POOR DOCUMENT

MC 2033

The Semi-Weekly Telegraph

VOL. XLIII | ST JOHN, N. B., SATURDAY, SEPTEMBER 9, 1905. | NO. 101

MUTUAL LIFE MUCH LIKE EQUITABLE

Controls Many Trust Companies and Has Huge Deposits There

Officers of the Company Buy Securities from Syndicates and Resell Them to Their Company at a Profit, Testifies the Treasurer—Man That Knows About the $685,000 Equitable Loan Missing.

New York, Sept. 7—The affairs of the Equitable Life Assurance Society and the Mutual Life Insurance Company held the attention today of the legislative life insurance investigating commission in session in this city. Nothing particularly new was developed in regard to the Equitable other than the statement drawn from one of the officers that the society does not know the present whereabouts of Thomas D. Jordan, the former comptroller. It was stated that Mr. Jordan was wanted as a witness to explain the loan of $685,000 made to the Equitable Society by the Mercantile Trust Company. It was also stated that James H. Hyde, former first vice-president of the Equitable, later will be called as a witness before the committee.

Inquiry into the Mutual Life Insurance Company was begun. The testimony drawn from an officer of this company showed that the Mutual controls many trust companies, among them the Morton Trust Company, the Guarantee Trust Company and the United States Mortgage & Trust Company. On deposit with these companies, the insurance company keeps hundreds of thousands of dollars against which it does not draw.

It was explained that the prosperity of the trust companies meant the prosperity of the insurance company. The insurance deposits draw 2 per cent interest and the trust companies pay as high as 20 per cent dividends on the par value of the stock, or 5 per cent on the market value.

Frederick Cromwell, treasurer of the Mutual Life, said the company had bought securities from syndicates; that officers of the company also bought securities from the syndicate and received individual profits by selling these bonds to the company. He did not see that there was any impropriety in the officers going into syndicates when the company had gone in first.

Mr. Cromwell was still on the stand when the committee adjourned until tomorrow.

ENFORCING THE SCOTT ACT IN MONCTON

Charges Laid Against Seven Hotels Thursday

Two Bank Clerks Resign and Others Are Transferred—Two I. C. R. Employes to Become Benedicts Soon--Father Savage Convalescent.

Moncton, Sept. 7—(Special)—Two well known bank clerks here have resigned their positions with the intention of going west in the near future. H. E. Johnston has resigned the position of teller in the Bank of Montreal and leaves the service tomorrow. He belongs to Chatham and has been located in Moncton three or four years. He has been offered a position with a banking institution in the west.

Charles McMillan has tendered his resignation as accountant in the Bank of Nova Scotia to take effect in a month or two. Mr. McMillan belongs to Pictou.

T. C. Wood, teller in the Royal Bank, has been transferred to Charlottetown and will leave for that place tomorrow. Gordon Bowser, discount clerk ,as been promoted to teller.

Geo. C. Davison, a well known clerk in the I. C. R. mechanical office, is to be married on Sept. 19 to Miss Eva Doyle, organist of the First Baptist church, and daughter of ex-Ald. Doyle.

The marriage of Wm. Hopper, of the I. C. R., to Miss Humphrey, daughter of Mrs. D. Steeves, is announced to take place on the 20th inst.

Scott act papers were served today on seven hotels. The parties summoned are the Brunswick, Windsor, LeBlanc, Minto, Govang, Riverside and Bourgeois houses. The cases come up next Tuesday.

Father Savage, the new pastor of St. Bernard's, who has been ill ever since coming to Moncton, was able to be out today for the first time and is rapidly recovering.

WILL TAKE CENSUS IN THE WEST NEXT YEAR

Manitoba and the New Provinces to Be Enumerated—Death of Prominent Ottawa Doctor.

Ottawa, Sept. 7—(Special)—Dr. Colin P. Dewar, one of the leading members of the medical profession in Ottawa, died this morning, after an illness of four or five days. Kidney trouble was the cause of death. The late Dr. Dewar was about forty years of age and was born at St. Andrews (P.Q.). He was a graduate of McGill.

A. P. Lowe, of the geological survey, has returned from a trip 200 miles northwest of Lake St. John at Chebongaman, where he found valuable deposits of asbestos, some gold quartz and fine spruce for pulpwood. Nothing can be done with these resources until such time as a railway is built.

Archibald Blue, chief census commissioner, is in the west arranging for the taking of the census in Manitoba and the new provinces next year.

PARRSBORO SCHOONER DAMAGED IN COLLISION

Yarmouth, Sept. 7—(Special)—The steamer Boston, while passing out of the harbor yesterday afternoon in a thick fog, ran into the schooner E. Mayfield, of Parrsboro, at anchor in the channel. The latter received considerable damage to her upper deck and stanchions.

A survey is being held and it is thought she will be able to proceed to Parrsboro for repairs. The Boston was uninjured and proceeded.

MISS THOMSON WON AND LOST

Miss Robertson St. John Defeated Her in Putting and Approaching Contest.

Final for Championship Today Between Champion and Miss E. White--Nova Scotia Team to Play Ten From New Brunswick

Halifax, Sept. 7—(Special)—The semi-final round in the ladies' golf tournament was played here today.

Miss M. Chipman vs. Miss E. White—Won by Miss White, 6 up and 5 to play.

Miss Mabel Thomson vs. Robertson—Won by Miss Thomson, 7 up and 5 to play.

Consolation round (finals)—Mrs. Gregory Mitchell vs. Mrs. E. Phillips—Won by Mrs. Mitchell, 2 up and 1 to play.

The approaching and putting competition was started this morning and continued in the afternoon. It resulted in a tie between Miss Robertson and Miss Mabel Thomson, and in the play off Miss Robertson won.

The trophy for the championship is a cup presented by Alderman J. A. Johnson, which is held for the year and becomes the property of anyone winning it three times, not necessarily in succession. There is a gold medal for the winner and also a silver medal for the runner up.

In the consolation competition there is a small cup given by the association.

Tomorrow morning the annual meeting and election of officers will take place and in the afternoon the finals in the competition. This contest will be between Miss White vs. Miss Mabel Thomson.

Following this will come a match between Nova Scotia and New Brunswick. A team of ten from each side will be chosen tomorrow morning. The trophy for this match is a cup presented by the ladies of the Halifax Golf Club.

P. E. ISLAND HORSE THIEVES CAPTURED

Two Young Men Couldn't Find a Nag to Suit Them--Long Service Medal Presentation.

Charlottetown, P. E. I., Sept. 7—(Special)—This afternoon in the executive council chamber of the provincial parliament Arthur Newberry, assistant provincial secretary-treasurer, was presented by Lieut. Governor McKinnon with the badge of the imperial service order. Mr. Newberry has been thirty-two years in the court service, the greater part of that time as clerk of the executive council.

The police tonight captured George Lawder, aged 22, and Joseph McAleer, aged 18, two young men of this city who were wanted for the past fortnight.

They first stole a mare and wagon from Lawrence Morris, Cahrlottetown, drove to the country, exchanged their wagon and swapped horses. The new arrival proving too slow they let him go and stole another. Last night they broke into A. D. Ross' store at Eldon, helping themselves to what money was in the cash box, to provisions, clothing, etc. Arriving this mornig at Southport Ferry they left their rig on the other side of the river and came to the city on foot. They were taken 20 miles from town.

McAleer has served one term in the penitentiary and Lowder has also a bad record.

ATTEMPT TO FLOAT VICTORIAN FAILS

Montreal, Sept. 7—(Special)—Advices received by the Allans tonight say that an unsuccessful attempt was made this afternoon to float the stranded steamer Victorian. Another attempt will be made tomorrow.

TARTARS SCOURGE RUSSIA WITH FIRE AND SWORD

TOKIO IS UNDER MARTIAL LAW NOW

Rioters Stone Marquis Ito, Attack Police and Wound Many of Them—Soldiers Called Out to Protect Guardians of the Peace--Wild Disorders Follow Closing of Public Park.

Tokio, Sept. 6, 9 p. m. (Delayed in transmission)—An imperial ordinance established martial law in Tokio. Disorder was resumed tonight.

Jap Troops Protecting Police.

Tokio, Sept. 6, 8 a. m.—The destruction of small police substations continued until midnight. It is impossible to ascertain the exact number destroyed but it is estimated that fifteen were wrecked. Two of the larger police stations were also destroyed. The mobs generally prevented damage to adjoining private property by dragging the police kioaks into the middle of the streets before applying the torch.

Shortly after midnight another attempt was made against the Kokumin Shimbun offices, but the police dispersed the attackers, killing one of the assailants. The fact that the man was cut in the back angered the crowd which demanded the arrest of the policeman.

Detachments of national troops mobilized on account of the war were called out during the night. The crowd received the soldiers good naturedly and cheered them. The principal duty of the troops was the protection of the police.

The anger of the crowd was chiefly on account of the closing of Hibaya Park and the denial of the right to meet publicly in the park, which is under the charge of the municipality. After the park was closed yesterday the mayor and council met immediately and protested to the government and insisted that the park be re-opened. It is now claimed that all the turbulence resulted from the indiscreet closing of the park. Students and young street rowdies seemed to be the largest participants in the disorder of the night. The firemen succeeded in saving the main structure of the home ministers residence. Only the outbuildings were destroyed. It is impossible to secure accurate figures of the casualties. The Ji Ji estimates them at two dead and 500 wounded in all, including the seriously and slightly injured, among whom are 200 policemen. The wounds are mostly slight sword thrusts and bruises. The city is exceedingly quiet this morning and it is possible that the trouble is over.

Marquis Ito Stoned.

Tokio, Sept. 6—(Delayed in transmission) E. H. Harriman, president of the Southern Pacific Railroad, has been threatened and the Marquis Ito, president of the Privy Council, has been stoned by mobs. Neither of them was injured.

Riots Will Not Block Treaty.

New York, Sept. 7—Baron Komura said this afternoon that he will see Mr. Root Friday or Saturday to pay his respects and that their meeting will have no other object. The Baron denied positively that the present disturbances in Tokio might influence the Japanese Emperor to withhold ratification of the peace treaty. He said the treaty will be ratified when the Emperor receives an official copy of it.

WANTS DUTY ON ARTIFICIAL LIMBS

Winnipeg Manufacturer Requests This of Tariff Commission

Farmers Protest Against Inquiry Going On While They Are So Busy Harvesting--Want 10 Per Cent. Reducton on Fruit Duty.

Winnipeg, Sept. 7—(Special)—The Manitoba Grain Growers' Association appeared before the tariff commission today at its first session and objected to the sittings being held in the west when the farmers are so busy.

Hon. Mr. Fielding said he was glad the people were busy and promised to defer the inquiries if possible.

The Winnipeg fruit dealers asked for a reduction of ten per cent on fruits except bananas.

An artificial limb manufacturer appeared before the commission and asked that a duty be placed on his manufactures.

ANGLICAN SYNOD TO DISCUSS DIVORCE QUESTION SATURDAY

Canon Richardson Presented Report of Temperance Committee—Reception to American Delegates.

Quebec,Sept. 7—(Special)—The reception of five delegates from the Episcopal church of the United States was the feature of the synod meeting today. The American delegation comprised the Bishop of Albany, Dr. Dean, the Bishop of Missouri; Dr. Tuttule, the Bishop of Duluth; Dr. Morrison, Rev. Dr. Alsop, of Brooklyn, and G. C. Thomas, treasure of the Domestic and Foreign Missionary Society of the United States.

Mr. Thomas on his address said that the public were keenly alive to the work of the synod. In illustration he stated that he had been held up in the lobby of his hotel by one who inquired when the question of divorce was to come up for discussion. The inquirer revealed himself to be a judge of a western court and added "I am called upon to perform ten times more marriages in a year than the average clergyman performs in ten years."

At the afternoon session Canon Richardson, of St. John (N. B.), presented the report of the temperance committee.

It is not likely that discussion of the canon on divorce will take place before Saturday. On Saturday afternoon members of both houses will take a trip to Lake St. Joseph on the Lake St. John Railway.

SABLE ISLAND WIRELESS STATION A GREAT SUCCESS

New York, Sept. 7—The new Sable Island station of the Marconi Wireless Telegraph Company is now in successful operation. Captain Cuppers, of the Kaiser Wilhelm Der Grosse, whose ship was in communication with the station today, sent the following telegram of congratulation to the Marconi Company:

"Congratulations, first message through Sable Island, 650 miles from New York.
(Sgd.) "CAPTAIN CUPPERS."

EXPECT $70,000 GATE MONEY AT BRITT-NELSON BATTLE

Former a Ten to Seven Favorite—Referee Not Agreed on Yet, But Jeffries is Likely to Be Chosen.

San Francisco, Sept. 7—With hundreds of sportsmen arriving daily to see the fight Saturday afternoon at Colma between Jimmy Britt and Battling Nelson, a referee had not been decided on up to tonight. It is thought that James Jeffries will be referee in spite of objections raised by Nolan; Nelson's manager.

Jeffries telegraphed to Manager Coffroth last night asking if he was expected to referee, and Coffroth replied in the affirmative. "Then I shall be in San Francisco Thursday night," replied Jeffries.

When he is on the ground and the managers of the fighters can come together with Coffroth and Jeffries, it is the opinion of the best posted sportingmen that an agreement will be reached without much parley.

The sale of seats goes on at a lively rate. There are hosts of men from far and near already on the scene. There will be a large gathering of sporting writers and sporting authorities from all over the United States at the ringside.

Britt and Nelson today finished their hard training. They have reached the stage where the question of weight no longer is an element in the training and all attention is paid to keeping "on edge" until the gong summons them to the fray. Both men are in excellent condition. Manager Coffroth has already taken $45,000 for seats and asserts that when the men enter the ring Saturday afternoon the prize for which they will contest will amount to $70,000, a record amount for ring contests.

The betting today remains unchanged—10 to 7 with Britt the favorite. There is no great activity in the betting, owing to the uncertainty as to the choice of a referee.

PORTLAND GRAND JURY CONSIDERING STEEVES MURDER CASE

Portland, Me., Sept. 7—The case of Edward F. Cole, charged with the murder of John F. Steeves, at Falmouth, April 12, was today considered by the grand jury of the Superior Court sitting in this city. A number of witnesses who identified Cole as one of the two men seen at the time in the vicinity of the murder were heard.

At a hearing of the municipal court last May, counsel for the defendant submitted no evidence, and Cole was held for the Superior Court. Since that time both the state and the defence claim to have gained evidence that will strengthen their respective cases. The nature of this evidence is not disclosed.

MINIMUM COTTON PRICE ELEVEN CENTS

Asheville, N. C., Sept. 7—The Southern Cotton Association, in convention at Kenilworth Inn tonight, established a minimum price of eleven cents for the incoming cotton crop.

The Town of Baku Destroyed

Oil Fields Licked Up by the Flames and Millions Lost—Czar Appealed To as Soldiers Are Powerless—No Quarter Given or Asked and Massacre Continues.

Baku, Caucasia, Sept. 7, 6 p. m.—The situation here tonight shows no signs of amelioration. It could hardly be worse.

The terror stricken inhabitants are fleeing from the city knowing that the garrison is utterly inadequate to protect them; and, although the worst scenes of fire and massacre have not yet occurred in Baku itself, none dares think how far the excesses may proceed.

The entire oil and commercial quarters of Balakhan, Sabunto and Nomani have been wiped out by fire and the inhabitants remaining behind were massacred and thrown into the flames. Bibebat continues to burn and is threatened with the same fate as Balakhan.

The consulates, banks and administration buildings in Baku are guarded by troops. All of the English residents, and almost all other inhabitants of the better class have boarded ships and gone to sea to escape from danger. All available steamers have been employed for this purpose.

Martial law has been proclaimed in the city. Nobody is allowed on the streets after 8 o'clock at night and inhabitants of houses are held strictly responsible for shots fired from them. Artillery was employed against one house from which shots were fired. The walls were breached, the house was stormed and all the people inside were killed. There is a general panic in the city.

Famine Adds to Horrors.

The whole army of hungry workmen driven in from the suburbs has flocked into the city. There is the greatest destitution, and measures for transporting the workmen from the city are imperatively necessary.

Reinforcements of troops are arriving daily and it is hoped the authorities soon will have the situation better in hand.

Following it a brief review in sequence of the events of the last six days as witnessed at Baku:

At about 5 o'clock on the afternoon of Saturday last reports began running from mouth to mouth that the Tartars and Armenians were massacring each other. Everybody was immediately greatly alarmed and a panic prevailed. Stores were closed and windows and doors were barricaded. Twenty minutes later sounds of rifle firing were heard from the various quarters of the city and everybody wished to flee but no one could tell whether safety lay within or without the city.

At 7 o'clock in the evening patrols of Coasacks and other soldiers armed with rifles began to arrive from the barracks and these troops immediately engaged the rioters. The firing between the warring factions continued all of Saturday night. On Sunday the situation showed no improvement and firing was in progress all during the day the streets being deserted except for the combatants. No one dared to leave the house of the governor general. At 8 o'clock on Sunday evening the first reflection on the sky of fire in the "Black Town" quarter was noticed and it was learned that the Nobel oil reservoirs were burning.

Sunday night was more fearful than the preceding one. Fires broke out in several quarters and the firing of the troops was uninterrupted.

Tartars Burn and Massacre.

Tiflis, Caucasia, Sept. 7—All the spirit distilleries and silk weaving works in the district of Shusha, have been burned by Tartars. Part of the workmen succeeded in escaping to the mountains. The remainder were killed.

Orders have been given to send wheat to Shusha to relieve the starving.

The town of Tiflis is full of refugees from Baku, who have abandoned all their belongings.

A deputation from the great petroleum works have asked military protection for 25,000,000 pounds of combustible liquids contained in the reservoirs at Baku.

Baku Wiped Out by Tartars.

St. Petersburg, Sept. 7, 7.30 p. m.—Though the despatch from Tiflis and current reports in St. Petersburg say that the oil works and tanks at Baku have been entirely consumed and the town practically wiped out, according to a despatch to the Nobel Company from Baku, this is an error, and the loss though enormous is not complete. This despatch stated that the firing in the town had ceased and that the incendiarism had been checked. The fate of the tanks and works, which are not yet on fire, depends on the wind, which is blowing a hurricane. Until it changes and sweeps the fire back on the unaffected districts there is hope of saving some of the properties. The sender of the despatch was unable to give details of what had been destroyed and was not destroyed, smoke and flames preventing a close examination.

The St. Petersburg press attacks the government for its indecision in handling events in the Caucasus and its neglect to attempt to take measures to reconcile the Armenians and Tartars and declare that the ruin of one of the most important industries in Russia and immense losses to the industry and commerce are the fruits of the governmental disregard for years of the most legitimate and practical suggestions of the oil men.

The authorities of the Caucasus would seem to have been taken completely by surprise by the magnitude of the Tartar rising. There is not the least doubt that it has been planned and carefully organ-

(Continued on page 4, seventh column.)

HURLED CHARGES AT ORONHYATEKHA

Delegate Blouin Created Sensation at I. O. F. Quebec High Court

Supreme Chief Ranger Scored for Mismanagement of Funds of the Order—Temple Building and Orphanage Home Condemned Among Other Things—Oronhyatekha Ridiculed the Statements and Left the Meeting.

Montreal, Sept. 7—(Special)—At the convention of the Independent Order of Foresters at Joliette, today, a sensation was caused by Delegate A. W. Blouin, of Montreal, who in a carefully prepared statement made an attack on the administration of Dr. Oronhyatekha, claiming that the supreme chief ranger had bad investments with the funds of the order.

He reproved him particularly with the investment in the Union Trust and the tax imposed on the members for the orphange at Desoronto. The Temple building at Toronto he also declared had cost the order $834,106 and after having returned 75 per cent in 1900, 79 per cent in 1902, and 89 per cent in 1903 it gave today only 80c. on $100. On the other hand the government cannot recognize today under the law a property of more than $350,000. The Temple building while returning only one per cent per annum had cost the order more than $800,000.

Delegate Blouin also declared that from Dec. 31, 1904, the supreme chief ranger had paid the deposits of $437,743 in the general funds of the order with money taken from the mortuary fund. The I. O. F., Blouin also declared, had bought lands in the Northwest which it resold to members, who desired to settle in that part of the country, only it sold them at a profit.

There were some Blouin said who compared the administration of the I. O. F. with that of the Equitable of New York, but he said that he made no reflection on the value and stability of the order,which was very strong, despite the conduct of Dr. Oronhyatekha, only if he had done well up to now that was no reason that he should not be asked if he could not do still better. It was for that reason that he wished to protest strongly against the administration of the supreme chief ranger.

Dr. Oronhaytekha, who was apparently much chagrined at the attack, complained that he had not been given notice of Delegate Blouin's intention to bring such a matter up, but Blouin claimed to have given notice at a previous session.

The supreme chief ranger did not enter into the details of the charges but contented himself with denying Blouin's competence to deal with the financial matters in question and ridiculing his statements.

The supreme chief subsequently left the convention to return to Toronto.

ATE THEIR DINNER WITHOUT THE GUEST

Fredericton Catholics Made Elaborate Preparation to Receive Mgr. Sbarretti, But He Didn't Come—Other News of the Capital.

Fredericton, Sept. 7—(Special)—Monsignor Sbarretti, papal ablegate, did not arrive here today as was expected and the Roman Catholics of the city who had made quite elaborate preparations for his entertainment were disappointed. Dinner which had been prepared in honor of the ablegate was held at the Presbytery this evening, it having been found impossible to postpone it. The clergy of the district, presidents of Catholic societies and other prominent laymen made up the list of guests.

Mgr. Sbarretti's failure to arrive today was probably the result of an error in his itinerary and he is expected to reach here by boat tomorrow.

John Kilburn and son, Wardlow, returned today from a trip to western Canada.

Samuel Jones, who was lauded some years ago for his bravery in South Africa, was in the police court today, where his mother and father appeared to press a charge against him for having assaulted his aged mother at her home at St. Mary's. The magistrate imposed a fine of $10 or two months' jail. Jones did not have any money and did not want to go to jail, so Col Marsh gave him until Saturday to get away. He is to be arrested if he ever returns.

Complaint was laid with the police magistrate this morning by a local young man charging Margaret Davis with keeping a disorderly resort. If the case comes to trial witnesses will include some well-known local young men, it is said.

Although it rained hard last evening, there is still no noticeable rise in the water in the river here. Lumbermen say a rise of two feet will be necessary to bring out the stranded logs at the head waters.

W. A. B. McLellan, teller of the Bank of British North America, in this city, closes his service with that institution tomorrow evening, resigning his position to accept the secretary-treasurership of the John Palmer Manufacturing Company,and he will at once enter upon his new duties.

The congregation of the Gibson Baptist church will hold a meeting this evening to decide upon what steps they will take in reference to the resignation of their pastor, Rev. W. R. Robinson.

The congregation have declared themselves for union before now and it seems to be generally understood that there is now a movement under way to have the union of the Gibson Baptist and Free Baptist churches consumated as soon as possible and thus make it unnecessary to appoint another pastor to take the place of Rev. Mr. Robinson.

Under the amended game law all big game guides must now register at the office of the surveyor general and pay a fee of two dollars. Blank forms will be supplied on application to the crown land office, and must be filled out and returned by the applicant. Each guide registering will be ganted a certificate by the surveyor general.

The city clerk, acting upon a resolution of the city council, today notified the New Brunswick Telephone Company, the Western Union Telegraph Company and the Fredericton Gaslight Company, that the poles belonging to them in the city, must be repainted at once.

Two school districts at Dorchester have been united with an arrangement for conveying children from one district to another. The school will be at Dorchester Quarry.

SIX DEATHS FROM YELLOW FEVER

New Orleans, Sept. 7—Report on yellow fever situation to 6 p. m:

New cases today, 35; total to date, 2,177.

Deaths today, 6; total, 304.

Cases under treatment, 308; cases discharged, 1,565.

MRS. PRIME WAS HERE TUESDAY

Police Have Identity of Mysterious Bay Shore Woman Established

SEEN COMING FROM CARLETON FERRY

Boarded Train at Hoyt and Came Here—Had Valise and Parcels, But When Seen at 4 O'clock was Minus Them--Said to be Separated From Husband.

Information which reached the police Thursday settles in the official mind the identity of the woman who left an outfit of clothing on the Bay Shore Tuesday afternoon last. She is, they are convinced, Mrs. Charles Prime, of Freeport (N. S.), formerly Effie Forbes, of Patterson Settlement, Sunbury county (N. B.) Mrs. Prime was seen on the C. P. R. train which reached here Tuesday noon and she was seen about ½ o'clock that afternoon in the city after landing from the ferry.

The police say that she is separated from her husband, who is a lobster fisherman at Freeport, and that likely she has been visiting her mother, Mrs. Mary E. Forbes, at Patterson Settlement, the woman named in the note found with the clothing on the beach.

Detective Killen learned Thursday that Mrs. Prime boarded the C. P. R. train at Hoyt Station Tuesday morning bound for this city. Her dress answered the description of that worn by the woman seen on Bay Shore by the breakwater workmen and she carried a green dress suit case and a parcel. The same man who saw her on the train saw her about 4 o'clock that afternoon in the city after coming from the Carleton ferryboat and he almost positively identified the hat found on the beach as the one she wore on the train. She had no parcels when he saw her the second time. This does not account for the dress suit case but it is reasonable to suppose she could transfer its contents and make a parcel of them.

Both Chief Clark and Detective Killen said Thursday night that the suicide idea was never looked on by them as feasible and less than ever so after Thursday's revelations.

The woman lived for a time at Enniskillen. She is thought to be the girl who left an infant on a Metcalf street doorstep about three years ago. Soon after this she married Chas. Prime.

NEW YORK BUILDING COLLAPSES; TWO KILLED AND MANY INJURED

New York, Sept. 7—Two persons were killed, one of them a girl sixteen years old, when a building at Grand and Mott streets, collapsed today. The building is said to have been condemned two years ago, but had been permitted to be occupied since. Thomas McGovern, a foreman in the building department, is under arrest in connection with the collapse on a charge of criminal negligence. The dead are:

Maria Garioso, sixteen years old.

Joseph Farina, forty-eight years old.

Nearly a score of persons were injured, some suffering broken limbs.