

ULSTER COATS!

2 cases Grey Frieze Ulster Over Coats!

EVERITT & BUTLER.

REEFING JACKETS!

3 cases Extra Quality REEFING JACKETS!

EVERITT & BUTLER.

DR. J. E. GRIFFITH, DENTIST,

Office Union St., Near Germain,

ARTIFICIAL TEETH INSERTED IN THE BEST MANNER.

SPECIAL ATTENTION GIVEN TO FILLING AND PRESERVING THE NATURAL TEETH.

MARITIME WAREHOUSING AND DOCK COMPANY!

Storage in Bond or Free. Cash Advances

Made on all descriptions of Merchandise. BANK STERLING CREDITS granted to Importers.

Application to be made to T. W. LEE, Secretary.

JAMES D. O'NEILL, MANUFACTURER OF OIL-TANNED LARRIGANS!

Women's, Misses' and Children's BOOTS and SHOES

FACTORY, No. 35 UNION STREET, ST. JOHN, N. B.

VICTORIA STEAM CONFECTIONERY WORKS, WATERLOO STREET.

We call the attention of WHOLESALE DEALERS and others to our Stock of Pure Confections!

Some of which will be found entirely new to the trade. We invite their inspection and solicit a share of their patronage.

WHOLESALE ONLY! J. R. WOODBURN & CO.,

Victoria Steam Confectionery Works, - - - Waterloo Street, St. John, N. B.

MISPECK MILLS, - - St. John, N. B.

Home Spuns!

All Wool Twilled Flannels and Tweeds! And Superior GREY BLANKETS!

ALL AT GREATLY REDUCED PRICES!

FIRST CLASS COTTON WARPS.

These above named Goods are all of SUPERIOR QUALITY, manufactured from the very best materials, and warranted to give satisfaction.

DAVID MILLAR, 79 King St. MILLAR'S 79 King St.

SEWING MACHINE EMPORIUM.

The Best Assortment of Really FIRST CLASS MACHINES IN ST. JOHN

Are only to be had at MILLAR'S, viz:

THE LOCKMAN, THE HESPELER, THE APPLETON, THE SINGER, & Co.

AGENT FOR THE MARITIME FAMILY KNITTING MACHINE!

LARGE DISCOUNTS for Cash or Very Easy Terms of Payment on the INSTALLMENT PRINCIPLE. Every Machine accompanied with a full set of improved Attachments.

DAVID MILLAR, 79 King St. (2nd floor above Waverley House).

Wholesale Warehouse, CANTERBURY STREET.

We have on hand One Thousand Pairs

WHITE BLANKETS!

And Five Bales CAMP BLANKETING.

For sale low.

T. R. JONES & CO.

GREY COTTON!

WE would call the attention of Purchasers to the GREY COTTON

WHICH IS MUCH SUPERIOR

to the material used in making English Grey Cotton.

It will be found quite as CHEAP, and REALLY MUCH BETTER than any other Cotton in the market.

For Sale by the Dry Goods Trade.

WM. PARKS & SON, New Brunswick Cotton Mills, SAINT JOHN, N. B.

THE WEEKLY TRIBUNE, A 42 COLUMN PAPER!

Best in the Maritime Provinces! Only One Dollar a Year!

The Daily Tribune.

J. L. STEWART, Editor.

WEDNESDAY EVENING, DEC. 10, 1878.

The Silver Swindle.

The case against the Premier and his silver speculating associates seems to be fully made out. It will require nothing less than a miracle to unweave the tangle of circumstantial evidence that implicates the Premier in a gigantic land, mining and railway job. When a Premier is made rich by a change of Government policy that is made by himself, even his friends cannot shut their eyes to the scandal that must follow. The Grits hoped that the evidence that unites the Pacific Railway policy of the Government with the Northern Pacific, and the services of McMillen, would be forgotten, but they must now come forward and explain or defend the actions of their own people. Mackenzie's mining speculations are no more scandalous, however, than the presence of the member of a firm of importers at the head of the Customs Department.

A Reform Use of Patronage.

During Finance Minister Cartwright's contest in Lennox Edward Farrar, one of the Toronto Mail's wisest writers, was hired to abandon his paper and his party and go to Lennox and write an article in the following columns in the interests of Mr. Cartwright. Farrar did so, and how had his been paid his hire? Has he been paid by Mr. Cartwright's money? Or has he been paid out of an election fund? Or, no; these are the ways of the "reformers." "Reformers" do not follow examples so wicked. Mr. Farrar is paid by being appointed an Emigration Agent. We would like to hear the defence that can be made of this by those who lifted their hands in holy horror, and raised their voices in denunciation, against Sir John Macdonald for rewarding partisan services by office.

The English Baiter's - Emma Jenkins at the Institute.

Mr. Jenkins took the platform of the Institute last evening with only four gentlemen to give him countenance, instead of the score who delighted to do him honor the previous evening. Even our pretended reformers were afraid to appear on the platform with a reformer like Mr. Jenkins - with one who means to tear down some obstructions in the path of social and political progress. Mr. Jenkins was received with applause by an audience of six or seven hundred of the most cultured people of St. John. He began by saying that he did not deem it necessary to take notice of an anonymous communication that had appeared in a newspaper, impugning his motives and his acts. "Anonymous" is a word which is used by the vile insects who crawled into the blankets of society and crawled themselves out better fed and blood than their own. He could prove the accuracy of every word he had stated. He then proceeded to review the faithful portraits of the reality, two months and half ago when he left England, and he had heard of no great reforms having taken place since. (Laughter.)

Mr. Jenkins began his lecture by a brief history of English literature. Its drama possessed a Shakespeare; its poetry had been enriched by Milton, than whom Dante and Schiller had striven to correct his faults, had worked to improve his great genius. They were eagle-like men - often honest, sometimes insincere. What is not owed to them? What gratitude is not due to their society? To attempt to review them all in one evening would be an injustice, and he had selected one as a representative of the class - Samuel Butler, the author of "Hudibras." He was the smoke and carriage of the Revolution that master arose. It was an age of violent antagonism, of quickened intelligence, of mental fermentation, of constant action and reaction, of exaggerated extremes of feeling and sentiment, of mental hurricanes and tempests. Two great minds were evolved from the chaos: Milton, the Puritan epic poet, and Butler, the satirical Cavalier. The one the poet of gay chivalry, and the other the poet of serious minded partisanism. Milton's learning was broad, deep and thorough, his thoughts were fixed on eternity, and his life was a calm, broad, deep river of goodness that flowed gently to the eternal sea. Butler was a man of vast and varied learning, without religious convictions, without steadfastness of purpose or noble aims, a man of keenest wit, whose life was like the mountain stream that dashes brightly over the hill side and plunges underground when it reaches the plain at its base. His only work was "Hudibras." But how much is that! This satire on the revolt of Puritanism against Episcopacy, furnishes whole libraries of weapons against shams and hypocrites, of every kind, in every age. What do we know of this man's life, methods of labor, trials, joys, associations? Alas, but little. This generation has three volumes devoted to a literary character like Dumas, six volumes do not suffice to hold the memoirs of Charles Dickens [this was uttered with a sarcastic intonation], and there are only twenty pages devoted to Samuel Butler. How did he live? How did he die? How did he bear himself as a man, as a Christian or otherwise? There are only a few dry facts to work on. His book is his only monument, his best biography. He was born in 1612, the son of a small farmer, was a church warden and the tenant of a Royalist. He was sent to the War-

minster Grammar School and studied under Dr. Bright. It has been said that in an ideal state of society, said the lecturer, that the lawyer, the doctor, the preacher and the schoolmaster would have equal consideration and position. But it is not so now. How stands the schoolmaster compared with those who look after the bodies and souls and legal rights of the people? Are they knighted, made peers of the realm, given palaces to live in, or wealth to enjoy? We lose sight of Butler at fourteen. He was not at Oxford or Cambridge, but was probably studying law as we read him clerk to a Justice of the Peace. He painted and studied music. Among his drawings was a caricature of Oliver Cromwell. What a subject he had in the nose of Old Nell! He was as good with the pencil as the pen. He should like to see that picture. His pictures were bad, probably, and his father and another would gladly have had him engaged in better business. Like some youths of the present day, however, he thought it noble to indulge in reduced ideas. He made the acquaintance of those incentives of genius - history and poetry. The student who is not awakened by these must be a dullard indeed. He became employed in the library of the Countess of Kent, having the great Selden for a companion. Here young genius met old experience. Working with and under Selden, in one of the best libraries of the kingdom, no wonder he acquired that vast, potentially rich store of learning that makes robust his pages and brightens while it obscures his verse. No doubt Butler often had a sly thrust at the overpowered pedantry of his master. He was not a Selden after life, and it is supposed that Selden sat for the portrait of the pedant in "Hudibras." How like Swift's relations to Sir William Temple were Butler's to Selden - a brace of literary lack-eyes yoked to a track of power. Butler afterwards became secretary to Sir Samuel Luke, one of Cromwell's colonels, with whom he remained connected until after the Restoration, torging the bolts of satire that he was to launch at a later date. Sir Samuel was supposed to be the original of Hudibras, the knight-errant of Puritanism. It was well engaged in his service that Butler saw Puritanism in its most rigid aspects, and caught hypocrisy in all its deformity, and formed an intense antipathy to them and to the religion with which they were associated. At the Restoration he was a rich widow whom he married, of who married him, and then he gave himself up to literary leisure and began to write his book. Without the widow the book might never have been written. After the Restoration of King Charles the first edition, a thin volume, was published. People began to read it as soon as it appeared. It took the King's fancy. He asked for the author, saw him, and forgot him. Butler was heavy in the saddle, and was not expected by his contemporaries. Humor is a capricious lady; it is blizary, many-sided; its phases are different, and only certain phases strike particular minds. The lecturer gave several amusing anecdotes of Butler and his associates. As Secretary to Lord Carbury, Butler lived at historic Ludlow Castle, where the Comus of Milton was first acted, where the gentle Baxter wrote against Satan and Bishop, and amid the sibilant secretary were the additional notes of his poem. A manuscript book had been discovered in which Butler had written, in prose, many of the ideas he afterwards put into vigorous verse. The nations and the nations were the methods by which genius works for immortality. I say, by way of commentary, how wonderful are the tricks of genius! How little we can judge of methods by results. Butler's book was not a success. He wrote prose hot from the furnace of his sarcasm, and behold they had been slumbering for years in his commonplace book! Butler lost his wife and returned to town and lived on his writings. He did not confine his satire to the Puritans. He attacked the shams of society. He scorned alchemy, fortune-telling, poets, romances, the peculiarities of public men, the "etecetera" and every thing that was open to attack. He began with satire and had to keep it up. The taste for his writings declined, and his book was never flashed. He lived for years in an obscure street, hoping for recognition and reward, and died in 1680, being indebted to Longville for a decent burial, attended by twenty-five persons. An effort was made to get money enough to lay his bones in Westminster Abbey, but it failed. Years after when a man - and of all men, an Alderman - set up a memorial stone in his honor, the place of his interment had been forgotten. The portraits of Butler that are in existence show a face of sarcasm and sensuousness, of evil, melancholy and disappointment. The lecturer then went on to account for the excesses of Puritanism as the natural reaction from the excesses of the Royalists, and to show how the Puritan satire had helped in saving the race, having done great good in England and America. Butler's works do not show that he comprehended the real principles beneath the stormy surface of his lines. The lecturer analyzed the relative positions of political parties and religious creeds, showed how they came to be united and gave laughable specimens of the mixed jargon of the Saints of that day. Even at

the present day, he said, might be found a similar chain of the worst of their doctrines. He showed how hypocrisy was a logical growth when it was attempted to make men religious by Act of Parliament and pleasure by Government inspection. The extravagance of those days need not surprise those who look closely into those of our own. The nosing-braying, psalm-singing, canting hypocrisy, and the strange mixture of Scripture and politics of that day, were merely the extremes of times too volcanic and of spirits too zealous. We must look beneath the surface rather than marvel at the manifestations of the spirit, which is a blessed thing that blows where it listeth; we hear the sound thereof, but no whence it cometh nor whether it goeth. The lecturer quoted numerous proverbs and couplets from "Hudibras" that are in almost daily service in Parliament and elsewhere, and analyzed the story in detail, illustrating his remarks by numerous quotations. One of the characters reminded the lecturer of those gad-about obtrusive Christians of the present day who seek for evils abroad before consulting the evils in their own hearts. Many of Butler's characters still live. There is the hypocrite who thinks he can do without sin what sinful people may not do; the casuist, who says the end justifies the means; the communist; the money of the Church which whose fold he remains while violating its laws; the rascally stock jobber, who consoles himself with the hope of the thief on the road; the man who disregards their oaths; Christians, who believe that truth and charity are found only among the people of God; Methodists, who lift their hands in holy horror at the sight of a card-playing Presbyterian, who condemn every simple ritual of the evangelical branch of the Episcopal Church as savouring of the Devil and his works; Baptists who look upon any of the commands as as high as the root to perdition; Liberal Christians who despise and scorn the faith of the Orthodox; grace that is wholly ungracious; and charity that is altogether unlovely. The satirist, to be great, must not only be a man who has a human interest in reforming the ill and shams he satirizes. His heart, isolated from its kind, grows sour, and, like a lodestone, attracts to it knives of steel with which to cut the flesh of his humanity. The true satirist loveth while he chasteneth. He is the surgeon of humanity who heals the wounds he lays bare. His frown is followed by a smile. His reproach is followed by a word of comfort. He must not only be a man who has a human interest in reforming the ill and shams he satirizes, but he must also be a man who has a human interest in reforming the ill and shams he satirizes.

LOCALS

For advertisements of WANTED, LOST FOUND, FOR SALE, REMOVED, or TO LET, see a special column.

NEW ADVERTISEMENTS.

Advertisements must send their favors before 12 o'clock, noon, to insure their appearance in this list.

Intercolonial Railway - Lewis Carroll

Notice - J. A. McMillan

Situation Wanted - J. A. McMillan

Books - J. A. McMillan

Notice of Public Sale - James Laughton

Public Auction - Hugh McGurk

Resolutions of 1878 - E. McLeod

Clothing, &c. - E. McLeod

On First Page: Men and Things at Ottawa.

On Fourth Page: Yesterday's Second and Third Editions.

Personal.

We understand that the Rev. J. K. Smith, the popular Presbyterian clergyman of Halifax, pastor of Fort Massey Church, is expected to visit St. John this week, for the first time, and will preach in Calvin Church on Sunday next.

Lewis Carroll, Esq., is at the Victoria for Ottawa.

Hon. Wm. Annett and Hon. W. B. Vail, of the Nova Scotia Executive, passed through the city yesterday, en route for Ottawa.

Buy Christmas Presents at Norman's - Graphospheres all sizes.

Lectures.

The Rev. Dr. Thomson lectured in St. David's Church, last evening, to a good audience, on "John Knox." He also lectures this evening in the same place, on "Iron." The lecture begins at 7.30.

The Rev. E. Evans delivered a very entertaining lecture in the Carmarthen St. Hall, last evening, on "Land and Water Legends."

A lecture on "Mormonism" is announced for this evening in Calvin Church.

The Rev. Dr. Anshelm, a former missionary among the Western Indians, is the lecturer.

Buy Christmas Presents at Norman's - Miniatures for Lockets and Brooches.

Mr. Patterson's New Saloon.

Work on Mr. Kaye's new brick building, Germain street, is progressing rapidly. One store and one half of the two upper floors will be occupied by Mr. R. J. Patterson as an oyster saloon. He is having his store and rooms finished in a very neat and convenient manner. The store will contain the office and counter, the rest of the space being divided in neat and attractive stalls, each of which will be provided with marble top tables. From the store a broad and easy stair way leads to the dining rooms on the second floor. These rooms number four, two of which may be thrown into one room large enough to accommodate a large party. The small rooms are very cozy for parties of six to ten. The building will be amply provided with facilities for carrying on a first class business, and the many lovers of Mrs. Patterson's excellent "stews" will be delighted to learn that in another week the new establishment will be open for business.

By Telegraph.

Canadian, British and Foreign.

(The Associated Press.)

Yours, New Dec. 9.

Gold 100; sterling exchange 108 1/2; money 7 per cent.

LONDON, Dec. 9, 9.30 p. m.

The fig which set in this forenoon has increased to a density almost without precedent. It is impossible to transact business, and all traffic has ceased. The streets are filled with men and boys bearing torches to light pedestrians on their way.

President MacMahon and his wife contributed 5,000 francs to the fund for survivors of the Ville du Havre disaster.

LONDON, Dec. 9.

BAZAINE.

Large crowds attend the Bazaime trial. The counsel for the defence has read letters from Prince Frederick Charles of Prussia, stating that Bazaime never visited the Prince's headquarters during the siege; that the Prince saw him for the first time after his capitulation; and expressing the highest esteem for Bazaime and praising him for the energy with which he prolonged resistance to the Prussian arms.

NEW YORK, Dec. 10.

THE VIRGINIANS.

A formal agreement, based on the Virginia protocol, has been drawn and signed on the part of the Spanish Government. The condition of Cuba is still pacific.

WEEKEND.

A despatch from Quebec says a large quantity of timber is ashore in the neighborhood of Metis, supposed from some vessel wrecked near Point Des Morts on the opposite shore. Certain marks indicated the vessel to be the ship Thorhill, which cleared from Quebec for Liverpool Nov. 5. Nothing is heard of the crew.

CANAL NAVIGATION.

There is a prospect of the Erie Canal being kept open until boats bound east can be kept open. Canal Commissioner Barkley has ordered the canal to be put in condition for water, owing to the moderate weather.

BOSTON, Dec. 10.

MAYOR OF BOSTON.

Samuel C. Cobb was elected Mayor of Boston yesterday by an almost unanimous vote. Seven Republicans and five Democrats were elected Aldermen.

(Special to Daily Telegraph.)

OTTAWA, Dec. 9.

The banquet for Mr. Huntington at Montreal on the 23rd will be attended by every member of the Cabinet that has been spared from the capital.

Mr. E. Farrar, late of the Toronto Mail, has been appointed Emigration Agent to Ireland.

The Hon. Messrs. Annett and Vail are expected here shortly on important business.

(Special to Daily News.)

OTTAWA, Dec. 9.

Ministers Christie and St. Just returned to-day.

Chisholm, member for Hamilton, denies that he has turned Grit. He merely said that he would give the Ministry a fair trial.

In a late Ontario Gazette there are notices of application for Charters for mining companies to work A and B Mines on the North Shore of Lake Superior. The names of the applicants are Hon. Alexander Macdonald, George Brown, Hon. Albert Shaw, Wm. Barber, Gordon Brown and Robert Barrer.

The objects for which the incorporation is sought are the exploration, purchase, development and sale of mineral and other lands on the vicinity of Lake Superior, and mining for Gold, Silver, Copper and other metals, and minerals, and the working, exploration and sale thereof.

The operations of the company are to be carried on upon sold lands, and the company shall have an Agency Office for the transaction of business in Toronto.

The nominal capital of the company is \$2,500,000. The number of shares is 100,000 at \$25 each.

The whole of the capital stock has been subscribed. The amount to be paid in before the Charter is granted is \$500,000.

The Toronto Leader, commenting on the foregoing facts, says: "Our case, so far as we have stated it publicly, is based upon the published facts. The time may come when it may be able to reveal what we know besides, but we wish it possible to keep within the limits of the published facts and what do the published facts show? They show: -

First, that Mackenzie is determined to sell the mineral lands on the shores of Lake Superior shall not be as fixed by the last Parliament, but shall be thrown open to the tender of any and every man who has, since his accession to power, acquired an interest in twenty companies which own large tracts of land in the region.

Third, that George and Gordon Brown, who have a large interest in more Lake Superior companies, beside the 4 A and 5 A ones, are his partners in these speculations. Fourth, that Colonel Shaw, the American Consul, is one of the movers in the affair, and represents the American element. Fifth, that the objects of this organization are the exploration, purchase, development and sale of the mineral lands on the shores of Lake Superior.

Sixth, that the value of these lands will be raised enormously by the proposed new location of the eastern part of the Pacific Railway. A moment's reflection will enable any man to comprehend the job."

Mackenzie is not a man of capital, but is supposed to have the location of the Pacific Railway in his power. The Browns are prepared to give the advantage of their paper as supporter of the new location. The rest of the company is composed beside Mackenzie and the two Browns, of Col. Shaw and the Messrs. Barber. It is considered that the success of enormous speculation is ensured by the Premier and the Premier's master becoming personally interested in it. This is the prestige of the Canadian Government to be prostituted to the interests of a few speculators, a leading partner of whom is the "Prime Minister himself."

Edward Farrar, whom the Grits induced to leave the Mail office and stump Lennox for Cartwright, has been appointed Emigration Agent to Ireland in place of Larkin, withdrawn.

Ess. Jamaica Ginger.

For sale, Indigestion, dyspepsia and colic use the Concentrated Essence of Jamaica Ginger. It will diffuse a gentle warmth through the system and give immediate relief from pain. Prepared by Hamilton Bros., Foster's (1877).

When you are depressed by the grant, sickly feeling of a disordered system, which needs to be cleansed and stimulated into healthy action, take a dose or two of AYER'S PILLS and see how quick you can be restored to a shilling.

Brevities.

The Fredericton Express announces that a Skating Rink is to be one of the attractions at Government House this winter.

The citizens of the Cobalt City are of course delighted at the idea of a chance to attend the Governor's private rink.

The Rink was not opened last evening, on account of the soft weather.

The Justices of the County are warned by the Clerk to make returns of convictions before them, as by law required, previous to the 23rd inst. If not the penalty will be imposed.

The members of the St. Andrews Skating Club are requested to meet at Messrs. Wm. Thomson & Co's office, to-morrow night. A large attendance is requested.

More rare coins from the Mispec repository have been circulated within the past few days.

The writ has been received for the Kent County election, for the vacancy in the Local House. Nomination day is fixed for the 20th and election for the 24th inst. Henry O'Leary and C. J. Sayre, Esqrs., are the candidates, but the Grits think there may be a change before nomination.

Letter from Rev. J. Salmon, M. D. CHURCHMAN, Queen's County, N. B.

Mr. James L. FELLOWES, M. D. In the practice of medicine I have recommended your Compound Syrup of Hypophosphites, and have found invariably the following results:

Greater freedom in the action of the lungs, increased and more easy expectoration in cases indicated by dry cough, and decided augmentation of tone to the whole nervous system.

I was safely and consistently recommended your valuable preparation in the neighborhood of Metis, supposed from some vessel wrecked near Point Des Morts on the opposite shore. Certain marks indicated the vessel to be the ship Thorhill, which cleared from Quebec for Liverpool Nov. 5. Nothing is heard of the crew.

I am, sir, yours truly, JAMES SALMON, Practising Physician and Surgeon.

Point Lepreau Weather and Marine Report.

The following is the telegraphic report from Point Lepreau to the Board of Trade room, yesterday afternoon: 8 a. m. - Wind W. S. W., strong breeze, with showers; nothing in sight.

The following is this morning's report: 9 a. m. - Wind N. N. W., clear with strong breeze; a loaded schooner passing inward.

St. Patrick's Society.

The adjourned meeting of the St. Patrick's Society was held at the Waverley Hotel last evening. The following gentlemen were elected officers for the ensuing year: L. H. Harrison, Esq., President; John Sweeney, Esq., Vice-President; M. Driscoll, Esq., Treasurer; John Mallin, Esq., Secretary; Rev. Canon Harrison, Chaplain. It is proposed to hold more frequent meetings, and M. W. Maher, L. H. Harrison, John Sweeney, J. Nugent and M. Driscoll were appointed to revise the bye laws and constitution of the Society to effect the desired change.

Railway Tickets for Halifax, Shelburne and intermediate Stations on the Intercolonial Railway. Through Tickets for Montreal, Quebec, Edmunds, Miramichi, and other North Shore Ports per Robbsey Castle and Gulf Company's steamers, and also for all points in Canada and the United States, per Railway, &c., can now be obtained with Time Tables, Maps and general Railway information, at Hall & Hamilton's General Ticket Agency, 21 Prince William Street, opposite Eastern Express Office.

Annual Meeting of the Y. M. C. A.

The sixth annual meeting was held in the Association parlour last evening. There was a fair attendance of the working members of the Association and the chair was occupied by President Welsh. The various committees presented reports, which were highly interesting. The Relief Committee had collected during the year \$235.37, and had expended \$52. By this expenditure they had administered to the wants of eighty-three persons. The Building Committee reported on the financial condition of the new building. The total cost of the building will be about \$38,000, of which amount \$16,498 had been received from various sources and paid over, and \$15,000 was secured by a mortgage being \$21,000. The following officers were then elected for the ensuing year: President - Wm. Welsh; Vice-Presidents - E. McLeod, J. J. Bostwick, J. Stewart, A. D. Robertson, W. H. Fallal, Dr. Botsford; Corresponding Secretary - J. Clawson; Recording Secretary - J. R. Brecken; Treasurer - H. J. Thorne; Librarian - J. Dowling; Managing Committee - J. McA. Hutchings, R. C. Quinn, J. L. Thorne, J. A. Lacey, S. B. Patterson, J. E. Irvine, D. M. Stearns, H. P. Kerr, H. B. White, E. T. C. Knowles, G. H. Burtis, Geo. Keo, W. S. Morrison, Wm. Kerr, E. Jones, S. Welsh, R. Leadingham, H. R. Smith, J. H. Rhodes, J. Crawford.

Pure Confections.

Purchasers of candies, either for retail or for their own use, should always call for those manufactured at the Victoria Steam Confectionery Works. Messrs. Woodburn & Co. are determined to sustain their reputation for making a pure article. See advt. on this page.

PANORPOTE TUNING. - Mr. Carson Flood has secured the services of Mr. C. E. Bourne, of Boston, a practical pianoforte builder and tuner. Orders left at the Warehouses, No. 75 Prince Wm. street, will be attended to in the order received.

There was a vacancy on the police force in Halifax and the Police Committee had twenty-three applicants. T. G. Snow, a printer, was the successful candidate.

The Academy Lectures.

This evening the Rev. Dr. Cudworth occupies the platform at the Academy. Subject - "Up Hill and Down Hill." This lecture is said by the American press to abound in humor, and will probably be one of the best lectures of the course. A few single admission tickets are advertised for sale.

When you are depressed by the grant, sickly feeling of a disordered system, which needs to be cleansed and stimulated into healthy action, take a dose or two of AYER'S PILLS and see how quick you can be restored to a shilling.