

## FRAUDULENT VOTERS' LISTS

The case against the Manitoba lists is based upon certain facts which cannot be disputed. Six years subsequent to the passage of the Dominion Act, a list, made in the first place for use in the Provincial general elections, was erected into a permanent list by legislation, and it was designed to benefit the Conservatives and injure the Liberals. The Manitoba list is not a list compiled by Municipal Councils. **IT IS A LIST COMPILED BY OFFICIALS APPOINTED BY THE ROBLIN GOVERNMENT, WHO ARE, WITHOUT EXCEPTION, ACTIVE POLITICAL WORKERS, AND THEREFORE STRONG PARTISANS.**

The permanent list in Manitoba, in the methods by which it is revised annually, bears no resemblance whatever to the permanent lists of the Eastern provinces, which the Dominion Government had in mind when advocating their adoption for Dominion purposes. In Ontario the municipal assessor, as part of his duties, compiles annually a list for municipal and provincial purposes. This list is revised each year by the Council, and subsequently by a Judge. The provisions for revision are determined by Statute, and are identical year by year and cannot be varied. The result is that each year sees a real revision of the lists. There is a practical guarantee that no matter when an election is called, every person entitled to vote, will find his name on the list.

In the East a man owning property goes on the list as a matter of course, while a man entitled to vote by virtue of manhood suffrage has his name put on the list by the municipal assessor, whose duty it is to see it put on. **IN MANITOBA A MAN DOES NOT GET ON THE LIST IN ANY CASE, UNLESS HE PERSONALLY APPEARS AND REGISTERS, WHICH IS MADE PRACTICALLY IMPOSSIBLE IN MANY DISTRICTS IN MANITOBA.**

## LISTS FIVE YEARS OLD

The lists which are now in existence in Manitoba, outside of the cities of Winnipeg and Brandon, are based upon the lists made in May, 1903, and revised in June of the same year, five years ago. That is to say, that a name placed upon the list then, is still there, unless some individual or party organization has gone to the trouble and expense of having it removed.

The present Manitoba lists have been in existence for five years. only twice in that time did the lists make any approximation to completeness. After the initial registration in 1903, and after the registration and revision of 1906. On both these occasions the lists