

fifty years past overwhelmingly elected Protestants to represent them in parliament, notwithstanding the wormwood memories of wrongs in the past, and the still intolerant hostility of some of their countrymen."

The statistics embraced in the following table indicate the number of students in several of the principal Catholic universities and colleges of the United States:

Boston college, Boston, Mass.	420
Canisius college, Buffalo, N.Y.	325
Catholic university, Georgetown, D.C.	75
California college, San Francisco, Cal.	275
Detroit college, Detroit, Mich.	315
Georgetown university, Washington, D.C.	725
Manhattan college, New York	365
Marquette college, Milwaukee, Wis.	225
Mount Angel college, Mt. Angel, Ore.	130
St. Mary's college, Emmitsburg, Md.	190
Notre Dame university, Notre Dame, Ind.	650
Rock Hill college, Ellicott City, Md.	163
Seton Hall college, South Orange, N.J.	200
St. Benedict college, Atchinson, Kan.	175
St. Francis college, St. Francis, Wis.	250
St. Francis Xavier college, New York	900
St. John's college, Washington, D.C.	150
St. John's college, Fordham, N.Y.	250
St. Joseph's college, Cincinnati, O.	200
St. Joseph's Seminary, Troy, N.Y.	126
St. Louis university, St. Louis, Mo.	300
St. Mary's college, St. Marys, Kan.	225
St. Mary's college, St. Marys, Ky.	100
St. Mary's seminary, Baltimore, Md.	300
St. Viator's college, Bourbonnais, Ill.	250
Niagara university, Suspension Bridge, N.Y.	300
TOTAL	7,584

Mr. Charles A. Dana, editor of the *New York Sun*, may not meet the views of reasonable men regarding his desired partition of the British Empire among France, Germany, Russia and the United States, but he is as orthodox as a Doctor of Theology in the following paragraph that appeared in a recent issue of the *Sun*:

We are asked by a "Roman Catholic Odd Fellow" whether he is compelled to leave the order of Odd Fellows under the recent decree of the Pope against it. As

an American citizen he can take his choice between the order and the Church; but as a Roman Catholic he has not any choice. The decree of the Holy Office is of supreme authority, and he must cease to be an Odd Fellow if he would remain in the Church. It is his 'imperative duty to withdraw from that order, under penalty of being denied the sacraments.' He cannot conceal his membership, or escape the judgment pronounced against it, or offer any plea in favor of retaining it. Rome has spoken in words that are irrevocable, and the voice of Rome is the fundamental law of Catholicity, the world over.

There are three societies condemned in the new decree—the Odd Fellows, the Knights of Pythias, and the Sons of Temperance—as other secret societies had been condemned in previous decrees.

This does not involve any limitation of the political, civil, or natural rights of our "Roman Catholic Odd Fellow" correspondent. It is purely a matter of religion, and of ecclesiastical discipline. The Church establishes the terms of Church membership, and these terms are inflexible.

Our correspondent's rights of American citizenship are in no way interfered with by the Papal decree. As a citizen he may join any society he pleases, but not as a Roman Catholic."

Professor Rudolf Falb of Leipzig, says that earthquakes and other disturbances of the earth's crust can be calculated beforehand, within two or three days at least. For this conclusion he gives what seems a logical process of reasoning. The interior of the earth is in a fluid or semi-fluid state it is believed. The moon, sun and planets are nearer to the earth sometimes than at others. When it happens that large masses of these bodies operate on the earth from the same side, it disturbs the equilibrium of her inner masses, like the ballast of a ship, and eruptions, storms and other disturbances follow. Such disturbances of the earth's mass will naturally come when the earth and moon are nearest together, when the sun and earth are nearest together and when the sun or moon is in a certain equatorial position. Falb first discovered that earthquakes and shocks and explo-