

MINER'S ESCAPE COMES UP AGAIN

Mr. Aylesworth Defends His Departure From Attack.

House Gets Into Heated Argument Over Question.

Some Peculiar Evidence Relied on by Member For New Westminster.

Ottawa, March 2.—One is forced to the conclusion that the ammunition of the Opposition must be running very short when they are found endeavoring to make a political issue of Bill Miner's escape. To-day the spectacle was witnessed in the House of Commons solemnly, and at times heatedly, discussing the question of whether the rumors that the convict's hair and moustache had been allowed to grow before he made his dash for liberty, together with vague hints by anonymous newspaper correspondents of a conspiracy of connivance, were sufficient to warrant a re-investigation by a special committee into the circumstances attending Miner's mysterious exit.

Mr. Taylor (New Westminster), who has done so much in his newspaper, The British Columbian, and in the House to expose the facts of a scandal reflecting upon the administration of the Department of Justice, made the initial mistake, pardonable in a new member, of precipitating the discussion without notice, and he added to the unfortunate impression thus created by endeavoring to convict the Minister of Justice of untrustworthiness on the strength of a newspaper interview and the doubtful testimony of ex-Warden Burke. It may be remembered that in reply to certain questions put by Mr. Taylor, last week or two ago, Hon. Mr. Aylesworth made a full and frank statement of the facts revealed by Inspector Dawson's investigation of the circumstances surrounding Miner's escape.

This afternoon Mr. Taylor produced the files of several British Columbian newspapers, including his own, and proceeded to quote from interviews and articles, with a view to showing that the Minister of Justice had not stated the facts accurately, and that there had been connivance on the part of some one in authority at Miner's escape. One statement thus quoted was that of a high official, whose name was not given, but who was reported as saying that he could have solved the mystery of the convict's escape if he had been examined, but that he had not been called. Another made a reference to the report that Miner had been permitted to grow a moustache and wear his hair long before he broke jail, while there was an interview in Mr. Taylor's own newspaper with ex-Warden Burke, denying the statement of Mr. Aylesworth that the telegram sent to Ottawa immediately after the discovery of Miner's escape and urging the offer of a reward for his capture had been addressed to Inspector Dawson. According to Burke, the telegram had been addressed to the Inspector of Penitentiaries at Ottawa. Mr. Taylor submitted in all seriousness that these statements were sufficient to justify a full and independent investigation.

MR. AYLESWORTH'S REPLY.

Hon. Mr. Aylesworth is too painstaking and conscientious a Minister to take any reflection upon the administration of his department lightly, and if he is repudiated with some asperity it was not without reason. Mr. Taylor in his newspaper had violently attacked the Minister of Justice, and by way of exposing the methods by which the member for New Westminster had endeavored to discredit the department, Mr. Aylesworth referred to a despatch which had appeared in the British Columbian, purporting to have been sent from Victoria, and containing serious insinuations. In his statement in the House a week or two ago Mr. Aylesworth had mentioned that certain information had been given to Inspector Dawson by Inspector Mackenzie. In Mr. Taylor's paper it was stated that the Minister of Justice had attributed the information to Chief Constable MacIntosh, of New Westminster, and having properly interviewed the latter and obtained from him a vigorous denial, the British Columbian attacked Mr. Aylesworth for making misstatements.

The Minister of Justice commented sarcastically upon the enterprise of a newspaper which first misrepresented him and then based upon its misrepresentation an attack upon him, and quickly drew Mr. Taylor to his feet with an explanation that the despatch in question had been copied from a British Columbian contemporary. The British Columbian newspaper in question to have a reputation for forged telegrams, observed Mr. Aylesworth, with caustic emphasis.

Mr. Taylor appealed to the Speaker for protection from the Minister of Justice, and for a time there was great uproar, the Opposition endeavoring to howl Mr. Aylesworth down. The mistake in the despatch, continued the latter, "may have been due to misquoting the report." Mr. Taylor, however, Perrin's document again aroused the Opposition to a fury, while the Liberal members cheered loudly. "Is the Minister of Justice to be permitted to insult me repeatedly?" asked Mr. Taylor. "The hon. Minister is referring to a newspaper and not to the hon. member personally," pointed out the Speaker. Ignoring the interruptions, Mr. Aylesworth proceeded to rub salt into Mr. Taylor's wounds, and then, having disposed of the methods by which the member for New Westminster had endeavored to discredit him, he showed how equally unworthy was the foundation for the attack upon his department.

MR. BORDEN.

Mr. Borden heatedly protested against what he characterized as the unfair attack made upon Mr. Taylor by the Minister of Justice, and contended that the gravamen of the charge had not been met by the latter. Though not disposed to place too much reliance on Burke's statements, he thought there were sufficient grounds for an inquiry by a special committee of Parliament. There had been no explanation, he declared, as to why Bill Miner's hair and moustache had been allowed to grow.

Hon. Jacques Bureau replied, amid laughter, that he did not know anything of Bill Miner's moustache, but he was informed that the convict's hair was not three-quarters of an inch in length when he escaped.

SIR WILFRID LAURIER.

Sir Wilfrid Laurier brought the House back to a more placid mood by pointing out that the real question was whether there had been connivance at Miner's escape. What reliance, he asked, could be placed upon the statements upon which Mr. Taylor rested his case? If any responsible person was prepared to offer any information which would throw new light on Miner's escape there might be room for further inquiry, but nothing had been brought forward to warrant another investigation.

Messrs. Foster, Madden and Glen Campbell joined in the demand for a special inquiry, the last mentioned speaker's pleasantry causing much amusement, and spirited replies in defence of the Department of Justice were made by Mr. Macdonald (Petton) and Mr. Mackenzie (Cape Breton).

The debate did not finish until 10 o'clock, when the House went into supply.

Items amounting to about one and a half million dollars were passed before adjournment.

CALLS HIM A PIG, BUT HE ARGUES THAT THE JUDGE WAS OFF THE BENCH.

Chicago, March 2.—Judge Brentano will hear testimony on Friday in a writ of habeas corpus obtained by Chas. S. Beattie, an attorney, who had been fined \$200 and locked up in default of payment by Municipal Judge Blake. After a controversy with the latter concerning the trial of a case Beattie is said to have applied this morning to the court.

"You are no more fit to try a case on that bench than a pig,"

"The fine and incarceration followed."

"The point I raise is that," says Beattie, "when I called Judge Blake a pig he had adjourned court and descended from the bench. By that act he had divested himself of all the sacredness that invests the person of the court. He became a private individual, and I had as much right to call him a pig as I have to use that term toward any other individual who deserved it. On this point I stand. I stand there as firmly as the pyramids upon their foundations."

"Why did the Government not allow the judges to decide the facts when the case was down for trial?"

"Before the House rises," began the Premier, "I desire to allude briefly to the reported remarks, never before called in question, in the second place, it was a fundamental principle of British law that no action could be taken against a British Government without leave. The merest tyro in constitutional law knows and has operated the Premier. The right of refusal had, he said, been most frequently practised in the time of Sir Oliver Mowat."

To draw attention to what he termed the "unfairness" of Mr. Aylesworth's observations, Sir James pointed out that, throughout, the Ontario Government had refrained from expressing any opinion as to the facts alleged in the petition against their legislation. He read the official communication forwarded by the Government to prove his contention.

"Yet," he continued, referring to the Minister of Justice, "this distinguished gentleman, who is supposed to be the guardian of the public honor, and the public name, has not hesitated to slander the Government of Ontario and the people of its native province, having heard only one side of the case. The Government of Ontario did not present to him the papers, but stood on our rights under the constitution, and without knowing one word about the merits of the case, burst into this tirade of abuse against the Government of Ontario. He is content to give an ex parte judgment after hearing one side of the case."

"He may vilify the Provincial Government and the people of Ontario, but I am glad to know that the people don't pay much attention to what Mr. Aylesworth may say," said Sir James. "I have to thank Mr. Gordon, the member for Nipissing," concluded the Premier, "who, knowing the facts, rose promptly to the occasion and permitted the public to see something of the facts of the attempted swindle which is so dear to the heart of the Minister of Justice."

"THE RIGHT OF FAIR TRIAL."

Hon. A. G. MacKay stated that on the main issue there was no difference between Mr. Aylesworth and the Legislature. "I merely rise to support the Liberal leader," in protest, lest otherwise it might be said that I agreed with the intemperate remarks of the First Minister. We on this side of the House adhere to our position that it was both fair and equitable to take from the Ontario Mining Company by special act the right to have its case tried by the courts. It is not our function to interpret laws, but to make them. When we took it upon ourselves to interpret the laws we brought on this trouble." (Liberal applause.)

Hon. Frank Cochrane, Minister of Lands, Forests and Mines, asked why the Florence Company had not proceeded against the Crown instead of the Cobalt Lake Company. "The Florence Company," the Minister declared, "never filed its claim till the sale to the Cobalt Company was made and part of the money paid in. If there was a wrong why did not the leader of the Opposition or the Minister of Justice apply for a writ?" Mr. Cochrane asked.

"This question," continued the Minister of Mines, "was, fortunately, made an issue before the people of Ontario last June. The leader of the Opposition—and he is a capable gentleman, able to tell you of his own every point—went through the north country and put the issue straight to the people. And up there the people knew. (Government applause.) They

know that the men who claimed discoveries knew it was closed. And they knew the discoveries were never made. They knew of the work at Clear Lake. They saw a prospectus issued that was a work of art. They saw his declaration that a sixteen-foot vein had been discovered and they knew it was unheeded. They saw stock sold and money sunk. "Let me say this," concluded Mr. Cochrane: "I think the fair is worse than the foul. You can catch the thief, but the smooth-tongued fakir may work his wiles behind your back. There is no place for that gentleman in this department. (Government applause.) The records of the department are ready for the inspection of anyone who wishes to satisfy himself that we dealt square and gave equal rights to all."

"THE ALL-IMPORTANT QUESTION."

"We are not joining issue with the Minister on that point," said the Liberal leader, again rising. "It is the answer to this question we seek: Why were not the facts left to be determined by the Judge at the trial?"

It was Government Day in the House and several measures were advanced a stage of their routine. The bill of Hon. Mr. Foy to amend the judicature act, of Hon. Mr. Cochrane to amend the forest reserve act, and of Hon. Mr. Reame to amend the act respecting ferries, were all passed in committee. Two Government measures were introduced, by Hon. Mr. Matheson to amend the audit act, and by Hon. Mr. Reame to amend the act to provide for development of water power at Dog Lake.

COMMITTEE ON ASSESSMENT ACT.

Mr. W. H. Hoyle's bill to enable municipalities to close their financial year on November 30 was given a second reading. Speaking on it, the Premier stated in reference to proposed amendments to the assessment act, that it was impossible to deal with them on the spur of the moment without doing more harm than good.

"It is proposed," said he, "to give a second reading to all assessment bills, and subsequently refer them to a special committee to be appointed, which will sit during recess and after the House rises."

"This committee will not confine itself to the amendments proposed, but make a complete review of the act, I presume?" queried the Liberal leader.

"Precisely," replied Sir James. Mr. I. B. Lucas (Centre Grey) was unanimously re-elected Chairman of the Private Bills Committee at its initial meeting yesterday morning on motion of Hon. A. J. Matheson and Dr. R. F. Preston.

SAYS ONTARIO WAS SLANDERED

Sir James Stirred by Mr. Aylesworth's Comments.

Would Not Answer Liberal Leader's Query.

Mr. Cochrane Claims People Have Decided Issue.

Toronto, March 2.—"The course of the Minister of Justice is quite in line with a number of evidences from Ottawa hostile to our people and province, because, forsooth, the people of Ontario said somewhat emphatically that they proposed to be governed by the Government of their own choice."

"Amid applause from the Conservative benches Sir James Whitney hurled his anathemas at Hon. A. B. Aylesworth at the conclusion of the legislative sitting yesterday. The Premier was in his militant mood, and engaged in conflict on the reference of the Minister of Justice to the final Federal disposition of the provincial enactment relative to the rival claims of the Cobalt Lake and Florence Mining Companies. The Liberal leader, speaking calmly, never less called in question the Premier's statement on the main issue there was no disagreement, and deplored the Premier's "intemperate remarks."

"Why did the Government not allow the judges to decide the facts when the case was down for trial?"

"Before the House rises," began the Premier, "I desire to allude briefly to the reported remarks, never before called in question, in the second place, it was a fundamental principle of British law that no action could be taken against a British Government without leave. The merest tyro in constitutional law knows and has operated the Premier. The right of refusal had, he said, been most frequently practised in the time of Sir Oliver Mowat."

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PERILS OF THE FAR NORTH.

How Sergeant Donaldson, of Northwest Police, Met Death.

Upset Dingy and Pulled Under Water by Walrus.

Liberal and Tory Caucuses—Minister Takes His Seat.

(Special Despatch to the Times.) Ottawa, Ont., March 2.—A glimpse of the perils of the northern wilderness of Canada is given in a report of the death of Sergeant Donaldson, of the Northwest Mounted Police, announced without detail last week. The information comes from Major Moodie, who is in charge of the Canadian north, and whose command includes Churchill, at the foot of Hudson Bay, and Fullerton, at the top of that bay. In his report he says: "I deeply regret to have to report the death of Sergeant Donaldson, who was drowned on his way from Churchill to Fullerton by boat, when off Marble Island he was sighted by the boat and the bottom of the dingy, they stopped the hole as well as possible with a jacket and pulled for the shore. When nearing it Donaldson said that he would swim the rest of the way, as the boat was filling. In jumping out he upset the boat. Reeves held on to the boat and got to the shore. Donaldson was never seen again and it is thought that he was attacked and pulled under by the walrus."

Donaldson has been on the Hudson Bay frontier since the first post was established at Fullerton in 1903. He was a good sailor and has many times made the trip of four hundred miles by water in the open sail boat of the police. Last year he made the trip up in eight days' time. In returning he met heavy weather and his boat was cast ashore near Churchill. He walked into that post. While he has been in the north both his father and his mother have died.

A Liberal caucus was held this morning, with John Tolmie, of North Bruce, presiding. The caucus, which was called principally to discuss domestic party matters and to facilitate the work of the whips, was of a most harmonious character. Matters of general party policy were only briefly referred to.

The Opposition members from Ontario held a caucus this morning and the difficulties of the whips in keeping the forces together and easily available for party vote was under discussion. An incident of last night, when the Government majority was 54, was instanced as evidence of need for stricter party discipline.

Hon. William Templeman, Minister of Inland Revenue, and member elect for Comox, Atlin, arrived in Ottawa from Victoria this morning, and was greeted with rousing Liberal cheers on taking his seat in the Commons this afternoon, after being formally introduced to the Speaker by Sir Wilfrid Laurier.

90TH BIRTHDAY.

Family Gathering Celebrate the Event at Jordan.

(Special Despatch to the Times.) St. Catharines, Ont., March 2.—John Haynes, of Jordan, yesterday passed the 90th milestone of his career, and the auspicious occasion was fittingly celebrated at his home when his family and about forty of his friends surprised him. His family comprise Mrs. Stephen Badley, of the township of Louth, Kerby, of the township of Grant-ham, and Webster and Curtis Haynes of Jordan. Four generations were present at the celebration. Mr. Haynes, despite his advanced years, is able to read yet without glasses. He was born on the farm on which he now resides and served in the Mackenzie rebellion in 1837 and 1838, and witnessed the burning of the steamer Caroline.

CASTORIA.

The Kid You Have Always Bought Bears the Signature of

STEAM SUPERCEDED.

The possibility of operating all classes of steam railway service by electricity has been demonstrated beyond question. Heavier trains may be hauled at higher speeds and with greater comfort to passengers, and electric locomotives may be built which surpass in power any steam locomotive which may be constructed.

Two of the most important railway systems entering New York City are now operated entirely by electricity for distances between twenty and thirty miles from Grand Central Station. The Pennsylvania Railroad Company has recently contracted for the extent of \$5,000,000 for the electric operation of its tracks between Newark, N. J., through to Hudson and East River tunnels, to Jamaica, L. I., where it will join the tracks of the Long Island Railroad, which for some time has been operated electrically.—Professor J. H. Whitehead, of the Johns Hopkins University, in The Popular Science Monthly.

ALMOST LYNCHED.

It happened to a local druggist that sold a cheap corn salve instead of the reliable Putnam's Corn Extractor. Substitutes bury the flesh—Putnam's cures the corn. Use only the best—Putnam's.

SPERRY RESIGNS.

Washington, March 2.—Rear Admiral Charles S. Sperry today made formal application to be relieved from duty as commander in chief of the Atlantic battleship fleet and Rear-Admiral Scaton Schroeder has been appointed in his place.

Servia is mobilizing large bodies of troops at Nish, northeast of Belgrade.

TO-NIGHT

Caracarets

FREE WORK WHILE YOU SLEEP

Henry Bauson, Vice-President of the Bausch & Lomb Optical Company, affiliated with nearly all the optical manufacturers of America and Europe, died at Augusta, Ga., aged 90 years.

MINE EXPLOSION.

Number of Men Entombed—Two Men Taken Out Dead.

Wilkesbarre, Pa., March 2.—Twelve men were badly burned by an explosion of gas to-day in number 14 colliery of the Erie Coal Co., at Port Blanchard, Pa., near here. It is feared many of them will die from their injuries.

Fire followed the explosion and a number of men are entombed back of the fire, but how many the officials of the colliery are unable to state.

A section force of rescuers are at work. A large hole has been run into the mine and with a full head of water the officials expect to get control of the fire in a short time. At 10 o'clock two men were taken out dead. The colliery when working at its full capacity employed 600 men, but that many were not at work when the explosion occurred.

There is considerable excitement about the month of the mine. Relatives of the entombed men are gathered in large numbers and their grief is pitiable to behold.

31 Men Lost

Innsbruck, Austria, March 2.—A detachment of six officers and twenty-five men of the Austrian army was overwhelmed by an avalanche near Lafrann to-day. Troops have been sent to the scene of the disaster. All trains have been stopped at Brenner Pass.

SKIN FOR GIRL

Taken From Young Pig While Chloroformed.

Hubbardston, Mass., March 2.—From six to eight square inches of skin from the back of a little white pig were grafted upon the left side of Elizabeth Adams, five years old, of this town, yesterday.

This is the first instance of the pig skin grafting known to the medical fraternity in this section. February 3, so severely that the skin came off from a space estimated at 12 to 15 square inches. In the progress of healing the patient had reached a stage when skin grafting was considered practical, and the operation was performed by Dr. William T. Knowlton, of Hubbardston, and Dr. E. S. Lewis, of Princeton.

The pig, which was ten days old, was owned by the Rev. George Bent, and was chloroformed for the operation, which lasted three hours. The physicians say they are pleased with the result of the operation and are confident that the outcome will be most successful.

QUEEN HAS SEVERE COLD.

Will be Unable to Hold Court Tomorrow With King.

London, March 2.—It is officially announced that Queen Alexandra, in consequence of a severe cold, will be unable to hold a court tomorrow with the King, who will therefore hold it alone.

The announcement, following the recent threatened abandonment of the Queen's visit to Berlin for a similar cause, would probably create a belief that something serious was the matter if the King had not already altered his arrangements to start for Biarritz on Thursday.

Henry Bauson, Vice-President of the Bausch & Lomb Optical Company, affiliated with nearly all the optical manufacturers of America and Europe, died at Augusta, Ga., aged 90 years.

Advertisement for Mother's Bread, featuring an image of a woman holding a loaf of bread. Text includes: '87, 89, 91, 93, 95 Ashley St.', 'PHONES (Office 551 Factory 1660)', 'Mother's Bread', 'Is made of the best ingredients. Mother knows that good bread and butter is by far the most wholesome food for children.', 'A. M. EWING', 'Sole Mfr.', 'A. M. EWING, HAMILTON.'

Advertisement for Gold Medal Flour, featuring an image of a wheat stalk. Text includes: 'GOLD MEDAL FLOUR', '"Wheat" is King "Wheat"', 'Watch the wheat markets.', 'Gold Medal Flour', 'PURE—STRONG—WHOLESOME—NUTRITIOUS—FAULTLESS', 'Use "GOLD MEDAL" Flour and be satisfied. Every grocer.', 'PHONE 118. WOOD MILLING CO.'

Advertisement for Riordon Paper Mills, Limited, featuring an image of a paper mill. Text includes: 'The Paper on Which "The Times" is Printed is Made by the', 'Riordon Paper Mills, Limited', 'at Merritton, Near St. Catharines', 'THEY ALSO MAKE BUILDING PAPER AND ARE THE LARGEST MAKERS OF SULPHITE PULP IN CANADA', 'Head office, Mark Fisher Building, Montreal, where all correspondence should be addressed.'

Advertisement for Ten Months, featuring a list of financial estimates. Text includes: 'TEN MONTHS.', 'SHORT-TERM ESTIMATES GIVEN TO THE LEGISLATURE.', 'Grants to Forestry and Extension of Parliament Buildings Are Included—A Comparative Statement of the Finances.', 'Toronto, March 2.—Following the change in the fiscal year, estimates for the ten months, dating from the first of the year to Oct. 31 next, were laid on the table of the Legislature yesterday afternoon, before the end of the session, however, a large number of supplementary estimates for the ten months for the following twelve months. With efforts being made to arrange the finances of the province so far ahead, and especially in view of the fact that considerable expenditure will occur which at the present time cannot be foreseen, comparison with the estimates of preceding years is well nigh impossible. The estimates for the ten months, it may be pointed out, amount to \$6,943,661.15, while the main estimates for 1908 amounted to \$7,501,875.67, and the total expenditure for that year to \$8,357,064.00.

Advertisement for For Queen's, featuring a list of financial estimates. Text includes: 'FOR QUEEN'S.', 'Toronto, Ont., March 2.—On Wednesday morning, March 10th, a large deputation from Queen's will wait in Toronto on Premier Whitney, Hon. Frank Cochrane, Minister of Mines, and Hon. Dr. Pym, Minister of Education, and ask a grant of a hundred and fifty thousand dollars for erecting a new chemistry and metallurgy building. There being over five hundred students taking chemistry, the present building is overcrowded, and a new one is absolutely necessary. There will be over forty in the deputation. Teachers are now being invited for the erection of an observatory building for Queen's.', '(Special Despatch to the Times.)'

Advertisement for Drunken Piper, featuring a list of financial estimates. Text includes: 'DRUNKEN PIPER.', 'New York, arch 2.—Sunday quiet in the Tombs Police Court was disturbed yesterday by music from the detention pen. The court police found a Scotchman rigged out in blouse, kilt, berribbon cap and with bare knees blowing on a set of bagpipes. When the bagpipes were taken from him he followed the policeman into the court room and Magistrate House ordered him arraigned. "Who are you and where do you live?" asked the Magistrate. "I am Robert McGregor, of Scotland." "What?" asked the Magistrate. "I am Sandy McVicker, of England, I said."

Advertisement for Scot Makes Music in the Tombs and Pays Fine of \$2., featuring a list of financial estimates. Text includes: 'Scot Makes Music in the Tombs and Pays Fine of \$2.', 'New York, arch 2.—Sunday quiet in the Tombs Police Court was disturbed yesterday by music from the detention pen. The court police found a Scotchman rigged out in blouse, kilt, berribbon cap and with bare knees blowing on a set of bagpipes. When the bagpipes were taken from him he followed the policeman into the court room and Magistrate House ordered him arraigned. "Who are you and where do you live?" asked the Magistrate. "I am Robert McGregor, of Scotland." "What?" asked the Magistrate. "I am Sandy McVicker, of England, I said."

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Advertisement for Roosevelt's Hunting Knife, featuring a list of financial estimates. Text includes: 'ROOSEVELT'S HUNTING KNIFE.', 'It is Gold-Handled and Jewelled and Cost \$1,250.', 'Washington, March 2.—President Roosevelt today received a present of a gold-handled jewelled hunting knife from Justice James W. Gerard of the Supreme Court of New York. The end of the handle is an eagle's head of solid gold, with eyes of rubies. The hilt is of heads of bears in solid gold. The coat of arms of the United States and the monogram of President Roosevelt are worked on the handle. The gold is intermingled with platinum, upon the bright surface of which are hunting scenes and figures of native Africans. It is estimated that the knife cost \$1,250. The blade is of the finest steel, upon which is inscribed, "Presented to Theodore Roosevelt by his friend, James W. Gerard."

Advertisement for Dr. A. W. Chase's Catarrh Cure, featuring an image of a man. Text includes: 'DR. A. W. CHASE'S CATARRH CURE', '25c.', 'is sent direct to the diseased parts by the Improved Blower. It is the only cure that reaches the seat of the disease and permanently cures Catarrh and Hay Fever. Blower \$35.000. Hydro-electric Commission, \$50.000, double last year's vote; gratuity to

Startling Weakness in Her Kidneys.

Undermined Strength, Caused Nervous Exhaustion, Languor, and Melancholia—Strange Case Cured by

Dr. Hamilton's Mandrake and Butternut Pills

The treatment of sick kidneys has been reduced to an exact science by Dr. Hamilton.

His pills relieve from the first dose and promptly effect a cure that is permanent and satisfactory in every particular. Mrs. M. P. Kenney, of Souris, writes:

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GIRL'S DEATH.

Detroit Doctor Charged With Manslaughter Gives Evidence.

Detroit, Mich., March 2.—Dr. Elisa Landau, charged with manslaughter in connection with the death of Etta Sorensen, a London, Ont., girl, as the result of a criminal operation, when placed on the stand by the defence told a new story of the girl's death, and claimed it was a mystery to her, and also that she had advised the girl's mother to send the