come to the conclusion that a distant view is

SENATOR HANNA'S VIEWS.

Thinks That the Philippines Are Lost To Spain. Cleveland, O., Sent. 30.-The Lender as from its Washington correspondent the following interview with Senator Huma concerning the Philiphines, on which deustion he is believed to repre-sent, the views of President McKinley: "I do not know what the instructions en to our reace commissioners are to he so far as it concerns the regotiations which will be instituted in Paris. I crn have to relinatish her sovereignty over Philippine archipelago. Spain has no reason to expect to be able to retain any nortion of the group. She went to were and last, and now ought to be preserved to suffer all the consequences which a defeat implies. I record the Philippines as lost to Spain, and that being a force

on which personners as relates to the form of revernment which we will give the islands.

"Askle from the fact that the general sentiment of the country seems to be consider returning any of the islands to Spain the United States is under obliga-tion to the instruments to establish a stable and enlightened form of accorn-ment throughout the entire graticales. When the war broke out, the Philippine insurrectionists become in a ceptain sense the allies of the Americans, and therefore is our date to them that the fature they will be assured safe and civilized mae and until the United the Philippines ultimately shall be governed, we necessarily will have to consider the Ellipines our works. "Rome"ing the reports which come that the United States new \$400 000 000

or the religionist mont of the Philippines Constor Hanna said, significantly: en not paving motier for or buying ter-ritory which we new control."

FROM THE CAPITAL. Discussing Royalty Tax Thanksgiving Day Named.

Ottawa. Sept. 30 .- Judging from the nature of the report presented to Hon.
Mr. Siften by Major Walsh on Yukon
matters there is certain to be a big reduction in the ten per cent royalty ou the gross output of gold, if, indeed, will not be abandoned altogether. An order in council has been passed making Thursday. November 24. a day of general thanksgiving in the Do-

Ottawa, Oct. 1.—Hon, Joseph Martin here on his way to the Pacific coast. He has been at Quebec giving his views before the Canadian commissioners on certain subjects.

Major Walsh came in from Brockvi'le vesterday and had an interview with Wm. Mackenzie, of Toronto. Mr. Mac-

kenzie left for Toronto in the evening accompanied by Hugh Sutherland. Mr. Sutherland leaves for the Pacific coast

GENERAL GARCIA'S VISIT. May Probably be Prosecuted as a Fili-

Washington, Sept. 29.—It is expected by members of the Cuban delegation here that General Calizto Carcia, sec-ond in command of the Cuban forces during the war, will come to this country in the course of the next two weeks, visiting New York, Baltimore and Washington, His coming is looked for-ward to with much interest, in view of the prominent part be took in the mili-tary operations around Saniago, and the unfortunate clash between him and General Shafter following the surrender

His presence in this country is likely to raise a question regarding the old criminal proceedings pending against him. During the height of the Cuban filibustering Garcia was arrested and brought before the federal court at Bal-timore on a charge of directing one of the leading expeditions. He was released on bonds and then left at the head of the expedition he had organized, for-feiting his bonds. At the time he made a public statement to the effect that the cause of Cuba warranted his escape from legal prosecution, and that when the war was over he would voluntarily return and give himself up to the officers

of the law.

It is understood that if the government intends to push the prosecution of those filibustering cases, Garcia will visit the promise to Baltimore and carry out his promise to secome amenable to the court. The has been some talk of a visit to this country by General Gomez, but the Cu-ban officials here hardly expect it.

RISE OF THE MAROONS. Serious Lasurrection Threatened in Jamaica—Seizing Valuable Property.

Kingston, Jamaica, Sept. 29.-The Kingston, Jamaica, Sept. 29.—The Marcons on the coast line are rising and are taking possession of valuable property belonging to English prospectors and threatening to hold them with force. The sease fears of a serious insurrection and the government is preparing to cope with a Some of the residents of the threatened district have sought affects in the sife.

safety in the city.

The threatening attitude of the Marooms, who are descendants of negroes who fled to the mountains when the British took possession of the islands, was published in July last. A deputation from the tribal conference, held on the Maroon reservation, called on Governor Hemming and asked him to reverse a decision of the courts, giving the white men the title to certain lands which the Margons declared had been allotted to them as a part of their reservation after

Governor Hemming refused to interfere. A correspondent interviewed the depu-ties in Kingston. They said that when the Maroons signed the treaty of peace with the government they took an drunk in blood, never to fight the whites again. This oath, they declared, must be broken, as they were being robbed of territory and property by the while men. On their return to their people, they said they would seize the lands by force and f military interfered a judgment day would follow, as the Marcons would die before relinquishing their rights.

THE OCCUPATION OF CUBA. Troops Ordered to Manzanillo Fully Armed and Equipped.

Washington, Sept. 29.—The following order for the occupation of Cuba was issued to-day: General Adjutant General's Office,

Washington, Sept. 29, 1898. By direction of the secretary of war, the Fourth United States volunteer infantry, detachment from the Seventh aimy corps will be placed in readiness for immediate service in Cuba, pursuant to general orders 149, current series from this office, and proceed fully armed and equipped to take station at Manzanillo. commanding officer will report his arrival by telegraph to Major-General Wade, United States volunteers, Ha-vana, who will give instructions as to its duty and dispo

By command Major General Miles.
(Signed) H. C. CORBIN,
Adjutant-General.

AN HEROIC TEACHER.

St. Catharines, Sept. 30.—The public school board have decided to show their appreciation of the heroism displayed by Miss Ida Smith, teacher of the school that was demokshed by Monday's nado by presenting her with a medal and recommending her for recognition to the Royal Humane Society of Canada. The resolution passed states that through Miss Smith's heroic presence of mind the lives of many children were saved. The young woman's noble conduct has been the subject of much comment since Monday.

HOW TO PREVENT CROUP.

We have two children who are subject to attacks of croup. Whenever an attack is coming on my wife gives them Whenever an at-Chamberlain's Cough Remedy and it al-ways prevents the attack. It is a household necess ty in this county and no matter what else we run out of, it would not do to be without Chamberlain's Cough Remedy, More of it is sold here than of all other cough medicines combined.—J. M. Nickle, of Nickle Bros., merchants, Nickleville, Pa. For sale by Langley & Henderson Bros. wholesale agents, Vic-