KEKEWICH'S GOOD WORK; PRESSING GEN. DELAREY.

Capture of 100 Men, Several Guns and His Supplies.

Troops Covered 80 Miles in 24 Hours——Cholera Takes 1,129 Lives in Two Cities——Miss Stone Coming to England——Report on Leprosy in South Africa——Badly Cured Fish Blamed for its Increase.

London, March 31.—Incomplete reports of the result of the combined movement of British columns against Gen. Delarey have enabled Lord Kitchener to announce the capture of about a hundred prisoners, three fifteen-pounders, two pompoms, and quantities of stock, wagons, etc. Gen. Delarey appears to have successfully evaded Lord Kitchener's cordon at the offset. In a despatch dated from Pretoria, at noon yesterday, Lord Kitchener says:

"At dusk on the evening of March 23rd the combined movement against Delarey was undertaken by columns of mounted men, without guns or impediments of any sort. The columns started from Commando Drift, on the Vaal River, and travelled rapidly all night, and at dawn on March 24th occupied positions along the line, from Commando Drift to the Lichtenburg blockhouse line. The troops moved rapidly eastward, keeping a continuous line, with the object of driving the enemy against the blockhouses or forcing an action. The result has not yet been fully reported. Kekewich's column, after the commencement of the action, captured three fifteen pounders, two pom poms, nine prisoners, and a hundred mules, carts and wagons. Gen. W. Kitchener's column captured 89 prisoners, 45 carts and wagons and a thousand cattle.

The troops covered 80 miles in 24 hours. The total number of prisoners is 135."

Cholera's Victims.

Constantinople, Tuesday, March 25.—An official bulletin on the subject of cholera at Mecca and Medina admits that 1,129 deaths from that disease have occurred at the two cities mentioned.

Miss Stone's Coming.

Salonica, Roumelia, March 31.—Miss Ellen M. Stone, the American missionary, has started for London. Thence she will sail for America.

Leprosy in South Africa.

London, March 31.—Dr. Jonathan Hutchinson, formerly President of the Royal College of Surgeons, who recently returned to England, after studying the causes of leprosy in South Africa, has arrived at the conclusion that the primary cause of the disease is the use, as food, of badly cured salt fish, which is sent inland from Cape Town and elsewhere on the west and south coasts and is largely consumed by the farmers and in the industrial centres. While giving this as the chief cause of the diffusion of leprosy, Dr. Hutchinson obtained conclusive evidence that leprosy, in very exceptional circumstances, may be communicated from person to person. He does not believe that it is either infectious or contagious in the proper sense of these words; but may be communicated by eating food contaminated by lepers' hands.

WORKMAN FELL 168 FEET.

Lost His Balance on Bridge at New York.

NO BOAT NEAR TO SAVE HIM.

New York, March 31.—Hundreds of people on ferryboats and other craft witnessed the death last evening of George Shauer, an iron worker, who fell from the centre span of the new East River bridge into the East River. He fell 168 feet and was the first person to meet death from the suspended structure since the cable work was begun by the Roebling Sons' Company last spring.

Shauer was 43 years old and went to work on the new bridge three weeks ago. There are four foot bridges used by the workmen in stretching the cables. The foot bridges are connected by narrow passageways, and workmen are warned to use these when crossing from one footbridge to another.

Shauer disregarded this warning. He tried to step from one of the south foot bridges to the next one and probably lost his balance. When he fell, Joseph Koen, the foreman, and 14 cable workers and bridgemen were working near by. Shauer screamed and they saw him turning somersault after somersault as he shot down to the water. There were many ferryboats on the river, but none near enough to help.

Shauer struck the water head first with a great splash. He reappeared a few minutes later, but immediately sank again, his hat floating. Twice more he rose and disappeared again. Each time he seemed helpless and was probably insensible. He had disappeared when assistance finally reached the spot. The body was not recovered.

Shauer's fellow workmen were so affected by his death that work for the rest of the day was suspended. Koen reported the man's death to the police, and said that nobody knew where he lived.

THAT KILTY DRUMMER.

Highlanders Lost Tug of War But Aroused Much Enthusiasm.

New York, March 31.—The Kilties from Canada were the interesting feature at the Military Tournament at Madison Square Garden last night, when Mayor Seth Low was the reviewing officer. The Mayor arrived at the arena at 8.35 p. m., and was cheered heartily all the way to his box in the centre of the garden.

The 48th Highlanders attracted as much attention and received even more applause than they did on the opening night. The increased enthusiasm appeared to appeal especially to the pounder of the bass drum, and his gyrations caused the thousands of spectators to roar their approval. He worked his arms like piston rods, and with a drumstick in each hand, he banged that big drum as never before seen here. He strikes the drum head with each downward stroke, and does the same in the return. When the applause became deafening he replied with a sort of cross arm movement, with the applause still ringing to the roof, and he did not miss a stroke.

The calisthenics of the Kilties were also well done and received hearty applause.

The "five" of the 48th Highlanders were pitted against a team of four from the 11th United States regulars in a trial heat in the tug-of-war. The regulars won by 2 1-2 inches after a hard struggle.

A CLERK'S FATAL SUSPICION

Shot Sweetheart Suspecting Her of Theft.

THEN KILLED HIMSELF ALSO.

New York, March 31.—A most pathetic tragedy, caused by an unhappy misunderstanding, has been revealed at the coroner's court at Colwyn Bay, says a London despatch. On Monday a young man named David Richards missed a small box of money belonging to the shop of which he was manager. He requested his sweetheart, Lillian Keay, who was the only one who saw him put the box of money away, to restore it, thinking she had taken it.

She denied any knowledge of the box. He thereupon shot her dead, and turned the revolver upon himself and killed himself, too.

During the inquest on the two bodies Richards' employers rushed into the court holding up the missing box, which had been the cause of the tragedy. It had been found near the place where the unhappy murderer and suicide had said he put it.

ABOUT THE JAMESON RAID.

Reasons Why Cecil Rhodes Organized it.

HIS LAST RESTING PLACE.

London, March 27.—Cecil Rhodes never publicly avowed the reasons why he organized the Jameson raid. They are now set forth in his own words by one of his biographers. He quotes Mr. Rhodes as saying: "There were three reasons. In the first place I found that old Kruger was an insuperable obstacle to the union of South Africa, even for commercial purposes, and for the development of the country. I tried him in every way I could on what you may call Afrikander principles, but it was of no use, and so long as he ruled the Transvaal the brake was put on all progress in South Africa.

"The second reason was that there was an English-speaking minority opposed to Kruger, but at least as much opposed to seeing South Africa under the British flag. That was then a small minority, but a growing one, and if left to develop it would have become a majority. When the hour came to get rid of Kruger that would have balked the policy for which I had struggled all my life—to make South Africa an integral part of the British Empire.

"The third reason was—You cannot make revolutions in these days without money, and I had at my command at that time a combination of millionaires ready to support me, whom I might never be able to get together again."

Rhodes' Last Resting Place.

London, March 28.—In a despatch from Cape Town the correspondent here of the Daily Mail says that Cecil Rhodes selected the spot where he desired to be buried, and instructed an architect about the memorial to be erected when he last visited Matoppo Hills. The place of burial is beneath a natural cairn of giant boulders, on a kopje adjoining that on which Major Wilson's little force made its last stand. The memorial to be erected will be a prominent feature of the striking landscape.

The date of the interment of the body of Mr. Rhodes is doubtful, says the correspondent of the Daily Mail, owing to the necessity of the construction of a special carriage road from Buluwayo. At present there is nothing more than a bridle path. Work on this road has already been begun, but its completion will require one month.

Rhodes' Executors.

London, Friday, March 28.—A despatch to the Times from Cape Town says that Mr. Rhodes' executors are Lord Rosebery, Earl Grey, Messrs. Beit and Hawksley, Dr. Jameson, and Mr. Mitchell, who is the Cape Town manager of the Standard Bank.

For Imperial Education.

London, March 29.—The Daily Mail says it is in a position to assert that Cecil Rhodes left the bulk of his fortune, outside of some personal and family bequests, to the promotion of his vast Imperial plan of education. This project embraces every land where the Union Jack flies. Its purpose is the intellectual betterment of the British race throughout the world and the fostering of the Imperial sentiment.

The Daily Mail adds that this idea of better fitting "younger Britain" to cope successfully with rival nationalities was long a dominant scheme with Cecil Rhodes, but that even the closest friends little imagined the absorbing hold it obtained upon him until this was disclosed by the terms of his will.

The details of this plan of education will be made public in a few days.

Cecil Rhodes left the Dalham Hall estate at Newmarket to his brother, Col. Francis W. Rhodes. This estate was purchased by Cecil Rhodes last December.

MARIE OF WIED DEAD.

She Was the Mother of "Carmen Sylva," Queen of Roumania.

Berlin, March 31.—Advices from Neuwied, Rhenish Prussia, state that the Princess Marie of Wied, mother of Queen Elizabeth of Roumania, is dead.

The Princess Marie of Wied was the daughter of the Grand Duke William of Luxembourg, of the House of Nassau, and was married to Hermann, Prince of Wied, on June 20, 1842. He died in 1864. Besides her daughter, the Queen of Roumania, the Princess leaves one son, William, Prince of Wied.

Queen Elizabeth of Roumania is well known by her nom de plume of "Carmen Sylva," under which she published several volumes of stories and poems, and has translated Roumanian folk literature into German. Her parents' home at Neuwied was a centre of literature and art, and in her childhood she became acquainted with the chief German writers, poets, scholars and artists of the period. She was a precocious child.

GEN. NELSON A. MILES,
Head of the U. S. Army, Who, it is Said, President Roosevelt Will Retire.

HELD UP BUNCOES.

Farmer Recovered His Own Money and More Too.

Goshen, N. Y., March 31.—For several days a man who said he was a wealthy New Yorker has been hanging around Shawangunk for the alleged purpose of buying a farm. He visited T. J. Nearns' large place today. A calf butcher, also a stranger to Nearns, drove up soon after his arrival and offered to buy some of Nearns' calves. Finally he and the stranger sat down to play three card monte. Within half an hour the butcher lost $100. Nearns asked leave to play and went to the house for $50. He lost it in fifteen minutes and went back for more. He procured two revolvers, and upon his return covered both men and told them to "shell out."

His $50 was returned at once, but he demanded all they had, and under great protest they gave it up. Then Nearns drove them away. Nearns declares he will keep the money to teach bunco men a great moral lesson.

Mary Brownstein accused Abraham Adiff in the Toronto Police Court of stealing $200 from her. She swore that he obtaind that amount, promising to secure a divorce for her from her husband, and then disappeared. Adiff admitted stealing some of the woman's money, but he said the amount was $75. He was sent to jail for 60 days.

WIFE'S LINGERIE COST $32,000,

And Parsimonious Husband Raises a Row.

STOCKINGS $20 A PAIR.

Lulu Glaser Talks About Cost of Things Mere Men Know Nothing About—A Little Bill Showing How the Money Goes.

New York, March 31.—What manner of man is this Raymond S. Benham, of Chicago, who registers a protest because his wife spent $32,000 on silken underwear and other lingerie during four months of wedded life?

Of course, he has an object in making the complaint, for his wife sued him for divorce, alleging cruelty and all sorts of things.

"My wife's passion for underwear," declared Mr. Benham, "almost ruined me financially."

On top of this charge Mr. Benham brings others, that his wife married him, not for love, but for his money; that she flirts with other men; that she uses intoxicating liquors; that she denied him an invitation to his stepdaughter's wedding, although he was afterward compelled to pay for the printed cards; that she plotted against his life, and that she taught their baby to say it did "not like its papa."

"The charge about the underwear is as ridiculous and crazy as his actions have been for the last two years," said Mrs. Benham, almost in tears, when she heard of the charges which Benham's lawyers brought forward. "He hardly gives me and the children enough money to buy decent clothing, let alone such extravagant garments as that. We have to call in a policeman about twice a week to protect ourselves."

In the opinion of many actresses, Mrs. Benham might easily have spent $8,000 per year on lingerie without creating any excitement among the clerks who might have been called upon to take her orders.

Said Miss Lulu Glaser, as she sat in her dressing room at the Herald Square Theatre last night:

"I can readily see how a vain, foolish woman could spend $8,000 per year on under garments for her personal use, and really I have known of women bearing the reputation for good sense expending tremendous amounts of money on lingerie. It may seem a little strange to a great many people that so much money should be used for the adornment of a lady, when it is so little seen, but aside from public display, there is an immense satisfaction in knowing that you are wearing something better than almost anybody else in the way of nether garments.

"The soft French silk, or India lawn trimmed with lace of the finest sort, feels a great deal better to the wearer than the ordinary garment, and besides, the consciousness that you are wearing something better than your lady acquaintances counts for a great deal, I can tell you. Call it fad, or anything you like, you cannot prevent women who have the taste and the means from buying luxurious lingerie."

"I have always found that Chicago men were coldly, unfeelingly materialistic in their treatment of women when they came to the divorce courts," said Miss Lillian Russell. "The chances are that the poor woman never spent half of $8,000 a year on her entire wardrobe, let alone her lingerie.

"Any man who has the money, and loves his wife, would willingly spend that amount of money on dainty garments.

"Almost any kind of silk stockings cost $20 a pair, and the lace insertion, jeweled and other fancy ones suitable for house and reception wear may cost almost any price, up into the hundreds of dollars.

"Seriously, not to go too deep into the mysteries of a woman's toilet, I will submit a few figures that will answer the question for hundreds of New York women that I know:

100 pairs stockings at $40 each	$4,000
40 pairs corsets at $30 each	1,200
40 peignoirs at $20 each	800
80 robes de nuit at $20 each	1,600
	$7,600

AROUND THE WORLD NEWS

Floods in Maine.

There is trouble at Yokohama over distraining for house taxes.

The Grand Trunk is going to build a new freight shed at Stratford.

Salamon, the Stuartburn, Man., wife murderer, has been found guilty.

With her first engagement ring a girl imagines life for her has just begun.

McKenzie and Mann will build an independent road between Victoria and Nanaimo.

President Roosevelt is said to be going to get back at Gen. Miles by retiring him.

Very heavy seas are running in the English Channel and the Irish Sea. A number of vessels are in distress.

F. P. Sargent denies that he has been officially offered the U. S. Commissionership of Immigration.

The United States is prepared to retaliate on Germany by excluding her wine and malt liquors from the country.

The Allan Liner Parisian, at Halifax from Liverpool, brought over 400 English and Irish farm laborers to settle in the west.

It is stated that there will be 2,500 colonial troops in London for the coronation. Practically every colony will be represented.

A number of residences on Park avenue, New York, undermined by the rapid transit tunnel excavations, sank into the earth.

The newly organized Toronto Barbers' Union will try to close all tonsorial establishments at 8 p.m., excepting Saturday nights.

The plant of the Wolverine beet sugar factory at Benton Harbor, Mich., has been purchased for $30,000, and will be moved to Berlin, Ont.

Fire in the Boys' Home, Toronto, endangered the lives of its inmates, but by the coolness of the superintendent and nurses all got out safely.

A compulsory industrial arbitration court has been established at Sydney, N. S. W. The membership includes representatives of employers and employees.

The Official Messenger says that from Moscow alone 95 students have been banished to Siberia, and that 567 have been imprisoned. An American has been arrested.

The Ogilvie Milling Company have just completed the sale of a trainload of Ogilvie's Hungarian flour for shipment to Australia.

Seven bridges in New Brunswick and a lot of lumber have been swept away by the floods. One woman was drowned in York county.

Mrs. Dale, recently tried for poisoning her child with strychnine, has been divorced by her husband in Chicago. She made no defence.

The Earl of Rosebery is again suffering from obstinate insomnia, and has chartered a steam yacht for a cruise on the Mediterranean.

His Majesty's Theatre at Sydney, N. S. W., was damaged by fire. The properties and scenery of "Ben Hur," valued at £14,0000, were destroyed.

Pare, the Napanee bank robber, will be released from the penitentiary next month, and will enter the Hotel Dieu for medical treatment.

Two little children playing on the beach below the Windsor docks saw a bundle of clothing floating in the water, and on pulling it ashore found that it contained the body of a baby.

Health Officer Kiefer, of Detroit, has quarantined twelve cases of smallpox among the colored people of Detroit. The germs were brought from Chatham, Ontario.

Sir Wm. Macdonald has added to his many gifts to McGill University by giving $20,000 towards the library fund of the university, which will now be largely increased.

Messrs. Charles R. Hosmer and F. W. Thompson have purchased the W. W. Ogilvie Milling Company's extensive business, and have secured the support of other strong capitalists.

The London County Council has decided to place the public parks at the disposal of the King for the dinner to be given to the half-million poor of London during coronation week.

Mr. C. M. Simmons, of Ivan, Middlesex County, has been appointed a member of the Advisory Board of the Ontario Agricultural College in place of the late John McMillan, ex-M. P., Seaforth.

The Belgian House of Representatives has voted in favor of the bill for the suppression of gambling throughout Belgium. The bill now only lacks the royal signature to become a law.

A shortening of the distance by 20 miles, by rail, between Ottawa and Toronto, is to be made by the Canadian Pacific Railway in the building of a branch line from Carleton Place to Sharbot Lake.

The British Chancellor of the Exchequer, replying to a deputation of West India sugar men, held out no prospect of any special provision to assist the industry before the abolition of the bounties.

The Amsterdam Handelsblad announces that Queen Wilhelmina will not pay her usual visit to Amsterdam this year, because Her Majesty is in a condition which would make the visit too fatiguing.

CANADIAN GIRL WEDS A CUBAN.

High Up in U. S. Capitol They Were United.

BRIDE KNEW HER BUSINESS

Brought Mooning Groom Up With a Jerk—Who is This "Lord Macdonald" Spoken of?—Culmination of a Romance Quite Interesting.

Washington, D. C., March 28.—In addition to laughing at locksmiths, true love to-day enjoyed a few smiles at the expense of the stern guardians of the capitol as the result of the matrimonial union of Senor Andres Dias y Pairo and Miss Catherine McConchie on the balcony surrounding the lantern above the dome of the capitol. Reciprocal relations between Canada and Cuba were established by this ceremony, for Senor Dias is a Cuban and his bride a Canadian.

To prevent a crowd from gathering in the dome officers were stationed at the different entrances to the dome stairway and instructed to deny all but the wedding party admittance. It was long past noon when Justice of the Peace Bundy, with his white whiskers giving him a truly fatherly appearance, made his way up the 387 steps leading to the dome. Here he found two newspapermen and an artist in waiting. The latter had succeeded in gaining admittance after being arrested and confined in the guard room for an hour for trying to reach the dome without permission.

After half an hour's wait the bridal couple joined the party, and all proceeded up another 100 steps to the lantern, considerably over 200 feet above the pavement. In addition to those mentioned the party included a lieutenant of police, several officers, a representative from the sergeant-at-arms of the Senate, and a colored employee from the office of the superintendent of the capitol.

One of the reporters ranged himself alongside the groom as "best man" and the other took a position in the rear of the bride and tried to look like a "maid of honor." The lieutenant assumed a paternal air, and the officers became respectful.

The groom was clinging to the rail with both hands, gazing up the avenue in an abstracted sort of way, when the justice began, "Join your right hands." Dias paid no attention to the remark, but Miss McConchie snatched his hand from the balcony, grasped it firmly in her own, and the ceremony began. It consisted merely in the announcement by the justice that the legal forms had been complied with and the answers to the usual questions. "And I pronounce you man and wife," he concluded, and congratulated the couple heartily. His example was followed by all present.

Mr. Dias had provided himself with a camera, and after the ceremony he took pictures of Justice Bundy and Mrs. Dias separately and together. The bridal couple left for New York this afternoon, and will sail for Spain on a wedding trip. They will reside in Havana, where the groom has large business interests.

The wedding to-day is the culmination of quite a little romance. The groom has for some time been one of the Cuban colony in New York City, where he awaited the pacification of his native island. Meanwhile he supported himself by his pen. Some time ago he met Miss McConchie, who was on a visit from Canada, and the two fell in love. As the time drew near for the installation of the Cuban Government and the return of Mr. Dias to Cuba they decided to get married and chose the dome as the place for the ceremony. Mrs. Dias bears a strong resemblance to Lord Macdonald, and is said to be his niece. The marriage certificate bears the statement in Justice Bundy's handwriting, "Married in the dome of the Capitol at Washington, U.S.A., March 26, 1902."

Frank Huntley, a veteran of Santiago, and a member of the crew of the battleship Oregon, was almost instantly killed by a fall while escorting a couple of lady visitors through the ship at Seattle.

Sir William Macdonald has placed $125,000 to the credit of the Rural School Fund in the Bank of Montreal for the erection and furnishing of the buildings in connection with the Ontario Agricultural College at Guelph.

The Financial News reports that an American syndicate has obtained a concession to build a metropolitan railway in St. Petersburg to supersede horse cars, and also to connect the Finnish railroads. The capital required is 80,000,000 roubles ($10,000,000).

Lady Aberdeen is very pleased with the admiration won by her silver tabbies at the National Cat Club Show at Westbourne Hall, London, England, last week. Pharaoh of Haddo won a prize, as did the delicate Silver Tigress, which is the Countess' special pet.

The story that the Russian police forcibly entered the Austrian and German consulates at Warsaw and searched them for documents in connection with the military scandal growing out of the arrest of Col. Crimm for betraying Russian army secrets is officially denied.

Heretofore both Roman Catholic and Protestant prisoners at the Central Prison have had to worship in the same building. But now a little chapel, 52x34 feet in size, is being erected for the exclusive use of the Roman Catholics. Underneath this building shower baths are being erected, which will displace the old-fashioned tubs.

THIS ORIGINAL DOCUMENT IS IN VERY POOR CONDITION