

**A Measure Prepared Without a Mandate from the People
—Ex-Prime Minister Declares Landowners Will
Be Forced Out or Seriously Crippled
By the Taxes Announced.**

Lord of the Landlordia.

I do not suppose we should waste any compassion on landowners. After all they are damned, according to the spirit of the age, by owning property. But I sometimes ask myself what class was penalized, do you know, by the new law? Was it the class of the owners, or the criminal classes? They have rendered great service to the state; for many centuries they have been the mainstay of law and bounty. I do not say that there have not been exceptions, as in every class, but as a rule, they have been the best of the people that they have been centres of employment and bounty and civilization.

They have given most of the servants of the state, the police, the army, the arduous rural administration of the country without emolument and without fee—a fact which fills all the reformers with admiration and envy. Then suddenly a new govern-

they might not fail at all. Not infrequently the heir dies not long after the testator, and the estate then has to avail itself of the provisions which have also their nauseous aspect. Whether they are leveled on the one estate. They are not so much to be regarded as a many men of high standing and large property volunteered to serve at the front, to risk their lives for their country. Many of them were killed. What was the position of the state towards those men? Was it waiting to consecrate their graves? No, it was waiting to erect on such tombs as might be provided? No, the state at all the time was waiting to see if the deceased had left any effects behind him, on which it levied the largest amount of death duty.

Increased Taxes on Estates.

There are one or two things, moreover, which must be said in justice to the state. The state of New Zealand, Harcourt in 1894, in a government of which I was a member, put

by the state for purposes which we scarcely know. Now prima facie it sounds very pleasant to tax the rich and give the money to the poor. The operation which very soon percolates to the poor. No taxation can befall on the rich but it will be a drain on the very poor. The idea that taxation takes from the rich to give to the poor, which I am now quoting, is a monstrous and poisonous fallacy. The rich in the end filters down and poisons such comfort as is possible for the poor.

Heavy taxation may inconvenience the rich, but it starves the poor.

These are not my words. From many sources I have heard this doctrine dictated by prejudice. They are the words of the inspectors for the local government, the words of the university with the life and position of the state, and I respectfully commend them to those who call this a poor man's budget.

Disappearing the Sinews of War.

These depredations on capital tend

that scores of millions are lying idle in the banks at the moment that ought to be put to work, and that they should fruitfully and produce employment for the working man, but which are lying idle because they are not put to the apprehension of the financial world by the government? While our gilt-edged securities from consols downwards are being hoarded by the public, as we know, whereas capital in ordinary form would have gladly bought them up, capital is now going elsewhere, the capital of the world is being put to use in fact—to develop other countries, which might well develop our own, which is so lamented for the development of our own.

The government proposes to develop the country itself—the government is to be the employer, not the worker, because it is not a good employer; it is a bad employer, and one, perhaps, the least calculated to do good by the example it sets. But what is the result? what is meant by trading being good? It is not confidence and enterprise, and

daughter to enable her to marry or to your workmen or your old servant, anything you have done or given during your life, and the residue shall be as part of your estate for the purpose of the death duties.

The first £40,000, and gives £10,000 to his son and £10,000 to his daughter, and he dies four years later, his estate is reckoned at £200,000; but Lord Rosebery was a prudent inspector, and he finds you gave £10,000 to your son, £10,000 to your daughter, £10,000 to your old servant, and the wretched man who inherits the remainder will have to pay tax on every movement of money he takes and every movement of water you write, every importation of water.

The concluding portions of Lord Rosebery's address will be published in to-morrow World.

order to be entitled to such recognition, the union must give the same recognition to the rights of the employer and of others which it demands for itself and its members. It must not insist the right to quit or to strike in conjunction with his fellows, when by so doing he does not violate a contract with his employer. It must not insist right nor license to destroy or to damage the property of the employer; neither has he any right or license to interfere with the right of any other man who chooses to exercise his right to work, nor to interfere with those who do not feel that the union offers the best method for adjusting grievances."

Disorder and Lawlessness.

"It is admitted that this disorder and lawlessness is evident to the strike. Its history is stained with blood and shot and blunderbuss, culminating in three murders, unprovoked save by the actions of the victims were as setting their right to strike."

No need to stop your work and "call your neighbors in." No fuss and publicity.

* * *

A man gets back his ambition, takes hold of work, and has no wish to die.

A woman returns to her natural good looks and cheerfulness and the dead, drawn face is replaced with a plump, smiling one.

There is no use trying to be Happy with Piles. Joy and Piles don't chum.

Send and get a free package; this is the way to commence curing yourself. If it was not all right, no such offer would be made.

Send-to-day for it: It is the best and only time to do a thing that should be done.

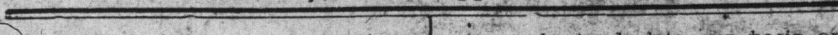
Yours for a speedy remedy in the use of the Pyramid Drug Cure.

PYRAMID DRUG COMPANY, 218
Pyramid Building, Marshall, Mich.

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of the legal
battle direct
The judge



Lord Rosebery, as He Appeared at Glasgow.



The death duties [at their present position, an argument by which the steepening of the death duties was supported] was this: that there was a limitation on the amount of money which could be earned and unearned increment. The death duties were a sort of deferred income-tax, which would redress any inequality or any injustice. We fixed it also, and

[illegible]

A Scriptural Example.

We thought that that was a natural exemption. Now they have to pay one per cent. in addition to their death duty. And there is another provision—I am not going to mention it just now—which shows the extraordinary hostility on the part of the government to the living. I believe, is one of the tenderest and best fathers himself—an extraordinary hostility to the parental relations. He has stated publicly that children have no right to inherit any property from their fathers, from their parents. Well, "Jogal," of course, is a word capable of many significations. There is no "no," and I do not doubt the chancellor is right in regard to that.

But there is common law, which is the basis of all decisions from remote antiquity, and therein, that which is wrong; and he appears to me to forge the very old case—that of Jacob versus Joseph—into a case that would require to spend them like all spendthrifts, who, as in the case of the state, that that extent—the extent of death duty—on living or income.

Limiting Spendthrift.

The government boasts that it has paid off forty millions of debt, and forthwith begins to spend it. It would spell ruin. In an individual it would spell ruin. I suppose it spells prosperity to the state. The government boasts that it does not borrow money, and that it is not indebted. I do not see much difference, from a moral point of view, between borrowing and living on your capital. Supporting a spendthrift has the same effect. You can do it in any way. He can do it by borrowing £20,000 a year, in which case he will get £20,000 capital in five years; or by selling his property for £20,000, in which case he will equally get thru his capital in five years. The result is exactly the same, and I do not under-

Asal, in the matter of the property of the nation, and the rights of the nationalities and all people have waited consistently ever since, and will wait yet to the end of time, whatever the chancellor of the exchequer may say or do.

Cause of Unemployment.

I cannot say that the Government is going to find employment for those who will be thrown out of employment by these inroads on capital. I am in no doubt that it is a terrible problem to the grave and terrible problem of unemployment, partly real, perhaps partly imaginary, but a terrible problem. I am sure, to some extent, by apprehension as to the financial policy of the government, to say that no one can say that it is a terrible problem, but I cannot see how it can be resisted or met by depletion of capital, or by any other means of employment. How do the government propose to replace this capital they are taking out of the country? In the north, the Highlanders used, in earlier and unmix'd days, to bleed their cattle and mix the blood with oatmeal and make a cake of it. The Highlanders are created with occasionally cutting a piece of steak out of the living animal and putting it on a plate. I never heard that either the Highland or the Aylshire that considered that the Government was taking away their property without causing the death of the animal experimented on.

I submit, then, to this meeting that the Government has increased the enhanced death duties, of these great

average amount ostensible has diminished. The larger estates, from \$100,000 to \$500,000, which, I suppose, represent the bulk of the wealth of the country, have diminished. Surely that is one of the worst symptoms in a tax which, in a wealthy country like this, should be a stimulant to the wealth of the country. It was prospering at all. And what is the remedy for this flagging and degenerating of the country? Why, the remedy of the medicine first, the remedy that the heavier the tax the more it will bring in, and so, if the death tax is too heavy.

Heavy Taxation Starves the Poor.

Now all this is unpleasant to the rich; it is more so for those who have fortunes of five thousand pounds or more, and who are not getting any sleep. Still more it is unfortunate for the poor, because their property is being taken from them and diminished, and these great chunks of capital—because I can use no other expression—are so much taken from the country, that the country is being impoverished, and the capital is being taken to other countries, and is being put to use in other countries.

I think it is impossible to exaggerate the effect of this tax upon the general feeling such as the country is causing as to the insecurity of property in a commercial country like this.

Investment Paralyzed.

It is already paralyzing investment and so the means of employment. The government, I know, deny the fact, and say that the capital is being put to use in other countries, and that they are

by the state for purposes which we scarcely know. Now prima facie it sounds very pleasant to tax the rich and give the proceeds to the poor. In operation which very soon percolates to the poor. No taxation can be laid on the rich without also being laid on the very poor. The idea that taxation takes from the rich to give to the poor, which I am now quoting, is a fiction in the end filters down and poisons such comfort as is possible for the poor.

Heavy taxation may inconvenience the rich, but it starves the poor. These are not my words. From the mouth of the great statesman, dictated by prejudice. They are the words of the inspectors for the local government, the men who are in charge of the life and position of the state, and I respectfully commend them to those who call this a poor man's budget.

Disappearing the Sinews of War.
These depredations on capital tend that scores of millions are lying in the banks at the moment that our country is being bled to death. Productively and produce employment for the working man, but which are lying in the bank owing to the apathy of the government. While our gilt-edged securities from consols downwards are being sold at a discount, and whereas capital in ordinary times would have gladly bought them this capital is now going elsewhere to find employment. It is a sad fact to develop other countries, who might well develop our own, which sadly wanted for the development of our own country.

The government proposes to deplete the country itself—the government is not a good employer, because it is not a good employer; it is a full employer, and one, perhaps, least calculated to do good by the employment of the people. It is a fact that is meant by trading being done. It is not confidence and enterprise, a

walt on him with this measure, and that they would soon find themselves on the stairs, if not in the street. In his eyes, and in my eyes too, as his humble disciple, Liberalism and liberty were cognate terms—they were twin sisters.

Inquisition and Tyranny.

How does this budget stand the test of Liberalism as understood, and of liberty as we have always comprehended it? This budget seeks to establish an inquisition unknown previously to Great Britain, and a tyranny, I venture to say, unknown to mankind. The inquisition is obvious enough.

A horde of finance inquisitors of every

And what a waste of time and money to build a new house and to engage the owner and occupant in every way. There is a famous speech of Lord Chatham, who was a great liberal, a great statesman, from which should be taken the most famous of all his flights of eloquence. It was in allusion to the maximum that an Englishman should have of land. "The poorest man," he says, "may, in his political mind, defy defiance to all the forces of the crown. It may be frail, it may shake, the wind may blow through it, the rain may enter it, but the King of England cannot enter; all his force does not cross the threshold of that ruin." "From the Cradle to the Grave."

I do not know how it may be in the future with the ruined tenement, but, as Lord Chatham describes, that is the way in which the Englishman is to say that to the ordinary household.

to the King's inquisitors, the King's tax gatherers, the King's inspectors, the King's executioners, and the King's grave, they will be with him at the cradle to make sure he's a fifth son of a whore, and at the tombstone entitled to some exemption from being with him all thru his life to watch his foomings and his outgoings, to see that he doesn't get away, to escape their inspection; they will be with him the time of life to see that he gives no satisfaction to his wife, to keep her; they will, of course, be with him at his death-bed to hear the rattle in his throat, that they may measure and mulct his last breath.

Evil of Bureaucracy.

Sir, I cannot imagine why this government is so hostile to individual liberty, which is so essential to Bureaucracy, which has always been the very antithesis of Old Liberalism. Bureaucracy is a great evil—at least we used to think so. It is a great evil, a chronic evil in France. It is almost strangling France. Every intelligent man in France says, "Why do we wish to introduce it here?"

Not Liberalism But Socialism.

Take another instance of the difference between the new Liberal measure and the old Liberal measure. The new measure were to be administered by the commissioners without appeal. Well, that, I think, is a very good thing. I never know what is dropped, at this time is not dropped. The super-tax, I know

Unexampled Tyranny.

daughter to enable her to marry or to your workmen or your old servant, anything you have done or given during your life, and the residue shall be as part of your estate for the purpose of the death duties.

The first £40,000, and gives £10,000 to his son and £10,000 to his daughter, and he dies four years after his will is made, so that £20,000 of his estate is reckoned at £40,000; but long before he died he had been appointed a county council inspector, and he finds you gave £10,000 to your son, £10,000 to your daughter, and £10,000 to the £40,000, and the wretched man who inherits the remainder will have to pay the tax on every shilling you take and every movement of money you write, every item of paper.

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and temporary ends. It denies the right of man to sell his labor in a free market."—President of Delaware, Lackawanna and Western Railroad Company.

"When the recent strike was declared, a reign of terror was inaugurated which the United Mine Workers of America would not prevent, and which steadily grew worse through the anthracite field until the governor of Pennsylvania was obliged to issue a proclamation that tumults, riots and disorder prevailed and mob law reigned, and to call out the entire national guard of Pennsylvania to protect the men who desired to work, and the public health."

"Since the advent of the association called the United Mine Workers of America, the coal industry in this country, the workers there have been demoralized; those who have joined the association have tyrannized over those who would not join, and committed numerous crimes of violence and oppression," said President of Scranton Coal and Iron Company and Elk Hill Coal and Iron Company.

"Ever since the advent of the United Mine Workers of America in the anthracite field, the business conditions in the anthracite mines have become intolerable; the output of the mines has decreased; discipline has been destroyed; there have been at least a dozen daily occurrences. Men worked when and as they pleased, and the cost of mining has been greatly increased,"—President of the Anthracite, Bituminous and Reading Coal and Iron Company.

"There have been, of course, the

actual protestations on the part of the leaders of the union, that they disagreed with the strike, and that they understood in the sense they were intended, and a fresh outbreak always followed. The strike was confined to the neighborhood. Those brutal and savage crimes were only committed in the interests of the strike or in the interests of the miners, and mostly prompted or inspired them, but they were made systematically and recklessly in the interests of the interests of the strike of the miners and the Miners' Union did nothing as an organization to prevent them, nor made any effort to bring about the arrest and conviction of the men guilty of these outrages. On the contrary, they defended them. A list of the events of this character, far from complete, will be found in the Appendix marked Ex. 1, 2, 3, 4, 5, 6, 7, 8, 9, 10, 11, 12, 13, 14, 15, 16, 17, 18, 19, 20, 21, 22, 23, 24, 25, 26, 27, 28, 29, 30, 31, 32, 33, 34, 35, 36, 37, 38, 39, 40, 41, 42, 43, 44, 45, 46, 47, 48, 49, 50, 51, 52, 53, 54, 55, 56, 57, 58, 59, 60, 61, 62, 63, 64, 65, 66, 67, 68, 69, 70, 71, 72, 73, 74, 75, 76, 77, 78, 79, 80, 81, 82, 83, 84, 85, 86, 87, 88, 89, 90, 91, 92, 93, 94, 95, 96, 97, 98, 99, 100, 101, 102, 103, 104, 105, 106, 107, 108, 109, 110, 111, 112, 113, 114, 115, 116, 117, 118, 119, 120, 121, 122, 123, 124, 125, 126, 127, 128, 129, 130, 131, 132, 133, 134, 135, 136, 137, 138, 139, 140, 141, 142, 143, 144, 145, 146, 147, 148, 149, 150, 151, 152, 153, 154, 155, 156, 157, 158, 159, 160, 161, 162, 163, 164, 165, 166, 167, 168, 169, 170, 171, 172, 173, 174, 175, 176, 177, 178, 179, 180, 181, 182, 183, 184, 185, 186, 187, 188, 189, 190, 191, 192, 193, 194, 195, 196, 197, 198, 199, 200, 201, 202, 203, 204, 205, 206, 207, 208, 209, 210, 211, 212, 213, 214, 215, 216, 217, 218, 219, 220, 221, 222, 223, 224, 225, 226, 227, 228, 229, 230, 231, 232, 233, 234, 235, 236, 237, 238, 239, 240, 241, 242, 243, 244, 245, 246, 247, 248, 249, 250, 251, 252, 253, 254, 255, 256, 257, 258, 259, 260, 261, 262, 263, 264, 265, 266, 267, 268, 269, 270, 271, 272, 273, 274, 275, 276, 277, 278, 279, 280, 281, 282, 283, 284, 285, 286, 287, 288, 289, 290, 291, 292, 293, 294, 295, 296, 297, 298, 299, 300, 301, 302, 303, 304, 305, 306, 307, 308, 309, 310, 311, 312, 313, 314, 315, 316, 317, 318, 319, 320, 321, 322, 323, 324, 325, 326, 327, 328, 329, 330, 331, 332, 333, 334, 335, 336, 337, 338, 339, 340, 341, 342, 343, 344, 345, 346, 347, 348, 349, 350, 351, 352, 353, 354, 355, 356, 357, 358, 359, 360, 361, 362, 363, 364, 365, 366, 367, 368, 369, 370, 371, 372, 373, 374, 375, 376, 377, 378, 379, 380, 381, 382, 383, 384, 385, 386, 387, 388, 389, 390, 391, 392, 393, 394, 395, 396, 397, 398, 399, 400, 401, 402, 403, 404, 405, 406, 407, 408, 409, 410, 411, 412, 413, 414, 415, 416, 417, 418, 419, 420, 421, 422, 423, 424, 425, 426, 427, 428, 429, 430, 431, 432, 433, 434, 435, 436, 437, 438, 439, 440, 441, 442, 443, 444, 445, 446, 447, 448, 449, 450, 451, 452, 453, 454, 455, 456, 457, 458, 459, 460, 461, 462, 463, 464, 465, 466, 467, 468, 469, 470, 471, 472, 473, 474, 475, 476, 477, 478, 479, 480, 481, 482, 483, 484, 485, 486, 487, 488, 489, 490, 491, 492, 493, 494, 495, 496, 497, 498, 499, 500, 501, 502, 503, 504, 505, 506, 507, 508, 509, 510, 511, 512, 513, 514, 515, 516, 517, 518, 519, 520, 521, 522, 523, 524, 525, 526, 527, 528, 529, 530, 531, 532, 533, 534, 535, 536, 537, 538, 539, 540, 541, 542, 543, 544, 545, 546, 547, 548, 549, 550, 551, 552, 553, 554, 555, 556, 557, 558, 559, 560, 561, 562, 563, 564, 565, 566, 567, 568, 569, 570, 571, 572, 573, 574, 575, 576, 577, 578, 579, 580, 581, 582, 583, 584, 585, 586, 587, 588, 589, 590, 591, 592, 593, 594, 595, 596, 597, 598, 599, 600, 601, 602, 603, 604, 605, 606, 607, 608, 609, 610, 611, 612, 613, 614, 615, 616, 617, 618, 619, 620, 621, 622, 623, 624, 625, 626, 627, 628, 629, 630, 631, 632, 633, 634, 635, 636, 637, 638, 639, 640, 641, 642, 643, 644, 645, 646, 647, 648, 649, 650, 651, 652, 653, 654, 655, 656, 657, 658, 659, 660, 661, 662, 663, 664, 665, 666, 667, 668, 669, 670, 671, 672, 673, 674, 675, 676, 677, 678, 679, 680, 681, 682, 683, 684, 685, 686, 687, 688, 689, 690, 691, 692, 693, 694, 695, 696, 697, 698, 699, 700, 701, 702, 703, 704, 705, 706, 707, 708, 709, 710, 711, 712, 713, 714, 715, 716, 717, 718, 719, 720, 721, 722, 723, 724, 725, 726, 727, 728, 729, 730, 731, 732, 733, 734, 735, 736, 737, 738, 739, 740, 741, 742, 743, 744, 745, 746, 747, 748, 749, 750, 751, 752, 753, 754, 755, 756, 757, 758, 759, 760, 761, 762, 763, 764, 765, 766, 767, 768, 769, 770, 771, 772, 773, 774, 775, 776, 777, 778, 779, 780, 781, 782, 783, 784, 785, 786, 787, 788, 789, 790, 791, 792, 793, 794, 795, 796, 797, 798, 799, 800, 801, 802, 803, 804, 805, 806, 807, 808, 8

ere for the recognition by the operators of the Miners' Union. The commission's conclusion was that, while giving an award which would compel an agreement by the operators with the union would be in the public interest, the **History and Causes of the Strike.**

"From the voluminous testimony presented during the hearings before the commission, and from the argument and conclusions of the witnesses, which the public hearings closed, the commission is led to the conviction that the question of recognition of the Miners' Union is the central issue. Workers thru their union was considered by both operators and miners to be one of the most important involved in the strike, and the union was the one in the strike. Great stress was laid upon the accusation that the United Mine Workers' Union resorts to and encourages lawlessness and violence in its efforts to accomplish its purposes or desires.

Rights of the Employer.

order to be entitled to such recognition, the union must give the same recognition to the rights of the employer and of others which it demands for itself and its members. It must not insist on the right to quit or to strike in conjunction with his fellows, when by so doing he does not violate a contract with his employer. It must not insist on the right to license to destroy or to damage the property of the employer; neither has he any right or license to interfere with the right of any other man who chooses to exercise his right to work, nor to interfere with those who do not feel that the union offers the best method for adjusting grievances."

Disorder and Lawlessness.

"It is admitted that this disorder and lawlessness is evident to the strike-breaker. His history is stained with blood and blundered, culminating in three murders, unprovoked save by the actions of the victims were as setting their right to work."

and the denial of them means the denial of one of the greatest of the benefits which the social organization confers. A labor or other organization whose purpose can only be accomplished by the violation of law and order of society has no right to exist."

In Canada.

The strike at the Dominion Coal Company's mines in Cape Breton, which is now nearing its end, proves that the company has been fully justified in its refusal to recognize the United Mine workers of America. Lawlessness and crime, which are the methods employed by the union in the United States, have been strongly in

features were not absent. There was the same vehement outcry among the strikers against the calling out of the troops. There were to be no "United Mine Workers engaged in defending the dynamites, the rioters, the attackers of the men who would not quit work at the union's behest. There were also to be no "United Mine Workers leaders" regulating all responsibility for crimes committed in furtherance of the strike by members of the union — the men whom they control.

The people of Glace Bay district can hardly store from their own own unhappy experience the finding of the now famous "Roosevelt Commissioner." In 1902, where it says, speaking of the United Mine Workers' strike: "Its history is filled with a record of riot and bloodshed."

Broadview Boys' Fall Fair.—The fall fair under the auspices of the Broadview Boys' Institute will be held on Friday and Saturday next. The competition is open to boys and the entries, which close to-night, are coming in splendidly. The prize list totals in cash and special prizes over \$100, an increase of one-third over last year.

Only Through Car Service to New York Over Double Track Line is via Grand Trunk and Lehigh Valley, the picturesque route. Round trip rate for 10 days, including 23 to 30 day's account Hudson-Flinton celebration, Return limit, Oct. 10, 1909.

Full information, tickets, reservations, etc., at City Ticket Office, northwest corner King and Yonge-streets, Phone Main 4209.

Bridge Collapsed.—PORT ARTHUR, Sept. 20.—(Special.) Trains are again running over the bridge, but a big part of the track, which collapsed and slid into the lake Friday afternoon. The collapse occurred where the rock was standing on the bridge with gravel, to be dumped in as a support. Five flat cars went clear out into the lake.

P-Y-R-A-M-I-D
Wheeler's C-are

**Does Away With Knife, Nurse and
a Big Doctor Bill.**

A free trial package to any one who
will write for it.

At your Drug Store, 50 cents a Box.
Cures promptly, painlessly and per-
manently.

Is easy to use and requires no cleve-
rness to get the best results.

Begins its stunt at the start and
keeps on until a cure is consummated.
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Stops inflammation, swelling, con-
gestion, irritation and itching the first
thing.

This is the beginning of a cure. You
quit gritting your teeth and saying im-
proper things.

No need to stop your work and "call your neighbors in." No fuss and publicity.

* * *

A man gets back his ambition, takes hold of work, and has no wish to die.

A woman returns to her natural good looks and cheerfulness and the dead, drawn face is replaced with a plump, smiling one.

There is no use trying to be Happy with Piles. Joy and Piles don't chum.

Send and get a free package; this is the way to commence curing yourself. If it was not all right, no such offer would be made.

Send-to-day for it: It is the best and only time to do a thing that should be done.

Yours for a speedy remedy in the use of the Pyramid Drug Cure.

**PYRAMID DRUG COMPANY, 218
Pyramid Building, Marshall, Mich.**

The map shows a section of Leipzig, Germany, centered on the 'Schwammberg' area. The main street, 'Schwammbergstr.', runs vertically. To the left, there is a railway line and several smaller streets. To the right, the 'Schwammberg' area is marked. The map includes various symbols for buildings, trees, and the railway line. A scale bar is visible at the bottom left.

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Mr. Scott's \$12,600 to re concrete bridge over until the settled.

Rail

The decision that the state lay down a line between Jacksonville and Jacksonville means that has triumphed city.

The Ontario order some company to city appeal was given. While the

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K-I-KORALL
CURES FOR
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