

VESTED RIGHTS NOT AT ISSUE

Mr. Borden Deals with Separate Schools Question—No Connection with Extension of Manitoba's Boundaries

INDECISIVE STAND OF MR. LEMIEUX

Restriction of Province's Legislative Authority Politically and Constitutionally Impossible—Bill in Committee

OTTAWA, March 6.—The Manitoba boundaries extension bill has had its second reading and has made some progress in a committee of the whole. The liberals and Nationalists challenged it again at the formal second reading. The government again scored a majority of 38. The debate today comprised two speeches by Messrs. Lemieux and Borden. Mr. Lemieux made a very long speech and took no stand. Mr. Borden made a rather short speech and explained exactly where he stood.

The first speaker of the day was Mr. Lemieux, who spoke for an hour and three-quarters and took no attitude whatever on the question of separate schools. The greater portion of his speech was a denunciation of Messrs. Monk, Pelletier and Nantel, who he assailed with great vigor as insincere, in having abandoned Mr. Bourassa after profiting by their alliance with him. He agreed with the criticisms of the terms of the arrangement put forward by other liberals and defended Sir Wilfrid Laurier against the charge of having fought a double faced campaign in 1896. He met the quotation from Sir Wilfrid's Quebec speech in 1895 where he promised to coerce Manitoba if necessary by saying that the words in the report "did not sound like Laurier."

Mr. Borden after some references to the extension of the boundaries, discussed Mr. Lemieux's attack on Messrs. Monk and Pelletier. At all events he said these ministers had had the courage to stand up in the house and state where they were on this question; while Mr. Lemieux had left the house as much in ignorance as to his attitude as it was with regard to the attitude of his leader.

No Denial Now

Proceeding Mr. Borden dealt with Mr. Lemieux's argument that Sir Wilfrid had not promised to coerce Manitoba on the ground that the words in question "did not sound like him." Later he had denied having uttered those words. He did not deny them now. Thus pointedly appealed to, Sir Wilfrid Laurier was silent.

After satirizing the liberal retreat to Torres Vedras Mr. Borden discussed Mr. Lamarche's argument. He went over the legal argument which Mr. Monk had advanced on the previous day after Kewatin had gone without a council for four years. Arguing that no vested rights existed, Mr. Borden said he came from Nova Scotia where there was no statutory provision for separate schools, where none of the relations between Protestants and Roman Catholics were as good and friendly as anywhere in the Dominion. The Catholics of Manitoba constituted a larger proportion of the population of that province than did the Roman Catholics of the whole Dominion of the total population of Canada.

The premier next noticed the proposal to restrict the legislative authority of Manitoba with regard to added territory. This was politically impossible because Manitoba would not accept the extension of territory coupled with such restrictions. It was constitutionally impossible. Mr. Borden cited the British North America Act of 1871 and showed that under it, while parliament may increase what constitution it chooses in a new province which it creates, once the province has been created its area can be increased or diminished only with the consent of the legislature. Further it was impossible to conceive a province governed as to one part of its area by one constitutional provision as to education and governed as to another portion of its area by another constitutional provision.

Majority of 38

The division of the second reading was allowed, the bill carrying by 114 to 76, the majority again being 38. Messrs. Bellinere, Guitault, Lamarche, Paquet, Sevigny and Mondou voted with the government.

In the evening the house took up the bill in committee. Mr. Fugate moved that the debt allowance should not be operative until the provincial conference be held, at which the debt allowance of several provinces should be revised.

In replying to this Mr. Hazen made the announcement that the inter-provincial conference will be held this summer.

The discussion was prolonged and turned upon the question of representation. In this connection Mr. Hazen said that the temper of the last conference had been favorable to the re-

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SEATTLE MAYORALTY

Mr. Cotterill Elected to Power by Vote of Socialist Party

SEATTLE, March 6.—That Socialist voters yesterday elected Mr. George Cotterill mayor of Seattle is shown by a study of the returns. The Socialist candidate for mayor, was eliminated in the primary, and leaders of the party exhorted their followers to vote for no candidate for mayor. However, the Socialist stronghold rolled up majorities for Mr. Cotterill and elected him by 655 votes over Mr. Eiram C. Gill. Although the Socialists elected none of their four candidates on the ticket, they polled a large vote, ranging from 16,843 for Mr. C. J. Jacobs, candidate for councilman, to 24,341 for Mr. E. J. Brown, candidate for city council. The Socialist vote last year was 4400. Mayor elect Cotterill is a single taxer, but he did not discuss the Henry George theories in his campaign, and will have no opportunity as mayor to further the progress of single tax.

The proposition authorizing a municipal telephone system was adopted, but the municipal newspaper project was defeated. Mr. Cotterill, whose strength as a candidate in his long record as an advocate of municipal ownership, is pledged to build the municipal street railway, for which bonds were voted last year.

Socialist Candidate

NANAIMO, March 6.—Mr. John Place was tonight unanimously nominated to contest Nanaimo in the interests of the Socialist party.

ONE DEAD IN RAILWAY WRECK

Eastbound Train Collides with Light Engine Near Three Valley Station—Passengers Have Narrow Escape

REVELSTOKE, March 6.—A fatal wreck occurred this morning on the main line of the C. P. R. at 5:45 o'clock one mile this side of Three Valley station. The eastbound passenger train collided with the engine and tender of a light train travelling west. The light engine was travelling at a high speed in an attempt to make Three Valley before the passenger train arrived at that point. As a result of the collision, Fireman Duckworth, of the passenger train, was pinned between the boiler of his engine and the tender of the light engine and instantly killed. Dan Murray, engineer of the passenger train, was injured, and Geo. Shaw, engineer of the light engine, was slightly injured.

Among the passengers of the wrecked eastbound were W. Foster, manager of the Nelson Daily News, Harry Wright, ex-M. P. P., and wife, F. E. Ransome, H. G. Neelands, and T. W. Brown of Nelson, and W. G. Gillette of Vancouver; also W. K. Ealing of the Roseland Miner, the last named sustaining slight injuries to the neck, whilst all had a miraculous escape. The Nelson passengers were hurried back to the Kootenay city to attend to the badly injured. He jumped a few seconds before the impact. Dr. Sutherland left by special train to attend to the injured, and some of the passengers returned to Revelstoke on his special at 9:05 a. m.

The train was only slightly damaged. The dining car all set for breakfast, suffered the most, but all the cars kept to the track. The line will be cleared in a few hours.

GERMANY'S NAVY

Pursuing Policy of Concentrating Warships in the North Sea

BREITENBURG, March 6.—The Tageluch Rundschau announces that a cruiser fleet of six small ships and four Dreadnoughts are to be transferred in April from Kiel to Wilhelmshaff, and will be permanently stationed in the North Sea. The journal explains that the transfer has nothing to do with Anglo-German relations, declaring that Germany is only following Great Britain's lead in concentrating her naval strength in these waters "under the prudent assumption that in the wars of the future the most important decisions will fall in the North Sea."

Tong War in San Francisco

SAN FRANCISCO, March 6.—The truce between the warring Highlander Tong and the Chinese New Year ends tomorrow night, and the police of the city will take extraordinary measures to suppress any attempt to renew hostilities. Chief of Police D. A. White, threatened some time ago to order a police blockade of Chinatown if the war did not stop, and he announced today that he would do so if found conditions warranted it.

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NEARING HOPE OF SETTLEMENT

Continued Meetings of Disputants Indicates Desire on Both Sides to End Coal Trade War

CONFERENCE WITH PREMIER ASQUITH

Industrial Paralysis is Spreading Fast Through Britain as Result of Closed Down Mines

LONDON, March 6.—A growing desire of both parties to any way out of the difficulty is indicated, it is believed, by the continued meetings of the disputants in the coal trade war. There is an increasing belief that the executive committee of the Miners' Federation has received a wider mandate from the men empowering them to negotiate with the government on the minimum wage schedule.

Official statements issued this evening concerning the numerous conferences held today in connection with the coal strike were devoid of interest as to results, if any were achieved. The negotiations were renewed this morning with hopes that a speedy settlement would be reached, but nothing has been disclosed indicating progress in that direction.

As a result rumors were abundant but all apparently are based on surmises. The miners' representatives conferred with the premier and his colleagues for nearly three hours, and the official reports say that Mr. Asquith's request they promised to attend further conferences.

From this it is deduced that the premier has not yet abandoned hope of finding a basis for agreement between disputants. It is said the miners adhered steadfastly to their previous declarations that they would not consent to any settlement that did not assure the addition of their own schedule of minimum rates.

The Archbishop of Canterbury has appealed in special prayers for a termination of the strike.

Meanwhile the miners continue to be members of the situation. Industrial paralysis is fast spreading over the country.

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MEXICAN REVOLT IS SPREADING

Rebel Army 5000 Strong to Move Against Capital City—Provoking Yaqui Indians Against Government

REFUGEES SWARMING ACROSS BORDER

EL PASO, March 6.—A special news dispatch from Chihuahua tonight states that Pascual Orozco was proclaimed generalissimo of the rebel forces in Chihuahua today. According to the telegram the leadership was acknowledged by the other insurgent generals, Salazar, Campa, Fernandez and Ponce. The announcement was received with enthusiasm by the soldiers who mingled cries of "Viva Libertad" with "Death to Madero."

Orozco issued a proclamation declaring the present movement knows no party, that the fundamental law of 1857, guaranteeing the fullest liberties to the people, shall rule, and asserting that a rebel army of 5000 men, all mounted, will be in the campaign against the city of Mexico next Sunday.

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PREMIER McBRIDE AT KAMLOOPS

KAMLOOPS, B. C., March 6.—Premier McBride and Attorney-General Bowser were given a great reception here. They were met by the citizens with a band and received by the local Conservative committee. Among those who greeted them was J. P. Shaw. Mr. Shaw was today unanimously re-nominated as the Conservative candidate for Kamloops, no other name being before the convention. The town is full of people who came to attend the convention.

TRAGEDY IN NARROWS

VANCOUVER, B. C., March 6.—While trying to anchor his motor boat, on board of which he and a party of friends were, Mr. H. B. Spence, an automobile garage proprietor, fell overboard near the south narrows and was drowned tonight. The deceased leaves a wife and two children. Up to a late hour the body had not been recovered.

Mr. Spence's party consisted of himself, Mr. J. A. Chandos and two ladies. Near the Second Narrows the pleasure cruisers decided that they would anchor and it was while trying to make the anchorage that Mr. Spence lost his balance and fell overboard.

STERNER WAYS ARE ADOPTED

London Police Raid Headquarters of Women's Social and Political Union and Arrest Ringleaders of Violence

LONDON, March 6.—The government has at last taken decisive action in regard to the militant suffragettes. Last night the police raided the headquarters of the Women's Social and Political Union and arrested Mr. and Mrs. Pethick Lawrence, who were conveyed to Bow Street and there charged with conspiracy. The police had a warrant for the arrest of Miss Cristabel Pankhurst on the same charge, but she was absent.

Owing to the fears that the suffragette campaign of destruction would be extended to public buildings containing national treasures, the state department in London, the royal palaces and several museums and galleries have been closed until further notice.

Miss Christabel Pankhurst, a suffragette leader, who was erroneously reported to have been arrested last night on a charge of inciting to malicious destruction of property, has disappeared and thus far has baffled all attempts of the police to trace her.

Mr. and Mrs. Lawrence, joint educators of "Votes for Women," who were arrested last night, and Mrs. Emmeline Pankhurst and Mrs. Tuke, who were brought from Holloway jail, were arraigned at Bow Street police court today and the four were remanded by the magistrate for a week, bail being refused.

Persistent scouring of London by the police has failed to find Miss Christabel Pankhurst, although it is said she has not left the city. A sharp watch is being kept on out-going steamers at various ports.

ECUADOREAN OUTBREAK

Military Commander Leads Attack on Police Barracks, and is Killed in Conflict

QUITO, Ecuador, March 6.—General Julio Andrade, one of the most able of Ecuador, military commander at Guayaquil and former minister to Colombia, was killed last night in what is believed to have been an attempt to gain control of the republic.

A large party of conservatives headed by General Andrade, attacked the police barracks, but in a fierce engagement the conservatives were repulsed and Andrade was killed.

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EXPEDITION TO SOUTH POLE

Captain Raoult Amundsen Reaches Hobart, Tasmania, on Return Journey from Search in Antarctic Ocean

RESULT OF VENTURE STILL UNKNOWN

Explorer Left Norway in 1910 Aboard the Fram in His Dash for the Unknown Goal to the South

HOBART, Tasmania, March 6.—Captain Raoult Amundsen, the Norwegian explorer, has reached here on the return from his south polar expedition. Captain Amundsen, the discoverer of the Northwest Passage, left Norway in 1910 for the purpose of making an attempt to drift across the Arctic Ocean in search of the North Pole, a voyage which was likely to occupy not less than six years. He changed his plans, however, and announced his intention of starting on an Antarctic expedition.

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When Captain Amundsen began his race for the pole he had with him eight men, 118 dogs and a complete equipment. According to small advices from Amundsen, he hoped to reach the pole by way of Beaulieu Glacier.

Captain Amundsen was to have been picked up by his ship some time in February of this year on his return from the trip across the ice.

Considerable interest has been aroused as to who first would be able to communicate to the world the news as to the result of his Antarctic expedition—Captain Amundsen or Captain Scott. Captain Amundsen had a longer return journey than Captain Scott, but the latter was compelled to wait to make up a party and has not yet been heard from.

No Truth in Report

LONDON, March 6.—The report that Premier Asquith would speak at Dublin during the Easter week on the Home Rule question is officially contradicted.

BI-LINGUALISM IN ONTARIO

Long Expected Report of Dr. F. W. Merchant is Tabled—English More Than Holds Its Own in Schools

TORONTO, Ont., March 6.—The long waited report of Dr. F. W. Merchant on the French and English schools of Ontario was tabled in the legislature today. The report covers the bi-lingual schools in the counties of Essex, Kent, Russell, Prescott, Stormont and Glengary, the unorganized districts of northern Ontario and the city of Ottawa. In all 289 schools with a total of 524 teachers were visited by Dr. Merchant. Briefly epitomized the report shows that in the junior grades the instruction in a majority of the schools is given either entirely in French or both French and English. It shows English more than holds its own as the language of instruction in the senior grades. The efficiency of the bi-lingual schools is considerably below that of the average of the province. Dr. Merchant holds the best results are obtained when the medium of instruction is in the beginning the mother tongue of the pupils, but English should be the language of instruction after the second form is reached. Dr. Merchant was appointed by the Ontario government in the summer of 1910 with instructions to thoroughly investigate conditions of the bi-lingual schools of the province. He spent sixteen months at the task.

Woman Admits Crime

LYNN, Mass., March 6.—Walking up to her neighbor, Mrs. Florence Hagallo, on the street tonight, Mrs. Jennie Chapman pulled a revolver from a hand bag and shot her six times. Mrs. Hagallo died almost instantly. Mrs. Chapman was arrested and admitted the shooting.

Illness of Queen Mother

LONDON, March 6.—Queen Alexandra, who has been ill with influenza for several weeks, is not progressing so rapidly towards convalescence as her physicians expected. Disturbing rumors here say her condition is very serious.

TURCO-ITALIAN WAR

Dirigible Balloons Drop Bombs into Turkish Encampment Near Tripoli

TRIPOLI, March 6.—Two dirigible balloons were sent out yesterday by the Italian commander on their first voyage over Tripoli and environs. Officers in the dirigible dropped bombs into the Turkish encampment. A battalion of Askaris, Italian native troops from Eritria, had their baptism of fire in carrying out a reconnaissance. They attacked a superior force of Arabs and held their own well. Finally they were compelled to retreat, but did so in order, until they reached an open space, where they wheeled and drove off the enemy with well directed volleys. The Askaris had nine men killed and 37 wounded.

Col. Roosevelt's Campaign

OSTER BAY, N.T., March 6.—George W. Perkins, former partner of J. P. Morgan, paid a mysterious visit to Theodore Roosevelt today. Mr. Perkins' supposed activity in behalf of Colonel Roosevelt and his connection with the International Harvester Co., have furnished campaign material for the Colonel's opponents since he declared himself as willing to accept the nomination. All that Col. Roosevelt had to say about the visit was that Mr. Perkins was the bearer of a message from Senator Dixon, the Colonel's campaign manager. The Colonel added that he would say nothing else in regard to Mr. Perkins' visit. Later in the evening, he said, he might receive another message from Senator Dixon, but he declared in advance that if such a message came he would have nothing to say about it.

CONTROL OVER IRISH CUSTOMS

Division of Opinion in British Cabinet Respecting Feature of Home Rule Bill Touching Trade Matters

LONDON, March 6.—The Times parliamentary correspondent states the cabinet is very divided upon the question of granting the Irish parliament control of the customs. There is a strong section of the ministers in favor of giving control of the customs and excise to the Irish parliament. The correspondent says the treasury is resisting the proposal and the fact that Mr. Redmond has accepted the idea of the control of the customs by the imperial government places its supporters in a difficult position. One of the chief reasons why the control of the customs is desired by the Irish, adds the Times, is that the Irish parliament had the right to bargain and they could afford to put American maize and bacon on the free list in exchange for the free listing of Irish potatoes, onions, etc.

Mr. J. Cathcart Watson, M. P., writing to the Times, makes a strong protest against the proposition to give the Irish parliament control of the customs. Such a provision would saddle the Irish parliament with the expense of ambassadors, consuls and negotiations for commercial treaties and would certainly suit those who wish to see the Liberal party broken into fragments.

CANDIDATE IN NELSON

Mr. William Maclean is Unanimous Choice of Conservatives—Socialists Nominated

NELSON, B. C., March 6.—William Maclean was tonight unanimously nominated by the convention as the Conservative candidate for Nelson constituency. The only other name mentioned was Fred Quinn. Mr. Maclean, Harry Wright, the member in the last house was not present, being delayed by a train accident at Revelstoke. A motion to adjourn the convention to enable him to be present was voted down by a large majority.

Mr. Maclean has been a prominent Conservative for years. He is a soda manufacturer, and has been prominent in civic activities. In a telegram tonight Mr. Wright announced that he would enter the field as a candidate supporting the McBride government. The Socialists have already nominated Arthur Harrod. It is uncertain whether the Liberals will have a candidate.

The British Rifle

LONDON, March 6.—The opinion of British soldiers on British weapons was quoted in the House of Commons by Colonel Seeley in reply to some criticisms of the service rifle when he said: "Our army is better armed than any other in the world." In the South African war I rode a horse which was killed by a Mauser bullet at 3000 yards. Our bullet would kill at a little longer range. Of the seven vital points in a rifle British had an overwhelming advantage in the two most vital—rapidity of fire and accuracy. In one point alone—trajectory—continental armies had the advantage, but any soldier would say: "Better trajectory. Give me the rifle that shoots farthest and straightest. That was what the British rifle did."

Hope citizens are asking for a free ferry or else provision for one, which will be obtained only after the promulgation of a special decree by the railway bridge at that point.

FAST SERVICE ON ATLANTIC

Canadian Northern Company Ready to Spend from \$20,000,000 to \$30,000,000 in Establishing Steamer Line

C. P. R. COMPETITOR IN NEGOTIATIONS

Awarding of Subsidy Will Determine the Government's Future Attitude Respecting the Intercolonial Railway

MONTREAL, March 6.—The proposed fast line of steamships between Canada and Great Britain, regarding which there have been conferences lately between the heads of the big transportation companies and the government, is being much discussed in railway circles, as some important railway developments are involved. It is now regarded as certain that the decision arrived at in the matter will settle the whole policy of the government regarding the Intercolonial railway. According to the latest report the Canadian Northern group are the competitors of the Canadian Pacific Railway and its partner or associate, the Allan line, in negotiations to secure the subsidy for a fast line of steamers. The Canadian Northern, which has long been endeavoring to get control of the Intercolonial, is now said to be willing to hand all business from the fast line steamers over to the Intercolonial between Montreal and Halifax if it gets the subsidy for the fast line. Further, it is prepared to spend between \$20,000,000 and \$30,000,000 on the establishment of a fast steamship line. The C. P. R. is said to be prepared to go as far as this and to bring the line into operation within a year, but it wants running rights over the Intercolonial between St. John and Halifax and wants the Intercolonial line between St. John, N. B., and Montreal in connection with the scheme. It is taken for granted that Halifax would be the all the year round port for the line, although certain Quebec interests are known to be working hard to secure the coming of the ships to Quebec during the summer.

MONROE DOCTRINE

U. S. Secretary of State Says His Government Covets No Territory South of the Rio Grande

MANAGUA, Nicaragua, March 6.—The American Secretary of State made the most pronounced impression of his visit today when he responded to the welcome extended to him by the assembly. "My government," he said does not covet an inch of territory south of the Rio Grande. The full measure and extent of our policy is to assist in the maintenance of republican institutions on this hemisphere. We have a well known policy regarding causes that may threaten the existence of an American republic from beyond the seas and always will be willing to lend proper assistance to preserve the stability of sister American republics."

Immigrants Arrive

MONTREAL, March 6.—The first big batch of foreign immigrants of the season arrived today, and left later for western ports. There were 600 of them, mostly Russians, Poles and Austrians, who came across on the steamer Canada and landed at Portland, Maine. Thirty-nine Russian immigrants left for Cochrane, being the first immigrants to be booked through to the Ontario clay belt.

Victims of Leprosy

STOCKTON, Cal., March 6.—Medical officials were sent to congress today by Chairman Trothway of the board of supervisors, showing that Edward Fickert, a Spanish-American war soldier was afflicted with leprosy. Fickert has a wife and four children. He is now in quarantine at the county hospital. A special bill will be introduced by congressman Nolan to secure him a pension.

Government Loan

OTTAWA, March 6.—The cable announcement from London that British investors have not taken more than thirty-five per cent of the twenty-five million dollar Canadian government loan does not mean the Dominion suffers in any way. The loan referred to is a refund loan, and was underwritten at the good price of 98. The government succeeded in placing the loan before the beginning of the coal strike. The fact that sixty-five per cent of the loan is still in the hands of the underwriters supply, means that this percentage must be put out at a later date. It is a 3-1/2 per cent loan. The old loan which matures on May 1, was for five million pounds at 2 3/4 per cent.

SALONICA, Mar. 6.—The Moslem mosque at Vulechitra, a little township in Macedonia, is to receive a sacred relic, a hair of Mahomet's beard. Such relics can be obtained only after the promulgation of a special decree by the Sultan.