RESIDENCE FOR SALE—Down at beach, detached, solid brick, 9 rooms, oak floors and trimming, panelled dining room and hall, square plan, divided cellar, good sized lot. Price $5800. TANNER & GATES, Realty Brokers, Tanner-Gates Bldg., 26-28 Adelaide St. West. Main 5893. ed

The Toronto World

FACTORY TO RENT—About 3500 square feet, in central location. Good solid brick building. Steam heated; $75 per month. TANNER & GATES, Realty Brokers, Tanner-Gates Bldg., 26-28 Adelaide St. West. Main 5893. ed

PROBS— Fair and moderate cold.

Senate Reading Rooms 15Jan14

SIXTEEN PAGES—TUESDAY MORNING MARCH 3 1914—SIXTEEN PAGES

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Western Members Demand Exclusion of All Asiatics From Canada

Prescott Liberals Probably Will Demand the Resignation of Evanturel and His Retirement From Public Life

CHILD WAITRESS DETAINED AND THREATENED

Hebrew Charities Call Attention to Case of Suspected White Slavery—Samuel and Annie Cornwater Arrested for Actions Respecting Fifteen-Year-Old Girl.

On a charge of attempting to procure a 15-year-old Russian Jewish girl for immoral purposes, Samuel and Annie Cornwater, 88 Agnes street, were arrested by officers of the morality department yesterday afternoon.

The arrests were made following investigations of the Associated Hebrew Charities, who declare white slavers are operating in the old St. John's Ward, and are bending every effort to stamp out the evil. According to the child's story, she first met the two prisoners thru the medium of an employment agency. She secured a position with them, and alleges that while employed as waitress in an ice cream parlor at 88 Agnes street, overtures were made to her to lead an immoral life.

She refused, and only upon a threat to scream and attract passers-by, was she allowed to leave the house. She went to a Palmerston avenue residence, where she told her story, and, upon being taken to the morality department, repeated it to Inspector McKinney.

Samuel Cornwater was released on bail of $1000 last night, but the woman spent the night in No. 1 cells. Both will appear in police court today.

CARDEN IS IN WASHINGTON.

WASHINGTON, March 2.—Sir Lionel Carden, British minister to Mexico, reached Washington tonight from New Orleans, on his way to London. He is expected to see President Wilson tomorrow and tell him of the latest developments in the situation at Mexico City.

DECISIVE ACTION IS HINTED AT BY WILSON

President, While Determined to Continue "Watchful Waiting" for Present, Admits Intervention May Yet Prove Only Solution of Problem in Mexico.

WASHINGTON, March 2.—President Wilson revealed to those who discussed Mexican affairs with him today that he fully realized the gravity of the situation resulting from the killing of Wm. S. Benton, a British subject; the reported murder of Gustav Bauch and Clemente Vergara, American citizens, and Gen. Carranza's denial of the right of the United States to look after the interests of foreigners generally in Mexico.

The president spoke deploringly of armed intervention, but at the same time pointedly referred to the size and power of a country like the United States as being sufficient warrant for a calm and patient course while compliance with the American demands was being sought.

Callers got the impression from the president that he was determined to try every peaceful means at his disposal to solve the Mexican problem, but that he realized certain eventualities might mean a drastic course. He spoke with a firmness that showed his determination not to be stampeded into action by radical speeches in congress, but with a hint that when the necessity arose the American Government could be expected to move decisively and effectively.

Hinges on Britain's Attitude.

Upon Great Britain's attitude toward the Benton case depends largely the extent to which the United States will become involved. Should England show an inclination to let the Benton case await a final adjudication at a time when a firm government is established in Mexico, the United States will not feel called upon to challenge Gen. Carranza's specific refusal to supply the Washington ad-

(Continued on Page 7, Col. 6)

LEMIEUX ALONE IN DEFENCE OF ADMISSION OF ORIENTALS EXCLUSION DEMAND OF WEST

Hon. Frank Oliver Took Issue With Ex-Minister and Denounced Asiatic Immigration in Strong Terms—Roche Defended Deportation of Sikh Priest From Canada.

(Special to The Toronto World)

OTTAWA, March 2.—Oriental immigration, heretofore discussed exclusively by British Columbia members, was the subject of a debate in the house today in which only two members from the Pacific province participated. The debate was also peculiar, insofar as Hon. Frank Oliver and Hon. Rodolphe Lemieux lined up in direct opposition to each other. Mr. Oliver, who brought on the discussion by a motion for a return of papers relating to the deportation of some Hindus at Vancouver and the order in council which followed prohibiting the entrance of all laborers and artisans at British Columbia ports was frankly and vehemently against all Asiatic immigrants, including Chinese, Japanese and Hindus. In this position he was supported by Mr. Knowles, the Liberal member for Moose Jaw; Mr. Stevens, the Conservative member for Vancouver, and Mr. Burnam, Conservative member for Victoria, B.C.

Mr. Burnam said that if Hindu immigration was permitted it would cause a feeling in British Columbia which he would rather not voice at this time in the house.

Lemieux Stood Alone.

Mr. Lemieux stood alone in his defence of the Orientals. He paid an eloquent tribute to the Japanese and deprecated any increase in the Chinese head tax. He admitted that the Hindus were undesirable immigrants, but reminded the house that they were British subjects and many of them soldiers of the king.

Dr. Roche, minister of the interior, briefly defended the deportation of a Sikh priest which Mr. Lemieux had criticised. He said the action of the government in prohibiting for a time the entrance of artisans anl laborers into British Columbia had been warm-

(Continued on Page 2, Col. 5)

Mann Off to South Africa

LONDON, March 2.—Tom Mann, English labor leader, who has been at the head of many strike movements, will sail for South Africa Saturday to organize a labor agitation in retaliation for the expulsion of the South African labor leaders after the recent general strike.

CARRANZA GAVE VILLA SUPPORT

Action in Halting Benton Commission Met With Approval of Constitutionalist Party.

NOGALES, Mex., March 2.—Gen. Venustiano Carranza, supreme chief of the constitutionalists, today upheld the action of Gen. Villa in halting the commission investigating the death of the British subject, William S. Benton.

He took the stand that requests for any information regarding Benton's death should come to him as directing head of the revolution thru the diplomatic agents of Great Britain. This had been explained as his stand in the matter in the last communication to the state department at Washington, which had asked and been refused information about the Benton case.

The Benton incident held all the attention of the constitutionalist commander-in-chief during the day, for the first time he summoned the entire membership of his provisional cabinet to consider the matter.

CAROTHERS TO SEE CARRANZA.

EL PASO, Tex., March 2. — The Benton investigation commission rested on the diplomatic sidetrack here today, while Washington and Venustiano Carranza were reported to be rounding out the new phase of negotiations direct thru an American consul.

George C. Carothers, special agent of the state department, left here tonight to visit Carranza. His mission is said to be a discussion of the general situation with regard to foreigners, rather than to hold a specific conference over the Benton problem.

MURDERER WAS INSANE BUT HE IS SANE NOW

CHICAGO, March 2.—Physicians testifying for the defence in the trial of W. C. Ellis, the Cincinnati merchant charged with killing his wife in a hotel here, said Ellis was insane when he committed the crime. Dr. Julius Grinker of the county hospital staff declared Ellis was insane when he killed his wife, but was sane now. Other physicians testified Ellis' mind still was affected.

It is expected the state will put other alienists on the witness stand tomorrow morning.

MINISTERIAL CRISIS EXPECTED IN ITALY

ROME, March 2.—A ministerial crisis is expected to occur during the present week, after the cabinet has obtained a vote by parliament approving its appropriation bill for the Colony of Libya, North Africa. Premier Gioletti, it is said, considers the making secure of this new colony will be his crowning work and that he then desires to retire and leave the reins of government to another.

UNIVERSAL PENNY POSTAGE.

PARIS, March 2.—Sir John Henniker Heaton, "Father of the Anglo-American penny postage system," in a speech before the British chamber of commerce in Paris tonight prophesied the introduction of a universal 2-cent postage rate within a year.

Men's Fur-Lined Coats.

Dineen has something very special in men's fur-lined coats. It is an exceptional opportunity to secure a first-class garment at an actual reduction. These coats were just turned out of the workrooms and were made to sell at $100. Today fifteen in all are being offered at $75 each. Only the best of English beaver cloth is being used in the shells, and you have a choice of Persian lamb or otter collars. All the coats are lined with selected muskrat. These furs are increasing in price, and now is the time to buy. The W. & D. Dineen Co., 140 Yonge street, corner Temperance street.

CONCESSIONS TO ULSTER WILL BE VARIOUS

While Ulster Will Not Be Excluded, Education and Licensing Will Be Under Imperial Control, Says Daily Chronicle — Official Announcement in Fortnight.

LONDON, March 3.—Commenting on Premier Asquith's promise to introduce the Irish home rule bill for the last time with a statement of what concessions the government is inclined to make to Ulster, The Daily Chronicle says the cabinet will not consent to the dismemberment of Ireland, but will propose that education and licensing remain under imperial control, as already provided for in the case of the police for a period of six years.

The newspaper says also that the postoffice will remain under the imperial parliament; that provision will be made for a board of patronage so as to insure that all public appointments will be made on merit, and not on a sectarian basis; that the Ulster members of the Irish Parliament will have a right to veto legislation inimical to Ulster's interests, and that Northeast Ulster will be included in the Irish Parliament from its inception, but with the right to withdraw from it by a plebiscite in five years.

Should the opposition reject the above offer, The Daily Chronicle says, the government will proceed with the bill on its present lines. Suggestions made afterwards will be placed on a separate paper accompanying the bill to the house of lords. The Chronicle says it is expected that the government will make its offer within a

AGED WOMAN IGNITED HER CLOTHING—SERIOUS

Mrs. Sarah Bush Was Attempting to Light the Gas—Is in Hospital.

While attempting to light the gas in her bedroom at 16 Gordon street last evening, Mrs. Sarah Bush, aged 82, ignited her clothing, and before other inmates of the house could extinguish the flames, the aged woman was badly burned about the head and shoulders. She was conveyed to the Western Hospital, where it is reported she is in a serious condition.

NINE SEAMEN MAY BE LOST

Two Coal Barges Foundered in Storm and All Hands Probably Were Drowned.

PROVIDENCE, R.I., March 2.—Fears that nine lives were lost on the coal-laden barges Frank Pendleton and Josephus, which were torn loose from the tug Edgar F. Luckenbach, off Fire Island lightship in last night's gale, were expressed here tonight. The tow was bound to this city from Norfolk.

Capt. Partridge of the Luckenbach reported the barges were quickly swept out of sight after the hawsers parted. With a tug belonging to the same line the Lukenbach searched the stormy waters of Long Island Sound all day today without hearing any news of the missing boats. Both barges were old, and seafaring men here believed that they foundered quickly with all hands.

OTTAWA THINKS LOAN TO C. N. R. IS PROBABLE

Finance Minister's Guarded Words Not Accepted as Evidence That Railroad Will Not Receive Aid Sought—Demand Made That C. N. R. Disclose Condition.

OTTAWA, March 2.—The only subject of discussion here tonight is the financial assistance which parliament will be asked to extend at this session to the Canadian Northern Railway Company. Finance Minister White's statement is not taken to mean that no relief is to be given. The primary object of the minister's statement, given to The London Times, and to be produced in some Canadian newspapers, was to reassure the British investing public that the government intended to apply the proceeds of the new £5,000,000 loan to refunding operations. The assurance was again repeated, and most emphatically, that the proceeds of the loan will be applied to retiring treasury bills, to the purchase of Grand Trunk Pacific 3 per cent. bonds guaranteed by the government of Canada, and to completing the loan to the Grand Trunk Pacific Railway Company, authorized by parliament at the last session.

No Application Received.

Incidentally Mr. White meets the rumor that the money might be diverted to the Canadian Northern Railway Company by way of loan in the following words: The minister stated that there was no truth whatever in a rumor current here that the government had in view a further issue later on for the purpose of making a loan to a railway expected to be received by the assistance by way of loan had been, or was, expected to be received by the government from any railway or other company.

It is understood that Mr. White takes the position that the government could not go into the market again and raise another $25,000,000 for the purpose of making a loan to the Canadian Northern, and that whatever assistance was given will have to be by the guarantee of bonds or something of that kind. The general impression here is, however, that the company will acquire a cash subvention of some kind, and that in the end the same will be arranged for.

Ignore Guarded Denial.

It is regarded as significant that The Ottawa Evening Journal and The Montreal Star, both strong supporters of the government, ignores Mr. White's guarded denial and publish elaborate editorials on the subject of the financial aid to

(Continued on Page 2, Col. 4)

PRESCOTT LIBERALS CALLED TO DISCUSS EVANTUREL CASE

From Opinions Expressed, It Looks as Tho His Retirement From Public Life Will Be Demanded.

VANKLEEK HILL, Ont., March 2.—The executive of the County of Prescott Liberal Association has been summoned by President J. N. LaPointe to meet in Vankleek Hill on Saturday, March 7, to consider the question of Gustave Evanturel, M.L.A., and his expulsion from the party. From opinions freely expressed, it looks as tho the association will almost unanimously demand Evanturel's retirement from public life. Some of his friends have started the racetel gious cry in his favor, declaring he is being persecuted by Messrs. Pyne, Ferguson and Hanna, and the Orangemen of Ontario. These were discussed in parishes after church on Sunday. Mr. Evanturel's personal friends in Alfred are outspoken in these declarations. Mr. Evanturel, it is understood, will be asked to attend the meeting on Saturday.

FISHERIES PACT NOW EXPECTED

Hon. J. D. Hazen Said Canada Would Be Responsive to Belated Overtures of United States.

OTTAWA, March 2.—(Special.)—Hon. J. D. Hazen, minister of marine and fisheries, interrogated by Sir Wilfrid Laurier in the house today made a brief statement respecting the status of the international fisheries treaty. That treaty, he said, had been concluded with the United States in 1908 and a joint commission had been appointed to prepare the regulations thereunder for fishing in water contiguous to the international boundary line. Prof David Starr Jordan was chosen by the United States, and Prof. Prince of the fisheries department by Canada.

They had agreed on regulations, and pursuant to the treaty the Dominion parliament had made them effective by legislation in 1910. For some reason the United States congress had failed to implement the treaty and this government had notified Washington that it would withdraw from the treaty unless the regulations were brought into effect in the United States by March 1, 1914. That date has now passed, but in view of assurances from Washington that the necessary legislation would be passed by congress within a short time the Dominion Government had consented to wait a reasonable time in the hope that the treaty would be fully ratified.

CANADIANS TO GO TO BISLEY

Hon. Sam Hughes Announced Difficulties Smoothed Over for Present Year at Least.

(Special to The Toronto World.)

OTTAWA, March 2.—At the opening of the house this afternoon Col. Sam Hughes, replying to a question by E. M. Macdonald of Pictou, made the following statement respecting the participation of the Canadian team in the Bisley meet: "The National Rifle Association has been from the outset strongly in favor of the position taken by Canada. But the war office, which is unofficially associated with the national association but very closely associated, as it provides ammunition, and also range officers, has made it a condition of its continued support in this matter that the rear aperture sights should not be used. That would rule out the Canadian rifle.

"On Feb. 14 the National Rifle Association held a meeting of the whole club and it was resolved, with practically unanimity, that the association should petition the war office to remove its objectionable regulations, for this year at all events. Accordingly the war office has yielded to the request of the association and the restrictions are removed; the rear aperture sight will be allowed this year as usual.

"Under these conditions the Dominion of Canada Rifle Association, I understand, intends sending a team as usual."

NEW COVENANT ON HOME RULE

Roberts and Kipling Sign Milder Circular to Assist Ulster in the Crisis.

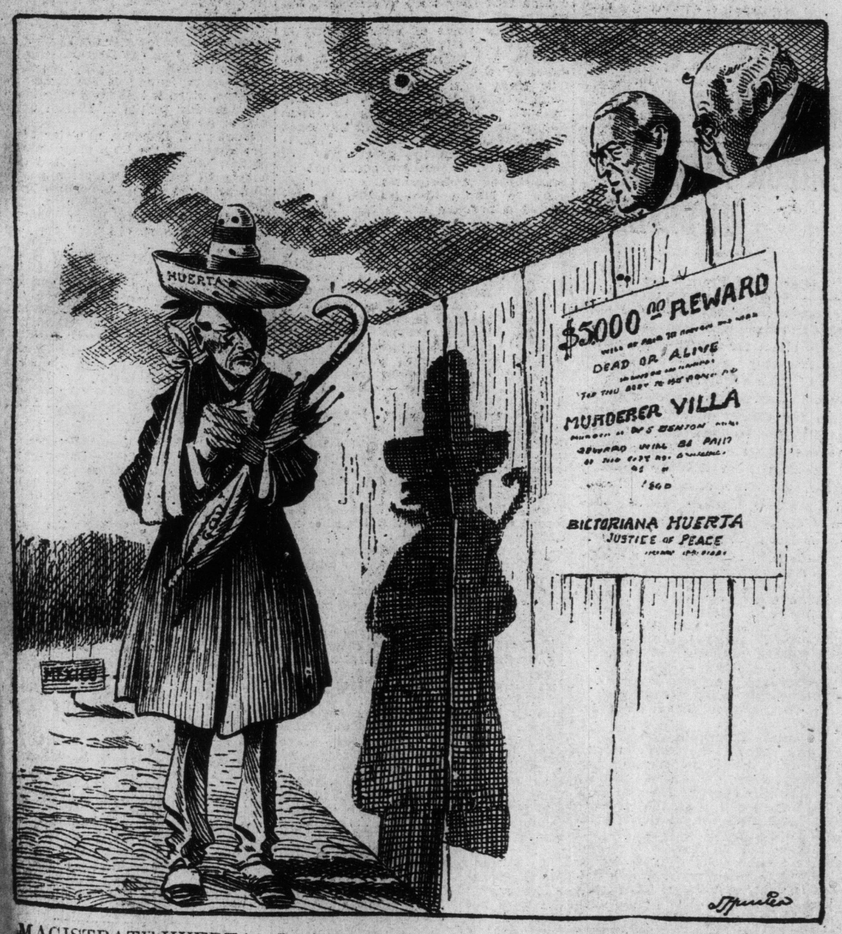
LONDON, March 2.—Lord Roberts, Viscount Milner, Baron Balfour of Burleigh, Rudyard Kipling, Prof. Albert Venn Dicey and Sir William Ramsay, and a score of less prominent persons, today issued an appeal to their fellow-countrymen to follow their example in signing a declaration which is milder in form than the Ulster covenant, by which they hold themselves in case the Irish home rule bill becomes a law without first being submitted to the judgment of the nation, "justified in taking or supporting any action that may be effective to prevent it being put in operation."

The signatories of the appeal are careful to point out that by signing the declaration "no man will pledge himself to take any particular action of which his conscience or judgment does not approve."

English Companies Make Good.

It is pleasing to know that the English dramatic companies which have invaded Canada recently have all made good with their patrons. Beginning a week's engagement last night at the Princess Theatre, Mr. Tom Terriss played "A Christmas Carol" and "A Cricket on the Hearth" before an appreciative audience.

HE FEELS IT KEENLY



MAGISTRATE HUERTA: In the name of humanity and for the honor of Mexico, gentle help me to run down that murdering scoundrel.