GRAIN MARKETS QUIET PRICES ABOUT STEADY

Chicago Wheat Futures Open Strong, But Fail to Hold—Liverpool Higher.

World Office,
Wednesday Evening, Sept. 18.

Liverpool wheat futures closed to-day ¾d to ⅞d higher than yesterday, and corn ½d higher.

At Chicago, September wheat closed ⅞d higher than Monday, September corn ¾c higher, and September oats ⅝c higher.

Chicago car lots to-day, 350; contract, 19. Corn, 851, 399. Oats, 441, 19.

Northwest cars to-day, 701; week ago, 876; year ago, 717.

Winnipeg car lots of wheat to-day, 38; year ago, 226.

RUSSIA.—A semi-official report by The Journal of Commerce and Industry for the week ending Sept. 7 states that the outlook for winter wheat in the southwest is generally unsatisfactory; in the northwest the outlook is very bad. Reports from Odessa state that some enquiry is being made for American winter wheat.

INDIA.—Complaints are heard as a result of lack of rain.

ST. LAWRENCE MARKET.

Receipts of farm produce were 700 bushels of grain, 25 loads of hay, one load of straw, a few dressed hogs and several loads of potatoes.

Barley—Five hundred bushels sold at 62c to 63c.

Oats—Two hundred bushels of new oats sold at 52c.

Hay—Twenty-five loads sold at $19 to $21 per ton.

Straw—One load of loose straw sold at $10 per ton.

Potatoes—Prices for farmers' loads ranged from 50c to 75c per bushel, according to quality.

Dressed Hogs—Harris Abattoir Company report prices at $8.50 to $9 per cwt.

Alsike Clover Seed—Prices have advanced. The William Rennie Company report No. 1 seed at $8 to $8.30 per bushel. No. 2 seed at $7 to $7.50.

Market Notes.

Joshua Ingham bought from Farmer Aitcheson six dressed hogs at $9 per cwt.

M. P. Mallon, wholesale dealer in live and dressed poultry, reports receipts as light, but about equal to the demand. Live turkeys, 13c; live chickens, 11c to 12c; live ducks, 8c to 10c; fowl, 9c to 10c per lb.

Farmer Robert Agar of Victoria Square recently threshed 131 bushels and 35 lbs. of alsike clover seed, being a yield of 7½ bushels per acre. C. H. Stiver of Unionville bought the seed at $8 per bushel, just as it came from the machine, netting Mr. Agar the sum of $1034.79 in cash. Louis G. Stoutenburg, also of Victoria Square, did the threshing in 2½ days.

Grain—		
Wheat, spring, bush	$0 85	$....
Wheat, fall, bush	0 94	0 95
Wheat, goose, bush	0 84	....
Wheat, red, bush	0 91	....
Peas, bushel	0 70	....
Barley, bushel	0 62	....
Oats, new, bushel	0 52	....
Oats, old, bushel	0 53½	....
Seeds—		
Alsike, No. 1, bush	$8 00	to $ 30
Alsike, No. 2, bush	7 00	7 50
Hay and Straw—		
Hay, new, per ton	$19 00	to $21 00
Cattle hay, ton	10 00	12 00
Straw, loose, ton	7 00	....
Straw, bundled, ton	15 00	....
Fruits and Vegetables—		
Potatoes, per bush	$0 65	to $0 80
Poultry—		
Turkeys, dressed, lb	$0 13	to $0 15
Spring chickens, lb	0 14	0 16
Spring ducks, per lb	0 13	0 14
Fowl, per lb	0 10	....
Dairy Produce—		
Butter, lb	$0 25	to $0 30
Eggs, strictly new-laid, per dozen	0 25	0 28
Fresh Meats—		
Beef, forequarters, cwt	$4 50	to $5 50
Beef, hindquarters, cwt	9 00	10 00
Lambs, dressed weight	0 10	0 11½
Mutton, light, cwt	8 00	9 50
Veals, common, cwt	6 00	7 00
Veals, prime, cwt	8 50	10 00
Dressed hogs, cwt	9 00	9 25

FARM PRODUCE WHOLESALE

The prices quoted below are for first-class quality; lower grades are bought at correspondingly lower quotations:

Hay, car lots, ton, bales	$14 00	to $15 00
Evaporated apples, lb	0 09	0 09½
Butter, dairy, lb. rolls	0 24	0 25
Butter, tubs	0 22	0 23
Butter, creamery, lb. rolls	0 26	0 27
Eggs, new-laid, dozen	0 20	0 21
Cheese, large, lb	0 13	....
Cheese, twin, lb	0 13½	....
Honey, extracted, lb	0 12	0 13

Hides and Tallow.

Prices revised daily by E. T. Carter & Co., 85 East Front street, Wholesale Dealers in Wool, Hides, Calfskins and Sheepskins, Tallow, etc.:

Inspected hides, No. 1 cows, steers	$0 08	
Inspected hides, No. 2 cows, steers	0 07	
Country hides	$0 06	to 0 06½
Calfskins, No. 1, city	0 12	....
Calfskins, country	0 11	....
Horsehides, No. 1, each	2 75	3 00
Horsehair, per lb	....	0 30
Tallow, per lb	0 05½	0 06¼
Wool, unwashed	0 12	0 13
Wool, washed	0 22	0 23
Rejects	0 16	....
Lambskins	0 40	0 60

GRAIN AND PRODUCE.

The following were the last prices made at the call board of the Toronto Board of Trade. Prices are for outside shipping points, except when mentioned.

Winter wheat—No. 2 white, 89c bid; No. 2 red, no quotation; No. 2 mixed, 88c bid.

Spring wheat—No. 2 Ontario, 80c bid; No. 2 goose, 80c bid.

Manitoba wheat—No. 1 northern, no quotations.

Barley—No. 2, 58c bid; No. 3 extra, no quotation; No. 3, no quotation.

Oats—No. 2 white, 45c bid; sellers 49 1-2c; No. 2 mixed, 46 1-2c bid; sellers, 48 1-2c.

Bran—$25 bid, Toronto.

Buckwheat—No quotations.

Rye—No. 2, 70c bid.

Peas—No. 2 80c bid.

Corn—No. 2 yellow, no quotation.

Flour Prices.

Flour—Ontario, 90 per cent. patent, $3.60 bid for export; Manitoba patent, special brands, $5.65; second patent, $5.05; strong bakers', $5.

SEED
WANTED: Alsike and Red Clover, Timothy, etc. Highest prices. Send samples. State quantity. 246
WM. RENNIE CO., Limited, Toronto

Toronto Sugar Market.

St. Lawrence sugars are quoted as follows: Granulated, $4.50 in barrels, and No. 1 golden, $4.10, in barrels. These prices are for delivery here; car lots 5c less.

New York Sugar Market.

Sugar, raw steady; fair refining, 3.45c; centrifugal, 96 test, 3.95c; molasses sugar, 3.10c; refined, steady.

Winnipeg Wheat Market.

Following are the closing quotations on Winnipeg grain futures to-day:

Wheat—Sept. $1.02 bid, Oct. $1.02⅝ bid, Dec. $1.02⅛ bid.

Oats—Oct. 46½c bid.

Chicago Grain.

Marshall, Spader & Co. (J. G. Beaty), King Edward Hotel, reported the following fluctuations on the Chicago Board of Trade:

	Open.	High.	Low	Close.
Wheat—				
Sept.	95¼	95¼	94⅜	94¾
Dec.	99⅝	99¾	98½	99
May	105½	105⅝	104½	105
Corn—				
Sept.	59⅝	60	59¼	60
Dec.	56½	56⅝	55⅞	56⅝
May	57½	57¾	57	57½
Oats—				
Sept.	53	54	53	53½
Dec.	51⅛	51½	50⅞	51¼
May	52⅝	52⅞	52¼	52½
Pork—				
Sept.	15.25	15.25	15.15	15.25
Ribs—				
Sept.	8.40	8.40	8.40	8.40
Lard—				
Sept.	8.95	8.95	8.90	8.90

Chicago Gossip.

Marshall, Spader & Co. wired J. G. Beaty at the close:

The market opened up firm after the holiday and advanced about ¾c, but dropped back quickly on selling by prominent operators on the early bulges. Moderate support near the close brought about another rally to nearly Monday's closing level. Trade in wheat as a whole to-day was exceedingly small and mostly of a professional character. News from the Canadian Northwest was again very pessimistic, but had little effect, as it was of a reached order. It is not so much a question of news as it is to find an outlet for our surplus. The foreigners appear in no hurry to buy unless they can do it at their own terms, hence they are in a position to dictate, and will doubtless do so, which eventually means lower prices.

S. B. Chapin & Co. to Melady & Co.:

Trade has been narrow and professional, with outside business at a minimum. Strength early was induced by the first cables, moderate advance at Minneapolis, and reports of poor crop prospects in the Canadian Northwest. Later profit-taking and long liquidation found the market without support, and prices eased off about 1c, followed by a ¼c recovery. Reports from France and Germany were more optimistic, and threshing returns were said to be larger than expected. France will not have to import any wheat this year, and the requirements of Germany will not be as large as confidently asserted some time ago. Unquestionably the Canadian Northwest wheat crop has been seriously impaired, but the large stocks carried over and still unsold will go far towards making up the deficiency. Prices are on a high basis, and it remains to be seen whether or not the foreigner will take out wheat at the present level, in sufficient quantities to offset the accumulation of stocks here. Should the buying be of sufficient volume to cause a radical reduction in stocks, then the upward trend will be continued, but in the meantime the market acts overbought, the bulls are too unanimous, and sales on all the sharp swells are advised.

Corn—Market has displayed considerable strength, mainly on bad reports from Iowa and Kansas, where it is claimed the crop is maturing too fast, while in the northern part of the belt the wet conditions are prolonging the growing period too long. Cash demand good. Estimated receipts for to-morrow, 318 cars. Buy on good breaks.

Oats—Dull and chiefly influenced by corn and wheat. September was relatively strong. Cash trade only fair, with price about steady. Estimated receipts for to-morrow, 193 cars.

Ennis & Stoppani wired to J. L. Mitchell at the close:

Wheat—With an almost unprecedented array of bullish news, wheat has displayed the white feather during most of the session, early showing that from a speculative viewpoint the market has been bought to a standstill, and, altho it would be hard to imagine a more legitimate basis for steadily advancing market than now obtains, it would seem that present holdings must be more thoroly liquidated before a rally of much importance can be recorded. Foreign market sent bullish advices, and local news, as available from Canadian Northwest, was very bullish. The course of to-day's market was erratic and closed fractionally above Monday's close. We have not lost faith in the cereal, however, and eventually anticipate higher prices.

Corn and oats were lower, but from the action of the market later in the day it would seem that the important liquidation is out of the way, and with conditions as they are we are friendly to the long side.

New York Dairy Market.

NEW YORK, Sept. 18.—Butter—Strong; receipts, 10,170; process, common to specials, 19c to 25c; western factory, common to first, 19c to 22½c; creamery, specials, 28c to 28½c.

Cheese—Steady, unchanged; receipts, 7018.

Eggs—Steady, unchanged; receipts, 12,066.

Liverpool Grain and Produce.

LIVERPOOL, Sept. 18.—Closing—Wheat—Spot nominal. Futures firm; Sept. 7s 9⅝d, Dec. 7s 11⅝d, March 8s 0⅝d.

Corn—Spot, prime mixed American, firm, 5s 8d. Futures steady; Sept. 5s 7½d, Oct. 5s 2⅞d.

Beef—Extra India mess quiet, 86s 3d.

Pork—Prime mess, western, dull, 77s 6d.

Turpentine—Spirits quiet, 39s 6d.

Cheese—Canadian finest white, new, strong, 59s 6d; Canadian finest colored strong, 60s 6d.

Linseed oil closed at 25s 9d.

New York Grain and Produce.

NEW YORK, Sept. 18.—Flour—Receipts, 19,747 barrels; exports, 14,500 barrels; sales, 10,500 bushels; market, steady, with a better inquiry. Rye flour, firm. Cornmeal, firm. Rye, steady. Barley, firm, malting, 98c to $1.03, c.i.f., New York.

Wheat—Receipts, 76,000 bushels; exports, 15,962 bushels; sales, 2,500,000 bushels, futures; 72,000 bushels spot. Spot, steady; No. 2 red, $1.03¾, elevator; No. 2 red, $1.04¾, f.o.b., afloat; No. 1 Northern Duluth, $1.18¼, f.o.b., afloat; No. 2 hard winter, $1.04⅝, f.o.b., afloat. After opening rather firm on higher cables and bullish northwest news, wheat broke a cent under commission house selling and was easy until just at the close, when shorts started covering and prices rallied, showing a final ⅛c net loss; Sept., $1.05 to $1.05¼, closed $1.05¼; Dec., $1.07 11-16 to $1.08⅜, closed $1.08; May, $1.10⅞ to $1.11⅝, closed $1.11⅛.

Corn—Receipts, 8600 bushels; exports, 4500 bushels; sales, 10,000 bushels spot; dull, nominal. Option market was strong and higher on bullish weather and crop news, closing at ⅝c to ¾c net advance; Sept., closed at 71½c; Dec., 66½c to 67c, closed 67c; May, closed 64⅝c.

Oats—Receipts, 54,000 bushels; exports, 10,910 bushels; spot, barely steady; mixed, 26 to 32 lbs., 52½c; natural white, 26 to 30 lbs., 55c to 57c; clipped white, 32 to 36 lbs., 59½c to 63c.

Rosin, steady. Turpentine, quiet, 55½c. Molasses, steady.

Beats Manitoba Hard.

LONDON, Sept. 18.—(C.A.P.)—Cambridge scientists, after eight years' tests, claim to have created varieties of wheat and barley which will surpass in quality the Manitoba hard grain, and increase the value of English grain by at least 10 per cent.

CATTLE MARKETS.

Cables Steady—American Markets About Unchanged.

NEW YORK, Sept. 18.—Beeves—Receipts, 1630; steers, steady to strong, on light supply, and all sold. Almost no buyers for bulls and cows. Steers, $4.50 to $6.45; bulls, nominal; cows and heifers, $1.15 to $3.75. Exports to-day, 2850 quarters of beef; to-morrow, 600 cattle and 4150 quarters of beef.

Calves—Receipts, 2810; steady; veals, $5.50 to $9.50; grassers, $3 to $3.50; westerns, nominal.

Sheep and Lambs—Receipts, 5652; sheep, steady; good lambs, steady; sheep, $3.50 to $5.50; culls, $2 to $3; lambs, $6 to $8; culls, $5 to $5.50.

Hogs—Receipts, 7533; market firm; good, medium and light hogs, $7 to $7.10; heavy, $6.70 to $6.90.

East Buffalo Live Stock.

EAST BUFFALO, Sept. 18.—Cattle—Steady; prime steers, $6.15 to $6.65.

Veals—Receipts, 200 head; active and 25c higher, $5 to $9.25.

Hogs—Receipts, 4300 head; opened active and a shade higher; closed slow; mixed, $6.75 to $6.90; yorkers, $6.85 to $7.

Sheep and Lambs—Receipts, 2000 head; active; sheep steady; lambs 10c higher; lambs, $5 to $7.85; yearlings, $5.75 to $6; wethers, $5.50 to $5.75; ewes, $4.50 to $5; sheep, mixed, $2.50 to $5.25; Canada lambs, $7.50 to $7.75.

Chicago Live Stock.

CHICAGO, Sept. 18.—Cattle—Receipts, estimated at about 21,000; market good, steady; others, 10c lower; common to prime steers, $5.25 to $7.35; cows, $3.30 to $5; heifers, $3 to $5.75; bulls, $2.40 to $3.15; calves, $3 to $8; stockers and feeders, $2.40 to $5.

Hogs—Receipts, estimated at about 21,000; market, steady; choice to heavy shipping, $6 to $6.25; light butchers', $6.35 to $6.60; light mixed, $6.20 to $6.50; choice, light, $6.40 to $6.65; packing, $5.25 to $6; pigs, $4.75 to $6.25; bulk of sales, $5.60 to $6.10.

Sheep—Receipts, estimated at about 28,000; market, weak to 10c lower; sheep, $2.80 to $6.85; yearlings, $5.75 to $6.15; lambs, $6 to $7.65.

Montreal Live Stock.

MONTREAL, Sept. 18.—About 350 head of butchers' cattle, 40 milch cows and springers, 150 calves, 500 sheep and lambs and 250 fat hogs were offered for sale at the East End Abattoir to-day. Good cattle were rather scarce and brought higher rates, a few of the best selling at 4½c to 4¾c per lb., but they were not choice; pretty good animals sold at 3¾c to 4¼c, and the common stock at 2c to 3c per lb. Milch cows sold at $25 to $55 each; springers, at $30 to $50 each. Most of the calves were grassers, which sold at 2½c to 3½c per lb. Good veals sold at 4c to 5c per lb. Fat hogs sold at about $6.25 per cwt. for selects; the others brought from 4¾c to 5½c per lb.

British Cattle Markets.

LONDON, Sept. 18.—London cables are firmer at 11¾c to 12¾c per lb., dressed weight; refrigerator beef is quoted at 10c per pound.

MIX-UP IN DETROIT RIVER.

Lumber-Laden Vessel Got Into Wrong Channel.

WINDSOR, Sept. 18.—No less than five boats got in a jam at the Lime Kiln Crossing, near Amherstburg, at an early hour this morning.

The Lycoming, lumber laden, took the east channel, which is not open for down-bound boats, and ran into the Isabella Boyce, up-bound and coal-laden. The latter was quite badly damaged.

Each steamer had tows, which grounded in the channel.

Two tugs are working to clear the passage.

MORE JAPANESE COOLIES.

Steamer Indiana Passed Quarantine for Vancouver.

VICTORIA, B. C., Sept. 18.—The SS. Indiana, chartered by emigration agencies in Honolulu, passed thru quarantine this afternoon, bound for Vancouver with 250 Japanese coolies on board.

CURTAILING COPPER OUTPUT.

NEW YORK, Sept. 18.—Directors of the subsidiary companies of the Amalgamated Copper Co., at a meeting in this city to-day, voted to curtail the output of those companies by 50 per cent. or more of the normal output. This action will take effect immediately. The companies represented were the Anaconda, Butte and Boston, Boston and Montana, and Parrott Mining Co.

Madman Kills Wife.

NEW YORK, Sept. 18.—Following his discharge as sane from the psychopathic ward at Bellevue Hospital Frank Moulton, 43 years old, once a prosperous real estate promoter, murderously assaulted his wife, Della, aged 22, and frightfully injured himself.

When she had fallen fast asleep he beat her with a hammer and slashed her with a razor, with which he also cut himself.

New York Return $12.35.

Good going to-morrow via Niagara Navigation Co.'s steamers and Lackawanna R. R., return within 15 days.

Four trip service this week via Niagara Navigation Company. Special late boat from Lewiston, 8.15 p.m. Saturday, Sept. 21.

More Money From Carnegie.

BRAMPTON, Sept. 18.—Andrew Carnegie is willing to increase his gift to the town for a library by an additional $2500 if the council pass a resolution to provide for a ten per cent. annual grant to the board upon this $2500, to be spent in the maintenance of the library and building.

Abductor Sentenced.

CHATHAM, Sept. 18.—Raymond Toulouse, of Big Point, a married man, who was accused of running away with fourteen-year-old Maggie Bellaire of Chatham, was sentenced to one year in Central Prison by Judge Houston this morning.

The Plague in Frisco.

SAN FRANCISCO, Sept. 18.—The board of health reports 31 cases of bubonic plague to date, 19 deaths and 19 cases under observation.

C. P. R. Earnings.

MONTREAL, Sept. 18.—(Special.)—C.P.R. traffic for the week ended Sept. 14, 1907, was $1,463,000; for the same week last year, $1,371,000.

PILES Dr. Chase's Ointment is a certain and guaranteed cure for each and every form of itching, bleeding and protruding piles. See testimonials in the press and ask your neighbors about it. You can use it and get your money back if not satisfied. 60c, at all dealers or EDMANSON, BATES & Co., Toronto.
DR. CHASE'S OINTMENT.

GUELPH

Potatoes and Whisky Galore, an Old-Time Booming Celebration—A Town With Multiplying Industries and Great Prospects : : : : :

This takes its place as one of the ancient towns, cut out of the woods of Western Canada, and a little of the remoter history of the peninsula, may entertain the reader. Altho John Galt, as superintendent of the Canada Co., founded the town, he was not the first squatter on its site.

When Champlain spent the winter of 1615-16 on the shore of Lake Huron, the peninsula was in possession of the Neutral Nation of Indians, so-called because they stood neutral in war between their cousins, the Georgian Bay Hurons, or as the French called them, the Iroquois de Nord, and their fierce cousins, the Iroquois of the section covered by New York State on the south. The last named were the first to come in contact with the whites on the Atlantic coast, and to become possessed of "irons with indwelling devils," towit matchlocks. With these in hand they first in 1648, slaughtered their ancient enemies, the Iroquois du Nord, and then, turning upon the Neutral Nation in 1657, wiped them out, and swept over the whole peninsula. The few who escaped their slaughter hid themselves away, and the peninsula dropped out of history for a hundred years, appearing only on French maps as "nations detruites, tribes exterminated. The conclusive battle of the tribes in which the northern tribes, with bow and arrow, went down before the thunder and unseen leaden ball of the matchlock, was fought near the present site of Hamilton. Kentucky is sometimes called the "dark and bloody ground" for the reason that it was at once the hunting and the battle ground of Indians from north and south. The name might well be applied to this peninsula, where whole nations were wiped out by the "Iroquois terror," who for a century after kept it as a hunting ground, richly peopled by antlered herds and roaming bears. Toward the end of that period, wandering Ojibeway tribes came down from the north, especially the Mississages, and peopled it. By these the whole tract was occupied at the outbreak of the revolutionary war, and in 1781 were recognized by the Canadian governors as the sole aboriginal races.

It was one of these who was the first squatter on the present site of Guelph. John Galt found him here, when with his woodmen, led by Dr. Dunlop, he came dripping wet, to the point in the 40,000-acre block, which he pitched upon for his site. Poor Lo was living alone in his tepee, hiding away from the tireless vengeance that pursues an Indian murderer. It is not recorded, however, that, as the first settler, he took part in the solemn obsequies with which Galt dedicated the primeval forest to destruction, and announced the birth of a new town in the wilderness. Galt has told all about it himself, and established his reputation as the great boomer of his day. He rendered the dedication impressive by assuming a pose, axe in hand, beside the trunk of a forest monarch and striking it a blow, whose echo announced the "departure forever of the solemn genius of the wilderness." Then he ordered his woodmen to complete his work and the monarch fell "with a crash that resounded like accumulating thunder, as if Nature herself were alarmed by the entrance of the white man with his sorrows, crimes and follies into her innocent solitudes." "This stump," he declared, "shall be the centre of the town." Then one of the bystanders remarked: "It is then a case in which the centre of a circule is found upon its circumference."

"Not so," said Galt. "This is the centre from which the streets shall all run out like the ribs of a fan."

And so he shaped it, that in this regard it is the most peculiarly laid out town in the province. Spreading out like a fan as it extends, it results in a maze of streets, with the advantage that when the pedestrian gets on a rib he has a road to the hub of the city. The hub was the stump of the tree upon which the surveyor placed his tripod and ran his lines. Its top was smoothed nicely, converted into a sun dial, and did duty as the only town clock for many years. In fact, railed around, it stood as Time's monument until the ironclastic hand of the Grand Trunk Railway Company displaced it with an embankment, a deed which something without a soul alone could do.

Among the buildings one was erected called the priory, at great labor and expense for material. It was to be a luxurious abode for a high church dignitary, whom Galt hoped to coax into the wilderness to sustain the dignity and faith and morality of the city of the immediate future. But the invitation was not accepted and Galt himself enjoyed the luxurious dwelling which cost about $5000. There is recorded a graphic narrative of the inauguration of the Galt boom on the King's birthday, when a band was present from Little York and some hundreds of prospective settlers were attracted to the hole made in the woods on the bank of Speed River. An ox was roasted whole, two ash kettles were full of boiled potatoes and there was a plentiful supply of bread, hemlock tea, whiskey, wooden iron hooped guns to make the noise and

"The nicht drave on wi' sangs and clatter,
And aye the grog was growin' better."

The amusements were varied by a few fights and the belligerent spirit was still active when some 60 or 80 of the more refined and aristocratic sat down to supper in the priory, and Galt led the dance on the puncheon floor with Mrs. Leaden. The fun "grew fast and furious," and ended in a row in which a Mr. Brown, acting as constable, was severely cut with a carving knife. It was Letitia Brown, his wife, who drew as a prize lot No. 85, Quebec-street, by giving birth to the first child born in the new town.

Probably no town in the province, chopped out of the wilderness nfty miles from anywhere, was ever inaugurated with like ceremony or boomed with such ardor.

From its appearance to-day, with its 15,000 inhabitants, it is evident that it has been effectively boomed ever since. The throwing open to settlement of the great wilderness of the Queen's bush to the northwest in 1851, for which it was the chief depot of supplies for many years, contributed to its rapid development. It was a cause for rejoicing in its infancy when Galt, acting for the Canada Co., cut a road thru the forest of the Huron tract to the lake at Goderich, which enabled it to reach the markets of the peninsula. And now, on the 12th of September, 1907, Guelph and Goderich join for the same reason in celebrating the completion of an iron road, the C.P.R., to its Goderich terminus.

But the wagon road of its infancy verified McLachlan's lines.

"This generation ne'er can know
The toils we had to undergo
While laying the great forests low."

Malaria was in the air of the dank woods and swamps, to say nothing of the mosquito pest, and of his small force, Galt had as many as forty at a time laid up with fever ague.

The prediction, at its infancy, that it would be a city, has already been fulfilled and all the necessary conditions seem to be established to make it a considerable one. A roster of its principal industries and the rapidity with which they increase in number demonstrate the fact. Of the ninety which can be counted, twenty are considerable, and one probably the largest piano and organ factory in the province. They include the manufacture of sewing machines, ice cream separators, lawn mowers, ironware specialties of many kinds, springs and axles, furniture of all kinds, plain and unholstered; farming implements and barn furnishings, carriages, carriage tops and carriage goods of all kinds, and finished lumber, sash, doors, etc., for building purposes; stoves and all the varied products of eight foundries. High grades of carpets, worsted yarns, waterproof clothing, flour, of course, and, in fact, products too numerous to mention. More significant, however, than a roster of existing industries as a prophecy of her future are the new industries being installed. These include one to give employment to girls in the manufacture of ladies' wheat-wear. Another now being finished is a pipe, fitting and valve company, with an invested capital of $100,000. Another, a U.S. concern, for the manufacture of gasoline engines; still others are negotiating for location.

Official Guelph is enterprising and holds out continually to investors inducements in the way of manufacturing sites, while keeping the general public alive to the comparative importance to investors of both her natural and acquired advantages. Among these are the statements that her industrial output now amounts to about $3,000,000 and gives employment to nearly 3600 people, of whom 90 per cent. are adult males. That all factories are open shops, that there are no street car fares paid by employes, that living is cheap and wages correspondingly low, most of the artisans owning their own homes.

Here is located the Ontario Agricultural College, the most complete institution of the kind on the continent. It is visited annually by 50,000 people. There is also an annual fat stock show which is largely attended. Guelph is not only peculiarly laid out, as has been stated, but constructed chiefly of grey limestone. It has both a quaint and ancient aspect not in accord either with its age or the architecture of modern times. W.J.S.

CANADA AND INDIES SHOULD GET-TOGETHER

Sir Daniel Morris Addresses Board of Trade on Opportunities Offered.

The improvement of trade relations between Canada and the West Indies was the subject of an address of Sir Daniel Morris to the Toronto Board of Trade, as a special meeting yesterday. R. C. Steele presided.

Sir Daniel first gave an outline of the vicissitudes of the beet sugar industry in the islands since Napoleon had undertaken to paralyze it.

Canada and the United Kingdom were now the only markets to which they sent sugar, and the preferential tariff had meant much to them. To improve trade relationship between the two countries he suggested that an effort be made to equalize the interchange of products. More Canadian goods should be sent south, as the West Indies exported $11,000,000 worth of products to Canada, taking only $3,000,000 worth in exchange. This might be effected by running a line of steamships weekly between Halifax and the West Indies, instead of every 12 days, as at present.

A reliable well-informed Canadian general trade agent should also be appointed. He could inform the people of the West Indies of the best way to obtain Canadian goods, could travel the country and also distribute lots of Canadian literature.

He was sorry that Canadian merchants paid so little attention to this market. Very few of their commercial travelers visited the islands, while United States business men had scores of representatives almost continually there.

Sir Daniel mentioned the fact that there were many products of the West Indies not generally known in Canada, and in which he thought a big trade could be built up. Jamaica cigars were produced in the same way as the best Havana article, they were of exceptional quality and much used by London clubs. Molascuit, a compound of molasses and sugar fibre, could be imported in Canada very cheaply and made an excellent food for cattle. Starch superior to the arrowroot article was being manufactured from cassava and could be produced at about 12 or 14 cents a ton. Rice, rubber and sisal hemp could also be imported.

Cabinet makers could save large amounts yearly by importing their supplies of mahogany, cedar and the hard woods directly from the islands instead of thru United States middlemen.

With the appointment of J. D. Allan, J. P. Watson and C. B. Watts as a special West Indies committee of the Toronto Boar dof Trade, Sir Daniel ventured to predict that closer and much more satisfactory relationship would be instituted between these two portions of the British empire.

HALF-DRUNKEN MAN KILLED.

LONDON, Ont., Sept. 18.—An unknown stranger, in a semi-intoxicated condition, met with fatal injuries here this morning by falling down a flight of steps in the Bank of Toronto building. He suffered concussion of the brain, and doctors say he will die.

DIVIDEND NOTICE
The Metropolitan Bank
Notice is hereby given that a dividend of two per cent. for the quarter ending September 30th next (being at the rate of eight per cent. per annum) on the capital stock of this bank has been declared, and that the same will be payable at the Head Office and Branches of the Bank on and after the first day of October next. The transfer books will be closed from the 16th to 30th of September, both days inclusive. By order of the Board.
W. D. ROSS, General Manager.
Toronto, Aug. 27th, 1907. 14

NOTICE

Take notice that the Municipal Council of the Corporation of the City of Toronto intends to carry out the following local improvement works, and to assess the final cost thereof upon the property fronting or abutting thereon and to be benefited thereby. The reports of the City Engineer, recommending the said works, and statements showing the lands liable to pay the assessments therefor, and the names of the owners thereof, as far as they can be ascertained from the last revised Assessment Roll, are now filed in the office of the City Clerk, and are open for inspection during office hours.

Description of Work.	Estimated Cost of Improvement.	Amount to Be Borne by Ratepayers.
—ROADWAYS.—		
Bitulithic pavement, on bituminous foundation, 11½ feet wide, with concrete curb and gutters, on each side of the track allowance, on Avenue-road, from a point 241 feet north of Cottingham-street (running west), to a point 350 feet north of Balmoral-avenue (cost payable in 10 annual assessments)	$16,924	$14,268
20 ft. asphalt pavement, with concrete curb and gutters, on Carling-avenue, from Bloor-street to the north end (cost payable in 10 annual assessments)	1,780	1,260
24 ft. asphalt pavement, with concrete gutters and any necessary concrete curbing, on Conduit - street, from Dundas-street to the west city limit (cost payable in 10 annual assessments)	4,967	3,213
28 ft. asphalt pavement, with concrete gutters, on Duke-street, from Sherbourne to Parliament-street (cost payable in 10 annual assessments)	9,695	6,573
18½ ft. asphalt pavement, with concrete gutters, on Mutual-street, from Carlton to Maitland-street (cost payable in 10 annual assessments)	4,728	2,942
24 ft. asphalt pavement, with concrete gutters, on Margery-avenue, from Gerrard-street to Sproatt-avenue (cost payable in 10 annual assessments)	2,459	2,079
24 ft. asphalt pavement, with concrete curb and gutters, on Parliament-street, from Wellesley to a point 45 feet north of the south side of Howard-street (cost payable in 10 annual assessments)	8,101	3,271
Asphalt pavement, 11¾ feet wide, with concrete gutters, on each side of the track allowance, on Parliament-st., from Winchester to Wellesley-street (cost payable in 10 annual assessments)	5,865	4,817
24 ft. asphalt pavement, with concrete curb and gutters, on Perth-avenue, from Bloor street to the south end (cost payable in 10 annual assessments)	5,426	4,843
Asphalt pavement, varying from 10 ft. 10 inches to 10 ft. 11 inches wide, with concrete gutters and any necessary stone curbing, on Sherbourne - street, from King-street to Wilton-avenue, except the intersection of Queen-street (cost payable in 10 annual assessments)	12,264	9,831
24 ft. brick pavement, on Shaw-street, from the s. s. of Burnfield-avenue to the C. P. R. tracks (cost payable in 10 annual assessments)	4,768	3,439
Concrete pavement, varying from 8 ft. to 22 ft. wide, with concrete curb, on the lane first north of King-st., from Bay-street to a point 183 feet east, thence south 91 feet 8 inches (cost payable in 10 annual assessments)	1,141	874
24 ft. macadam roadway, with brick gutters, on Huntley-street, from the bridge to Elm-avenue (cost payable in 10 annual assessments)	1,783	1,365

Persons desiring to petition the said Council against undertaking any of the said proposed works must do so on or before the 26th day of October, 1907. A Court of Revision will be held at the City Hall, Toronto, on Tuesday, the 1st day of October, 1907, at 2.30 o'clock p.m., for the purpose of hearing complaints against the proposed assessments, or accuracy of the frontage measurements, or any other complaints which persons interested may desire to make, and which are by law cognizable by the court.

W. A. LITTLEJOHN,
City Clerk's Office, City Clerk.
Toronto, Sept. 19th, 1907.

NO ABROGATION.

Understanding With Japan and India Desired.

OTTAWA, Sept. 18.—The request of the Dominion Trades and Labor Congress for the abrogation of the treaty between Canada and Japan has not yet been transmitted to Sir Wilfrid Laurier, but when it is there can be but one answer.

The desire of the Dominion Cabinet is for an understanding not only with Japan, but with India, too, which will prevent the flooding of the labor market in British Columbia with Japanese or Hindoos.

There is good ground for believing that thru the exercise of a little patience this object will be shortly accomplished.

FATAL ACCIDENT AT STRATFORD

STRATFORD, Ont., Sept. 18.—J. J. Hamilton, a G.T.R. foreman, met very sudden death this afternoon in the yard of the G.T.R. shops here. While stepping on the front of slowly moving engine, he fell and the front wheels passed over him.

DOMINION COAL COMPANY
LIMITED.
DIVIDEND NOTICE.
A quarterly dividend of one per cent. has been declared on the common stock of the Dominion Coal Company, Limited, payable Oct. 1st, 1907, to shareholders of record at the closing of the books on Sept. 20th, 1907.
Transfer books of the common stock will be closed from Sept. 20th, at 3 p.m., until Oct. 1st, at 10 a.m.
Cheques will be mailed to shareholders.
J. MACKAY, Secretary.
Montreal, Sept. 10th, 1907. 4624

ESTATE NOTICES.

NOTICE TO CREDITORS OF PAOLO Damato—In the matter of the estate of Paolo Damato, late of the City of Toronto, in the County of York, deceased.

Notice is hereby given to all persons having claims against the estate of Paolo Damato, late of 185 Centre-avenue, Toronto, laborer, deceased, who died on or about the 28th day of November, 1906, that they are required to send to the Solicitors of the Administratrix, below named, before the 26th day of September, 1907, a statement of their claims, and that after the 26th day of September, 1907, the Administratrix will distribute the assets of the estate among the parties entitled thereto, having regard only to the claims of which she shall then have had notice.
C. & H. D. GAMBLE, 28 Scott-street, Toronto, Solicitors for Administratrix.

IN THE MATTER OF THE ESTATE of Edward F. Wandle, of the City of Toronto, Restaurant Keeper.

Notice is hereby given, pursuant to the statutes in that behalf, that all persons having claims against the estate of the above-named Edward F. Wandle, who died on or about the 11th day of June, 1907, at Toronto, are required to send by post, prepaid, or deliver, to the undersigned, on or before the 19th day of October, with full particulars in writing of their claim, duly verified, and the nature of the securities (if any) held by them, and after the said date the Administratrix of the estate will proceed to distribute the assets of the estate amongst the persons entitled thereto, having regard only to claims of which she shall then have received notice, and will not be responsible for said assets to any person or persons of whose claim she shall not then have received notice.
Dated Toronto, 5th September, 1907.
O'BRIAN & HENDERSON, Home Life Building, Toronto, Solicitors for Virginia Wandle, Administratrix.

NOTICE TO CREDITORS—IN THE matter of the estate of Margaret Quinn, late of the City of Toronto, in the County of York, spinster, deceased.

Notice is hereby given, pursuant to Section 38 of Chap. 129, R.S.