tices

BAY PACKETS rborGrace Packe

Packet being now ving undergone such ements in her accomse, as the safety, comf Passengers can posence suggest, a carester having also been h resume her usual leaving Harbour WEDNESDAY, and 9 o'Clock, and Poring days.

s ..... 7s. 6d. 1 .....58. · · · · · · 6d. ...... 18. roportion

es will be carefulo accounts can be ages, nor will the e for any Specie or s conveyance.

DRYSDALE, HARBOUR GRACE D & BOAG, gents, ST John's 1835

INA rbonear Cand

turning his best r the patronage ly received, begs if the same fa-

ntil further noon the morning d FRIDAY, posine Packet Man ne Mornings of ATURDAY, at 9 t may sail from each of those

78. to 3s. 6d.

E will hold LETTERS

begs most blic, that the nodious Boat , he has fit-RONEAR a PACKETt of the after wo sleeping The forefor Gentlewhich will n. Henow this respect res them it give them

ARBONEAR, duys, and Morning, Mondays, e Packetk on those

size or

table for

., &c. r, and in Patrick and at

erm of on the

OR.

fice of

# Vol. IV.

WEDNESDAY SHPTEMBER 27, 1837.

No. 169.

HARBOUR GRACE, Conception Bay, Newfoundland:-Printed and Published by JOHN THOMAS BURTON, at his Office, opposite Messrs. W. Dixox & Co's

#### Notices

In the NORTHERN CIRCUIT COURT, Hurbour Grace, MAY and JUNE Term, 7th Wm., 4th

IN THE MATTER OF SIMON LEVI) LATE OF CARBONEAR IN THE NORTHERN DISTRICT MERCHANT INSOLVENT.

ATHEREAS the said SIMON LEVI was, on the First Day of JUNE Inst., in due form of Law Deckared Insolvent by the aid Court of Our Lord the King; And Whereas ROBERT PACK, Esquire, and WILLIAM W. BEMISTER, ESQUIRE, of Carbonear aforesaid, Merchants and Creditors, of the said INSOLVENT, have, by the major part in Value of the Creditors of the said INSOLVENT, I een in due form chosen and appointed TRUSTEES of the ESTATE of the said INSOLVENT;

## NOTICE

IS HEBEBY GIVEN THAT the said ROBERT PACK, and WIL-LIAM W. BEMISTER, as such TRUS TEES, are duly authorised, under such Orders as the said NORTHERN CIRCUIT Court shall from time to time deem proper to make therein, to Discover, Collect, and Realise the DEBTSand EFFE IS of the said INSOLVENT: And all Persons Indebted to the said INSOLVENT, or having in their Possession any GOODS or EF-FECTS belonging to him, are hereby Required to Pay and Deliver the same forthwith to the said TRUSTEES

> By the Court. JOHN STARK, CHIEF CLERK & REGISTRAR.

TE Hereby appoint Mr SIMON LE VI, AGENT for the said Estate. ? Trustees to the ROBERT PACK, W. W. BEMISTER. said Estate.

THE Subscriber would notify the Inhabitants of CARBONEAR and its Vicinity generally, that he has accommodations in his SCHOOL for several additional PUPILS. He also would inform them that he has commenced the erection of a School-Room for the FEMALE part of his young friends, which will be ready for their reception after the Midsummer Vacation: in both which Schools the instruction will comprise all the branches of a useful and respect 1.

bility, all he asks PETERS.

to the

sefore the

indebted to

\_ to make imme-

ELL, Administratix.

W. DIXON & Co.

AISTER. Administrator

TAY SEED, and a variety of GARDEN

On Sale, by

Carbonear, May 17, 1837.

Harbor Grace, May 31, 1837.

SEEDS

### POST-OFFICE

CONCEPTION

THE following is a List of the LET-TERS remaining in the POST. OFFICE at St. John's, which will not be forwarded until the POSTAGE IS PAID.

CARBONEAR.

Captain Tewkesberry, rig Mary Barry. John Barfoot Edwards, to be forwarded to

Mr Ayles. John Snook, with Mr. Richard H. Taylor Captain William Hutchings, on board brigantine Elizabeth. Mr William Collings, 3 papers.

Mr Thomas Gamble. Stephen Halfpeuny, Ochre pit Cove. Mr John McCarthy.

do. care of John Martin Fleming, Keilly, Carbonear. HARBOUR GRACE.

Joseph Soper, Esq., Mr Witting, T. Ridley, and James Bayley, Light House. M Thomas Bartlett, Bears Cove.

Mr John Sullivan. S. SOLOMAN, POSTMASTER.

St. John's, June 28, 1837.

On Sale

THORNE, HOOPER, & CO

READ, 1st., 2d. & 3J Quality. FLOUR PORK PEAS BUTTER.

HAMBURGH.

SALT and COALS, Afloat.

BOHEA TEAS. in qr. chests & boxes. Solchong Hyson With a GENERAL ASSORTMENT OF

BRITISH MANUFACTURED SHOP and STORE GOODS.

TREMUEIEROD RO

320 Bags fine Bran 60 Do. Pollard

Do. Bread Firkins Butter, of superior quality made up for the BRISTOL Market. Harbor Grace, June 14, 1837.

## MOMAS RIDLEY & Co JUST IMPORTED

SY THE BRIG Johns, FROM Hamburgh,

,00 Bags Bread, No. 1, 2 & 3

250 Barrels Superfine Flour 150 Barrels Prime Pork 200 Firkins Butter

10 Barrels Peas 68 Coils Cordage, Marline & Housing

By the NATIVE, from Liverpool, A LARGE SUPPLY OF MANUFACTUBED GOODS,

Bar and Bolt Iron Nails, Grapuels Tinware &c., Pitch, Tar Paints, Linseed Oil, Spirits Turpentine Soap, Candles, Loaf Sugar Mast Hoops, Oakum And 40 Coils "Harris's" Patent Rope

By the FISHER, from Liverpool, Salt, Coals, Nails, &c. &c, &c. Harbor Grace, May 31, 1837

#### AN IDEA OF A PATRIOT.

Heroic virtue, in its most exalted and comprehensive degree, though often talked of, is not often found. It must indeed, like all other prodizies, appear but seldom. To produce it, it is necessary that, besides a union of the finest qualities of believe it happy for a nation when the the heart and understanding, many favourable contingencies, which no abilities can command, should at once concur in the same individual. A Cæsar and an Alexander, if they had been born in a cottage, and had lived in a village, would have died in obscurity. And, indeed, after all the eulogia passed upon them, it may be fairly asked, whether, if such had been their lot, mankind would have had cause to lament?

None but a barbarous age can admire the bloody triumphs of the mere conqueror; but every age must agree in extelling the frue patriot. True patriotism, which is a species of he oic virtue, and Esquires, Commissioners of the Island | indeed the best species of it, does not often occur. The name is daily assumed, and in onr country has lost its dignity lavished on those who, fron the worst kin led the flames of rebellion It has been denied to the preservers of their couctry, and given to the destroyers of it; to those who Lave spent their lives, and exercised the abilities they possessed, in producing all those evils which the institution of civil socoiety was intended to extirpate. They evidently had little else in view, but to render themselves of consequence enough to be bought by an administration Selfishness and spite, pride and leveling principle, are qualities very unfavourable to the existence of civil libert . Yet these qualities have appeared very clearly in those who have laboured to be forced into power by the efforts of a fascinated populace.

For the sake then of those orders among us whose hearts are good and truly English, but who, from the want of education or leisure, are not apt to think cooliy when they select a favourite leader, and who are often cruelly and infamously deluded to their own destruction, and to the detriment of that liberty which they love, I will endeavour to de- not be obtained by gentler means He scribe those characters which appear to will even patronize rebellion, and difme truly patriotic.

as an axiom, That a bad man cannot be he covets, and whose glory he envies .a patriot. Even the badness of his heart | Though he should sign a hundred promay lead him to assume all the deceit- tests in a session, and daily eructate his ful appearances of patriotism. His envy, and his disappointed avarice and ambiti- men in the nation, we will not be on, will induce him to revile those who mislend; for his patriotism is passion, his are in possession of lucrative or powerful perseverance avarice; and the same employments, and this will appear like a noble opposition to the strides of power. To serve his burposes, he will declaim on liberty, and this will soon collect a party. Fools and wicked men abound. These soon herd together, and even reider themselves of some consequence by their numbers. Honest men are drawn in by the violence of the vortex, and the wicked leader at last gains his selfish views, or at least obtains the satisfaction of mortifying those whom he envies .-At all events, he is sure of one pleasure, spreading mischief and confusion. I re- humble duties in his humble station, is peat, therefore, that it will be necessary | far nobler then they. to convince ourselves, that a oad husband, a bad father, a profligate and unliberal and exalted an affection as a rational and disinterested love of his countifying my spleen or his own; but yet I ly any have been more violent and active, will think before I lift up my hand to and acarcely any less successful, than

vote for him, lest his turbulence, united with the power which I may assist in Jelegating to him, may involve my country in war, riot, and rebellion. I will remember what is past, and be cautious.

Much has been said by the declamatory on the subject of a Patriot King. I King has not the qualities of a declaimer's patriot, of an active warrior, or a contentious orator. When a King possesses or arrogates the character of a hero, his reign usually terminates in despotism or in blood, or in both. Moderation, justice, lenity, and a pacific disposition, are the most valuable, if not the most glittering, jewels in a crown. I almost fear to apply the remark to the King of England, lest I should be suspected of that adulation which my heart abhors. But truth must prevail over every consideration. And when I see the chief magistrate, a good son, a good husband, a good fainer, I think it a favourable presage of all that is amiable and useful to society. When I see him also possessing fortitude enough to turn by prostitution. It has been wantonly a deaf ear to the continued and importune petitions and remonstrances of a motives, have fomented faction, and deluded faction; when I see him rendering the judges independent; when I see him anxious to preserve the liberties of the meanest of his subjects, delighted with benevolent actions, seeking and ensuring peace from motives of philanthrophy, yet prosecuting war with all the spirit of a righteout cause; encouraging arts, and promoting discoveries; when I see all his amiable dispositions, and his many laudable act, I venture to pronounce George the Third a Patriot King. The characters of kings are indeed but uncertainly known while they live; and I am ready to confess, that I derive my ideas of the King of Britain from no other sources but public acts and popular reports. If a peer of the realm is found to be

in constant opposition to the measures of a ministry, it is easy to know the causes and the extent of his patriotism; for a minister cannot always be wrong. He is conceited, turbulent, yet unemployed by his King. He lusts after power, and hopes to acquire it by force, eince it canfuae discontent throughout a kingdom, In the first place, I would lay it down to injure a few individuals, whose riches invectives against the most respectable tongue which is ready to revile his King and embroil his country, is usually as as prone to blaspheme his God. When they whom the constitution has appointed hereditary guardians of the laws, and liberties, and religion of their country, become the patrons of lawless licentiousness, and the scoffers at every thing held sacred, why hesitate their countrymen to ship the coronet from their heads, and trample their honour in the dust? Tear off their ermine, and their star which belies their breast; for the meanwhich is congenial to his heart, that of est of their menuls; who performs his

With respect to the noisy declaimers, and the quiescent instruments of power principled man, cannot deserve the name in the lower order of senators, let of a patriot, unless it is given him, as it expressive silence speake their praise. msy indeed in the present age, by way of. Their patriotism is well understood .derision. A man of no private virtue The one side resembles Cerberus barkmust want principle: and a man who ing for a sop, the other resembles him wanta principle cannot be actuated by when, after he has received it, he wraps pure motives. He cannot entertain so himself up in his own warm skin, and enjoys a comfortable doze. The public has been too long deluded to be again try. He may accidentally be right in deceived. They see the faults, and no his opposition to a court: but he is a longer admire, but look for a palliation bad man, and it is not safe to trust him. of them in the common weakness of He may be the wicked instrument of gra- human nature. Of all appositions, scarce-