profitable orchard region of the world, and the conditions of growth deserve study. The soil upon these exposed bluffs is a fine comminuted dusty clay, like a "loess." For retaining moisture, for absorbing it, for holding frost without injury to the roots, there is no better. The dry fall here causes perfect maturity of growth: the thick, fine textured leaf does not suffer from the dryness of the air. It was Mr. Budd, whose microscopic study of the leaves of these climates first showed their peculiar cell structure. Thus we see that the apple tree of Kasan is a tree thoroughly adapted to the climate it lives in. However, the cold of Kasan seems more uniform than ours. In this Province we suffer from the warmth of the sun in late winter and early spring, warmth followed by sudden cold. This results in ' bark-bursting' and "sun-scalding" of the trunk and lower branches. Such injury is rare in Eastern and Middle Russia, but how much this is owing to climate, how much to the character of their hardy race of trees I cannot say. In Kasan, too, we find the cherry and the plum grown in fair quantity-that is, nearly all the peasants have some.

In the Government of Vladimir, a climate scarcely different from that of Kasan, the cherry is grown in vast quantity and shipped by the car load. Upon what kind of soil I cannot say.

At Simbirsk on the Volga, in lat. 54, a climate just like Kasan, a degree less cold, and about one inch less rain-fall, we find the pear grown in fair quantity though only of second-rate quality. These trees, too, are thoroughly adapted to that climate, trees of terminate growth, with very thick, close-textured, dark glossy foliage, just like the pears of Northern China. Simbrisk and Toula seem to be the Northern limits of pear culture East of the Baltic Provinces.

At Saratof, on the Volga, in lat. 51, where the winter temperature is but one degree milder than the City of Quebec, we find very large orchards, one of 12,000 trees. A pear orchard, too, of 500 trees, and most of the varieties in good health. Yet here we were told that the mercury at times became solid. So near is Saratof to the desert steppes, so light the rain-fall, that irrigation is necessary for profitable orcharding.