

may set a time limit for the submission of such information and, upon application of the requesting State, may grant a reasonable extension of the time limit.

2. If the additional information is considered to be insufficient or is not received within the time specified by the requested State, the person sought, if in custody, may be released and the case against such person may be terminated. Release of the person sought shall not preclude the continued consideration of the request nor shall the termination of the case preclude the subsequent submission of a new request for the same offence.

#### Article 9 - Provisional Arrest

1. In cases of urgency, the competent authorities of the requesting State may request, in writing, the provisional arrest of the person sought.

2. The request for provisional arrest shall include:

- a. information concerning the description, identity, nationality and location of the person sought;
- b. an indication of the intention to request extradition;
- c. the name, date and place of the offence and a brief description of the facts of the case;
- d. a statement attesting to the existence and terms of an order of arrest or a judgement of conviction;
- e. a statement of the maximum penalty that can be imposed or the sentence that has been imposed for the offence.

3. The requested State shall inform the requesting State without delay of the action taken on the request for provisional arrest.

4. Provisional arrest shall terminate if, within a period of sixty (60) days following the arrest, the requested State has not received the request for extradition and the documents referred to in Article 7 and the person sought is still detained under the provisional arrest warrant. The competent authorities of the requested State may release a person provisionally arrested at any time, subject to such conditions as are considered necessary to ensure that such person does not leave the country.

5. Release from custody of the person sought at the end of the sixty (60) day time limit shall not prevent subsequent arrest and extradition if the request for extradition and the supporting documents referred to in Article 7 are subsequently received.